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Title

Single Channel Estimation Algorithm for Acoustic OFDM Communication Systems

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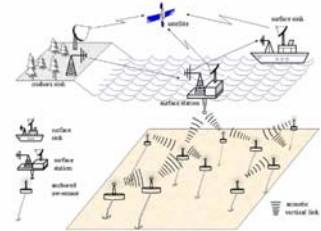
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Acoustic Testbed for Network/Communication Applications

Motivation

- Inexpensive, easy to program wireless communications infrastructure
- Used to validate algorithms for a variety of wireless communication environments
 - point to point cellular communications
 - cooperative communications
 - multiple-input/multiple-output systems
 - underwater acoustic communication
 - ultrawideband communication



System Hardware



Hardware Specifications

- M-Audio Delta 1010 24 bit 96 kHz Digital Recording System
- SM Pro Audio PR8-MK2 8-channel mic-line preamp
- Behringer Studio C-2 Condenser microphones
- PC with Matlab/Simulink and speakers

State of Development: Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing Point-to-Point Link

OFDM Communication

- **Cyclic Prefixes**
 - A segment from the end of data, whose length is longer than the channel impulse response, is repeated at the beginning, thus *eliminating the effects of intersymbol interference (ISI)*
- **Orthogonality of Sub-Carriers**
 - OFDM uses multiple carrier frequencies simultaneously; since they are orthogonal to each other, there is no interference from adjacent subcarriers. This *efficiently uses the available bandwidth*.

Channel Modulation Experiment

- **OFDM Modulator**
 - Messages created by randomly generated QPSK symbols
 - Signal sent over 2048 subcarriers
 - Cyclic prefix 512 samples long
 - Suppression carrier 200 samples long
- **Start of Frame Detector**
 - OFDM block synchronization algorithm evaluates the autocorrelation between two sequences to determine the start of the message
- **OFDM DeModulator**
 - Received signal compared with original message to create frequency channel response

Experiment Results

Experiments performed at USC's UltRa Lab

Sampling Rate - 22050 Hz

Baud Rate – 2000 symbols/sec

Carrier Frequency – 5000 Hz

Frequency Response over Time

