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Identity of Ergosterol '5β,8β-Peroxide'

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Summary Ergosterol '5\(\beta\), 8\(\beta\)-peroxide' has been identified as 9,11-dehydroergosterol peroxide.

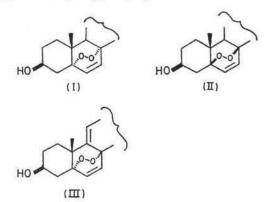
The recent report1 that ergosterol peroxide (I), long accepted as being a single, pure compound, is in fact a mixture of the $5\alpha.8\alpha$ - and $5\beta.8\beta$ -endo-peroxides (I) and (II) in the ratio 84:16 requires amendment.

Samples of ergosterol peroxide (I) prepared at Imperial College from recrystallised ergosterol by photo-oxidation (singlet oxygen) and aminium radical-cation catalysed oxygenation² (triplet oxygen) contained only ergosterol peroxide (I). No trace of a second compound could be found by 220 MHz n.m.r. spectroscopy.

A comparison of pure ergosterol peroxide (I), the claimed mixture [(I) + (II)] and 9,11-dehydroergosterol peroxide (III) is instructive.

A mixture of 16% (III) and 84% (I), prepared from the pure compounds, had $[\alpha]_D - 14.2^\circ$. Similarly the n.m.r. spectrum of 16% (III) and 84% (I) is identical with that reported for [(I) + (II)]. Acetylation of a specimen of the ergosterol peroxide [(I) + (II)] prepared earlier1 at Irvine by oxidation of ergosterol (singlet oxygen) and p.l.c. of the

product against ergosterol peroxide acetate and 9,11-dehydroergosterol peroxide acetate (AgNO₃-SiO₂ plates) demonstrated the presence of 9,11-dehydroergosterol peroxide acetate. The mass spectrum of [(I) + (II)] shows a strong M-2 428 m/e corresponding in relative intensity to approximately 16% of (III).



These data conclusively show that the supposed ergosterol 5β , 8β -peroxide (II) is in reality the long known 9,11-dehydroergosterol peroxide.

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