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Fray Nicolás Hidalgo, Franciscan Missionary in Taos, Accused of Sodomy and Heinous Crimes by Luis de Rosas, Governor of New Mexico

November 25, 1638

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Preface

Most recent revision: April 7, 2016

The document published here for the first time, and as yet untranslated, so far as I am aware, should, one would have thought, have brought a great deal of notoriety to Fray Nicolás Hidalgo for the horrific crimes the natives of Taos pueblo attributed to him. France V. Scholes' description of this document (1936:328, n. 16) is succinct, without excerpts, and seems rather dismissive of the charges involved, apparently on the grounds that Fray Nicolás went on after his ministry at Taos to the pueblo of Sandía and was recorded as participating in a convocation of Franciscan missionaries in 1640 (cf. Strolle et al. 2010:93), a circumstance which presumably would not have happened had he been guilty as charged.

So far as can be observed at this distance in time, no official action was taken in the case, which was brought to the attention of the viceregal authorities by the governor of New Mexico, Luis de Rosas. Hardly a disinterested observer, in the midst of his ceaseless conflicts with the Franciscan fathers of New Mexico he was no doubt eager to discredit the order as much as possible. Yet in his cover letter he mentions only the "pecado nefando", or sodomy, allegedly committed by fray Nicolás with various Taoseños, perhaps deeming that charge sufficient to damn the Franciscan utterly in the eyes of viceregal authorities. The governor levels his chief complaint against Fray Esteban de Perea, the Inquisition's commissary in New Mexico, for overly ostentatious display of his Holy Office regalia, both in the Santa Fe church and in the Franciscan convent of that city.

Governor Rosas' cover letter of November 25, 1638, accompanies sworn testimony taken by his secretary of state, Francisco de Anaya Almazán between October 30 and November 5 of that same year at Taos pueblo. The testimony is truly horrific and if it is to be believed, Fray Nicolás Hidalgo was a genuine psychopath. The description of how he snatched a nursing infant from its mother's breast and threw it into the fireplace leaves an image that is hard to efface from the memory, an act so truly diabolical that a superstitious person would have to assume he was possessed. By comparison, his sexual abuse of members of both sexes, including the murder of a husband in order to gain access to his wife, and his torture of a man by twisting his penis, are merely heinous in a man of the cloth. Apparently neither the secular nor the religious authorities showed any concern and the document was filed away in the archives of the Inquisition. It was his successor, fray Pedro de Miranda, who in 1639 may have suffered the consequences of Fray Nicolás's alleged crimes, when he perished in the Taos revolt of that year, though in the Franciscans' view it was governor Rosas who provoked the rebellion by telling the Taoseños not to obey the friars (Strolle et al. 2010:91-96, report of Fray Juan de Salas, March 16, 1640; cf. Scholes 1936:320, 332n48; Knaut 1995:101, 209n35). One could speculate that the horrors of the revolt overshadowed the crimes of Fray Nicolás in the minds of his contemporaries.

In recent times, more notice has been taken of Fray Nicolás' sexual transgressions than of his other alleged offenses, esp. in a work devoted to the erotic aspects of colonial and independent New Mexico (Gutiérrez 1991:123, 368n75; 209-210, 376n5). Fray Nicolás's misdeeds have been taken up in two recent popular works, Lucero 2008:136-137 and Dornan 2014:31-32, primarily based on Gutiérrez's account.

The transcription is paleographic, but abbreviations have been tacitly resolved. Punctuation, word division, and the use of capital letters have been modernized. Editorial deletions are enclosed in

parentheses (...), editorial emendations and additions in brackets, [...]; scribal deletions are signaled with a caret inside the parentheses (^...), scribal emendations and additions with a caret inside the brackets [^...]. Parentheses that actually occur in the text are represented with the special characters "(...)" to differentiate them from editorial deletions. Curly brackets enclose descriptive terms: {rubric}; square brackets also enclose information about format: [left margin], [right margin], etc. The text of marginalia is set off in italics. The text has some passages that are difficult to read; they are signaled in this fashion: yellow highlighting = uncertain text; ?? = unreadable text. Any assistance with deciphering those passages would be most welcome.

