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Journal

Proceedings of the Annual Meeting of the Cognitive Science Society, 46(0)

Authors

Jensen, Clint A.

Rogers, Timothy T

Travers, Brittany G.

et al.

Publication Date

2024

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Peer reviewed

Unfolding Structure in the Drawings of Cubes

Clint Jensen

University of Wisconsin - Madison, Madison, Wisconsin, United States

Timothy Rogers

University of Wisconsin- Madison, Madison, Wisconsin, United States

Brittany G. Travers

University of Wisconsin-Madison, Madison, Wisconsin, United States

Heather Kirkorian

University of Wisconsin-Madison, Madison, Wisconsin, United States

Karl Rosengren

University of Rochester, Rochester, New York, United States

Abstract

Recent work using neural networks and crowd-sourced perceptual judgements has shown that human figure drawings contain latent structure that can predict many characteristics of the artist including parent-reported motor function and perceived gender. We extend these approaches to two-dimensional renderings of three-dimensional cubes, assessing whether latent structure in these cube drawings likewise predicts demographic characteristics and motor function measured via a paper-folding task. Drawings produced with marker and paper showed a large predictive relationship with paper-folding (accounting for 59% of the offset variance, 62% of the angle variance, $p_s < .01$). We also observed a complex interaction with gender: better cube-drawings predicted better paper-folding for male-identifying participants, but this relationship was reversed for female-identifying participants, who demonstrated better paper folding abilities overall. The results suggest that cube drawings contain richer structure than previously recognized and can provide a useful nonverbal metric for characterizing aspects of cognitive and motor abilities.