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Casein Kinase 1α Splice Isoforms Differentially Regulate Kinase Activity Through Their Intrinsically Disordered C-terminus

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### Peer reviewed/Thesis/dissertation

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA  
SANTA CRUZ

**Casein Kinase 1 $\delta$  splice isoforms differentially regulate kinase activity  
through their intrinsically disordered C-terminus**

A dissertation submitted in partial satisfaction  
of the requirements for the degree of

DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY

in

CHEMISTRY

by

**Rachel L. Harold**

December 2023

The Dissertation of Rachel L. Harold is approved:

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Peter Biehl  
Vice Provost and Dean of Graduate Studies

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### **Dedication**

To my grandparents, Agnes and Anthony McArthur, who encouraged me to believe in myself and reach my fullest potential.

## **Abstract**

Title: Casein Kinase 1 $\delta$  splice isoforms differentially regulate kinase activity through their intrinsically disordered C-terminus

Author: Rachel L. Harold

Casein Kinase 1 $\delta$  influences the timing of the mammalian clock by regulating PER2 stability through post-translational modifications. CK1 $\delta$  regulates PER2 through a phosphoswitch mechanism, in which phosphorylation of the FASP (Familial Advanced Sleep Phase) region of PER2 stabilizes the protein to lengthen clock period, while phosphorylation of the degron region promotes its degradation to shorten clock period. This phosphoswitch is held in delicate balance to control proper timing of the clock; mutations in CK1 $\delta$  and PER2 influence the selectivity of the kinase on this switch and result in sleep phase disorders. Two CK1 $\delta$  splice variants,  $\delta$ 1 and  $\delta$ 2, that differ only in the last 15 residues, show different kinase activity towards the FASP region, which suggests that the extreme C-terminus of CK1 $\delta$  is a regulator of this switch. Although autophosphorylation of the disordered C-terminus of CK1 $\delta$  is known to inhibit its kinase activity, it is not clear how this might differ between the CK1 $\delta$  splice variants. Using Hydrogen/Deuterium Exchange-Mass Spectrometry (HDX-MS), we have begun to map the differences in tail interaction with the catalytic kinase domain of CK1 $\delta$ . Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR) studies have also been used to measure autophosphorylation rates of the  $\delta$ 1 tail *in trans* and *in cis*, and to shed light

on potential differences in intramolecular interactions of the tail isoforms. Coupled with biochemical assays using full length kinase mutants, we demonstrate that anion binding sites on the kinase domain may influence the difference in activity between the splice isoforms. Inhibition assays with tail phosphopeptides and full-length tail mutants have also shown a difference in phosphorylation dependence between the splice variants. A deeper comparison of intermolecular interactions in CK1 $\delta$  and the effects of phosphorylation in splice variants will shed light on how they exhibit differential activity on the PER2 phosphoswitch to control circadian timing.