A cross appears at the head of each page, against the usual practice which places crosses only at the head of the first page of documents, until fol. 442v and 443r, where a flourish appears. The latter was not noted in the transcription.

I would like to express my appreciation to Professor Larry Larrichio, University of New Mexico, for obtaining for this edition facsimiles of the photostats housed in the Center for Southwest Research, Zimmerman Library, University of New Mexico. John Polt, in addition to providing a translation of the document, proofed the preface and the transcription to very good purpose, for all of which I am much indebted.

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Carta de Luis de Rosas, gobernador de Nuevo México, acusando a fray Nicolas Hidalgo de cometer el pecado nefando

Archivo General de la Nación, México ramo Inquisición, tomo 388, expediente 22, fols. 441r-443r

[fol. 441r]

[left margin] ??xo esta cartta del gouernador | ?? del Nueuo Mexico al secretto | [del] señor fiscal a 4 de jullio de [16]39 | dia que se la escriuio el dicho | gobernador

[right margin] n. 22

†

Señor mio, estos dias an dado quexa los yndios de la dotrina llamada Taos de que su dotrinero llamado fray Niculas Hidalgo, religioso de la orden de San Francisco que asiste en estas probincias oy, hijo de (de) Pedro Lopes Hidalgo, cometia con ellos el pecado nefando y abiendolos remitido a su custodio me respondio que le abian acusado aun mas feamente ante el que ante mi y abiendo pasadose ocho meses, yendo estos dias a correr la fronte-

- 10 ra se bolbian los yndios a quexar porque me fue fuerça tomar la quexa por escrito y atendiendo a que su custodio no yço caso de lo que los yndios decian ni menos el qu'es comisario de la Santa Ynquisicion sino que antes
- 15 me pedian que yo lo rrebocase, me a echo escrupulo y ansi e querido dar cuenta a Vuestra Merced para que la de a estos señores y se bea lo que declaran los yndios en ese santo tribunal.

Y por lo que a mi toca de gobernador y capitan general destas 20 probinçias suplico a Vuestra Merced se sirba de que esta republica sepa la comision que ese santo tribu-

[left margin] [A]l fiscal don Francisco d'Estrada

[fol. 441v]

†

nal tiene dada al padre fray Esteban de Perea porque se estraña mucho el ber aqui estrado de ynquisicion suprema y que en la yglesia se ponga doser al l[a]do del ebangelio y aun cubriendo el misal

- 5 para que se siente el padre fray Estaban con otros dos religiosos que dice tienen su futura, todos con abitos de San Benito encima de los de San Francisco y ansimismo le trae otro religioso que el dicho fray Estaban a nonbrado para su secretario y mas
- 10 abaxo pone vn banco en que sienta vn alguacil mayor que nombra de la Santa Ynquisicion y vn fiscal y otro que dice es para llebar el estandarte de la fe, todos con sus nombramientos quien no solo ponellos alli sino que esto aya de ser es-
- tando yo en la yglesia y ansimismo tiene dosel en su celda a fuer de Santa Ynquisicion y se sienta debajo desde adonde recibe todas las bisitas que se le acen y tiene sobre vna mesa vn Christo bestido de luto, todo lo qual se les ace grande
- 20 nobedad a estos becinos y yo dudo de que tenga tan anplia comision que sin mas ynformacio[n] que su nonbramiento se den a onbres que no son conoc[i]dos y casados el oficio de fiscal y los demas que e dicho e l'e suplicado en amistad me enseñe su comis[ion]
- y no lo e consegido y para que se le respecte y benentida la que tubiere, suplico a Vuestra Merced y de parte destas probinçias nos la aga saber que en ello la recibire mui grande, cuya bida guarde nuestro señor como puede. De la billa de Santa Fe a 25 de nobienbre?

