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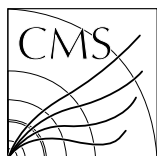
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Collaboration, CMS

### Publication Date

2021-02-17

Peer reviewed



# Measurements of angular distance and momentum ratio distributions in three-jet and Z + two-jet final states in pp collisions

The CMS Collaboration\*

## Abstract

Collinear (small-angle) and large-angle, as well as soft and hard radiations are investigated in three-jet and Z + two-jet events collected in proton-proton collisions at the LHC. The normalized production cross sections are measured as a function of the ratio of transverse momenta of two jets and their angular separation. The measurements in the three-jet and Z + two-jet events are based on data collected at a center-of-mass energy of 8 TeV, corresponding to an integrated luminosity of  $19.8 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ . The Z + two-jet events are reconstructed in the dimuon decay channel of the Z boson. The three-jet measurement is extended to include  $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$  data corresponding to an integrated luminosity of  $2.3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ . The results are compared to predictions from event generators that include parton showers, multiple parton interactions, and hadronization. The collinear and soft regions are in general well described by parton showers, whereas the regions of large angular separation are often best described by calculations using higher-order matrix elements.

*Submitted to the European Physical Journal C*



# 1 Introduction

Collimated streams of particles, produced in interactions of quarks and gluons and reconstructed as jets, are described by the theory of strong interactions, quantum chromodynamics (QCD). Multijet events provide exemplary signatures in high-energy collider experiments, and modeling their characteristics plays an important role in precision measurements, as well as in searches for new physics. The understanding of the structure of multijet final states is therefore crucial for analyses of those events.

Theoretical predictions for multijet events are based on a matrix element (ME) expansion to a fixed perturbative order, supplemented by the parton shower (PS) approach to approximate higher-order perturbative contributions. The ME expansion incorporates color correlations between quarks and gluons, including interference terms, as well as kinematic correlations between the partons, without any approximation at fixed perturbative order. Its application is, however, currently limited to final states with just a few partons. The PS can simulate final states containing many partons, but with probabilities calculated using the approximations of soft and collinear kinematics and partial or averaged color structures. The best descriptions of multijet final states are based on a combination of both approaches [1–4]. Other features implemented in simulations, such as multiple parton interactions (MPI) and hadronization, also play an important role, e.g., in describing angular correlations between jets [5–7].

In this paper, we investigate collinear (small-angle) and large-angle radiation in different regions of jet transverse momentum ( $p_T$ ) by concentrating on two different topologies, one using three-jet events and another with  $Z$  + two-jet events. We label the hardest jet, or  $Z$  boson as  $j_1$ , the next hardest as  $j_2$ , and the softest as  $j_3$ . We introduce two observables that are sensitive to the dynamic properties of multijet final states. One observable is the  $p_T$  ratio of  $j_3$  to  $j_2$ ,  $p_{T3}/p_{T2}$ . The other observable is the angular distance between the jet centers of  $j_2$  and  $j_3$  in the rapidity-azimuth ( $y$ - $\phi$ ) phase space,  $\Delta R_{23} = \sqrt{(y_3 - y_2)^2 + (\phi_3 - \phi_2)^2}$ . As indicated in Fig. 1, we classify three-jet and  $Z$  + two-jet events into different categories using these two observables:

- (i) soft ( $p_{T3}/p_{T2} < 0.3$ ) or hard ( $p_{T3}/p_{T2} > 0.6$ ) radiation, depending on the ratio  $p_{T3}/p_{T2}$ ;
- (ii) small-angle ( $\Delta R_{23} < 1.0$ ) or large-angle ( $\Delta R_{23} > 1.0$ ) radiation, depending on the angular separation  $\Delta R_{23}$ .

According to these classifications, events in the soft and small-angle radiation region, as shown in Fig. 1 (a), should be better described when including the PS approach, while events in the hard and large-angle radiation region, as shown in Fig. 1 (d), would be better described when including the ME calculations. The events in Figs. 1 (b) and (c) are also of interest, since they should include effects from both the PS and ME.

We report on proton-proton (pp) collision data collected at the CMS experiment containing three-jet events at center-of-mass energies of 8 and 13 TeV, and  $Z$  + two-jet events at a center-of-mass energy of 8 TeV. The measurements are compared to calculations based on a leading-order (LO) or next-to-leading-order (NLO) ME supplemented with effects from PS, MPI, and hadronization. The measurements using three-jet final states are complementary to those with  $Z$  + two-jet events in a sense that different kinematic regions and initial-state flavor compositions are being probed. The jets are also fully color connected, while the  $Z$  boson is color neutral, so color coherence effects should not appear so strongly in  $Z$  + two-jet events.

The goal of the measurements is: (i) to untangle the different features of the radiation in the collinear and large-angle events; (ii) to investigate how well the PS approach describes the hard

and large-angle radiation patterns; and (iii) to determine how effectively the ME calculations describe the soft and collinear events.

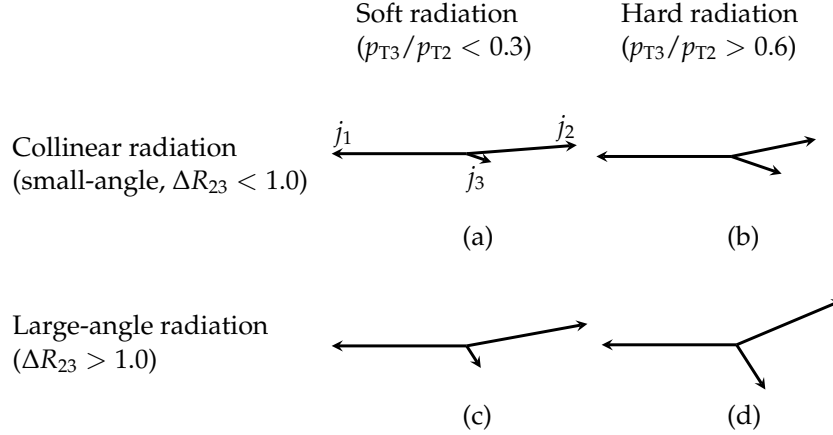


Figure 1: Four categories of parton radiation. (a) soft and small-angle radiation, (b) hard and small-angle radiation, (c) soft and large-angle radiation, (d) hard and large-angle radiation.