## **Chapter 1**

### **Biochemical mechanisms of period control within the mammalian circadian clock**

#### **Acknowledgements**

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## **1.1 Abstract**

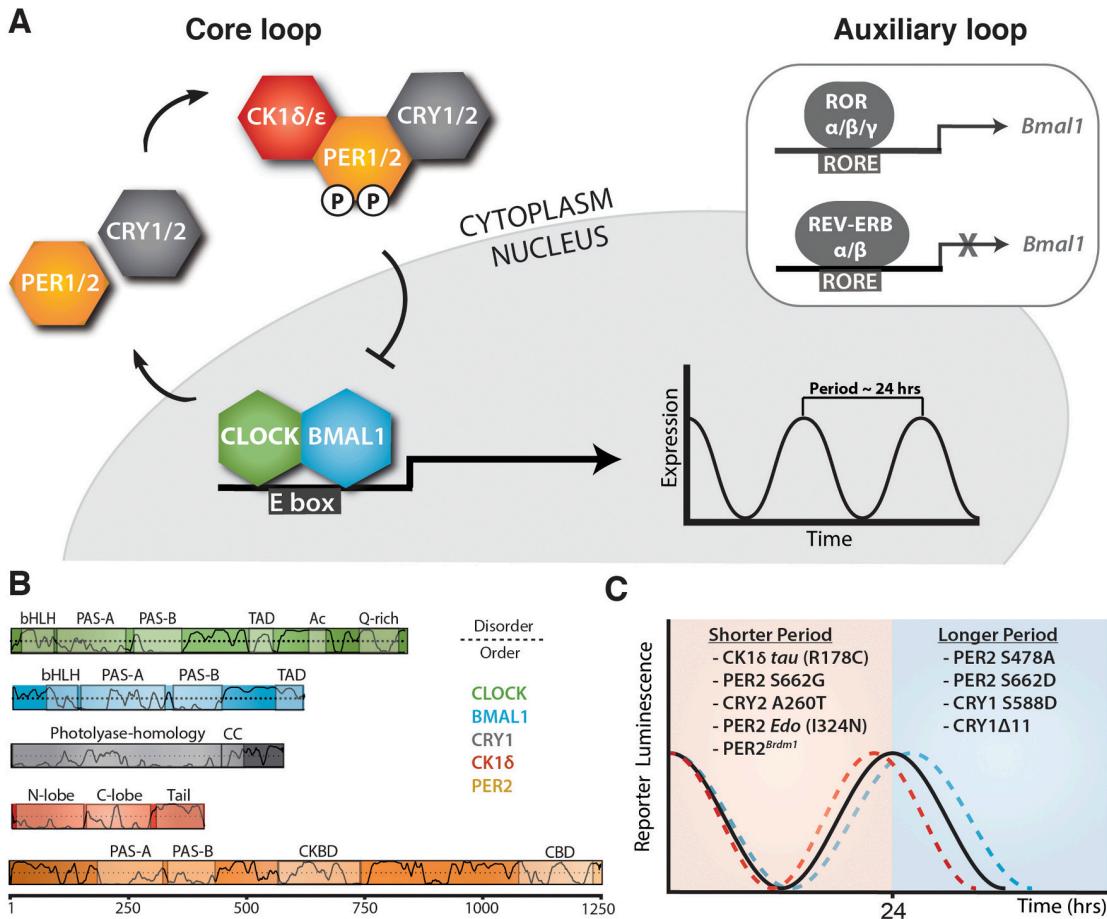
Genetically encoded biological clocks are found broadly throughout life on Earth, where they generate circadian (about a day) rhythms that synchronize physiology and behavior with the daily light/dark cycle. Although the genetic networks that give rise to circadian timing are now fairly well established, our understanding of how the proteins that constitute the molecular ‘cogs’ of this biological clock regulate the intrinsic timing, or period, of circadian rhythms has lagged behind. New studies probing the biochemical and structural basis of clock protein function are beginning to reveal how assemblies of dedicated clock proteins form and evolve through posttranslational regulation to generate circadian rhythms. This review will highlight some recent advances providing important insight into the molecular mechanisms of period control in mammalian clocks with an emphasis on structural analyses related to CK1-dependent control of PER stability.

## 1.2 Introduction to the mammalian circadian clock

Circadian rhythms arise from genetically encoded molecular clocks that originate at the cellular level and operate with an intrinsic period of about a day (circa diem). The timekeeping encoded by these self-sustained biological clocks persists in constant darkness but responds acutely to changes in daily environmental cues, like light, to keep internal clocks aligned with the external environment [1]. Therefore, circadian rhythms are used to help organisms predict changes in their environment and temporally program regular changes in their behavior and physiology [2]. The circadian clock in mammals is driven by several interlocked transcription-translation feedback loops (TTFLs) [3]. The integration of these interlocked loops is a complicated process that is orchestrated by a core feedback loop in which the heterodimeric transcription factor complex, CLOCK:BMAL1, promotes the transcription of its own repressors, Cryptochrome and Period (CRY and PER) as well as other clock-controlled genes (Fig. 1.1A). Notably, there is some redundancy in this system as paralogs of both PER (PER1–3) and CRY (CRY1–2) proteins participate in the core TTFL. In general, these proteins accumulate in the cytoplasm, interact with one another, and recruit a kinase that is essential for the clock, Casein Kinase 1  $\delta/\epsilon$  (CK1 $\delta/\epsilon$ ), eventually making their way into the nucleus as a large complex to repress CLOCK:BMAL1 transcriptional activity [4, 5]. Despite this relatively simple model for the core circadian feedback loop, there is growing evidence that different repressor complexes that exist

