

# UC Agriculture & Natural Resources Farm

## Title

Farm Water Quality Plan

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Farm Water Quality Planning

A Water Quality and Technical Assistance Program for California Agriculture

http://waterquality.ucanr.org

This PLAN is part of the Farm Water Quality Planning (FWQP) series, developed for a short course that provides training for growers of irrigated crops who are interested in implementing water quality protection practices. The short course teaches the basic concepts of watersheds, nonpoint source pollution (NPS), site-assessment techniques, and evaluation techniques. Management goals and practices are presented for a variety of cropping systems.

The Farm Water Quality Plan

Plan components compiled by MARY BIANCHI, UC Cooperative Extension Farm Advisor, San Luis Obispo County; DANIEL MOUNTJOY, Area Resource Conservationist, USDA-NRCS; and ALISON JONES, Watershed Management Initiative Coordinator, Central Coast Regional Quality Control Board.

Use these sections to formalize a Farm Water Quality Plan for your farm.

This is the Farm Water Quality Plan for \_\_\_\_\_

Prepared by: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

CONTENTS

Table with 2 columns: Section and page. Includes sections like Property Information, Operations and Land Use, Statement of Goals, Basin Water Quality Information, Farm/Ranch Map, Site Assessment and Practices Planning, Managing Sediment, Managing Irrigation, Managing Pesticides, Managing Nutrients, Managing Salinity, Practices to Improve Water Quality in Waterways, and Self-Evaluation.



<b>PROPERTY INFORMATION</b>	
<b>Farm/Ranch</b>	
Farm/Ranch Name:	
Mailing Address or P.O. Box:	
City, State and Zip Code:	
Phone:	Size (acres):
<b>Owner</b>	
Name(s):	
Mailing Address or P.O. Box: <input type="checkbox"/> Same as Farm/Ranch Address	
City, State and Zip Code:	
Phone:	E-mail:
<b>Lessee/Manager</b>	
Name(s):	
Mailing Address or P.O. Box: <input type="checkbox"/> Same as Farm/Ranch Address	
City, State and Zip Code:	
Phone:	E-mail:
<b>Location</b>	
County:	
Legal Description (Township, Range, Sections):	

<b>OPERATIONS AND LAND USE</b>	
<b>Current farm/ranch enterprises or activities and the acreage devoted to each</b>	
<b>Land use activity</b>	<b>Area in acres/sq.ft.</b>
farming (field production)	
farming (greenhouse/nursery production)	
grazing livestock	
dairy	
feedlot	
processing (winery, cold storage, etc.)	
public facilities (winery tasting rooms, etc.)	
forestry (timber)	
wildlife preserve	
camping	
hunt club	
Water sources for farming enterprises: <input type="checkbox"/> Surface water <input type="checkbox"/> Groundwater <input type="checkbox"/> Municipal <input type="checkbox"/> Reclaimed/Recycled	

**Operations and Land use, cont'd.**

<b>Farming Enterprises</b>		
<b>Current farm/ranch enterprises or activities and the acreage devoted to each</b>		
<input type="checkbox"/> Alfalfa/other hay	<input type="checkbox"/> Cotton	<input type="checkbox"/> Strawberries
<input type="checkbox"/> Caneberries	<input type="checkbox"/> Field crops	<input type="checkbox"/> Tree/fruit/nut crops
<input type="checkbox"/> Corn (grain)	<input type="checkbox"/> Irrigated pasture	<input type="checkbox"/> Vegetable crops
<input type="checkbox"/> Corn (silage)	<input type="checkbox"/> Oil crops	<input type="checkbox"/> Vineyard
<input type="checkbox"/> Other silage	<input type="checkbox"/> Rice	<input type="checkbox"/> Wheat, barley, oats
<input type="checkbox"/> Greenhouse <input type="checkbox"/> Container <input type="checkbox"/> Ground	<input type="checkbox"/> Shade & temporary <input type="checkbox"/> Container <input type="checkbox"/> Ground	<input type="checkbox"/> Outdoor flowers <input type="checkbox"/> Container <input type="checkbox"/> Ground
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Schedule for rotated crops:		