30 Luis de Roças {rubric}

[fol. 442r]

†

Yo Francisco de Anaia Almaçan escriuano de governacion destas pro-(pro)ujncias de la Nueua Mexico, doy fee y uerdadero testimonio como oy que se contaron treinta dias del mes de otubre deste año de mill y seiscientos y treinta y ocho, vendo el señor gouernador y capitan general don Luis de Ro-

- 5 ocho, yendo el señor gouernador y capitan general don Luis de Roças en persona a correr la frontera de los taos con una tropa de soldados llego a la estançia que esta en el dicho ualle de Thomas de Ortega, en la qual estançia paresieron ante su señoria todos los capitanes del dicho pueblo de
- 10 los taos y en mi presençia y por lengua de Pedro Tiguas ladino en lengua castellana, dijeron los dichos yndios que auia siete meses que dibersas ueses auian dado queja a su señoria de como el padre frai Nicolas Hidalgo su ministro cometia con ellos el pecado nefando y asimesmo tenia
- 15 el dicho rrelijioso dos hijos en dos yndias del dicho pueblo y disiendoles su señoria que mirasen bien lo que desian porque de ser testimonio les auia de quemar publicamente en la plasa de

- su pueblo, a lo qual dijeron que ellos desian la uerdad como siempre que alli estauan para que si fuese mentira les
- 20 quemasen y bolbiendo su señoria a los soldados les dijo estubiesen atentos a las dichas declaraçiones para que de ello fuesen testigos y preguntandoles a los yndios que si ya no auia ynbiado el padre custodio vnos religiosos a haser la aueriguaçion de lo que ellos desian, respondi-
- 25 eron que si que era uerdad que vnos padres auian benido a escribir, los quales escribieron en el conbento y no saben que por que ellos no lo bieron ni les llamaron para que confesasen la uerdad sino que escribieron con otros yndios que n[o sa]bian de aquello y que seruia de ynterprete el criado de ??
- 30 fray Nicolas Hidalgo y que el mismo padre estaua alli presente [en] el conbento y que les tenia amenasados que les auia de a?? el señor gouernador y capitan general y dijeron que para que mas bien sup[ie]-se su señoria y los españoles la uerdad presentauan y [pre]-sentaron luego alli a un yndio que llaman el mulato, [el]
- 35 qual dijo que el dicho padre fray Nicolas Hidalgo abia cometido con el el pecado nefando y quitandose el cuero de çibola que traia cobijado hiso la demostraçion con las manos y el cuerpo y asimismo llamaron a otro yndio llamado Francisco Quaelene capitan que es del quartel llamado del sepo y dijo
- 40 que el dicho padre fray Nicolas Hidalgo auia cometido con el el pecado nefando y hizo las mesmas demostraçiones disiendo que aquello que desia era la uerdad y asimesmo acusaron al

[fol. 442v]

- dicho padre todos los capitanes de como auia preso un yndio llamado Enpanadilla y metidole en una estufa y que a la mañana amanesio aorcado y que les dijo el dicho padre que el se abria aorcado y que luego bieron que el dicho padre trataua con
- 5 su muger del dicho difunto llamada Ysabel Yantula y que tenia en ella un hijo, el qual estaua en el conbento bestido como español, a lo qual les dijo el señor gouvernador que aquello que desian lo hiziesen bueno y dijeron los dichos yndios que lo harian quando su señoria fuese al pueblo como cosa
- 10 publica y que sabian todos los del pueblo, todo lo qual declararon ante su señoria estando yo presente y muchos que fueron testigos como son el sargento mayor Francisco Gomes, el capitan Marcos Laso de la Bega y los capitanes Francisco de Madrid, don Roque de Cassaus, Juan Griego, Gaspar Peres, Diego Martin
- 15 y el alferes Juan Marques y Juan Luis y Juan Gonzales y el ayuda[n]te Juan Lopes y Sebastian de Sandobal y Rojas y Agustin de Ynojos y Visente Pacheco y Luis Martin, todos los quales yuan acompañando a su señoria. Y asimesmo sertifico y doy fee como yendo dentro de seis dias el señor
- 20 gouernador y capitan general al pueblo de los taos en cumplimiento

