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Publication Date

2020

Data Availability

The data associated with this publication are not available for this reason: N/A



Modified Preoperative Oral Dose Acetaminophen vs Intravenous Acetaminophen in Children: A Randomized Clinical Trial

UCDAVIS HEALTH CHILDREN'S HOSPITAL

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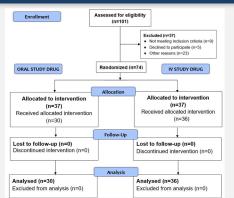
INTRODUCTION

Purpose: Compare opioid utilization in pediatric surgical patients undergoing tonsillectomy/adenoidectomy using

- · Modified preoperative oral vs IV acetaminophen
- · Standard multimodal pain regimen

Hypothesis: One loading dose of PO acetaminophen given pre-operatively will provide superior opioid sparing effects compared to one standard dose of IV acetaminophen.

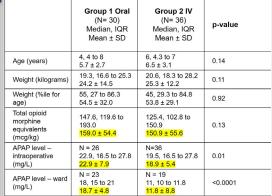
METHODS

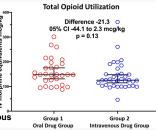


RESULTS

- The difference in total opioid dose between groups was not clinically or statistically significant
- · No opioids required after PACU admission
- · No patient exceeded acetaminophen level of 40 mg/L

Modified Preoperative Oral Dose Acetaminophen vs Intravenous Acetaminophen Patient Characteristics and Results







- Intraoperative APAP level drawn at emergence
- Ward APAP level drawn 3 hours after study drug administered

DISCUSSION

- Oral loading dose of acetaminophen may provide comparable postoperative surgical pain control to a single IV dose
- Ward APAP levels were higher in the PO group compared to the IV group
- Acetaminophen PO syrup price/mg: \$0.0006/mg or \$2.24 for a standard size 3776mg bottle
 Acetaminophen IV form price/mg - \$0.06/mg or \$58.44 for a standard size 1000 mg/bottle

CONCLUSION

- Oral loading dose of 30 mg/kg provided similar opioid sparing compared to an IV loading dose of 15mg/kg
- May provide the basis for more consistent acetaminophen therapeutic levels

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