<b>Livestock Enterprises</b>	
Number of pastures for grazing _____	
Types of livestock	Livestock access to water
<input type="checkbox"/> cow/calf–spring calving	<input type="checkbox"/> troughs and tanks
<input type="checkbox"/> cow/calf–fall calving	<input type="checkbox"/> springs
<input type="checkbox"/> cow/calf–year-round calving	<input type="checkbox"/> streams or creeks
<input type="checkbox"/> stocker production	<input type="checkbox"/> stock ponds
<input type="checkbox"/> goat production	<input type="checkbox"/> water gaps
<input type="checkbox"/> llama production	<input type="checkbox"/> wells
<input type="checkbox"/> horses	<input type="checkbox"/> river
<input type="checkbox"/> ratite (ostrich, emu, etc.) production	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

<b>STATEMENT OF GOALS</b>	
<b>Production Goals</b>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	to pass the farm/ranch on to the next generation
<input type="checkbox"/>	to reduce family/farm debt so that only minor borrowing for operating capital is necessary in a typical year
<input type="checkbox"/>	to expand existing enterprises
<input type="checkbox"/>	to increase income by developing new enterprises
<input type="checkbox"/>	to increase profitability
<input type="checkbox"/>	to purchase or lease more property
<input type="checkbox"/>	to reduce short-term production costs
<input type="checkbox"/>	to achieve long-term reduced production costs
<input type="checkbox"/>	to increase the value of the land
<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	

<b>Quality of Life Goals</b>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	to reduce energy consumption in our home and in the farm/ranch operation
<input type="checkbox"/>	to reduce family debt
<input type="checkbox"/>	to provide support for our children's college education
<input type="checkbox"/>	to provide financial or other support to community organizations
<input type="checkbox"/>	to reduce household operating expenses
<input type="checkbox"/>	to build an emergency fund
<input type="checkbox"/>	to be involved in at least one significant community activity that is important to our family's goals, health, values, or well-being
<input type="checkbox"/>	to build a retirement fund
<input type="checkbox"/>	to grow crops or raise livestock during my retirement
<input type="checkbox"/>	to enhance relationships with neighbors and the community
<input type="checkbox"/>	to enhance health and well-being on the farm
<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	

**Statement of Goals, cont'd.**

<b>Natural Resource/Water Quality Goals</b>
<input type="checkbox"/> to protect cropland, nursery area, rangeland, pastureland, and/or forestland from erosion
<input type="checkbox"/> to manage farm or ranch roads to reduce movement of sediment into streams, and other water bodies
<input type="checkbox"/> to reduce human-caused erosion of stream banks
<input type="checkbox"/> to increase canopy and/or ground cover in riparian areas or along streams and other water bodies
<input type="checkbox"/> to protect and enhance fish populations and other aquatic resources.
<input type="checkbox"/> to reduce concentration of livestock in or near riparian areas, streams or other water bodies
<input type="checkbox"/> to reduce the opportunity for nutrients, pesticides, and pathogens to enter streams or other water bodies.
<input type="checkbox"/> to maintain and enhance riparian plant communities
<input type="checkbox"/> to reduce wildfire hazard
<input type="checkbox"/> to maintain and protect oak woodland and other upland native plant communities
<input type="checkbox"/> to maintain or improve wildlife habitat
<input type="checkbox"/> to reduce/manage invasive weeds
<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>

## REGIONAL AND LOCAL WATER QUALITY INFORMATION

This section is a place for you to document information about your watershed, groundwater basin, and downstream waterbodies that has been collected by a variety of agencies. This information is documented in the following resources:

### **California Coastal Commission (CCC)**

CCAs <http://www.coastal.ca.gov/nps/cca-nps.html>

### **California Department of Pesticide Regulation (DPR)**

GWPA Maps

<http://www.cdpr.ca.gov/docs/gwp/gwpamaps.htm>

GWPA Lists by Legal Description

[http://www.cdpr.ca.gov/docs/gwp/gwpa\\_lists.htm](http://www.cdpr.ca.gov/docs/gwp/gwpa_lists.htm)

**National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) –  
National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS) Protected Resources Division**  
ESUs <http://swr.ucsd.edu/psd/ps1inf.htm#Salmon>

