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**BIBLIOGRAPHY FOR HINDERED INTERNAL  
ROTATION AND MICROWAVE SPECTROSCOPY**

**Berkeley, California**

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AND MICROWAVE SPECTROSCOPY

D. R. Herschbach

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BIBLIOGRAPHY FOR HINDERED INTERNAL ROTATION  
AND MICROWAVE SPECTROSCOPY

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This report has been prepared to supplement a review of microwave studies of internal rotation given in UCRL-10405. Several tables summarizing experimental results are provided, together with an extensive bibliography.

The molecules studied and molecular parameters derived from the spectra are listed in Table I. This is intended to include all microwave studies published up to September, 1962. In a few cases results obtained from thermodynamic measurements or infrared spectroscopy are included (as indicated by a superscript c or d), when these supplement the microwave data. Results derived from microwave intensity measurements rather than frequency measurements are also specifically indicated (by a superscript e). When several literature references are given, the one which is regarded as providing the best value of the barrier height is underlined, and the one which provides the best structural parameters is indicated by an asterisk.

A more compact list of the barrier values is given in Tables II-IV. The barriers listed in Tables I and II for internal rotation of  $\text{CH}_3$  and  $\text{SiH}_3$  groups refer to a hindering potential of the form

$$V(\alpha) = \frac{1}{2}V_N(1-\cos Na) + \frac{1}{2}V_{2N}(1-\cos 2Na) + \dots, \quad (1)$$

where  $\alpha$  is the angle of internal rotation about the symmetry axis of the group and the periodicity  $N=3$ , except for  $\text{CH}_3\text{BF}_2$  and  $\text{CH}_3\text{NO}_2$  for which  $N=6$ . The tabulated barrier heights are nominally values of  $V_N$ , as only the leading term in (1) has been retained in analyzing the data. In a few cases, listed in Table III, an estimate of the  $V_{2N}$  coefficient has been obtained. However, since this introduces only a small correction to the barrier shape, the contribution of  $V_{2N}$  and higher terms in (1) cannot be disentangled from other small perturbations (such as vibrational interactions) which are not included in the analysis. The values of  $V_{2N}$  in Table III thus only represent approximate upper limits. The uncertainty in the  $V_N$  values of Table II is usually about  $\pm 5\%$ . This arises mainly from the uncertainty in the structural parameters (especially the moment of inertia  $I_\alpha$  of the  $\text{CH}_3$  or  $\text{SiH}_3$  groups) that enter the analysis. The structural uncertainties are in turn due primarily to the lack of a feasible way to correct for vibration-rotation perturbations. In Table IV are listed the few examples studied so far of barriers having less than threefold periodicity. The potential function assumed and probable uncertainty in the derived values of the coefficients is indicated for each case.

Table V lists several molecules for which the equilibrium configuration of the internal rotor group has been established.

Table VI collects examples for which the "angle of tilt" between the bond direction and the symmetry axis of an internal rotor group has been determined.

The remaining tables provide a convenient index to theoretical papers on internal rotation. Table VII consists of references which deal with energy level calculations and the analysis of microwave spectra, Table VIII lists the available tabulations of Mathieu eigenvalues and related functions, and Table IX gives references concerned with the origin of the potential barriers.

The bibliography includes and extends that provided by C. C. Lin and J. D. Swalen, Rev. Mod. Phys. 31, 841 (1959). The references are arranged by year and within each year alphabetically according to the name of the first author. If a paper is not directly concerned with microwave spectroscopy the reference number is underlined.

The author is greatly indebted to Miss Nancy Monroe for her aid in compiling the bibliography.

Table I. Microwave studies of internal rotation.