throughout the evening may regulate CLOCK:BMAL1 in distinct ways [6, 7]. PER proteins are essential for the nucleation of large protein complexes that form early in the repressive phase [4] by acting as stoichiometrically-limiting factors that are temporally regulated through oscillations in expression [8, 9]. As a consequence, circadian rhythms can be disrupted by constitutively overexpressing PER proteins [8] or established de novo with tunable periods through inducible regulation of PER oscillations [10]. CK1 $\delta$ / $\epsilon$  regulate PER abundance by controlling its degradation post-translationally [11-13]; accordingly, mutations in the kinases [14, 15] or their phosphorylation sites on PER2 [16, 17] can induce large (~4 h) changes in circadian period, firmly establishing this regulatory mechanism as a central regulator of the mammalian circadian clock. CRY proteins bind directly to CLOCK: BMAL1 [18] and mediate the interaction of PER-CK1 $\delta$ / $\epsilon$  complexes with CLOCK:BMAL1 leading to phosphorylation of the transcription factor and its release from DNA [6, 19] as well as acting as direct repressors of CLOCK:BMAL1 activity by sequestering the transcriptional activation domain (TAD) of BMAL1 from coactivators like CBP/p300 [20, 21]. Much remains to be elucidated about the assembly and activity of these core clock proteins, but insight into the molecular basis of circadian period determination is growing thanks to the integration of genetic studies from model organisms and humans with biochemical, structural, and cell-based studies. High-resolution structures have now been determined for most of the globular

domains of core clock proteins and some of their complexes [22], with a growing appreciation for the important role that flexible linkers and intrinsically disordered regions play in tuning clock protein function and clock timing (Fig. 1.1B) [23]. We will focus here on recent advances in our understanding of the mechanisms of period control by some of the negative elements of the core feedback loop (Fig. 1.1C), highlighting the nanoscale structural and dynamic properties of clock proteins that influence their functional roles as repressors within the core TTFL. For a review of mutations in human CRY1 [24, 25] and CRY2 [26] that influence circadian timing, please refer to [27].



**Fig. 1.1** Changes to the core molecular clock control mammalian circadian period. (A) Simplified schematic of the core mammalian feedback loop mediated by CLOCK:BMAL1 expression of CRY and PER genes with an auxiliary loop that consists of the retinoic acid receptor-related orphan receptor  $\alpha$  (ROR $\alpha$ ) and the nuclear receptors REV-ERB $\alpha/\beta$ . (B) Functional domain architecture of core clock proteins with structured domains (boxes) and traces indicating the propensity for intrinsic disorder [28]: bHLH, basic helix-loop-helix; PAS, PER-ARNT-SIM; TAD, transactivation domain; Ac, acetyl-CoA binding, Q-rich, polyglutamine; CC, coiled-coil; CKBD, Casein Kinase 1-binding domain; and CBD, CRY-binding domain with residue numbering underneath. (C) Period effects from select mammalian clock alleles of core clock proteins.

### 1.3 Post-translational regulation of PER2 stability

Although transcriptional regulation by CLOCK:BMAL1 and downstream transcription factors is essential for generation of robust circadian rhythms, it is becoming increasingly clear that post-transcriptional and post-translational modifications of core clock components play an important role in both the generation of circadian rhythms and determination of its intrinsic period [29]. While many studies have identified roles for post-translational modification of CRY and PER proteins in clock timing, we will focus here on an in-depth analysis of the regulation of PER2 by CK1 $\delta/\epsilon$ , as it relies on an elaborate integration of post-translational modifications that ultimately determine the relative abundance of PER2 needed to maintain a ~24 h period [30].

### **1.3.1 Structural organization of PER2**

PER1 and PER2 serve as interaction hubs for both CK1 $\delta/\epsilon$  and CRYs with dedicated binding sites that maintain stable complexes with these core clock proteins throughout most of the repressive phase of the clock each day [4, 5] (Fig. 1.2A), a feature that is notably absent in PER3 [31]. The flexibility of PER proteins likely contributes to their role as labile scaffolds for transcriptional regulators of the clock; PER1-3 are all predominantly intrinsically disordered, conferring a susceptibility to regulation by post-translational modifications and promiscuity for interaction partners [32-36] that is common among other intrinsically disordered proteins (IDPs) [37]. Two tandem PER-ARNT-SIM (PAS) domains present in the N-terminus of all three PER isoforms allow them to form homodimers and heterodimers (Fig. 1.2A) [38-40] mediated by the  $\beta$ -sheet surface of the PAS-B domain (Fig. 1.2B). Deletion of the core PAS-B motif in the Per2Brdm1 mutant leads to a loss of circadian rhythms, demonstrating that protein-protein interactions facilitated by this region are essential for clock function [41]. Notably, mutation of just a single residue, W419E, at the dimer interface in the mouse PER2 PAS-B domain potently disrupts formation of homodimers [38] and was recently shown to reduce phosphorylation by CK1 $\delta$  [42]. Moreover, the PER2 earlydoors (Edo) mouse possesses a point mutation (I324N) in the interdomain linker connecting the PAS-A and B domains that reduces PER2 stability to shorten the circadian period [43]. Collectively, these findings

demonstrate that dimerization via the PER PAS domains is critical for protein stability and clock timing, although more work is needed to understand the exact role that PAS domains play in orchestrating clock protein complexes and PER turnover.