## 2 The CMS detector

The central feature of the CMS detector is a superconducting solenoid of 6 m internal diameter, providing a magnetic field of 3.8 T. A silicon pixel and strip tracker, a lead tungstate crystal electromagnetic calorimeter (ECAL), and a brass and scintillator hadron calorimeter (HCAL), each composed of a barrel and two endcap sections, reside within the volume of the solenoid. Charged-particle trajectories are measured in the tracker with full azimuthal acceptance within pseudorapidities  $|\eta| < 2.5$ . The ECAL, which is equipped with a preshower detector in the endcaps, and the HCAL cover the region  $|\eta| < 3.0$ . Forward calorimeters extend the pseudorapidity coverage provided by the barrel and endcap detectors to the region  $3.0 < |\eta| < 5.2$ . Finally, muons are measured up to  $|\eta| < 2.4$  in gas-ionization detectors embedded in the steel flux-return yoke outside the solenoid. Events of interest are selected using a two-tiered trigger system [8]. The first level, composed of custom hardware processors, uses information from the calorimeters and muon detectors to select events at a rate of around 100 kHz within a fixed latency of about  $4 \mu\text{s}$ . The second level, known as the high-level trigger (HLT), consists of a farm of processors running a version of the full event reconstruction software optimized for fast processing, and reduces the event rate to around 1 kHz before data storage.

A more detailed description of the CMS detector, together with a definition of the coordinate system and the kinematic variables, is given in Ref. [9].

## 3 Event samples and selection

The data in this study were collected with the CMS detector at the LHC using pp collisions at center-of-mass energies of 8 and 13 TeV. The  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV data, taken in 2012 during LHC Run 1, correspond to an integrated luminosity of  $19.8 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ , and the  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV data, taken in 2015 during LHC Run 2, correspond to an integrated luminosity of  $2.3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ .

Particles are reconstructed and identified using a particle-flow (PF) algorithm [10], that utilizes an optimized combination of information from the various elements of the CMS detector.

Jets are reconstructed by clustering the four-vectors of the PF candidates with the infrared and collinear-safe anti- $k_T$  clustering algorithm [11] using a distance parameter  $R_{\text{jet}} = 0.5$  (0.4) at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  (13) TeV. The clustering is performed with the FASTJET software package [12]. In addition, three-jet events use the charged-hadron subtraction (CHS) technique [10] to mitigate the effect of extraneous pp collisions in the same bunch crossing (pileup, PU). The CHS technique reduces the contribution to the reconstructed jets from PU by removing tracks identified as originating from PU vertices.

Three-jet events are collected using single jet HLT requirements that are not pre-scaled. The  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  (13) TeV data use a 320 (450) GeV trigger  $p_T$  threshold. In the offline analyses, the  $p_T$  threshold starts at 510 GeV for both sets of data. The Z + two-jet events with the Z boson decaying into a pair of muons are collected at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV with a single-muon HLT that requires a muon  $p_T > 24$  GeV and  $|\eta| < 2.1$ .

In the three-jet systems, the leading jet is required to have a  $p_T > 510$  GeV, because of a decreasing efficiency for single jet triggers below this value [8, 13, 14]. Events with at least three jets of  $p_T > 30$  GeV are selected for further consideration. The leading and subleading jets must be within a rapidity range of  $|y| < 2.5$ , and the third jet is therefore implicitly restricted to  $|y| < 4$  by requiring  $\Delta R_{23} < 1.5$ . A dijet topology with one of the jets radiating an additional jet is selected by requiring the difference in azimuthal angle between the first and second jet to be  $\pi - 1 < \Delta\phi_{12} < \pi$ . The missing transverse momentum vector  $\vec{p}_T^{\text{miss}}$  is defined as the projection onto the plane perpendicular to the beam axis of the negative vector sum of the momentum of all reconstructed PF objects in an event. Its magnitude is referred to as  $p_T^{\text{miss}}$ . Events with a  $p_T^{\text{miss}}$  divided by the scalar sum of all transverse momenta  $> 0.3$  are rejected to remove the contamination from W or Z boson decays. To avoid an overlap between  $j_2$  and  $j_3$ ,  $\Delta R_{23}$  is required to be larger than the distance parameter  $R_{\text{jet}}$ . We thus require  $\Delta R_{23}$  to be larger than 0.6 (0.5) for  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  (13) TeV data. The maximum  $\Delta R_{23}$  is set to 1.5 to ensure that  $j_3$  is closer to  $j_2$  than to  $j_1$ . We further require that  $0.1 < p_{T3}/p_{T2} < 0.9$  to avoid  $p_{T3}$  threshold effects and to ensure  $p_T$  ordering for hard radiation.

In Z + two-jet events, the Z boson is reconstructed from a pair of oppositely charged muons with  $p_T > 25$  (5) GeV and  $|y| < 2.1$  (2.4) for the leading (subleading) muon. The dimuon invariant mass is required to be  $70 < m_{\mu^+\mu^-} < 110$  GeV with the dimuon momentum satisfying  $p_{T1} > 80$  GeV and  $|y_1| < 2$ . At least two jets are required in the final state with the leading jet (labeled  $j_2$ ) satisfying  $p_{T2} > 80$  GeV and  $|y_2| < 1$  and the subleading jet (labeled  $j_3$ ) required to have  $p_{T3} > 20$  GeV with  $|y_3| < 2.4$ . The Z + two-jet topology is further restricted by requiring a difference in the azimuthal angle between the Z boson and  $j_2$  of  $\Delta\phi_{12} > 2$ .

Table 1 shows a summary of the event selection requirements for both samples.

## 4 Theoretical models

Reconstructed data are compared to predictions from Monte Carlo (MC) event generators, where the generated events are passed through a full detector simulation based on GEANT4 [15] and the simulated events are reconstructed using standard CMS software. Reconstruction-level predictions are obtained for three-jet events at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV with the MADGRAPH [16] software package matched to PYTHIA 6 [17] with the CTEQ6L1 [18] parton distribution function (PDF) set and the Z2Star tune [19], as well as with standalone PYTHIA 8.1 [20] with the CTEQ6L1 PDF set and the 4C [21] tune. At 13 TeV, MADGRAPH interfaced to PYTHIA 8.2 [22] and standalone PYTHIA 8.2 are used with the NNPDF2.3LO [23, 24] PDF set and the CUETP8M1 [25] tune. The SHERPA [26] event generator interfaced to CSSHOWER++ [27]

Table 1: Phase space selection for the three-jet and Z + two-jet analyses.