### **State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) – Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB)**

Beneficial Uses - Basin Plan

[http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/rwqcb3/BasinPlan/BP\\_text/chapter\\_2/figs\\_n\\_tables/table\\_2-1.doc](http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/rwqcb3/BasinPlan/BP_text/chapter_2/figs_n_tables/table_2-1.doc)

Beneficial Use Support - California Water Quality Assessment Report 1998 -  
Staff Report Part A

<http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/general/publications/index.html#Cc>

Clean Water Act Section 303(d) List

<http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/tmdl/docs/2002reg3303dlist.pdf>

CCAMP Monitoring Data <http://www.ccamp.org/ca/3/3.htm>

### **How to complete this section**

Draw from the above resources to complete this section. If you don't have access to one of these resources, contact your Watershed Coordinator or contact the agency directly.
















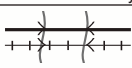






**Regional and Local Water Quality Information, cont'd.**

Is a coastal zone downstream of the operation designated by the California Coastal Commission as a proposed Critical Coastal Area (CCA)? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
<b>Groundwater Basin</b>
Name and Number of the Groundwater Basin:
Is the farm/ranch within an area designated by the California Department of Pesticide Regulation as a Ground Water Protection Area (GWPA)? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
<i>Include maps that indicate your watershed, groundwater basin, and flow of water from your operation to the ocean.</i>

<b>FARM/RANCH MAP</b>		
<b>Facilities and Resources</b>		
Keep maps and photographs with Plan for reference		
Indicate the acres within the boundary, number of each facility and hydrologic feature, and miles of road and fencing. Rough estimates are adequate for miles.		
Shown on map	Boundaries	Total Acres
<input type="checkbox"/>	Farm or ranch boundary	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Field boundaries	
<input type="checkbox"/>		
Buildings		Total Number
<input type="checkbox"/>	Residence, offices  office	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Barns/shops/outbuildings  barn	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Pesticide storage  pesticide	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Fertilizer storage  fertilizer	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Petroleum storage  petroleum	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Dairy or other animal handling facilities	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Livestock waste management facilities	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Greenhouses  greenhouse	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Shade houses, other temporary structures	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Soil handling/mixing, compost areas  stack yard	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Boiler rooms	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Cold storage, postharvest handling	
<input type="checkbox"/>		
Structures		Total Number
<input type="checkbox"/>	Equipment yards	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Corrals	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Feedlots  feedlot	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Septic tanks, other bathroom facilities	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Stockwater storage tanks  water tank	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Stockwater troughs	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Erosion control structures (label)	
<input type="checkbox"/>		

**Farm/Ranch Map, cont'd.**

	<b>Fences and Roads</b>		<b>Total Miles</b>
<input type="checkbox"/>	Fences		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Dirt road		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Gravel road (label)	 gravel	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Paved road		
<input type="checkbox"/>			
	<b>Hydrologic Features</b>		<b>Total Number</b>
<input type="checkbox"/>	Irrigation ditches		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Irrigation ditches, lined (label)	 lined	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Streams and creeks		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Springs		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Irrigation reservoirs		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Recycling reservoirs (label)	 recycling	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Irrigation settling ponds (label)	 settling pond	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Stockwater ponds		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Tailwater recovery systems (label)	 tailwater recovery system	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Bridges		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Stream crossings		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Domestic wells (label)	 domestic well	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Irrigation wells		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Stockwater wells (label)	 well	
<input type="checkbox"/>			

## SITE ASSESSMENT AND PRACTICES PLANNING

You have completed the basin water quality information that lists important water bodies in your area and the water quality problems that have been identified for these water bodies. You have also created a map of your farm or ranch that lists land uses, facilities, and resources.

The following section can help identify areas of your farm or ranch where you've already implemented management practices to protect water quality. It can also help determine what areas of your farm or ranch can receive the most benefit from the implementation of new management practices. These items can be added to your map.

A trip around the property in a vehicle or on foot may be necessary to complete this assessment. Some of the assessment may involve accessing your pesticide use reports, or operations budget for nutrients applied to specific fields. Keep this section and the following self-evaluation section as a working document to record your decisions and your progress. You should keep records or take photographs before and after implementation to document changes that occur as a result of practices or groups of practices.