- de lo que los dichos capitanes auian dicho le enseñaron el niñ[o] que ellos dijeron que al pareser tiene como quatro años, el qual estaua bestido a la española y se uia dentro del dicho conbento y presentaron la madre del dicho niño llamada
- 25 Ysabel Yantula y declaro deuajo de juramento ante su señoria abiendo primero rreusado un poco dijo que era verda[d] que aquel niño era su hijo abido del dicho padre fray Nicolas Hidalgo con quien ella trataua por auerle el dicho padre perseguido y obligado a ello despues que murio su marido y que al dicho
- 30 su marido el dicho padre fray Nicolas Ydalgo estando mal con el le metio en priçion en una estufa y amaneçio aorcado y el dicho padre dijo que auia aorcadose el mismo y que desde entonses trato el dicho padre con ella y asimesmo presentaron otra yndia del dicho pueblo llamada Mar-
- 35 garita Tultamu, la qual debjo de juramento dijo que despues de muerto su marido que lo mataron los apaches tubo exseso el dicho padre con ella aunque ella lo rreuso mucho y se hizo preñada del dicho padre y pario una criatura, la qua[l] enseño al señor gouernador y a todos los que alli estauamos que al pa-
- 40 reser ternia un año de hedad poco mas o menos y asimesmo presentaron otra yndia llamada Felipa Aouaye, la qual dijo debajo de juramento que estando ella en el conbento del dicho pueblo moliendo arina de trigo como

[fol. 443r]

- siempre lo hasen, entro el dicho padre fray Nicolas Ydalgo y la empeso a aporrear y ella se abraso con un hijo suyo que criaua a los pechos y el dicho padre se lo arrebato y lo tiro a la lumbre que estaua ardiendo en el aposento o cosina donde
- ella estaua moliendo y se quemo todo el cuerpo el dicho muchacho de que estubo a la muerte, el qual trujo a presençia de su señoria y de los que presentes estauamos, el qual tenia el cuerpo todo quemado por las espaldas con algunas llagas de que no esta aun bien sano y asi-
- 10 mesmo presentaron un yndio llamado Pedro
 Acomilla del dicho pueblo, el qual dijo debajo de juramento
 que el dicho padre fray Nicolas Hidalgo lo cojio un dia y le dio muchos
 asotes porque desia que el dicho yndio yua a la uilla a desir
 y dar cuenta de lo que el dicho padre hasia y que despues de auer-
- 15 le asotado mucho se abalanso a el y le hasio del miembro y se lo torsio mucho y le quebro la mitad del y para que se biese lo enseño y doy fee tenia menos todo lo que dise la cabesa del miembro y aun no estaua del todo sano y asimesmo presentaron dos yndios [^moçe-
- 20 tones] naturales del dicho pueblo segun dijeron, los quales dijeron que mucho tiempo auia que se auian ydo a los apaches ynfieles a viuir con ellos de temor de los

- castigos que el dicho padre fray Nicolas Hidalgo les hasia, donde abian estado hasta aora que se binieron por sauer que abia
- 25 ya salido del dicho pueblo el dicho padre y abia benido otro.

 Todo lo qual declararon todos los aqui contenidos en
 presençia de su señoria y de mi el escriuano y testigos de ay
 a seis dias que hizieron la declaraçion los primeros que aqui
 estan declarados y fueron estas postreras declaraçiones
- 30 a çinco de nobiembre de mill y seisçientos y treinta y ocho años y las primeras en el dicho año a treinta de otubre, siendo testigos a estas declaraçiones hultimas el capitan Juan Griego y Visente Pacheco y Alonso Gutieres y Pedro de Montoya y de mandamiento del señor
- 35 gouernador y capitan general doy el presente en el dicho dia en el pueblo [y] ualle de los taos. Emendado "moçetones".

