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Aposynthesy

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Author

Sharifi, Amin

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Aposynthesis [2019]

for chamber orchestra

Amin Sharifi [b. 1993]

Wind instruments:

- There are three main elements throughout the piece using two staves:
 - 1- Rhythm: Includes five lines, each assigned to a different tempo.
 - 2- Mouth and air pressure: colors are explained below. The height shows the amount of air in/exhaled, thus showing the dynamics level. Techniques are shown using the colors explained below.

Colors:

- White: Air sound, no pitch, could be soft or loud.
- Grey: Half air/half pitch.
- Black: Pitch, normal playing.
- Blue: Sing a random tone and play.
- Orange: Smacking noise, kissing the instrument.
- Yellow: Inhale through the instrument, could be soft or loud. white noise!
- Red: Throat flutter, growling, kkhkh....

Symbols and abbreviations:

- throat: Throat flutter.
- in.: Inhale
- in [e → u] : Inhale while changing the mouth shape from vowel e to u.
- in [u → e] : Inhale while changing the mouth shape from vowel u to e.
- in. tt: Inhale while trying to say consonant t continuously.
- flz.: Flutter tongue.
- slap: Slap tongue.
- spit: very short and quick "t" with more air.
- smack: Noisy kissing/smacking sound (inhale).
- t.r.: Tongue ram.
- Trr flz.: Flutter tongue with a strong initial "T" accent.
- ptk: Air based attacks using saying p, t, or k.
- tk: air based attacks, double tonguing. Changes to tuku if the rhythms are longer.
- Air based syllabi:
tsk, sh, s

String instruments:

- There are three main elements throughout the piece using two staves:
 - 1- Rhythm
 - 2- Bow pressure and contact location: colors are explained below. The height shows the amount of air in/exhaled, thus showing the dynamics level. Contact location is shown using the colors explained below.

Colors:

- Green: Normal position, ordinario.
- Yellow: Close to/on the bridge, molto sul pont.
- Blue: Near the finger board, molto sul tasto.
- Red: Over pressure, scratch noise.
Gradient (colors fading into other colors) are proportional and show the gradual change of conditions.

☞ Strike the strings with the wooden part of the bow.

.... Jete, according to the duration of the note.

+ Left hand pizzicato.

♩ For longer notes: snap pizzicato for shorter notes: harsh and snap-like pizzicato. Always with crossed note head.

Piano, vibraphone, accordion, and guitar:

- Red line shows the dynamic change/range.
- Solid black: highest dynamic range, and harsh.

List of instruments:

- Bass flute
- Cor Anglais
- Alto Saxophone or Eb Clarinet
- Bass Clarinet
- Bassoon
- Horn in F
- Trumpet
- Bass Trombone
- Guitar
- Accordion
- Piano
- Vibraphone
- Violin
- Viola
- Cello
- Conrtabass

Program Note:

Aposynthese (decomposition) is based on the spectral analysis of recording of the piece *Booy-e-Baran* (Smell of the rain) by the Iranian composer Parviz Meshkatian (1955-2009). *Booy-e-Baran* is a composition in the Persian mode Nava and in the form of *Saz-o-Avaz* (vocal and instrumental dialogue) on the Rumi's poem *O Yusef*. It has been recorded by the Tehran Symphonic Orchestra in 1985 and has been one of the most inspiring pieces of traditional Persian music in my life. *Aposynthese* is my tribute to this piece and in memoriam Parviz Meshkatian.

The composition idea is basically giving individual and equal values to every frequency in the original recording. And assigning series of frequencies to each instrument quantized to the nearest pitch. Also keeping the timing of frequencies with quantizing milliseconds to the nearest 32nd rhythm while stretching and squeezing the material continuously. Thus, achieving a distorted view of the original piece passing through different layers of filters and processes.

Aposynthese

for chamber orchestra (Written for Ostravska Banda)

In memoriam Parviz Meshkatian

Duration: ~8'40"

7 $\frac{4}{5}$ [♩ = 86.25] rit. $\frac{4}{4.5}$ [♩ = 77.625] **A** accel. $\frac{4}{5}$ [♩ = 86.25] rit.