If you conclude that you need to make some changes, it may take you a while to decide how to proceed. You may want to compare practices that can accomplish the same thing. Not all practices listed may be applicable or available for your situation. Discuss these options with other farmers, consultants, or technical advisors from UCCE, NRCS, RCDs or other organizations. You should estimate costs of implementation. You may want to seek cost share funding with NRCS or other sources.

### **How to complete this section:**

If you answer "yes" to any of the questions, look at the following table(s) for Management Practices. Select Practices that you are currently using or that you think might be useful. Update annually and keep notes that help with record keeping. If you would like to be more specific, you can record block designations, square footage, or acres of each selected Practice in the "location(s)" column. NRCS Conservation Practice Standards that you might want to use are listed where applicable. (e.g., Sediment Basin #350).













































Site Assessment and Practices Planning–Sediment, cont'd.

## Managing Pesticides

Pesticides that move from their site of application into surface or groundwater can affect the beneficial uses of water through their potential impact on human and animal health, and on non-target organisms. Wind and water erosion of soil, or drift from pesticide applications may contribute to pesticide movement away from the target area. Pesticides may enter surface waters in irrigation return flows and tile drainage either as water-soluble residuals or adsorbed to sediments. Groundwaters in agricultural areas may also be subject to pollution from pesticides when deep percolation from irrigated land carries water-soluble pesticides to the groundwater. Many practices in this section fall under NRCS Conservation Practice Standard Pest Management #595. Consult other sources such as the UC Integrated Pest Management (IPM) Pest Management Guidelines for crop-specific IPM practices and alternatives to pesticide use <http://www.ipm.ucdavis.edu>.

### Pesticide Management Program

**P1. Does your pest management program have the potential to impact water quality?**  
 Yes     No

**Notes:**

Use IPM to Make Informed Pesticide Management Decisions									
<a href="http://www.imp.ucdavis.edu">http://www.imp.ucdavis.edu</a>									
	Used or could be helpful	Location(s)	Year(s) used						
			2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Prepare Site and Use Plant Materials to Promote Crop Health									
Fields are designed or managed to reduce water related stress									
Bedding #310									
Irrigation Land Leveling #464									
Irrigation Water Management #449									
Container media is selected to reduce water related stress									
Resistant varieties are planted									
Crop rotations are used to break pest population cycles									
Conservation Crop Rotation #328									
Cover crops are used to promote soil health and reduce weeds, insects, and pathogens									
Cover Crops #340									
Non-cropped areas are managed (planted, paved or mulched) to discourage weeds									









































## Site Assessment and Practices Planning–Sediment, cont'd.

## Waterway Crossings

W7. Is the waterway crossing prone to washing out?

Yes     No

Notes:

W8. Do you notice channel or bank erosion caused by the impacts of structures such as bridges or crossings?

Yes     No

Notes:

W9. Do your culverts have problems with debris buildup or sediment accumulation?

Yes     No

Notes:

W10. Do you notice water collecting upstream from culvert inlets during storms?

Yes     No

Notes:

W11. Do you see sediment deposited from pooled water above the culvert inlet?

Yes     No

Notes:

W12. Do you see debris deposited upstream of the culvert inlet?

Yes     No

Notes:

W13. Are there high rust lines in any of the metal culvert pipes (this may indicate undersized pipe)?

Yes     No

Notes:

W14. Are any culvert inlet or outlets crushed, torn, jagged or with worn through bases?

Yes     No

Notes:

W15. Is there the potential for water to run down the road when the culvert plugs?

Yes     No

Notes:





## SELF-EVALUATION

An essential element of a water quality site self-assessment is the tracking of land use and management activities on your agricultural operation. Self-evaluation data that you can provide can be important in explaining any water quality changes that may occur due to implementation of management practices. Self-evaluation techniques can help determine whether water quality changes can be attributed to implementing management practices and not to other confounding influences such as regional geology or a source upstream of the operation.

