# **UC Merced**

# **Proceedings of the Annual Meeting of the Cognitive Science Society**

# **Title**

Adults' Processing of Overextensions Reflects Category Violation. An ERP study

## **Permalink**

https://escholarship.org/uc/item/31q4d3j2

# **Journal**

Proceedings of the Annual Meeting of the Cognitive Science Society, 44(44)

# **Authors**

Raynal, Lucas Clément, Evelyne Rämä, Pia et al.

## **Publication Date**

2022

Peer reviewed

# Adults' Processing of Overextensions Reflects Category Violation. An ERP study

# Lucas Raynal

Paris Descartes, Paris, France

## **Evelyne Clément**

Université CY Cergy Paris, Cergy, France

### Pia Rämä

Paris Descartes, Paris, France

### **Emmanuel Sander**

University of Geneva, Geneva, Switzerland

## **Louise Goyet**

Paris 8, Saint Denis, France

#### **Abstract**

A previous research by Raynal et al. (2021) has demonstrated that unconventional verb extensions based on abstract similarities (i.e. semantic approximations) elicited a reduced N400 compared to pseudoverbs in preschoolers. Whereas this result reveals young children's analogical abilities, the current study aims to shed light on the specificity of mature metaphorical processing. To do so, the design of the previous research was replicated with adults. Participants saw images of actions (e.g., peeling an orange) followed by an auditory presentation of sentences containing either a conventional verb (e.g., peeling), an approximate verb (e.g., undressing), a superficially related verb (e.g., pressing) or a pseudoverb (e.g., rauging). We found that approximate verbs elicited a strong N400 response, followed by a reduced Late Negative Component (LNC) compared to pseudoverbs. These findings suggest that mature metaphorical reasoning involves a category violation followed by a reinterpretation process allowing one to recategorize the source and the target concepts through a common abstract concept.