Formula	Compound	$\nu_3^a$	Other Data <sup>a</sup>	References <sup>b</sup>
<u>C-C Bonds</u>				
$\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_3$	ethane	2.9 <sup>c,d</sup>	I	<u>31</u> , 123, 131 <sup>a</sup>
$\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{F}$	ethyl fluoride	3.31	I, ETS	64, <u>80</u> , 132, 152*
$\text{CH}_3\text{CHF}_2$	1,1-difluoro- ethane	3.18	ETS	53, <u>80</u>
$\text{CH}_3\text{CF}_3$	methyl fluoro- form	3.5 <sup>e</sup>	I, ETS	19, <u>29</u>
$\text{CH}_2\text{FCF}_3$	1,1,1,2-tetra- fluoroethane	4.2 <sup>d</sup>		133
$\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}$	ethyl chloride	3.69	I, ETS	55, 74, <u>115</u> , <u>142</u> , <u>191</u> *
$\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{Br}$	ethyl bromide	3.57	I, ETS	75, 116, <u>142</u>
$\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{I}$	ethyl iodide	2.4 <sup>f</sup>		137a
$\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CN}$	ethyl cyanide	3.05	ETS, EVS	105, <u>141</u>
$\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3$	propane	>2.7	I	162
$\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{SiH}_3$	ethyl silane	2.65	I, ETS	198
$\text{c}-\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CHO}$	cis-propion- aldehyde	2.7		193, 195
$\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{F}$	propyl fluoride <u>trans</u> isomer <u>gauche</u> isomer	2.69 2.87	ETS EVS	184
$(\text{CH}_3)_3\text{CH}$	isobutane	3.9 <sup>e</sup>	I, ETS, EVS	125, 163*
$(\text{CH}_3)_3\text{CF}$	t-butyl fluoride	4.3 <sup>e</sup>	ETS	125
$\text{CH}_3\text{CHO}$	acetaldehyde	1.17	I	85, <u>98</u> * <sup>a</sup> , 132, <u>136</u>
$\text{CH}_3\text{COF}$	acetyl fluoride	1.04	I	146
$\text{CH}_3\text{COCl}$	acetyl chloride	1.30	I	180
$\text{CH}_3\text{COBr}$	acetyl bromide	1.30	I	158
$\text{CH}_3\text{COCN}$	acetyl cyanide	1.27	I	138, 157
$\text{CH}_3\text{COOH}$	acetic acid	0.48	I	114