Bass Flute
air pressure & mouth

Cor Anglais
air pressure & mouth

Bass Clarinet in B♭
air pressure & mouth

Alto Saxophone
air pressure & mouth

Bassoon
air pressure & mouth

Horn in F
air pressure & mouth

Trumpet in C
air pressure & mouth

Bass Trombone
air pressure & mouth

Guitar
dynamic

Accordion

Piano

Vibraphone
dynamic

Violin
bow pressure & contact location

Viola
bow pressure & contact location

Violoncello
bow pressure & contact location

Contrabass
bow pressure & contact location

13 $\frac{4}{4}$ $\text{♩} = 69$ **accel.** $\frac{4}{5}$ $\text{♩} = 77.625$ **accel.** $\frac{4}{5.5}$ $\text{♩} = 94.875$

Bass Flute
air pressure & mouth

Cor Anglais
air pressure & mouth

Bass Clarinet in B \flat
air pressure & mouth

Alto Saxophone
air pressure & mouth

Bassoon
air pressure & mouth

Horn in F
air pressure & mouth

Trumpet in C
air pressure & mouth

Bass Trombone
air pressure & mouth

Guitar
dynamic

Accordion

Piano

Vibraphone

Violin
bow pressure & contact location

Viola
bow pressure & contact location

Violoncello
bow pressure & contact location

Contrabass
bow pressure & contact location

C

23

4/6 $\text{♩} = 103.5$

rit.

4/5.5 $\text{♩} = 94.875$

Bass Flute
 air pressure & mouth

Cor Anglais
 air pressure & mouth

Bass Clarinet in B \flat
 air pressure & mouth

Alto Saxophone
 air pressure & mouth

Bassoon
 air pressure & mouth

Horn in F
 air pressure & mouth

Trumpet in C
 air pressure & mouth

Bass Trombone
 air pressure & mouth

Guitar
 dynamic

Accordion

Piano

Vibraphone

C

4/6

rit.

4/5.5

Violin
 bow pressure & contact location

Viola
 bow pressure & contact location

Violoncello
 bow pressure & contact location

Contrabass
 bow pressure & contact location

D
4/6

28 rit.

4/5 $\text{♩} = 86.25$

accel.

D
4/6 $\text{♩} = 103.5$

This section of the score includes parts for Bass Flute, Cor Anglais, Bass Clarinet in B \flat , Alto Saxophone, Bassoon, Horn in F, Trumpet in C, Bass Trombone, Guitar, and Accordion. Each instrument part features musical notation with notes, rests, and articulation marks. Below the notation, there are black rectangular blocks representing air pressure and mouth contact for the woodwinds, and dynamic markings for the guitar and accordion. The score is divided into two measures by a vertical blue line, with tempo markings 'rit.' and 'accel.' indicating changes in speed.

D
4/6

rit.

4/5

accel.

This section of the score includes parts for Violin, Viola, Violoncello, and Contrabass. Each instrument part features musical notation with notes, rests, and articulation marks. Below the notation, there are colored rectangular blocks representing bow pressure and contact location for the string instruments. The score is divided into two measures by a vertical blue line, with tempo markings 'rit.' and 'accel.' indicating changes in speed.

rit.

4 [♩ = 94.875]
5.5

accel.

4 [♩ = 103.5]
6

This page contains the full score for page 7 of a musical work. The score is arranged in a vertical stack of staves for the following instruments: Bass Flute, Cor Anglais, Bass Clarinet in Bb, Alto Saxophone, Bassoon, Horn in F, Trumpet in C, Bass Trombone, Guitar, Accordion, Piano, Vibraphone, Violin, Viola, Violoncello, and Contrabass. Each instrument part includes musical notation with various articulations and dynamics. Additionally, there are two types of performance indicators: 'air pressure & mouth' for wind instruments and 'bow pressure & contact location' for string instruments. The bow pressure indicators are represented by colored bars (yellow, green, blue) along the bottom of the string staves. The score is divided into sections by tempo markings: 'rit.' (ritardando) at the beginning, followed by a section marked '4 [♩ = 94.875] 5.5', then 'accel.' (accelerando), and finally '4 [♩ = 103.5] 6'. The page number '32' is in the top left corner, and 'Page 7 - Full Score' is at the bottom center.

37

E

rit.

4/5.5 [♩ = 94.875]

rit.

4/5 [♩ = 86.25]

Bass Flute
 air pressure & mouth

Cor Anglais
 air pressure & mouth

Bass Clarinet in B \flat
 air pressure & mouth

Alto Saxophone
 air pressure & mouth

Bassoon
 air pressure & mouth

Horn in F
 air pressure & mouth

Trumpet in C
 air pressure & mouth

Bass Trombone
 air pressure & mouth

Guitar
 dynamic

Accordion

Piano

Vibraphone

E

rit.

4/5.5

rit.