Simple field measurements are often undervalued and suspected of lacking scientific validity. When properly designed and carefully executed, however, they can provide sound data. Their strength lies in the possibility of taking large numbers of measurements inexpensively and with only semi-skilled assistance to obtain results that are more pertinent to your site than sophisticated measurements taking place at some distant monitoring station.

### Record Keeping

*Keep with Plan for reference*

**Do you keep a record of:**

- weather conditions such as air temperature, precipitation, and evapotranspiration
- extreme weather events such as severe storms, floods, and droughts
- natural vegetation and/or wildlife observations
- grazing (animal numbers, in and out pasture dates)
- natural vegetation and/or wildlife observations

### Photo Point Self-Evaluation

*Keep photos and historic records with Plan for reference*

**Do you have any historic records and/or photographs that can help you document short or long term changes on the farm/ranch?**     Yes     No

**How many photo points are on your farm/ranch?**

**How many times per year will photographs be taken?**

### Other Self-Evaluation Techniques You Perform or Plan to Perform

*Keep with Plan for reference*

Technique	Location(s)	Dates or Schedule
<b>Sediments</b>		
<input type="checkbox"/> Erosion Pins		
<input type="checkbox"/> Erosion Pipes		
<input type="checkbox"/> Estimating Streambank Loss		
<input type="checkbox"/> Imhoff Cones		
<input type="checkbox"/> Paint Collars		
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Basin or Sand Trap - (record amount of sediment removed)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Staking Gullies or Streambanks		
<input type="checkbox"/> Walking the Runoff		
<input type="checkbox"/>		

**Self-Evaluation, cont'd.**

<b>Nutrients</b>		
<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Water Analysis		
<input type="checkbox"/> Irrigation Water Analysis		
<input type="checkbox"/> Plant Tissue Analysis		
<input type="checkbox"/> Record Fertilizer Use		
<input type="checkbox"/> Soil Analysis		
<input type="checkbox"/> Utilize Crop Budgets		
<input type="checkbox"/>		
<b>Pesticides</b>		
<input type="checkbox"/> Monitor for Pests and Beneficial Insects		
<input type="checkbox"/> Review Use Reports		
<input type="checkbox"/> Assess Risk of Pesticide Loss		
<input type="checkbox"/>		
<b>Riparian Habitat</b>		
<input type="checkbox"/> Percent Bare Soil Along Banks		
<input type="checkbox"/> Percent Canopy Cover over Stream		
<input type="checkbox"/> Staking Gullies or Streambanks		
<input type="checkbox"/> Streambank Erosion Measurements		
<input type="checkbox"/> Walking the Runoff		
<input type="checkbox"/>		
<b>Surface Water Quality</b>		
<input type="checkbox"/> Ammonia		
<input type="checkbox"/> Conductivity		
<input type="checkbox"/> Dissolved Oxygen (DO)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Nitrate		
<input type="checkbox"/> pH		
<input type="checkbox"/> Phosphates		
<input type="checkbox"/> Rapid Bioassessment Technique		
<input type="checkbox"/> Stream Flow		
<input type="checkbox"/> Stream Temperature		
<input type="checkbox"/> Stream Turbidity		
<input type="checkbox"/>		



**Self-Evaluation, cont'd.**

<b>Irrigation/Groundwater Quality</b>		
<input type="checkbox"/> Electroconductivity (EC)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Nutrient Levels in Irrigation or Well Water (N, P, Na)		
<input type="checkbox"/> pH		
<input type="checkbox"/> Sodium Adsorption Ratio (SAR) or adjusted SAR		
<input type="checkbox"/> Toxicity Levels in Irrigation water (Sodium, Cl, B)		
<input type="checkbox"/>		
<b>Tailwater/Ditch Drainage Water Quality</b>		
<input type="checkbox"/> Effluent flow		
<input type="checkbox"/> Electroconductivity (EC)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Nutrient Levels in Drainage Water (N, P, Na)		
<input type="checkbox"/> pH		
<input type="checkbox"/> Turbidity		
<input type="checkbox"/>		

## REFERENCES

Much of the information in the Farm Water Quality Plan has been adapted from the Ranch Water Quality Management Plan created by University of California Cooperative Extension and the USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service (unpublished).