En testimonio de uerdad
?? Francisco de Anaia Almazan {rubric}
escriuano de gobernacion

Archivo General de la Nación, México ramo Inquisición, tomo 388, expediente 22, fols. 441r-443r

Letter from Luis de Rosas, Governor of New Mexico, accusing Fray Nicolás Hidalgo of committing sodomy

[fol. 441r]

[left margin] ... this letter from the governor of New Mexico to the secretary of the prosecutor on 4 July 1639, ... when the said governor wrote it.¹

[right margin] No. 22



Sir:

The Indians of the Taos mission have recently complained that their missionary, Fray Nicolás Hidalgo, a religious of the Order of St. Francis currently serving in these provinces, the son of Pedro López Hidalgo, was committing sodomy² with them; and after I had referred them to his custos,³ that official replied to me that they had brought even more vile accusations against him before him than before me. And now, after eight months, as I was going to patrol the frontier, the Indians have been complaining again, so that I was forced to receive their complaint in writing; and since the custos paid no attention to what the Indians were saying, any more than did the friar who is commissary of the Holy Inquisition, but rather both of them asked me to disallow the charge, I have been disturbed by this, and so I have decided to inform you so that you may inform those gentlemenand that the Indians' statements may be examined by the Holy Tribunal.

[left margin] To the prosecutor Don Francisco de Estrada

And as governor and captain general of these provinces I beseech you that you be pleased that our citizens should learn what commission the Holy Tribunal [fol. 441v] has issued to Father Fray Esteban de Perea, because we are much surprised when we see seating here as for the Supreme Inquisition and a canopy placed in the church on the Gospel side, even covering the missal, so that Father Fray Esteban may be seated with two other friars who he says are next in line to him, all of them wearing the habit of St. Benedict over that of St. Francis, as does another religious whom the said Fray Esteban has named his secretary. And below he has had a bench placed on which a chief bailiff of the Holy Inquisition sits, whom he has appointed, as well as a prosecutor and a man who he says is to carry the standard of the faith, all of them appointed by him, and not only are they placed there but this occurs when I am in the church.

¹ Italics indicate marginal text.

² el pecado nefando, 'the unspeakable sin.'

³ A superior in the Franciscan Order.

And he also has a canopy in his cell in his capacity as representative of the Holy Inquisition, and he takes his seat under it, from which he receives all visits to him; and on a table he has a crucifix dressed in mourning, all of which strikes our citizens as something most unusual.

And I doubt that his commission is so broad that without further ado and merely upon his appointment the post of prosecutor and the others I have mentioned should be given to men unknown and unmarried; and I have asked him in a friendly manner to show me his commission and have failed. And so that such commission as he may have may be respected and properly understood, I beseech you, [in my name] and that of these provinces, that you inform us of it, which will be a great boon to me.

May Our Lord keep you, as is in His power.

From the town of Santa Fe, 25 November [1638]

Luis de Rozas [sic] {rubric}

[fol. 442r]



I, Francisco de Anaya Almazán, clerk of the department of state of these provinces of New Mexico, do certify and witness that this day, the 30th day of the month of October of the current year 1638, as Governor and Captain General Don Luis de Rozas was on his way personally to lead a body of troops to patrol the frontier with the Taos, he arrived at the ranch of Tomás de Ortega, which is in the said valley, at which ranch all the chiefs of the said village of the Taos⁴ appeared before his lordship, and in my presence and through the interpretation of Pedro Tiguas, who knows Spanish, the said Indians said that for seven months they had repeatedly complained to his lordship that Father Fray Nicolás Hidalgo, their minister, was committing sodomy with them, and that the said religious also had two children by two Indian women of the said village. And when his lordship told them that they should be careful of what they said, because if they bore false witness he would burn them in public in the square of their village, they stated that they were telling the truth as they always did when they came there, and let them be burned if they were lying. And turning to the soldiers, his lordship told them to pay heed to the said declarations so that they might witness to them.

And when he asked the Indians whether the father custos had not already sent some religious to investigate what they were saying, they replied that it was true that some fathers had come to write, and they wrote in the monastery, and they do not know why they did not see it and why they were not summoned to declare the truth, but instead they wrote with other Indians who did not know about this matter, and that Fray Nicolás Hidalgo's servant served as interpreter, and that the father himself was present there in the monastery, and that he had threatened them that the governor and captain general would [illegible] them.

And they said that in order for his lordship and the Spaniards better to know the truth, they would produce, and forthwith did produce, an Indian called the Mulatto, who stated that the said Father Fray Nicolás Hidalgo had committed sodomy with him; and taking off the buffalo hide that covered him, he showed how with his hands and his body. And they likewise called up another Indian called Francisco Cualene, chief of the

⁴ *Taos* is the name of the "nation," or, as we should say, the tribe, after whom the town that exists to this day is named.

