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**Recent Work** 

## Title

Shotgun Library Utilization for Microbial Sequencing Projects at the JGI

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# **Shotgun Library Utilization for Microbial** Sequencing Projects at the JGI

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Name: pUC18 (2.7kb)

Replicon: pMB1

To date the US Department of Energy's Joint Genome Institute has produced shotgun libraries for more than 150 microbial whole genome sequencing projects. Our initial scope was to produce draft assemblies by generating 10x sequence coverage of standard 3kb pUC18 libraries. However, after the initial ~ 20 projects we quickly saw the holes with this methodology and reevaluated our strategy. In an effort to better span repeats and link contigs we now utilize a three library approach for all whole genome shotgun projects we undertake. We generate a 3kb high-copy pUC18 library to 4x sequence coverage, a 8kb low-copy pMCL200 library to 4x sequence coverage, and a 40kb single-copy pCC1FOS library to 15x clone coverage. A study is currently underway to evaluate the merits of increasing our 40kb fosmid library from 15x to 30x clone coverage.

Here, we will describe the construction, sequencing, and analysis of our 3 library approach with the aspiration of generating a better and more usable finished microbial whole genome assembly. The libraries were constructed from randomly sheared whole genomic DNA that was size selected and cloned into pUC18 at 3kb, pMCL200 at 8kb, and pCC1FOS at 40kb. To date, more than 130 microbial genomes have been successfully cloned using this strategy. Both the 3kb and 8kb libraries can be robustly sequenced in our highthroughput production process utilizing our streamlined Rolling Circle Amplification (TempliPhi, GE) DNA preparation method. The 40kb fosmids, on the other hand, currently pass through our production line at a slightly slower pace utilizing a 96 well bead DNA preparation method (SprintPrep, Agencourt). Analysis to date of a wide array of microbial projects indicates our cloning strategy has been successful in spanning many repeat regions and producing longer-range contiguity. These assemblies reduce the amount of finishing required to complete the genome sequence. Specific protocols and results will be described and additional details are available upon request.

Specific protocols and results are available upon request by contacting Chris Detter at (detter2@llnl.gov) or from our web site: (www.jgi.doe.aov)

#### \*\*\* Other related posters from the JGI on display.

- # 8 The US DOE Joint Genome Institute Microbial Genome Program, by Alla Lapidus and presented by Kerrie Barry.
- #18 Quality Control of JGI Microbial Sequencing Projects, by Alex Copeland and Kerrie Barry.

#### REFERENCES

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•Dehal P, et.al. (2002). The draft genome of Ciona intestinalis: insights into chordate and vertebrate origins, Science 298(5601):2157-2167.

•Aparicio S, et.al. (2002). Whole-genome shotgun assembly and analysis of the genome of Fugu rubripes. Science 297(5585):1301-1310.

•Hawkins TL, Detter JC, Richardson PM, (2002), Whole genome amplification - applications and advances. Current Opinion in Biotechnology 13(1):65-67.

•Elkin C, Kapur H, Smith T, Humphries D, Pollard M, Hammon N, Hawkins T. (2002). Magnetic bead purification of labeled DNA fragments for high-throughput capillary electrophoresis sequencing. Biotechniques. 32(6):1296-1302.

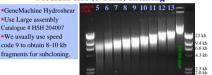
Small size (2-4 kb) shearing GeneMachine Hydroshear Use assembly # HSA-025 We usually use speed code 13 to obtain 3-4 kb fragments for subcloning.

Goal: Generate randomly sheared 3 kb shotgun libraries from whole genomic

DNA via cloning into a high copy vector for high throughput end-sequencing.

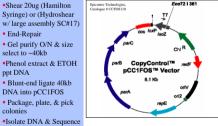
Goal: Generate randomly sheared 8 kb shotgun libraries from whole genomic DNA via cloning into a low copy vector for high throughput end-sequenci

#### Medium size (8-10kb) shearing



Goal: Generate randomly sheared 40 kb shotgun libraries from whole genomic DNA via cloning into a single copy vector for medium throughput end-sequencing

#### Large insert (fosmid, 40kb) libraries at the JGI



#### Goal: Test the effect of assembling a whole microbial genome using endsequences from libraries composed of three different sized inserts

Total

12816

30624

22896

PPS (3kb

V.IS (8kb)

PXI (40kb)

PPS

Assemblies

PPS+VJS

PPS+VJS+PX

Lanes

Vect

Major Contigs Largest

Q20(MB)

69.

194

5.

915 Kb 62

1.96 Mb

3.10 Mb

Pass Rate or

\*Ralstonia eutropha's estimated genome size is 7.4 Mb

90.5%

96.4%

61.8% 0.1%

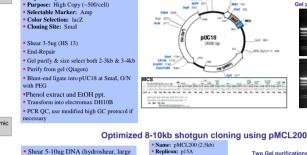
We made 3 different sized libraries; a 3 kb in LIBRARIES pUC18, an 8 kb in pMCL200, and a 40 kb in pCC1fos

·Each library was sequenced to a depth shown

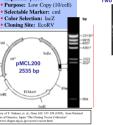
in the table to the right. Phrap assemblies were performed using

standard microbe assembly parameters. Major contigs are defined as more than 10

reads and more than 2 kb in length Based on our analysis, adding reads from both 8 kb and 40 kb libraries reduces gaps and increased long range contiguity of the assembly



assembly, setting #9) Gel purify & size select from 6-10kh End-Renair Gel purify & size select both 6-8kb and 8-10kh Blunt-end ligate O/N into pMCL200 w/PEG Phenol extract and EtOH ppt. Transform into eDH10B Size QC by long format PCR If high GC content, use modified high GC PCR protocol or size QC by RE digest w/ Bam HI & Hind III.



General 3 kb shotgun cloning

pIIC18

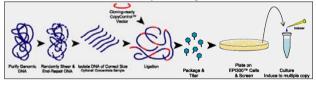
ons and size-selections of ins rom 6-10k

Gel purification and size-selection of inse

#### Fosmid library creation process

Name: pMCL200 (2.5kb)

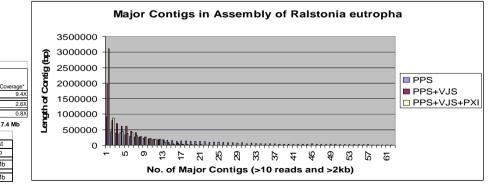
Replicon: p15A



#### Recent experiments have focused on developing a high-throughput fosmid DNA isolation process. The system we implement must be automateable and scaleable for use in a highthroughput environment.

PCR size QC Insert size QC of 3 kb library

Insert size QC of 6-8 kb and 8-10kb pMCL200 library



## **US DOE Joint Genome Institute**