Three-jet events	
Transverse momentum of the leading jet ( $j_1$ )	$p_{T1} > 510 \text{ GeV}$
Transverse momentum of each jet and rapidity of $j_{1,2}$	$p_T > 30 \text{ GeV},  y_{1,2}  < 2.5$
Azimuthal angle difference between $j_1$ and $j_2$	$\pi - 1 < \Delta\phi_{12} < \pi$
Transverse momentum ratio between $j_2$ and $j_3$	$0.1 < p_{T3}/p_{T2} < 0.9$
Angular distance between $j_2$ and $j_3$	$R_{\text{jet}} + 0.1 < \Delta R_{23} < 1.5$
Number of selected events at $\sqrt{s} = 8 (13) \text{ TeV}$	777,618 (613,254)
Z + two-jet events	
Transverse momentum of the Z boson ( $j_1$ )	$p_{T1} > 80 \text{ GeV},  y_1  < 2$
Transverse momentum and rapidity of $j_2$	$p_{T2} > 80 \text{ GeV},  y_2  < 1$
Transverse momentum and rapidity of $j_3$	$p_{T3} > 20 \text{ GeV},  y_3  < 2.4$
Azimuthal angle difference between Z and $j_2$	$2 <  \Delta\phi_{12}  < \pi$
Dimuon mass	$70 < m_{\mu^+\mu^-} < 110 \text{ GeV}$
Angular distance between $j_3$ and $j_2$	$0.5 < \Delta R_{23} < 1.5$
Number of selected events	15 466

with the CT10 [28] PDF set and the AMISIC++ [29] tune and MADGRAPH interfaced to PYTHIA 6 with the CTEQ6L1 PDF set and the Z2Star tune provide Z + two-jet events at 8 TeV. Table 2 summarizes the event generator versions, PDF sets and tunes.

Table 2: Event generator versions, PDF sets, and tunes used to produce MC samples at reconstruction level.

Event generator	PDF set	Tune
Three-jet events at $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$		
MADGRAPH 5.1.3.30 + PYTHIA 6.425	CTEQ6L1	Z2Star
PYTHIA 8.153	CTEQ6L1	4C
Three-jet events at $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$		
MADGRAPH 5.2.3.3 + PYTHIA 8.219	NNPDF2.3LO	CUETP8M1
PYTHIA 8.219	NNPDF2.3LO	CUETP8M1
Z + two-jet events		
SHERPA 1.4.0 + CSSHOWER++	CT10	AMISIC++
MADGRAPH 5.1.3.30 + PYTHIA 6.425	CTEQ6L1	Z2Star

Results corrected to stable-particle level are compared to predictions obtained with the models presented below. An overview of these models is given in Table 3.

The PYTHIA 8 [22] event generator provides hard-scattering events using a ME calculated at LO supplemented with PS. These event samples are labeled as “PYTHIA LO 2j+PS” for the three-jet and as “PYTHIA LO Z+1j+PS” for Z + two-jet events. The PDF set NNPDF2.3LO and the CUETP8M1 parameter set for the simulation of the UE are used with free parameters adjusted to measurements in pp collisions at the LHC and proton-antiproton collisions at the Fermilab Tevatron. The Lund string model [30] is applied for the hadronization process.

The MADGRAPH5\_aMC@NLO event generator, labeled as “MADGRAPH” in the following, is used to simulate hard processes with up to 4 final-state partons at LO accuracy. It is interfaced to PYTHIA 8 with the CUETP8M1 tune and the NNPDF2.3LO PDF set for the simulation of PS, hadronization, and MPI, for three-jet, and to PYTHIA 6 with the Z2Star tune and the CTEQ6L1 PDF set for Z + two-jet events. The three-jet sample is labeled as “MADGRAPH LO 4j+PS” and

the  $Z$  + two-jet sample is labeled as “MADGRAPH LO  $Z+4j+PS$ ”. The  $k_T$ -MLM procedure [31] is used to match jets from the ME and PS with a matching scale of 10 GeV.

Predictions are also included using the POWHEG BOX library [32–34], with the CT10 NLO [28] PDFs and with the PYTHIA 8 CUETP8M1 tune applied to simulate PS, MPI, and hadronization. The POWHEG generator is run in the dijet mode [35] providing an NLO  $2 \rightarrow 2$  calculation, labeled as “POWHEG NLO  $2j+PS$ ”. The matching between the POWHEG ME calculations and the PYTHIA UE [25] simulation is performed using the shower-veto procedure (UserHook option 2 [22]).

The SHERPA software package is used to simulate  $Z$  + two-jet events. The hard process is calculated at LO for a ME with up to four final-state partons and the CT10 PDF set is used. This sample is labeled as “SHERPA LO  $Z+4j+PS$ ”. The SHERPA generator has its own PS [27], hadronization, and MPI tune [29].

Finally, the MADGRAPH5\_aMC@NLO generator is also used in the MC@NLO mode, providing a  $Z$  + one-jet ME at NLO accuracy. This event generator is interfaced to PYTHIA 8, using the CUETP8M1 tune and the NNPDF3.0NLO [36] PDF set, to produce  $Z$  + two-jet events. The sample is labeled as “aMC@NLO NLO  $Z+1j+PS$ ”.

Table 3: MC event generators and version numbers, parton-level processes, PDF sets, and UE tunes used for the comparison with measurements.

Event generator	Parton-level process	PDF set	Tune
<b>Three-jet events</b>			
PYTHIA 8.219	LO $2j+PS$	NNPDF2.3LO	CUETP8M1
MADGRAPH 5.2.3.3 + PYTHIA 8.219	LO $4j+PS$	NNPDF2.3LO	CUETP8M1
POWHEG 2 + PYTHIA 8.219	NLO $2j+PS$	CT10 NLO	CUETP8M1
<b><math>Z</math> + two-jet events</b>			
PYTHIA 8.219	LO $Z+1j+PS$	NNPDF2.3LO	CUETP8M1
MADGRAPH 5.1.3.30 + PYTHIA 6.425	LO $Z+4j+PS$	CTEQ6L1	Z2Star
SHERPA 1.4.0 + CSSHOWER++	LO $Z+4j+PS$	CT10	AMISIC++
aMC@NLO + PYTHIA 8.223	NLO $Z+1j+PS$	NNPDF30_nlo_nf_5.pdfas	CUETP8M1

## 5 Data correction and study of systematic and theoretical uncertainties

To facilitate the comparison of data with theory, the data are unfolded from reconstruction to stable-particle level, defined by a mean decay length larger than 1 cm, so that measurement effects are removed and that the true distributions in the observables are determined. The unfolding is performed using the D’Agostini algorithm [37] as implemented in the ROOUNFOLD software package [38] for three-jet events, while the singular value decomposition method [39] is used for  $Z$  + two-jet events. The response matrices are obtained from the full detector simulation using MADGRAPH for three-jet events and SHERPA for  $Z$  + two-jet events.