Formula	Compound	$V_3^a$	Other Data <sup>a</sup>	References <sup>b</sup>
$(CH_3)_2CO$	acetone	0.76	I	149
$CH_3COC_2H_5$	<u>cis</u> -butanone	0.50	I	200
$CH_3CH=CH_2$	propylene	1.98	I	107, 121, 175*
$t-CH_3CH=CHF$	<u>trans</u> 1-fluoro- propene	2.15		111
$c-CH_3CH=CHF$	<u>cis</u> 1-fluoro- propene	1.06		182
$CH_3CF=CH_2$	2-fluoro- propene	2.44	ETS	147
$t-CH_3CH=CHCN$	<u>trans</u> -crotono- nitrile	>2.1		161
$CH_3CH=C=O$	methyl ketene	1.20		181
$CH_3CH=C=CH_2$	methyl allene	1.59		108
$(CH_3)_2C=CH_2$	isobutylene	2.21	I	173
$CH_3\begin{array}{c} CH \\ \diagdown \\ O \\ \diagup \\ CH_2 \end{array}$	propylene oxide	2.56	ETS	112, 122
$c-CH_3\begin{array}{c} CH \\ \diagdown \\ O \\ \diagup \\ CHCH_3 \end{array}$	<u>cis</u> 2,3-epoxy- butane	1.61		179
$CH_3C\equiv CCH_2Cl$	1-chloro- butyne-2	<0.050		141
$CH_3C\equiv CCF_3$	1-trifluoro- butyne-2	<0.3	I	37, <u>65</u> , 90

~~~~~ Other C-IV Bonds ~~~~~

|              |                             |                  |             |                            |
|--------------|-----------------------------|------------------|-------------|----------------------------|
| $CH_3SiH_3$  | methyl silane               | 1.66             | I, ETS, NR  | 23, 47, <u>99</u> *<br>136 |
| $CH_3SiH_2F$ | methyl fluoro-<br>silane    | 1.56             | I           | 128, 156                   |
| $CH_3SiHF_2$ | methyl difluoro-<br>silane  | 1.26             | I           | 131, 156                   |
| $CH_3SiF_3$  | methyl tri-<br>fluorosilane | 1.2 <sup>b</sup> | I, ETS, EVS | 24, 29, <u>32</u>          |

| Formula          | Compound            | $V_3^a$          | Other Data <sup>a</sup> | References <sup>b</sup> |
|------------------|---------------------|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| $(CH_3)_2SiH_2$  | dimethyl silane     | 1.67             | I, ETS                  | 145, 177                |
| $(CH_3)_3SiH$    | trimethyl silane    | 1.8 <sup>e</sup> | I, ETS                  | 165                     |
| $SiH_3C_2H_5$    | ethyl silane        | 1.98             | I, ETS                  | 198                     |
| $SiH_3CH_2Cl$    | chloromethyl silane | 2.55             | I, ETS                  | 192                     |
| $SiH_3CH_2=CH_2$ | vinyl silane        | 1.50             | I, ETS                  | 176                     |
| $CH_3GeH_3$      | methyl germane      | 1.24             | I, ETS                  | 118, <u>139</u> *       |
| $CH_3SnH_3$      | methyl stannane     | 0.65             | I, ETS, NR              | 167                     |

C-V Bonds

|              |                        |                          |            |                                                                                |
|--------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| $CH_3NH_2$   | methyl amine           | 1.98                     | I, ETS, NR | 16, 35, 40, 43,<br>44, 48, 51, 52,<br>68, 81, 102,<br><u>106*</u> , <u>110</u> |
| $(CH_3)_2NH$ | dimethyl amine         | 3.4 <sup>d</sup>         |            | 183, 197                                                                       |
| $(CH_3)_2N$  | trimethyl amine        | 4.4 <sup>e</sup>         | ETS        | 124, 183                                                                       |
| $CH_3PH_2$   | methyl phosphine       | 1.96                     |            | 172                                                                            |
| $(CH_3)_2PH$ | dimethyl phosphine     | 2.20                     |            | 200                                                                            |
| $(CH_3)_3P$  | trimethyl phosphine    | 2.6 <sup>e</sup>         | ETS        | 125                                                                            |
| $CH_3AsF_2$  | methyl di-fluoroarsine | 1.33                     |            | 189                                                                            |
| $(CH_3)_3As$ | trimethyl arsine       | 1.5-<br>2.5 <sup>e</sup> |            | 142a                                                                           |

C-VI Bonds

|            |                      |      |            |                                                                                   |
|------------|----------------------|------|------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| $CH_3OH$   | methyl alcohol       | 1.07 | I, ETS, NR | 15, 16, 17, 26,<br>27, 39, 70, 72,<br><u>73*</u> , <u>87</u> , <u>94</u> ,<br>113 |