Cepo quarter,⁵ and he stated that the said Father Fray Nicolás Hidalgo had committed sodomy with him, and he gave the same demonstration, declaring that his testimony was the truth.

And likewise [fol. 442v] all the chiefs accused the said father of having seized an Indian called Empanadilla⁶ and put him into a kiva, and the next morning he was found hanged, and [they stated] that the said father had told them that he had hanged himself. And they saw that the said father had relations with the wife of the deceased, called Isabel Yantula, and had a son with her, who lived in the monastery dressed like a Spaniard. At which the governor told them that they should prove what they were saying, and the said Indians said that if his lordship went to their village they would do so, it being a matter of public knowledge known to everyone in the village.

All of which they declared before his lordship in my presence and before many witnesses, such as Sergeant Major Francisco Gómez, Captain Marcos Laso de la Vega, and Captains Francisco de Madrid, Don Roque de Casaus, Juan Griego, Gaspar Pérez, Diego Martín, and Ensign Juan Márquez⁷ and Juan Luis and Juan González and the adjutant Juan López and Sebastián de Sandoval y Rojas and Agustín de Hinojos and Vicente Pacheco and Luis Martín, all of whom were accompanying his lordship.

And I likewise certify and attest that when, within six days, the governor and captain general went to the village of the Taos to comply with what the said chiefs had told him, they showed him the boy they had spoken of, who seems to be about four years old and was dressed like a Spaniard and was found in the said monastery. And they presented the mother of the said boy, called Isabel Yantula, and after some initial resistance she declared under oath before his lordship that it was true that that boy was her son, fathered by the said Father Fray Nicolás Hidalgo, with whom she had relations because the said father had harried her and forced her into them after her husband had died, and that because of his enmity with the said her husband the said father had imprisoned him in a kiva and the next morning he was found hanged. And the said father said that he had hanged himself, and since then the said father had relations with her.

And they likewise presented another Indian of the same village called Margarita Tultamu, who said under oath that after the death of her husband, whom the Apaches had killed, the said father had transgressed with her despite her strong resistance and she became pregnant by the said father and bore a child, which she showed to the governor and all of us who were there and which seemed to be about a year old.

And they likewise presented another Indian called Felipa Aouaye, who stated under oath that while she was at the monastery of the said village milling wheat as **[fol. 443r]** they always do, the said Father Fray Nicolás Hidalgo came in and began to beat her, and she hugged to her the child that she was nursing, and the said father tore it from her and threw it into the fire that was burning in the room or kitchen where she was milling, and the said boy sustained burns all over his body, which nearly caused his death. And she brought him into the presence of his lordship and those of us who were there, and his back was all burned with some lesions that have not yet healed.

And they likewise presented an Indian of the same village, called Pedro Acomilla, who stated under oath that one day the said Father Fray Nicolás Hidalgo caught him and gave him a sound whipping because he said that the said Indian was going to Santa Fe⁸ to report on what the said father was doing; and after a thorough whipping he fell upon him and seized him by the member and twisted it violently and broke off half of it.

10

⁵ That is, a quarter or district of the village in which, apparently, the *cepo* or stocks was located. *Cepo* could also mean 'trap,' but this interpretation seems less likely.

^{6 &#}x27;Patty' or 'pie.'

⁷ Marques.

⁸ la villa

And he showed it so that we might see, and I attest to his missing all of what is called the head of the member, and it still had not fully healed.

And they likewise presented two young Indians, natives of the said village according to what they said, who stated that for fear of the punishments that the said Father Fray Nicolás Hidalgo used to inflict on them they had long ago gone to live with the infidel Apaches, where they had remained until now, when they had come back because they had learned that the said father had left the village and another had come.

All of which the above mentioned declared in the presence of his lordship and of myself, the clerk, and of witnesses. It has been six days since the first declaration was made, and these last declarations were made on 5 November of the year 1638, and the first on 30 October of the same year, the witnesses to the last declarations being Captain Juan Griego and Vicente Pacheco and Alonso Gutiérrez and Pedro de Montoya.