The distributions are normalized to the integral of the spectra for three-jet events and to the number of inclusive  $Z$  + one-jet events in the  $Z$  + two-jet analysis. The  $Z$  + two-jet analysis normalization thus reflects the probability to have more than one jet in the event.

Systematic uncertainties associated to the jet energy scale (JES) calibration, the jet energy resolution (JER), PU modeling, model dependence, as well as the unfolding method, are estimated. Each uncertainty is quoted as the maximum change caused by the corresponding systematic



effect.

The systematic uncertainty from the JES is 0.15 (0.24)% at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  (13) TeV for the three-jet case and 5–10% for the Z + two-jet events. The JER observed in data differs from that obtained from simulation and simulated jets are therefore smeared to obtain the same resolution as in the data [40]. The systematic uncertainty from JER is estimated by varying the simulated JER uncertainty up and down by one standard deviation, which results in a systematic uncertainty of 0.16 (0.12)% at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  (13) TeV for three-jet and 2–3% for Z + two-jet events. When the distributions of Z + two-jet events are normalized to the integrals of the histograms, instead of the number of Z + one-jet events, the systematic uncertainties due to the JES and JER decrease to 0.3–0.5%, except for the  $p_{T3}/p_{T2}$  shape, which is still sensitive to the JES with changes of up to 3%.

The distribution in the number of primary vertices is sensitive to PU and to differences in the underlying event (UE) in data and simulation. To estimate the uncertainty due to the PU modeling, the number of PU events in simulation is changed by shifting the total inelastic cross section by  $\pm 5\%$  [41]. The resulting PU uncertainties are 0.10 (0.17)% at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  (13) TeV for the three-jet and 1% for the Z + two-jet events.

The dependence on the event generator used for the unfolding is estimated with MC event samples from MADGRAPH and PYTHIA for three-jet, and SHERPA and MADGRAPH for the Z + two-jet events. The means of both sets of unfolded data are used as the nominal values. This uncertainty is  $\approx 1.1$  (0.25)% at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  (13) TeV for the three-jet and 1% for the Z + two-jet events, which is half of the difference between the results obtained with the respective event generators. The difference in uncertainties comes mainly from the difference in the number of events in the corresponding simulated samples.

Table 4 summarizes the systematic uncertainties in the measurements.

Table 4: Systematic uncertainties in the measurements in %.

Source	three-jet 8/13 TeV	Z + two-jet 8 TeV
Jet energy scale	0.15/0.24	5–10
Jet energy resolution	0.16/0.12	2–3
Pileup	0.1/0.17	1
Unfolding and model dependence	1.1/0.25	1

The systematic uncertainties from various sources are similar for the three-jet samples at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  and 13 TeV, except for unfolding and model dependence at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV. The systematic uncertainties between the three-jet and Z + two-jet analysis cannot be compared directly because each analysis uses a different normalization and also differs in statistical significance. The JES uncertainty is especially sensitive to the jet  $p_T$  range, and the Z + two-jet phase space has a lower  $p_T$  threshold than the one used in the three-jet events.

The figures of Sec. 6 show the total systematic uncertainty as a band in the panels displaying the ratio of predictions over data.

The uncertainties in the PDF and in the renormalization and factorization scales are investigated for the POWHEG and aMC@NLO models. Other theoretical predictions are expected to have comparable uncertainties. The PDF uncertainties are estimated following the PDF4LHC recipe [42], i.e., obtaining the variance in the predictions from changing the PDF at each point. The renormalization and factorization scales are varied by a factor 2 up and down, excluding the (2,1/2) and (1/2,2) cases. Finally, the theoretical uncertainties are obtained as the quadratic sum of the PDF variance and the envelope of the scale variations, and displayed as a band

around the theoretical predictions in the figures of Sec. 6.

## 6 Results

We compare the distributions in the ratio  $p_{T3}/p_{T2}$  in data to predictions for events with small-angle ( $\Delta R_{23} < 1.0$ ) and large-angle radiation ( $\Delta R_{23} > 1.0$ ). We also compare the  $\Delta R_{23}$  distributions in data to predictions with soft ( $p_{T3}/p_{T2} < 0.3$ ) and hard radiation ( $p_{T3}/p_{T2} > 0.6$ ). The events with  $0.3 < p_{T3}/p_{T2} < 0.6$  are not used in the comparisons because we focus on the limits in soft and hard radiation. This classification is summarized in Fig. 1, within the phase space defined in Table 1.

### 6.1 Three-jet selection

We show the  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV measurements of  $p_{T3}/p_{T2}$  in Fig. 2 and of  $\Delta R_{23}$  in Fig. 3, and compare them to theoretical expectations. In Figs. 4 and 5 the distributions are given for  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV. Figure 2 (left) shows the  $p_{T3}/p_{T2}$  distribution for the small  $\Delta R_{23}$  region. All predictions show significant deviations from the measurements. Interestingly, the LO 4j+PS prediction shows different behavior compared with LO 2j+PS and NLO 2j+PS. We see that the number of partons in the ME calculation and the merging method with the PS in the present simulations lead to different shapes of the predicted distributions. In Fig. 2 (right) the  $p_{T3}/p_{T2}$  distribution is shown for large  $\Delta R_{23}$ . This region of phase space is well described by the LO 4j+PS calculations, while the LO 2j+PS and NLO 2j+PS predictions show large deviations from the measurements.