| $CH_3OCl$  | methyl hypo-chlorite | >3   |            | 201                                                                               |
| $CH_3OOCH$ | methyl formate       | 1.19 | I          | 132a                                                                              |

| Formula                              | Compound           | $V_3^a$ | Other Data <sup>a</sup> | References <sup>b</sup>        |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|---------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| $\text{CH}_3\text{ONO}_2$            | methyl nitrate     | 2.32    | ETS, EVS                | 168                            |
| $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{O}$            | dimethyl ether     | 2.72    |                         | 137                            |
| $t\text{-CH}_3\text{OC}_2\text{H}_5$ | ethyl methyl ether | 2.53    | I, ETS                  | 199                            |
| $\text{CH}_3\text{SH}$               | methyl mercaptan   | 1.27    | I, ETS, NR              | 60, 63, 69,<br>103, <u>160</u> |
| $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{S}$            | dimethyl sulfide   | 2.10    | I, ETS                  | 166, <u>178*</u> ,<br>190      |

Sixfold Barriers

$V_6$   
(cal/mole)

|                          |                         |       |   |               |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|-------|---|---------------|
| $\text{CH}_3\text{BF}_2$ | methyl boron difluoride | 13.77 |   | 109           |
| $\text{CH}_3\text{NO}_2$ | nitromethane            | 6.03  | I | 58, <u>89</u> |

Molecules with one- or twofold barriers are listed in Table IV.

<sup>a</sup>Values of barrier heights are given in kcal/mole; to convert to  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  units, multiply by 0.3498. An I indicates that two or more isotopic species have been studied; ETS or EVS that the rotational spectra of excited torsional or vibrational states have been analyzed; NR that the parameters for a "nonrigid" model have been evaluated (see Table VII, under "interaction of vibration-internal rotation-overall rotation"). Other tables collect references to information about corrections to the barrier shape (Table III) and equilibrium configurations (Tables V and VI).

<sup>b</sup>See the bibliography. When several references are given, the one which gives the best value of the barrier height is underlined, and the one which gives the best structural parameters is indicated by an asterisk.

<sup>c</sup>From thermodynamic measurements.

<sup>d</sup>From infrared spectroscopy.

<sup>e</sup>From microwave intensity measurements.

<sup>f</sup>The reported value is probably quite inaccurate.

Table II. Barrier heights (kcal/mole).

| <u>C-C Bonds</u>                              |                  |                                     |                          |                                                                      |        |
|-----------------------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|
| $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_3$                      | 2.9 <sup>a</sup> | $\text{CH}_3\text{CHO}$             | 1.17                     | $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$                                   | 1.98   |
| $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{F}$              | 3.31             | $\text{CH}_3\text{COF}$             | 1.04                     | $t-\text{CH}_3\text{CH}=\text{CHF}$                                  | 2.15   |
| $\text{CH}_3\text{CHF}_2$                     | 3.18             | $\text{CH}_3\text{COCl}$            | 1.30                     | $t-\text{CH}_3\text{CH}=\text{CHCl}$                                 | 2.17   |
| $\text{CH}_3\text{CF}_3$                      | 3.5 <sup>b</sup> | $\text{CH}_3\text{COBr}$            | 1.30                     | $c-\text{CH}_3\text{CH}=\text{CHF}$                                  | 1.06   |
| $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}$             | 3.56             | $\text{CH}_3\text{OCN}$             | 1.27                     | $\text{CH}_3\text{CF}=\text{CH}_2$                                   | 2.44   |
| $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{Br}$             | 3.57             | $\text{CH}_3\text{COOH}$            | 0.48                     | $t-\text{CH}_3\text{CH}=\text{CHCN}$                                 | >2.1   |