And by order of the governor and captain general I issue this certification on the said day in the village and valley of the Taos.

In witness of its truth,

Francisco de Anaya Almazán {rubric}

Clerk of the department of state

General de la Nación, México. Inquisción, tomo 388, expediente 22 to Of a carta Il Governador meno me 3 elforcito Dred a 4 Mais 2039= 6 Exercision alich I Elien of the hi of con ton ton Mexico, ACH, Inquisicion vol. 388 I car make to be supposed mine fine our relyion allowed election and was to see there of mi ihr har fin salo que xa les yantis de la Tolina llandatas seque su sominero llama Do fy mioulas Belgo religio Delantind den francisco go arite ineltas grobineias o historia De provident Dais Cometaco nellos elpean Doufonde gabiente Les nemitide a reculte Die mingondie g? La Gian acutado acontral from the grater is abiente protection of abiente protection A orhomes yendoretho Dias acour Lafronte se de la la se for bientes yndres aquescar porque me fue fierca homer lag xapor worth yaten Viendo ag trucultoto ou que coto se Loque Control Recian nimenes elques amitano se apare se se de La fanta y ngur di ción A noque antes Jase auto dening you benede marcho utlusted by and auto dening you be began to daran to grand enet sont m' buna and some of some anition self you and self at for Gines Juglico our, son a seglette fire of from selver regullion depa Lacom sor greaten de hite

eneral de la Nación, México. Inquisción, tomo 388, expediente 22 Standard of the second na hind at a Louis whether some porque Mana much El bor ages of house st you he Suprema yay or Lay grisia scronga John al de sel elangelia yaunachmindo el my sul Lesiente elas fy Acban Con omo nom giosos of Sice hinen Superiora poros con abile de Sanberich en a madelin de san fran 70 mumo Lerae on religions of el sichon eleban aninbrado para la seerctario y ma abaxo ponerabanco ing, Sienta vo major of membrade La santa ?" sohogy fice effers Meber to selafe voros antur non brameintes q nose Ligorelles alle sinog the ayante Jande gen Ligglesia yantionismo hines sel in successor in fuer santa y quines Setienta de Best per de adinde rece Ge to Sister of Alexan y hime obbre monters chits bill so selet hosologual the aug arbidad ach beer not 7 70 Judo dequetos gaton any ba come from granmal proporter gife nonbramient sever asolves gjaspacons to grafagos el oficio defical y bosome grand 20 y parage felinesport nual my Langa labor 9 labilla Desanta fe az sono hi

ación, México. Inqusición, tomo 388, expediente francis Deanaia almaian en Bri Certastro brown delamename & don fee que daderoses Timonio Como one of grewntavon reinmala delme De mbredessedis Semil y seix ilenson meintans ocho. mendo el toput on capor per donluiterso no pare des Bados les pala estamina que raenel Dromalle e topomas dessega enlaquales sancia Baresieron serverioria sodoi los capitanes delitropueblo de a sais Jemipresenia of porlengual Bedro sieny assimochelenguacas cas rellana, de Jeson Lowbraymesos gamariesemeres Q & berras nere amandado que ha weinina de um del. fraimida hidales suministro comeria conellos elperadonefando. marimer mo. sema elitorreti firo de infor embor milas delitrofrueblo. 7
Si cendoles ruscisoria quinasen biento que desian porte
seser ser imonio les aviadequemos pris me enla plarade
supueblo. aloquals feron quello derian laver dad como sempre gallieranan harag situerementivale expubiered asenso, alas Thas Declaraciones para de ello freeen series of pres un sandoles alsombles skram ania multaile el Bens sodio unexeligion abaseda aneriquairon delog ella desion Bestons gran Gri Geraner Sad grows backer amanberil al eribir l'iquales escribieron benelionbento. mosale ellowwood bieron miles llamaron paragion aschlauer dad simog excibieron conoron somson b bian dequello of gernia Sermerprete deriado elwarberro. Tolas seria amenara or Gleracialea Clamberro. eliteout july ingen med fever of have & marbien in scruzio ria sto Es painole lavier sal presentamen qualisto getino Be finiedes hid also abia come to et el secolonefondo y quirombre clusero deibo main Cobi Pald. hisolable mornacion Conta mas cuerpo. Jarimi mo llamaror rotror In Solla alino pade fi midlas indalgo ania Comerido conel de ne fartes of histolasmesma demonstraciones d'incentiones quello que desin cratamental parimermo alurares