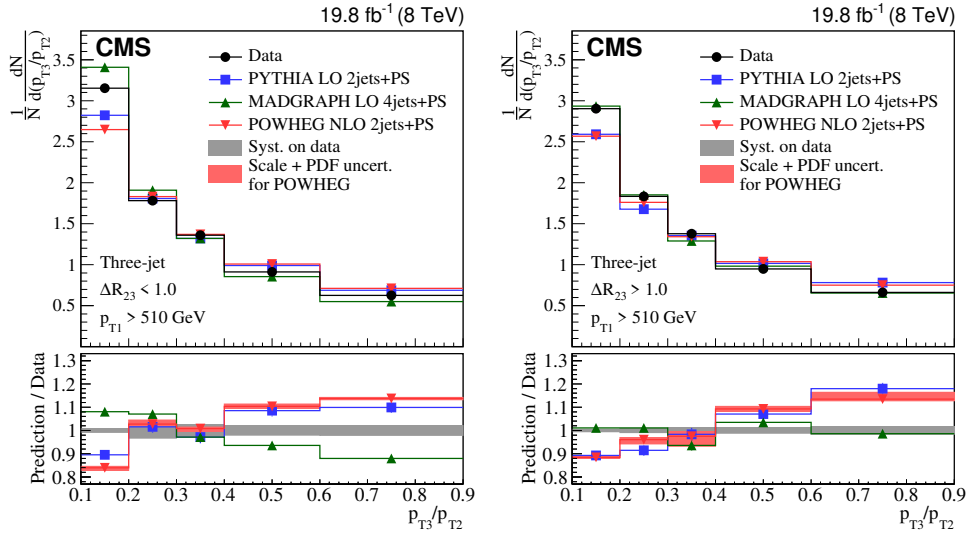


Figure 2: Three-jet events at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV compared to theory: (left)  $p_{T3}/p_{T2}$  for small-angle radiation ( $\Delta R_{23} < 1.0$ ), (right)  $p_{T3}/p_{T2}$  for large-angle radiation ( $\Delta R_{23} > 1.0$ ).

In Fig. 3, the  $\Delta R_{23}$  distribution is shown for two regions of  $p_{T3}/p_{T2}$ . Figure 3 (left) shows  $p_{T3}/p_{T2} < 0.3$ . The predictions from LO 2j+PS and NLO 2j+PS describe the measurement well, while the prediction from LO 4j+PS shows a larger deviation from the data. In Fig. 3 (right) the  $\Delta R_{23}$  distribution is shown for  $p_{T3}/p_{T2} > 0.6$ . In contrast to Fig. 3 (left), the predictions for distributions from LO 2j+PS differ from the measurement, whereas the predictions from NLO 2j+PS and LO 4j+PS agree well with it. This indicates that in this region the contribution from higher-order ME calculations supplemented with PS should be included. The same comparisons are performed for the  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV measurements as shown in Figs. 4 and 5. A similar behavior is observed for  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV. In conclusion, none of the simulations simultaneously

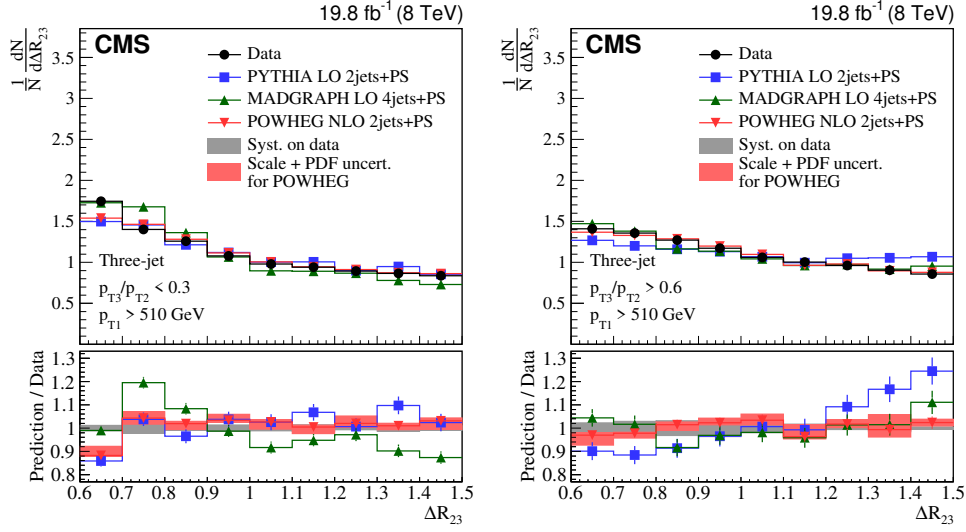


Figure 3: Three-jet events at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV and comparison to theoretical predictions: (left)  $\Delta R_{23}$  for soft radiation ( $p_{T3}/p_{T2} < 0.3$ ), (right)  $\Delta R_{23}$  for hard radiation ( $p_{T3}/p_{T2} > 0.6$ ).

describes to simultaneously describe both the  $p_{T3}/p_{T2}$  and the  $\Delta R_{23}$  distributions in three-jet events.

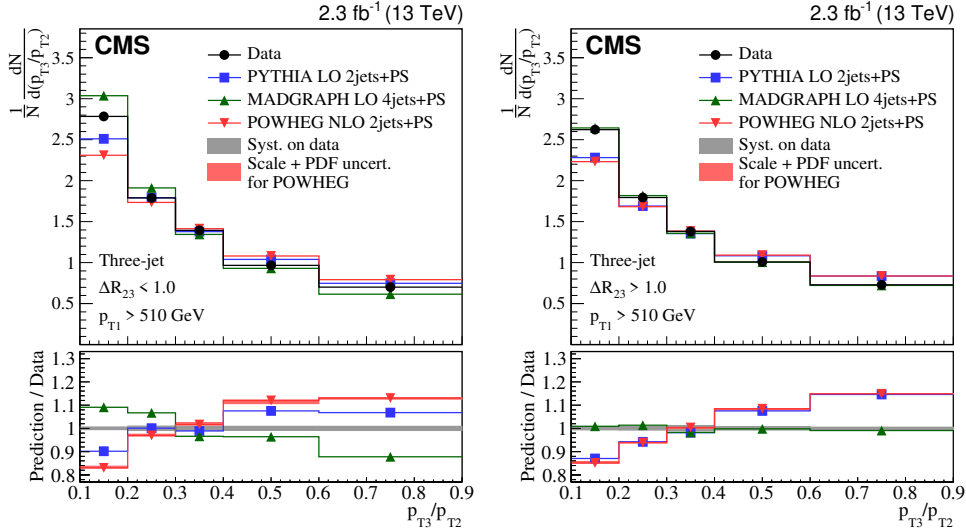


Figure 4: Three-jet events at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV compared to theory: (left)  $p_{T3}/p_{T2}$  for small-angle radiation ( $\Delta R_{23} < 1.0$ ), (right)  $p_{T3}/p_{T2}$  for large-angle radiation ( $\Delta R_{23} > 1.0$ ).

## 6.2 Z + two-jet selection

The measurement of  $p_{T3}/p_{T2}$  for Z + two-jet events is presented in Fig. 6 for data at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV. All distributions are normalized to the selected number of Z + one-jet events. All predictions from PYTHIA, SHERPA, MADGRAPH, and aMC@NLO agree with data within the uncertainties of the measurement except for the bins with hard radiation.

