

## **UC Merced**

# **Proceedings of the Annual Meeting of the Cognitive Science Society**

### **Title**

Efficient adaptation to listener proficiency: The case of referring expressions

### **Permalink**

<https://escholarship.org/uc/item/66j9v4st>

### **Journal**

Proceedings of the Annual Meeting of the Cognitive Science Society, 43(43)

### **ISSN**

1069-7977

### **Authors**

Tal, Shira  
Grossman, Eitan  
Rohde, Hannah  
et al.

### **Publication Date**

2021

Peer reviewed

# Efficient adaptation to listener proficiency: The case of referring expressions

**Shira Tal**

Hebrew University of Jerusalem, Jerusalem, Israel

**Eitan Grossman**

Hebrew University of Jerusalem, Jerusalem, Israel

**Hannah Rohde**

University of Edinburgh, Edinburgh, United Kingdom

**Inbal Arnon**

Hebrew University of Jerusalem, Jerusalem, Israel

## Abstract

If speakers communicate efficiently, they should produce more linguistic material when comprehension difficulty increases. Comprehension difficulty can be impacted by the message itself (studied extensively) or by properties of the listener (studied less). Here we investigate the impact of listeners' estimated proficiency on speakers' productions, using referential choice as a case study. Compared to full noun phrases (fNPs, 'the woman'), pronouns ('she') can convey similar content with less linguistic material: accordingly, speakers use more fNPs when the message is unpredictable (Tily & Piantadosi, 2009) and when listeners lack relevant information (Bard & Aylett, 2004). If referential choice is also impacted by listeners' estimated proficiency, then speakers should use more fNPs when conversing with language learners. To test this, we compared participants' descriptions of the same picture book to learners and proficient speakers. Indeed, participants used more fNPs when their interlocutors were child- or adult-learners, illustrating efficient adaptation to listener type.