| $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CN}$             | 3.05             | $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{CO}$          | 0.76                     | $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}=\text{C=O}$                                    | 1.20   |
| $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3$           | >2.7             | $\text{CH}_3\text{COC}_2\text{H}_5$ | 0.50                     | $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}=\text{C=CH}_2$                                 | 1.59   |
| $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{SiH}_3$          | 2.65             |                                     |                          | $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{C}=\text{CH}_2$                                | 2.21   |
| $c-\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CHO}$          | 2.7              |                                     |                          | $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}-\overset{\text{O}}{\text{CH}}-\text{CH}_2$     | 2.56   |
| $t-\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{F}$ | 2.69             |                                     |                          | $c-\text{CH}_3\text{CH}-\overset{\text{O}}{\text{CH}}-\text{CHCH}_3$ | 1.61   |
| $g-\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{F}$ | 2.87             |                                     |                          |                                                                      |        |
| $(\text{CH}_3)_3\text{CH}$                    | 3.9 <sup>b</sup> |                                     |                          | $\text{CH}_3\text{C}\equiv\text{CCH}_2\text{Cl}$                     | <0.050 |
| $(\text{CH}_3)_3\text{CF}$                    | 4.3 <sup>b</sup> |                                     |                          |                                                                      |        |
| <u>Other C-IV Bonds</u>                       |                  | <u>C-V Bonds</u>                    |                          | <u>C-VI Bonds</u>                                                    |        |
| $\text{CH}_3\text{SiH}_3$                     | 1.66             | $\text{CH}_3\text{NH}_2$            | 1.98                     | $\text{CH}_3\text{OH}$                                               | 1.07   |
| $\text{CH}_3\text{SiH}_2\text{F}$             | 1.56             | $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{NH}$          | 3.4 <sup>a</sup>         | $\text{CH}_3\text{OCl}$                                              | >3     |
| $\text{CH}_3\text{SiHF}_2$                    | 1.26             | $(\text{CH}_3)_3\text{N}$           | 4.4 <sup>b</sup>         | $\text{CH}_3\text{OOCH}$                                             | 1.19   |
| $\text{CH}_3\text{SiF}_3$                     | 1.2 <sup>b</sup> | $\text{CH}_3\text{PH}_2$            | 1.96                     | $\text{CH}_3\text{ONO}_2$                                            | 2.32   |
| $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{SiH}_2$                 | 1.67             | $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{PH}$          | 2.20                     | $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{O}$                                            | 2.72   |
| $(\text{CH}_3)_3\text{SiH}$                   | 1.8 <sup>b</sup> | $(\text{CH}_3)_3\text{P}$           | 2.6 <sup>b</sup>         | $t-\text{CH}_3\text{OC}_2\text{H}_5$                                 | 2.53   |
| $\text{SiH}_3\text{C}_2\text{H}_5$            | 1.98             | $\text{CH}_3\text{AsF}_2$           | 1.33                     | $\text{CH}_3\text{SH}$                                               | 1.27   |
| $\text{SiH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}$            | 2.55             | $(\text{CH}_3)_3\text{As}$          | 2 <sup>b</sup>           | $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{S}$                                            | 2.10   |
| $\text{SiH}_3\text{CH}_2=\text{CH}_2$         | 1.50             |                                     |                          |                                                                      |        |
| $\text{CH}_3\text{GeH}_3$                     | 1.24             |                                     |                          |                                                                      |        |