Figure 7 shows the measurement as a function of  $\Delta R_{23}$ . The aMC@NLO prediction deviates from the data at high  $\Delta R_{23}$  and small  $p_{T3}/p_{T2}$ , while PYTHIA, SHERPA, MADGRAPH, and aMC@NLO describe the shape of the distribution in the high- $p_{T3}/p_{T2}$  range, but underestimate the data due to a smaller contribution from production of  $j_3$ . This feature is based on the normalization

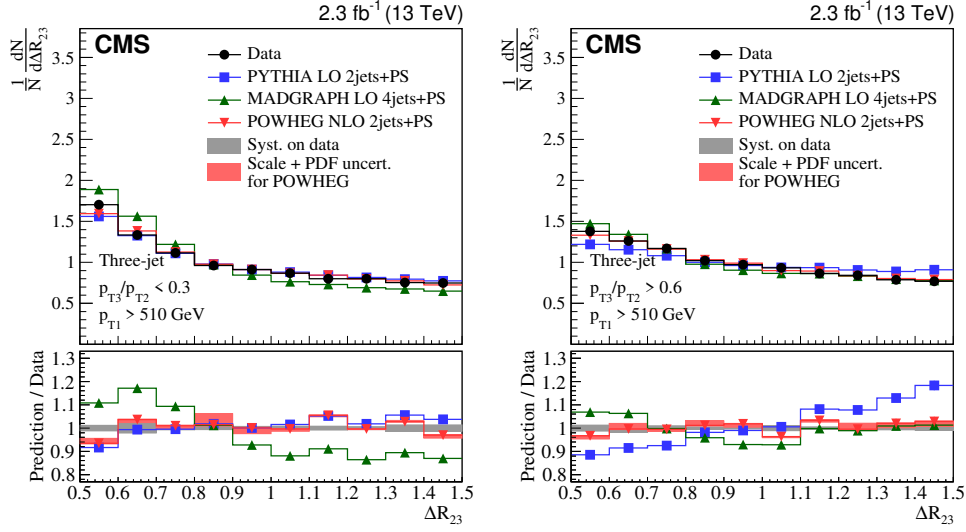


Figure 5: Three-jet events at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV and comparison to theoretical predictions: (left)  $\Delta R_{23}$  for soft radiation ( $p_{T3}/p_{T2} < 0.3$ ), (right)  $\Delta R_{23}$  for hard radiation ( $p_{T3}/p_{T2} > 0.6$ ).

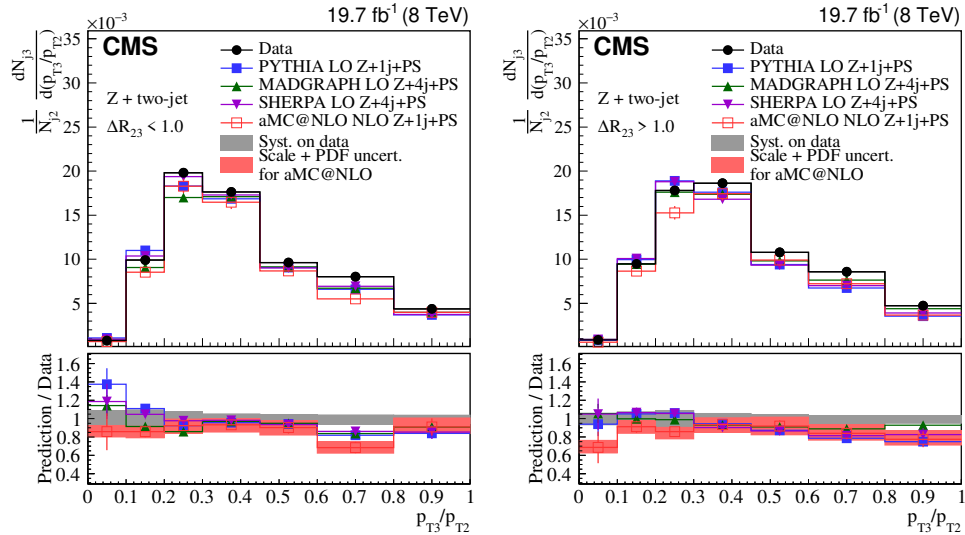


Figure 6: Z + two-jet events at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV compared to theory: (left)  $p_{T3}/p_{T2}$  for small-angle radiation ( $\Delta R_{23} < 1.0$ ), (right)  $p_{T3}/p_{T2}$  for large-angle radiation ( $\Delta R_{23} > 1.0$ ).

of Z + two-jet distributions by the number of inclusive Z + one-jet events selected.

Figures 8 and 9 compare the event distributions with predictions from PYTHIA 8 with the final-state PS and MPI switched off. The initial-state PS was kept, because one of the jets must originate from PS when Z + two-jet events are selected. Multiple parton interactions play a very minor role, while the final-state PS in PYTHIA 8 is very important. When the final-state PS is switched off, events where both jets come from the initial-state PS are kept with a tendency to be close to each other in  $\Delta R_{23}$ .

The results of the Z + two-jet events are, in general, described by all theoretical predictions, except for the underestimation of  $j_3$  emission. However, the three-jet events display significant differences; only in the region of large  $\Delta R_{23}$  and large  $p_{T3}/p_{T2}$  (hard and large-angle radiation) do the theoretical predictions agree with the measurement. The accessible range in  $p_T$  is rather small in Z + two-jet events because of the limit in the  $p_T$  of the Z bosons ( $p_{T1} > 80$  GeV), while