4/5

Violin
 bow pressure & contact location

Viola
 bow pressure & contact location

Violoncello
 bow pressure & contact location

Contrabass
 bow pressure & contact location

42

accel.

4/6 [♩ = 103.5]

rit.

4/4.5 [♩ = 77.625]

accel.

This page contains the full score for page 9 of a musical score. It features 18 staves, each representing a different instrument or section. The staves are arranged as follows from top to bottom:

- Bass Flute
- air pressure & mouth
- Cor Anglais
- air pressure & mouth
- Bass Clarinet in Bb
- air pressure & mouth
- Alto Saxophone
- air pressure & mouth
- Bassoon
- air pressure & mouth
- Horn in F
- Trumpet in C
- Bass Trombone
- Guitar
- dynamic
- Accordion
- Piano
- Vibraphone
- Violin
- Viola
- Violoncello
- Contrabass

The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and articulation marks. It also features dynamic markings (e.g., *rit.*, *accel.*) and tempo changes (e.g., 4/6, 4/4.5). The woodwind and string parts include detailed air pressure and mouth contact location diagrams, while the guitar part includes dynamic markings. The piano part includes complex chordal structures and articulation. The string parts (Violin, Viola, Violoncello, Contrabass) include bow pressure and contact location diagrams. The score is divided into measures by vertical blue lines, and some measures are grouped with brackets and numbers (e.g., 3, 4, 5).

rit.

$\frac{4}{4.5}$ [♩ = 77.625]

F accel.

This section of the score includes parts for Bass Flute, Cor Anglais, Bass Clarinet in Bb, Alto Saxophone, Bassoon, Horn in F, Trumpet in C, Bass Trombone, Guitar, and Accordion. Each instrument part consists of a musical staff with notes and rests, and a corresponding graph below it. The graphs for woodwinds and guitar show air pressure and mouth contact, while the piano part shows dynamic levels. The graphs are filled with black or red, indicating the presence of air or sound over time. The score is marked with 'rit.' and '4.5' (representing a 4.5x tempo change), and a blue box with 'F' and 'accel.' indicates a fortissimo and acceleration section.

$\frac{4}{5}$

rit.

$\frac{4}{4.5}$

F accel.

This section of the score includes parts for Violin, Viola, Violoncello, and Contrabass. Each instrument part consists of a musical staff with notes and rests, and a corresponding graph below it. The graphs are filled with yellow, green, and blue, representing bow pressure and contact location over time. The score is marked with 'rit.' and '4.5' (representing a 4.5x tempo change), and a blue box with 'F' and 'accel.' indicates a fortissimo and acceleration section.

51 $\frac{4}{5.5}$ [$\text{♩} = 94.875$]

rit.

$\frac{4}{4.5}$ [$\text{♩} = 77.625$]

accel.

This section of the score includes parts for Bass Flute, Cor Anglais, Bass Clarinet in B \flat , Alto Saxophone, Bassoon, Horn in F, Trumpet in C, Bass Trombone, Guitar, and Accordion. The woodwind and string parts feature complex rhythmic patterns with slurs and accents. The guitar part shows dynamic markings with red lines. The accordion part includes red wavy lines indicating vibrato or breath control. The woodwind parts also include air pressure and mouth diagrams.

$\frac{4}{5.5}$

rit.

$\frac{4}{4.5}$

accel.

This section of the score includes parts for Violin, Viola, Violoncello, and Contrabass. The parts are primarily melodic and rhythmic, with some bow pressure and contact location diagrams shown in yellow, green, and blue. The Violin part has a yellow and green diagram, Viola has a green and blue diagram, Violoncello has a yellow and green diagram, and Contrabass has a yellow and green diagram.

4/6 $\text{♩} = 103.5$

rit.

4/5 $\text{♩} = 86.25$

accel.

4/5.5 $\text{♩} = 94.875$

Bass Flute
 air pressure & mouth
 Cor Anglais
 air pressure & mouth
 Bass Clarinet in B \flat
 air pressure & mouth
 Alto Saxophone
 air pressure & mouth
 Bassoon
 air pressure & mouth
 Horn in F
 air pressure & mouth
 Trumpet in C
 air pressure & mouth
 Bass Trombone
 air pressure & mouth
 Guitar
 dynamic
 Accordion
 Piano
 Vibraphone

4/6

rit.

4/5

accel.

4/5.5

Violin
 bow pressure & contact location
 Viola
 bow pressure & contact location
 Violoncello
 bow pressure & contact location
 Contrabass
 bow pressure & contact location

rit.