| $\text{CH}_3\text{SnH}_3$                     | 0.65             |                                     |                          |                                                                      |        |
| <u>Sixfold Barriers (cal/mole)</u>            |                  |                                     |                          |                                                                      |        |
|                                               |                  |                                     | $\text{CH}_3\text{BF}_2$ | 13.77                                                                |        |
|                                               |                  |                                     | $\text{CH}_3\text{NO}_2$ | 6.03                                                                 |        |
|                                               |                  |                                     | $\text{CD}_3\text{NO}_2$ | 5.19                                                                 |        |

<sup>a</sup>From thermodynamic data or infrared spectra.

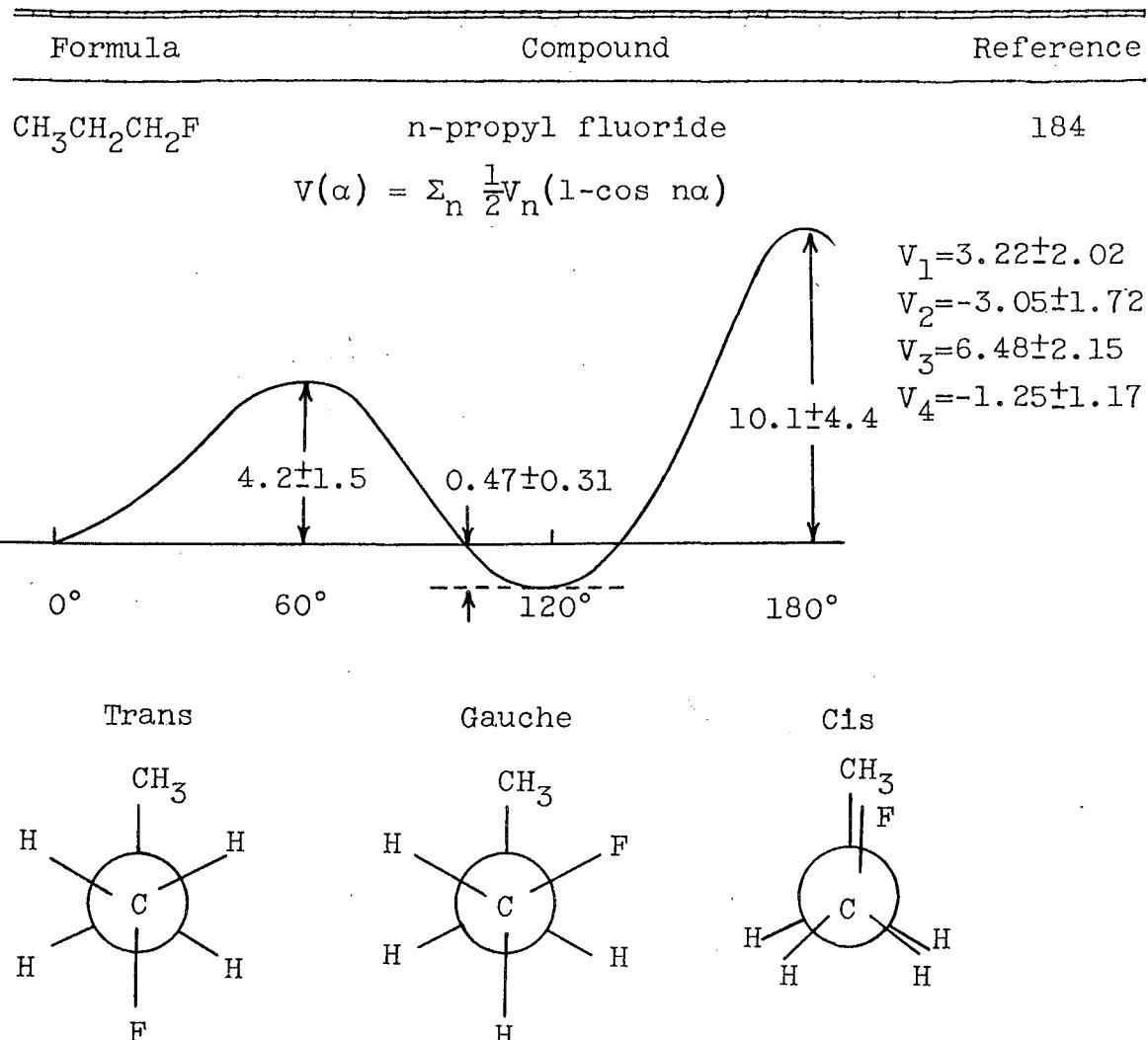
<sup>b</sup>From microwave intensity measurements.

Table III. Corrections to barrier shape (kcal/mole).<sup>a</sup>

| Molecule                                                                       | $V_3$           | $V_6$              | $V_6/V_3$  | Ref. |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|------------|------|
| $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}$                                              | $3.69 \pm 0.30$ | $0 \pm 0.003$      | $\sim 0\%$ | 196a |
|                                                                                | $3.69 \pm 0.10$ |                    |            | 191  |
| $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$                                             | $2.03 \pm 0.30$ | $-0.045 \pm 0.003$ | $-2.3\%$   | 196a |
|                                                                                | $1.98 \pm 0.17$ |                    |            | 107  |
| $\text{CH}_3\text{CF}=\text{CH}_2$                                             | $2.34 \pm 0.10$ | $0.011 \pm 0.003$  | $0.6\%$    | 196a |
|                                                                                | $2.46 \pm 0.05$ | $< 0.050$          | $< 2.5$    | 147  |
| $\text{CH}_3\overset{\text{O}}{\underset{\text{CH}_2}{\text{CH}}} \text{CH}_2$ | $2.58 \pm 0.23$ | $-0.026 \pm 0.003$ | $-1.0\%$   | 196a |
|                                                                                | $2.56 \pm 0.72$ | $< 0.030$          | $< 1\%$    | 122  |

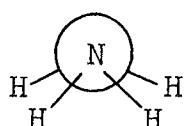
<sup>a</sup>The indicated uncertainties refer to the spectral analysis, and do not include an allowance for the idealizations of the molecular model used in interpreting the spectra.

Table IV. Twofold and onefold barriers (kcal/mole).

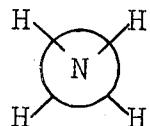


| Formula                             | Compound                                                                                                                       | Reference |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| $\text{CH}_2\text{FCH}=\text{CH}_2$ | allyl fluoride                                                                                                                 | 196       |
|                                     | <br>                                                                                                                           |           |
| $\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{OH}$     | phenol                                                                                                                         | 159       |
|                                     | $V(\alpha) = \frac{1}{2}V_2(1-\cos 2\alpha)$<br>$V_2 = 3.15 \pm 0.3$<br>$\alpha = 0^\circ, 180^\circ$ for planar configuration |           |

| Formula                                      | Compound             | Reference |
|----------------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------|
| $\text{NH}_2\text{NH}_2$                     | hydrazine            | 185       |
| $V(\alpha) = \frac{1}{2}V_2(1+\cos 2\alpha)$ |                      |           |
| $V_2 = 3.15 \pm 0.15$                        |                      |           |
| $V_2 = V_{\text{cis}} = V_{\text{trans}}$    | assumed              |           |