Some practices in the Site Assessment and Practices Planning section were adapted from *Production guide: Nitrogen and water management for coastal cool-season vegetables*. 1998. G. S. Pettygrove, et al., Division of Agriculture and Natural Resources, University of California, Oakland CA; *Farm-A-Syst farmstead assessment system*, University of Wisconsin–Extension <http://www.uwex.edu/farmasyst>; and *The Positive Points System*, Central Coast Vineyard Team <http://www.vineyardteam.org/pps/index.htm>.

Numbered practices in the Site Assessment and Practices Planning section refer to USDA–NRCS *National handbook of conservation standards*. Individual practices can be found at [http://www.ftw.nrcs.usda.gov/nhcp\\_2.html](http://www.ftw.nrcs.usda.gov/nhcp_2.html).

Site Assessment and Practices Planning questions E7 through E11 adapted from Downie, Scott, Dennis Halligan and Ross Taylor. 1998. *Watershed processes and erosion control: A work-book and compendium*. Fish, Farm, and Forest Communities Forum.

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## NPS Pollutant Information Collaborators

The following provided technical information in the Site Assessment and Practices Planning section for these specific areas:

### Basin water quality information

Lisa McCann, Central Coast Regional Water Quality Control Board  
Amanda Bern, Central Coast Regional Water Quality Control Board  
Mark Angelo, Central Coast Regional Water Quality Control Board

### Managing sediment

Giulio Ferruzzi, USDA–NRCS

### Managing irrigation

Michael Cahn, UCCE Monterey County  
Thomas Harter, UCCE Davis

### Managing pesticides

Giulio Ferruzzi, USDA–NRCS  
Jay Gan, UCCE Riverside  
William Chaney, UCCE Monterey County

### Managing nutrients

Giulio Ferruzzi, USDA–NRCS

### Managing salinity

Michael Cahn, UCCE Monterey County  
Giulio Ferruzzi, USDA–NRCS

### Practices to improve water quality in waterways

Giulio Ferruzzi, USDA–NRCS  
John Warner, USDA–NRCS  
Richard Casale, USDA–NRCS

**Self-evaluation**

Terry Hall, USDA–NRCS

**Commodity Information Collaborators**

The following provided technical information in the Site Assessment and Practices Planning section for these commodities:

**Cool-season vegetables**

Richard Smith, UCCE Monterey County

Tim Hartz, UCCE Davis

**Greenhouse/nursery**

Ann King, UCCE San Mateo County

John Kabashima, UCCE South Coast Research and Extension Center

Darren Haver, UCCE Orange County

Richard Evans, UCCE Davis

Aziz Baameur, UCCE Santa Clara County

Julie Newman, UCCE Ventura County

Loren Oki, UCCE Davis

Steve Tjosvold, UCCE Santa Cruz County

J. Heinrich Lieth, UCCE Davis

**Orchards and vineyards**

Ben Faber, UCCE Ventura

Mark Battany, UCCE San Luis Obispo County

**Strawberries and caneberries**

Mark Bolda, UCCE Santa Cruz County

**Reviewers**

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Royce Larson, UCCE San Luis Obispo County

Margy Lindquist, USDA–NRCS

Dan Johnson, USDA–NRCS

Rebecca Challender, USDA–NRCS

Robert Fry, USDA–NRCS

Albert Cerna, USDA–NRCS

David Robledo, USDA–NRCS

Tina Vander Hoek, USDA–NRCS

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Pescadero/Butano Watershed Group Pilot Course June 2001, San Mateo County

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## FOR MORE INFORMATION

You'll find detailed information on many aspects of resource conservation in these titles and in other publications, slide sets, CD-ROMs, and videos from UC ANR:

*Farm Water Quality Planning Short Course Objectives*, publication 8052

*Nonpoint Sources of Pollution in Irrigated Agriculture*, publication 8055

*Practices for Reducing Nonpoint Source Pollution from Irrigated Agriculture*, publication 8075

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This publication has been anonymously peer reviewed for technical accuracy by University of California scientists and other qualified professionals. This review process was managed by the ANR Associate Editor for Natural Resources.