4/4 (♩ = 69)

accel.

4/6 (♩ = 103.5)

Musical score for woodwinds, guitar, and piano. The score includes staves for Bass Flute, Cor Anglais, Bass Clarinet in Bb, Alto Saxophone, Bassoon, Horn in F, Trumpet in C, Bass Trombone, Guitar, and Accordion. Each staff shows musical notation with dynamic markings and air pressure/mouth diagrams below the notes. The guitar part includes a dynamic line. The piano part includes a dynamic line and red horizontal lines indicating specific dynamics.

rit.

4/4

accel.

4/6

Musical score for string instruments. The score includes staves for Violin, Viola, Violoncello, and Contrabass. Each staff shows musical notation with dynamic markings and colored area charts below the notes, representing bow pressure and contact location. The charts use a color gradient from blue to yellow to red.

64 rit. $\frac{4}{5.5}$ [♩ = 94.875] **G accel.** $\frac{4}{6}$ [♩ = 103.5] rit. $\frac{4}{5.5}$ [♩ = 94.875]

Bass Flute
air pressure & mouth

Cor Anglais
air pressure & mouth

Bass Clarinet in B \flat
air pressure & mouth

Alto Saxophone
air pressure & mouth

Bassoon
air pressure & mouth

Horn in F
air pressure & mouth

Trumpet in C
air pressure & mouth

Bass Trombone
air pressure & mouth

Guitar
dynamic

Accordion

Piano

Vibraphone

Violin
rit. $\frac{4}{5.5}$ **G accel.** $\frac{4}{6}$ rit. $\frac{4}{5.5}$
bow pressure & contact location

Viola
bow pressure & contact location

Violoncello
bow pressure & contact location

Contrabass
bow pressure & contact location

87 **4** $\lfloor = 103.5$ **6** **1** rit. **4** $\lfloor = 86.25$ **5** accel. **4** $\lfloor = 94.875$ **5.5**

The score is divided into three measures, each with a different time signature: 4/6, 4/5, and 4/5.5. The instruments and their corresponding dynamic/pressure profiles are:

- Bass Flute:** throat, sep, smack, Trr flz., throat, Trr flz., ts
- air pressure & mouth:** (Graphical profile)
- Cor Anglais:** throat, sep, in. [u-i], Trr flz., slap, in. [i-u], spit, flz.
- air pressure & mouth:** (Graphical profile)
- Bass Clarinet in Bb:** in., throat, Trr flz., slap, slap, sep, sep
- air pressure & mouth:** (Graphical profile)
- Alto Saxophone:** sep, flz., sep, throat, ptk, Trr flz., throat, sep, Trr flz., sep
- air pressure & mouth:** (Graphical profile)
- Bassoon:** spit, Trr flz., smack, sep, ptk
- air pressure & mouth:** (Graphical profile)
- Horn in F:** flz., in. [tt], slap, in. [u-i], slap, flz., slap, throat
- air pressure & mouth:** (Graphical profile)
- Trumpet in C:** Trr flz., spit, Trr flz., in. [i-u], in. [u-i], slap, in., sep, flz., in., throat
- air pressure & mouth:** (Graphical profile)
- Bass Trombone:** slap, slap, throat, spit in., smack, sep, in., ptk, Trr flz., slap, in.
- air pressure & mouth:** (Graphical profile)
- Guitar:** (Musical notation)
- dynamic:** (Graphical profile)
- Accordion:** (Musical notation)
- Piano:** (Musical notation)
- Vibraphone:** (Musical notation)
- dynamic:** (Graphical profile)
- Violin:** **4** $\lfloor = 103.5$ **6** **1** rit. **4** $\lfloor = 86.25$ **5** accel. **4** $\lfloor = 94.875$ **5.5**
- bow pressure & contact location:** (Graphical profile)
- Viola:** (Musical notation)
- bow pressure & contact location:** (Graphical profile)
- Violoncello:** (Musical notation)
- bow pressure & contact location:** (Graphical profile)
- Contrabass:** (Musical notation)
- bow pressure & contact location:** (Graphical profile)

92 **rit.** **4** $\lfloor = 77.625$ **4.5** **flz.** **accel.** **4** $\lfloor = 86.25$ **5**

Bass Flute
air pressure & mouth

Cor Anglais
air pressure & mouth

Bass Clarinet in B \flat
air pressure & mouth

Alto Saxophone
air pressure & mouth

Bassoon
air pressure & mouth

Horn in F
air pressure & mouth

Trumpet in C
air pressure & mouth

Bass Trombone
air pressure & mouth

Guitar
dynamic

Accordion

Piano

Vibraphone

Violin
bow pressure & contact location

Viola
bow pressure & contact location

Violoncello
bow pressure & contact location

Contrabass
bow pressure & contact location

accel.