| $\alpha \approx 90^\circ$                    | at potential minimum |           |



Cis ( $\alpha=0^\circ$ )



Trans ( $\alpha=180^\circ$ )

NF<sub>2</sub>NF<sub>2</sub> tetrafluorohydrazine 143

$$V_2 > 3$$

$\alpha \approx 65^\circ$  at potential minimum



hydrogen peroxide

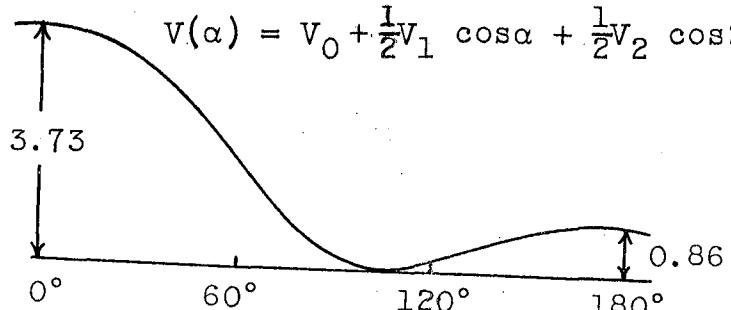
50, 86,  
163a, 189a

$$V(\alpha) = V_0 + \frac{1}{2}V_1 \cos\alpha + \frac{1}{2}V_2 \cos 2\alpha$$

$$V_0 = 1.22$$

$$V_1 = 2.86$$

$$V_2 = 2.15$$



$\alpha = 109.5^\circ$  at potential minimum

$\langle\alpha\rangle$  = average dihedral angle

$$= 119.8^\circ$$

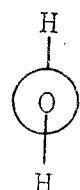
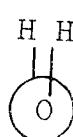


Table V. Equilibrium configurations.

| Compound                              | Configuration                                                | References |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| <u>C-C Bonds</u>                      |                                                              |            |
| $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{F}$      | Staggered                                                    | 152        |
| $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}$     | Staggered                                                    | 74         |
| $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3$   | Both methyl groups staggered with respect to methylene group | 162        |
| $(\text{CH}_3)_3\text{CH}$            | Each methyl group staggered with respect to methine group    | 163        |
| $\text{CH}_3\text{CHO}$               | Methyl group eclipses O and staggers H                       | 98         |
| $\text{CH}_3\text{COF}$               | Methyl group eclipses O and staggers F                       | 146        |
| $\text{CH}_3\text{COCl}$              | Methyl group eclipses O and staggers Cl                      | 180        |
| $\text{CH}_3\text{COCN}$              | Methyl group eclipses O and staggers CN                      | 138        |
| $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$    | Methyl group eclipses double bond and staggers methine H     | 121        |
| $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{C}=\text{CH}_2$ | Both methyl groups eclipse double bond                       | 173        |
| <u>Other C-IV Bonds</u>               |                                                              |            |
| $\text{CH}_3\text{SiH}_3$             | Staggered                                                    | 99         |
| $\text{CH}_3\text{SiH}_2\text{F}$     | Staggered                                                    | 128        |
| $\text{CH}_3\text{SiHF}_2$            | Staggered                                                    | 156        |
| $(\text{CH}_3)_3\text{SiH}$           | Each methyl group staggered with respect to siline group     | 165        |

| Compound                                     | Configuration                                                                           | References |
|----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| $\text{SiH}_3\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$          | Silyl group staggered with respect to methine group                                     | 176        |
| $\text{CH}_3\text{GeH}_3$                    | Staggered                                                                               | 139        |
| <u>C-VI Bonds</u>                            |                                                                                         |            |
| $\text{CH}_3\text{OOCH}$                     | Methyl group staggered with respect to formyl group                                     | 132a       |
| $\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{OH}$              | Planar                                                                                  | 159        |
| $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{S}$                    | Both methyl groups staggered with respect to the adjacent CS bond                       | 178        |
| <u>Other Bonds</u>                           |                                                                                         |            |
| $\text{NH}_2\text{NH}_2$                     | Dihedral angle = $90^\circ$                                                             | 185        |