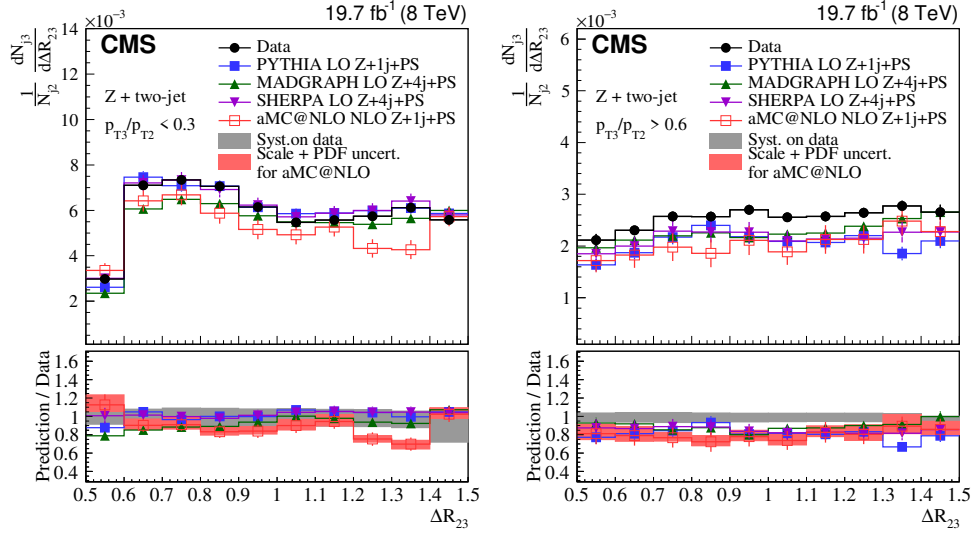


Figure 7:  $Z + \text{two-jet}$  events at  $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$  compared to theory: (left)  $\Delta R_{23}$  for soft radiation ( $p_{T3}/p_{T2} < 0.3$ ), (right)  $\Delta R_{23}$  for hard radiation ( $p_{T3}/p_{T2} > 0.6$ ).

the three-jet selection, on the contrary, can have a rather large range ( $p_{T1} > 510 \text{ GeV}$ ). This may explain why the region of small  $p_{T3}/p_{T2}$  is better described by predictions that include PS in the latter case. In addition, the large-angle radiation is best described by fixed-order ME calculations.

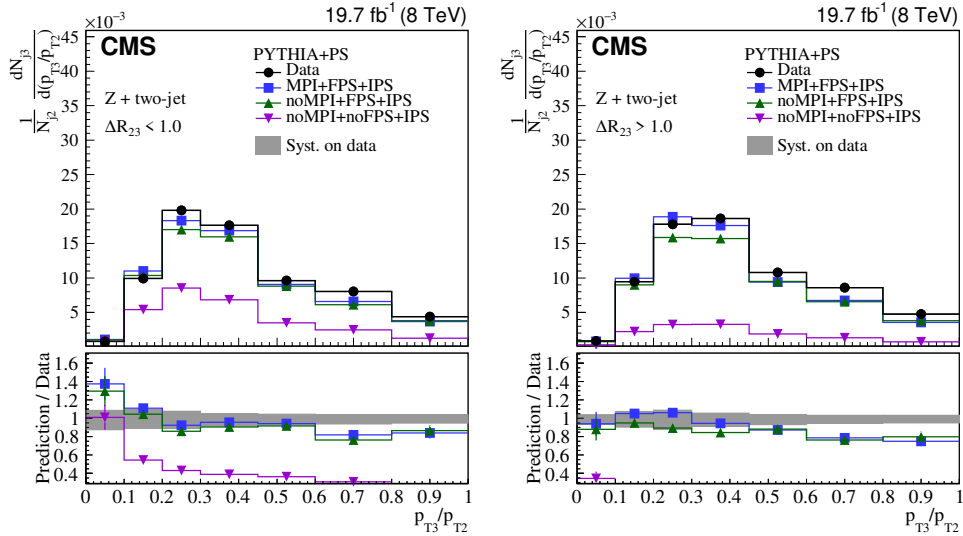


Figure 8:  $Z + \text{two-jet}$  events at  $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$  compared to theoretical predictions from PYTHIA 8 without initial-state parton showers (IPS), final-state parton showers (FPS), and MPI: (left)  $p_{T3}/p_{T2}$  for small-angle radiation ( $\Delta R_{23} < 1.0$ ), (right)  $p_{T3}/p_{T2}$  for large-angle radiation ( $\Delta R_{23} > 1.0$ ).

In conclusion, the  $Z + \text{two-jet}$  measurement has a different distribution in  $p_{T3}/p_{T2}$ , which originates from the different kinematic selection criteria relative to three-jet events, thus reducing the sensitivity in the soft and collinear region. Within the available phase space, the measurements are in reasonable agreement with both PS and ME calculations, apart from the emission of  $j_3$  in the high- $p_{T3}/p_{T2}$  region.

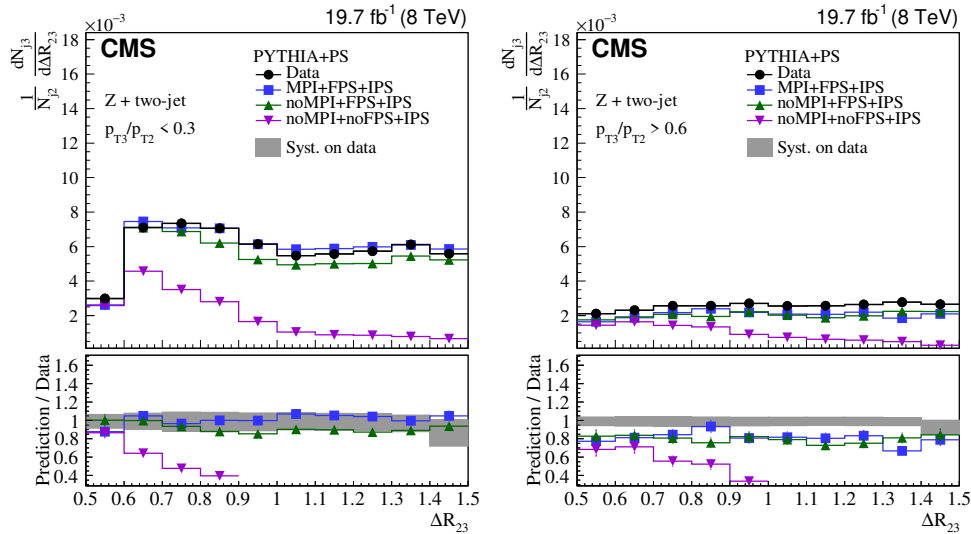


Figure 9: Z + two-jet events at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV and comparison to theoretical predictions from PYTHIA 8 without initial-state parton showers (IPS), final-state parton showers (FPS), and MPI: (left)  $\Delta R_{23}$  for soft radiation ( $p_{T3}/p_{T2} < 0.3$ ), (right)  $\Delta R_{23}$  for hard radiation ( $p_{T3}/p_{T2} > 0.6$ ).