96

4/6 [♩ = 103.5]

rit.

4/5.5 [♩ = 94.875]

Score for woodwinds, brass, guitar, and piano. The score is divided into two systems. The first system includes Bass Flute, Cor Anglais, Bass Clarinet in Bb, Alto Saxophone, Bassoon, Horn in F, Trumpet in C, and Bass Trombone. The second system includes Guitar, Accordion, and Piano. Each instrument part features musical notation with various articulations and dynamic markings, accompanied by a detailed air pressure and mouth diagram below the staff. The diagrams use color-coded areas (blue, red, black) to represent different types of articulation and breath control techniques.

accel.

4/6

rit.

4/5.5

Score for strings. The score includes Violin, Viola, Violoncello, and Contrabass. Each instrument part features musical notation with various articulations and dynamic markings, accompanied by a detailed bow pressure and contact location diagram below the staff. The diagrams use color-coded areas (yellow, green, blue, red) to represent different bowing techniques and contact points on the string.

100 accel. **K** 4/6 $\text{♩} = 103.5$

rit. **4** 5.5 $\text{♩} = 94.875$

Score for woodwinds, brass, guitar, and piano.

Bass Flute: slap, Tr flz.

Cor Anglais: throat

Bass Clarinet in Bb: throat, spit, ssp, throat

Alto Saxophone: throat

Bassoon: ssp

Horn in F:

Trumpet in C: throat

Bass Trombone:

Guitar: dynamic

Accordion:

Piano:

Vibraphone:

Score for string quartet.

Violin: accel. **K** 4/6, rit. **4** 5.5

Viola:

Violoncello:

Contrabass:

rit.

4/5 [♩ = 86.25]

accel.

4/5.5 [♩ = 94.875]

This page contains a full score for 17 instruments. The instruments and their respective staves are: Bass Flute, Cor Anglais, Bass Clarinet in Bb, Alto Saxophone, Bassoon, Horn in F, Trumpet in C, Bass Trombone, Guitar, Accordion, Piano, Vibraphone, Violin, Viola, Violoncello, and Contrabass. Each instrument part includes musical notation with notes, rests, and articulation marks. Additionally, there are diagrams for 'air pressure & mouth' for wind instruments and 'bow pressure & contact location' for string instruments, which use color-coded areas (green, yellow, red) to indicate performance techniques. The score is divided into sections by tempo markings: 'rit.' (ritardando) and 'accel.' (accelerando). The time signature changes from 4/5 to 4/5.5. The page number '110' is in the top left corner.

115

accel.

L
4/6 (♩ = 103.5)

rit.

4/4.5 (♩ = 77.625)

accel.

This page contains a full score for 17 instruments, each with a musical staff and a corresponding performance technique diagram below it. The instruments and their techniques are:

- Bass Flute:** air pressure & mouth (shaded black, red, blue)
- Cor Anglais:** air pressure & mouth (shaded black, red, blue)
- Bass Clarinet in Bb:** air pressure & mouth (shaded black, blue)
- Alto Saxophone:** air pressure & mouth (shaded black, blue)
- Bassoon:** air pressure & mouth (shaded black, blue)
- Horn in F:** air pressure & mouth (shaded black, red)
- Trumpet in C:** air pressure & mouth (shaded black, blue)
- Bass Trombone:** air pressure & mouth (shaded black)
- Guitar:** dynamic (shaded black, red)
- Accordion:** (shaded black, red)
- Piano:** (shaded black, red)
- Vibraphone:** (shaded black, red)
- Violin:** bow pressure & contact location (shaded yellow, green, blue)
- Viola:** bow pressure & contact location (shaded yellow, green, blue)
- Violoncello:** bow pressure & contact location (shaded yellow, green, blue)
- Contrabass:** bow pressure & contact location (shaded yellow, green, blue)

The score includes various performance markings such as *flz.*, *trr flz.*, *spit*, *throat*, and *slap*. The tempo changes from 4/6 (♩ = 103.5) to 4/4.5 (♩ = 77.625) and back to 4/6. The page number 115 is in the top left corner.

121 $\frac{4}{5.5}$ [$\downarrow = 94.875$]

rit.