| $\text{NF}_2\text{NF}_2$                     | Dihedral angle = $65^\circ$                                                             | 143        |
| $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$                       | Dihedral angle = $120^\circ$                                                            | 189a       |
| <u>Rotational Isomers</u>                    |                                                                                         |            |
| $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{F}$  | Gauche configuration of $\text{CH}_3$ and F slightly more stable than trans             | 184        |
| $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CN}$ | Gauche configuration of $\text{CH}_3$ and CN slightly more stable than trans            | 196        |
| $\text{CH}_2\text{FCH}=\text{CH}_2$          | Cis configuration of F and $\text{C}=\text{CH}_2$ group slightly more stable than trans | 196        |

Table VI. Angles of tilt.

| Molecule                      | Bond | $\theta^a$ | Reference |
|-------------------------------|------|------------|-----------|
| $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{SiH}_2$ | C-Si | 0°         | 177       |
| $\text{CH}_3\text{NH}_2$      | C-N  | 3°         | 106       |
| $\text{CH}_3\text{OH}$        | C-O  | 5°         | 94        |
| $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{O}$     | C-O  | 5°         | 137       |
| $\text{CH}_3\text{SH}$        | C-S  | 2.5°       | 160       |
| $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{S}$     | C-S  | 2.5°       | 178       |

<sup>a</sup> $\theta$  is the angle between the symmetry axis of the methyl group and the bond about which internal rotation occurs. The uncertainty in the experimental values is about  $\pm 0.5$  to  $\pm 1^\circ$ .

Table VII. Papers treating mechanics of internal rotation.

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Partition functions for internal rotation

5, 9, 14, 20, 22, 59, 84, 92, 120

Energy levels including coupling of internal and  
over-all rotation

Two coaxial symmetric tops: 2, 3a, 6, 36a

Symmetric top attached to asymmetric frame:

5, 9, 26, 39, 63, 76, 78, 81, 87, 88, 89, 93,  
97, 98, 103, 107, 112, 122, 136

Two symmetric tops attached to asymmetric frame:

5, 9, 136, 137, 145, 149, 164, 169, 177, 179, 188, 190

Two asymmetric tops:

8, 10, 14, 20, 38, 50, 86, 153, 185

Interaction of vibration with internal and overall  
rotation

47, 61, 62, 83, 87, 94, 101, 102, 106, 110, 113, 140, 196b

Reviews

7, 12, 126, 144

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Table VIII. Tabulations of Mathieu eigenvalues and integrals.<sup>a</sup>

| References            | Period<br>in x     | Range<br>in v   | Range<br>in s      |
|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| 33 <sup>b,c</sup>     | $\pi, 2\pi$        | 0(1)8<br>9(1)14 | 0(1)100<br>0(2)100 |
| 56 <sup>d</sup>       | $\pi, 2\pi$        | 0(1)15          | 100- $\infty$      |
| 82 <sup>c</sup>       | $3\pi$             | 0(1)5           | 2(1)30(2)52(4)100  |
| 84                    | $4\pi$             | 0(1)9           | 1(1)40             |
| 95, 96 <sup>e,f</sup> | $\pi, 3\pi$        | 0(1)7           | 2(2)12(4)100       |
| 129                   | $\pi, 3\pi$        | 0(1)4           | 100(15)205         |
| 136 <sup>e,f</sup>    | $\pi, 3\pi$        | 0(1)2           | 8(4)100            |
| 171, 199 <sup>e</sup> | $\pi, 2\pi, 3\pi$  | 0(1)16          | 0(2)100(4)200      |
|                       | $4\pi, 5\pi, 6\pi$ |                 |                    |

<sup>a</sup>For notation see, for example, reference 136.

<sup>b</sup>A close tabulation is given for low s values.

<sup>c</sup>Eigenfunctions are also tabulated.

<sup>d</sup>Tabulated in terms of a parameter  $t=0(0.002)0.1$ , where  $s=1/t^2$ .

<sup>e</sup>Perturbation coefficients and matrix elements required for the treatment of coupling of internal and over-all rotation are tabulated.

<sup>f</sup>Relations are given which enable results to be derived for barriers of any periodicity.

Table IX. Papers treating origin of potential barriers.

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Quantum mechanical approximations

Numerical results: 1, 4, 135, 155

Semi-empirical or qualitative: 119, 127, 130, 154a

Steric repulsion

11, 13, 28, 36, 41, 42, 49, 66, 67, 77, 104, 150, 186

Electrostatic interaction

8, 21, 25, 30, 45, 154

Reviews

31, 117, 151

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