Nación, México. Inqusición, tomo 388, The wood to capitance de como ania frew uny mille made en panas la mendeleen una estreto pala mariana amanerio doreado of gles of eldrolle gelie abria already of luces bis in g distribe gratauge greens enellandrife elqualersang enellandres bes Dido como es painel aloqual les & fo els to o with aquel guede and lobiliere bueno. 758 Teron jostos son os guardo surein fre al pueblo comação pin o guardo surein fre al pueblo comação por os guardos qual certaras as respectos prese o mando prese o promo dos qual certaras sessiços. Comoson elsas o mayor francomes chape. marie laro delahera y todiapitanes france france marie de melal feres Jos marques & falling Ju contales melanul selfaloper yester siarle comboling roller gas for milen noto. of viseuse parker y his sharking to do los quale y uan heam pairando asuscivoria = marines nos ser no fin golog fee como gende den so de qui dias els Belo do Thos capitanes aniander leen scinaron elning es mua bes no do alas parista apreción den modelitarion bento. of presentation lamade Sel Tronino llamada n sabel nantula no declaro dena fode furam anseruse Paquelnino darutilo abilo del Tro Be finicolas hidales Conquien ello parte un paramerte el Tro Be perces into gobligadeaelle De Beter muriorn marido of altho emetive pricion en ana estados estanos malionel carlos gelos Bes o Gama aoradose elmismo. Ma Des deel somes mato. detrobe conella, maximes mis precentarion many mosadelitro pereblo. Camada mes En pue deministra sumarida de la mararon la apartie de subs excesso de la compella la la consensa munda de la la seria una ciatura la que la la seria una ciatura la que la la seria con ciatura la que la la como als la como parado la falla es ranames quella la consensa quella la nes me presentaron proposità llemada teliparavua per liqualisto debatode furanti qui mal ella enellon bento della pueblo mobiendo arina detrigo. cono.

siem pre latiren enroelles finiales groalsons emplero a aporrear y ellare abraro con unon o curso b criana als pechos geldrob. selo arrebato. of losi so a humbre gestana as i endo enelaporenso Owaina doque ella espara moliendo. Meguenio so do elmer po elotro muchacho. De questo sta muerte elqual son o apre senia Isu serior ia poela presenses estanamos elqual seria elever po sodo quemado por las es paldas. mesmo presentarion masso llamado perso acomilla delitro queblo elqualisto debato de furanzo queblo elqualisto debato de furanzo queblo el distro formano queblo finales hidales locofisciones à pleiso mucho aroses por derial elitron milo muada cilla aderir of dar cuensa delog elitro B. haria of Despues Deaver lears sado mucho ge abalanero, all ofle sarro. Del miembro Zelo gorsio mucho plequebro la misar del grava Zestiese lo engeno soon fel senia menos rodo loque I se beables del midnibro mannoes que deltodo gan - marines mo presenteron dos musione ace serves manuales del The pueble sexunds feron los quales di Peron of mucho tiempo ania q scamiano alor apartes of sheles a victir conellos desemos delos abianes suls has season geelinieron por sauce of abian maralis del The pueblo closes Brabiabenilo des o Todo lo qual delavarone rodo, los agui conservido a presencia desuscioria y de mielejo y sersio os deay aslei Sia Thiseron lade daración los primeros. Co agricon es sas por revas declaraciones ación os denobiembre demillos seis cientos os rein sas orbio anis. mas primeras enelotisains arreingades, 6+e. riendo/ses fip or all sas de dava ciones bultimas deaparful pries of viseuse parties yalontoga heres. I paro demontroma, The manda miento bels entersimini, deverdad Mexico, AGN, Inquisicion vol. 368