$\frac{4}{4}$ [$\downarrow = 69$]

accel.

$\frac{4}{5.5}$ [$\downarrow = 94.875$]

This section of the score covers the woodwind and brass sections, along with guitar and piano/accordion. The instruments listed are Bass Flute, Cor Anglais, Bass Clarinet in Bb, Alto Saxophone, Bassoon, Horn in F, Trumpet in C, and Bass Trombone. The woodwinds and brass parts include air pressure and mouth diagrams, with various techniques labeled such as 'throat', 'flz.', 'Trr flz.', 'slap', 'slap L.R.', 'spit', and 'snp'. The guitar part shows dynamic markings. The piano and accordion parts are also present.

$\frac{4}{5.5}$

rit.

$\frac{4}{4}$

accel.

$\frac{4}{5.5}$

This section of the score covers the string section, including Violin, Viola, Violoncello, and Contrabass. The parts show bow pressure and contact location diagrams, with various techniques and dynamics indicated. The tempo markings and performance instructions (rit., accel.) are consistent with the previous section.

Bass Flute
 air pressure & mouth
 Cor Anglais
 mouth & air pressure
 Bass Clarinet in Bb
 mouth & air pressure
 Alto Saxophone
 air pressure & mouth
 Bassoon
 air pressure & mouth
 Horn in F
 air pressure & mouth
 Trumpet in C
 air pressure & mouth
 Bass Trombone
 air pressure & mouth
 Guitar
 dynamic
 Accordion
 Piano
 Violaphone

Violin
 bow pressure & contact location
 Viola
 bow pressure & contact location
 Violoncello
 Contrabass

4/5 [♩ = 86.25]

rit.

4/4 [♩ = 69] accel.

4/5.5 [♩ = 94.875]

136

4/5 [♩ = 86.25] rit. 4/4 [♩ = 69] accel. 4/5.5 [♩ = 94.875]

Bass Flute
mouth & air pressure

Cor Anglais
mouth & air pressure

Bass Clarinet in Bb
mouth & air pressure

Alto Saxophone
mouth & air pressure

Bassoon
mouth & air pressure

Horn in F
mouth & air pressure

Trumpet in C
mouth & air pressure

Bass Trombone
mouth & air pressure

Guitar
dynamic

Accordion

Piano

Vibraphone

4/5 rit. 4/4 accel. 4/5.5

Violin
bow pressure & contact location

Viola
bow pressure & contact location

Violoncello
bow pressure & contact location

Contrabass
bow pressure & contact location

This page contains a full score for 16 instruments, each with a staff of musical notation and a corresponding dynamic or articulation graph below it. The instruments are: Bass Flute, Cor Anglais, Bass Clarinet in Bb, Alto Saxophone, Bassoon, Horn in F, Trumpet in C, Bass Trombone, Guitar, Accordion, Piano, Vibraphone, Violin, Viola, Violoncello, and Contrabass. The score is divided into three main sections: a 4/5.5 section (measures 1-10), a 4/4 section (measures 11-20), and a 4/4.5 section (measures 21-30). The 4/5.5 section is marked 'rit.' and the 4/4.5 section is marked 'accel.'. Various articulation markings such as 'flz.', 'slap', 'throat', 'Trr flz.', 'snp', and 'spit' are placed above the notes. The dynamic graphs use color gradients (black, blue, red, yellow, green) to represent volume and pressure changes over time.

accel.

4/6 $\text{♩} = 103.5$

rit.

4/4 $\text{♩} = 69$

152

Flute (flz., tr.), Mouth & air pressure, Throat

Cor Anglais (slap), Mouth & air pressure, Throat

Bass Clarinet in Bb (slap, spit, sap), Mouth & air pressure, Throat

Alto Saxophone (throat), Mouth & air pressure, Throat

Bassoon (throat), Mouth & air pressure, Throat

Horn in F (slap, sap), Mouth & air pressure, Throat

Trumpet in C (throat), Mouth & air pressure, Throat

Bass Trombone (throat), Mouth & air pressure, Throat

Guitar (dynamic), Mouth & air pressure, Throat

Accordion (throat), Mouth & air pressure, Throat

Piano (throat), Mouth & air pressure, Throat

Vibraphone (throat), Mouth & air pressure, Throat

accel.

4/6

rit.

4/4

Violin (throat), Mouth & air pressure, Throat

Viola (throat), Mouth & air pressure, Throat

Violoncello (throat), Mouth & air pressure, Throat

Contrabass (throat), Mouth & air pressure, Throat