## 7 Summary

Two kinematic variables are introduced to quantify the radiation pattern in multijet events: (i) the transverse momentum ratio ( $p_{T3}/p_{T2}$ ) of two jets, and (ii) their angular separation ( $\Delta R_{23}$ ). The variable  $p_{T3}/p_{T2}$  is used to distinguish between soft and hard radiation, while  $\Delta R_{23}$  classifies events into small- and large-angle radiation types. Events with three or more energetic jets as well as inclusive Z + two-jet events are selected for study using data collected at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV corresponding to an integrated luminosity of  $19.8 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ . Three-jet events at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV corresponding to an integrated luminosity of  $2.3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  are also analyzed. No significant dependence on the center-of-mass energy is observed in the differential distributions of  $p_{T3}/p_{T2}$  and  $\Delta R_{23}$ .

Overall, large-angle radiation (large  $\Delta R_{23}$ ) and hard radiation (large  $p_{T3}/p_{T2}$ ) are well described by the matrix element (ME) calculations (using LO 4j+PS formulations), while the parton shower (PS) approach (LO 2j+PS and NLO 2j+PS) fail to describe the regions of large-angle and hard radiation. The collinear region (small  $\Delta R_{23}$ ) is not well described; LO 2j+PS, NLO 2j+PS, and LO 4j+PS distributions show deviations from the measurements. In the soft region (small  $p_{T3}/p_{T2}$ ), the PS approach describes the measurement also in the large-angle region (full range in  $\Delta R_{23}$ ), while for large  $p_{T3}/p_{T2}$  higher-order ME contributions are needed to describe the three-jet measurements. The distributions in Z + two-jet events are reasonably described by all tested generators. Nevertheless, we find an underestimation of third-jet emission at large  $p_{T3}/p_{T2}$  both in the collinear and large-angle regions, for all of the tested models. These results illustrate how well the collinear/soft, and large-angle/hard regions are described by different approaches. The different kinematic regions and initial-state flavor composition may be the reason why the three-jet measurements are less consistent with the theoretical predictions relative to the Z + two-jet final states. These results clearly indicate that the methods of merging ME with PS calculations are not yet optimal for describing the full region of phase space.

## Acknowledgments

We congratulate our colleagues in the CERN accelerator departments for the excellent performance of the LHC and thank the technical and administrative staffs at CERN and at other CMS institutes for their contributions to the success of the CMS effort. In addition, we gratefully acknowledge the computing centers and personnel of the Worldwide LHC Computing Grid and other centers for delivering so effectively the computing infrastructure essential to our analyses. Finally, we acknowledge the enduring support for the construction and operation of the LHC, the CMS detector, and the supporting computing infrastructure provided by the following funding agencies: BMBWF and FWF (Austria); FNRS and FWO (Belgium); CNPq, CAPES, FAPERJ, FAPERGS, and FAPESP (Brazil); MES (Bulgaria); CERN; CAS, MoST, and NSFC (China); COLCIENCIAS (Colombia); MSES and CSF (Croatia); RIF (Cyprus); SENESCYT (Ecuador); MoER, ERC PUT and ERDF (Estonia); Academy of Finland, MEC, and HIP (Finland); CEA and CNRS/IN2P3 (France); BMBF, DFG, and HGF (Germany); GSRT (Greece); NK-FIA (Hungary); DAE and DST (India); IPM (Iran); SFI (Ireland); INFN (Italy); MSIP and NRF (Republic of Korea); MES (Latvia); LAS (Lithuania); MOE and UM (Malaysia); BUAP, CINVESTAV, CONACYT, LNS, SEP, and UASLP-FAI (Mexico); MOS (Montenegro); MBIE (New Zealand); PAEC (Pakistan); MSHE and NSC (Poland); FCT (Portugal); JINR (Dubna); MON, RosAtom, RAS, RFBR, and NRC KI (Russia); MESTD (Serbia); SEIDI, CPAN, PCTI, and FEDER (Spain); MOSTR (Sri Lanka); Swiss Funding Agencies (Switzerland); MST (Taipei); ThEPCenter, IPST, STAR, and NSTDA (Thailand); TUBITAK and TAEK (Turkey); NASU (Ukraine); STFC (United Kingdom); DOE and NSF (USA).

Individuals have received support from the Marie-Curie program and the European Research Council and Horizon 2020 Grant, contract Nos. 675440, 724704, 752730, and 765710 (European Union); the Leventis Foundation; the Alfred P. Sloan Foundation; the Alexander von Humboldt Foundation; the Belgian Federal Science Policy Office; the Fonds pour la Formation à la Recherche dans l'Industrie et dans l'Agriculture (FRIA-Belgium); the Agentschap voor Innovatie door Wetenschap en Technologie (IWT-Belgium); the F.R.S.-FNRS and FWO (Belgium) under the "Excellence of Science – EOS" – be.h project n. 30820817; the Beijing Municipal Science & Technology Commission, No. Z191100007219010; the Ministry of Education, Youth and Sports (MEYS) of the Czech Republic; the Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft (DFG), under Germany's Excellence Strategy – EXC 2121 "Quantum Universe" – 390833306, and under project number 400140256 - GRK2497; the Lendület ("Momentum") Program and the János Bolyai Research Scholarship of the Hungarian Academy of Sciences, the New National Excellence Program ÚNKP, the NKFI research grants 123842, 123959, 124845, 124850, 125105, 128713, 128786, and 129058 (Hungary); the Council of Science and Industrial Research, India; the HOMING PLUS program of the Foundation for Polish Science, cofinanced from European Union, Regional Development Fund, the Mobility Plus program of the Ministry of Science and Higher Education, the National Science Center (Poland), contracts Harmonia 2014/14/M/ST2/00428, Opus 2014/13/B/ST2/02543, 2014/15/B/ST2/03998, and 2015/19/B/ST2/02861, Sonata-bis 2012/07/E/ST2/01406; the National Priorities Research Program by Qatar National Research Fund; the Ministry of Science and Higher Education, project no. 0723-2020-0041 (Russia); the Programa Estatal de Fomento de la Investigación Científica y Técnica de Excelencia María de Maeztu, grant MDM-2015-0509 and the Programa Severo Ochoa del Principado de Asturias; the Thalís and Aristeia programs cofinanced by EU-ESF and the Greek NSRF; the Rachadapisek Sompot Fund for Postdoctoral Fellowship, Chulalongkorn University and the Chulalongkorn Academic into Its 2nd Century Project Advancement Project (Thailand); the Kavli Foundation; the Nvidia Corporation; the SuperMicro Corporation; the Welch Foundation, contract C-1845; and the Weston Havens Foundation (USA).

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