### **1.3.2 Control of PER2 degradation by phosphodegrons**

The turnover of PER2 is primarily mediated by CK1 $\delta/\epsilon$ -dependent phosphodegrons to intimately link kinase activity with PER2 stability. One well-studied phosphodegron site of mouse PER2 (S478) is located immediately downstream of the PAS-B domain. Dimerization of the PER2 PAS-AB domains positions the phosphodegron site (S478) of each monomer to protrude from the same face of the PAS-AB domain homodimer (Fig. 1.2B) [38]. This phosphodegron largely conforms to the canonical  $\beta$ -TrCP recognition motif, DSG $\phi$ XS, where  $\phi$  is a hydrophobic residue and the two conserved serines become phosphorylated to make the substrate competent for  $\beta$ -TrCP recognition (Fig. 1.2C) [44]. CK1 $\delta/\epsilon$  phosphorylation of S478 in mouse PER2, the first of the two serines in the motif, is required for interaction with the E3 ubiquitin ligases  $\beta$ -TrCP1/2, leading to ubiquitination of PER2 and its proteasomal degradation [12, 45, 46]. However, this PAS-B phosphodegron is unique to PER2; PER1 utilizes a different CK1 $\delta/\epsilon$ -dependent phosphodegron N-terminal to the tandem PAS domains [13]. This N-terminal phosphodegron is also conserved in PER2 [45] and may play an

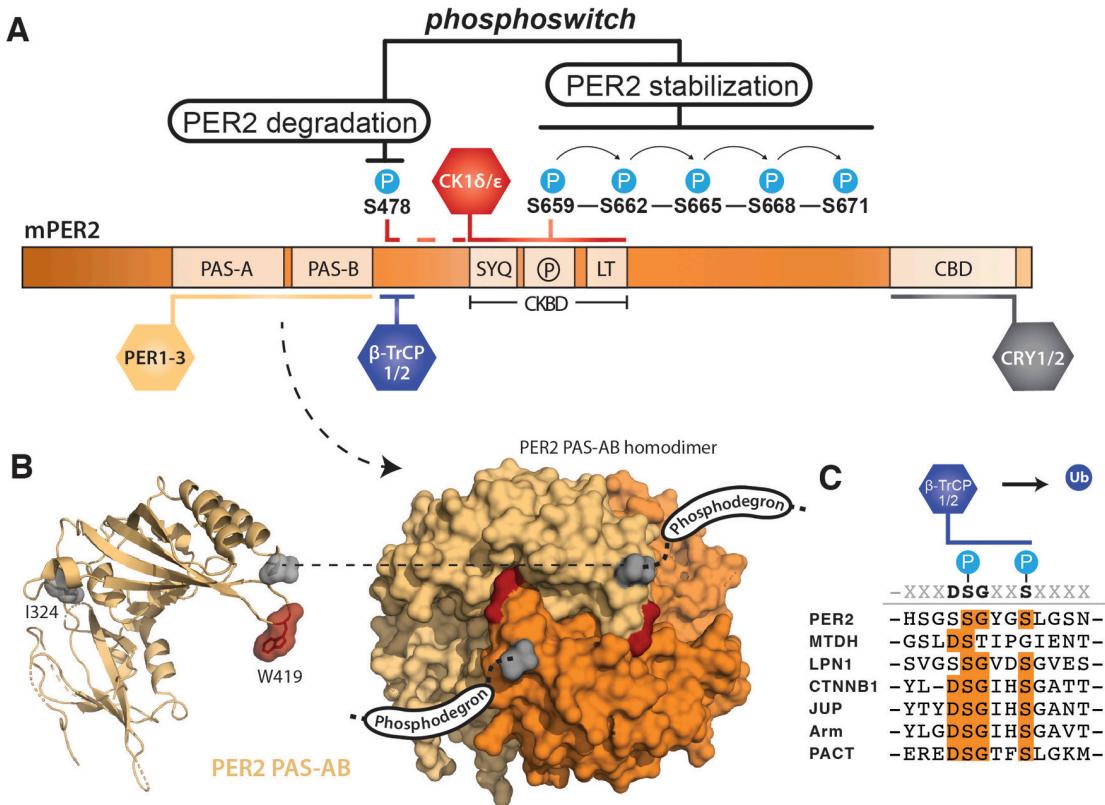
auxiliary role in its turnover, as clock timing was only modestly impacted in the PER2 S478A transgenic mouse [47]. An interaction with the E3 ubiquitin ligase MDM2 also influences PER2 stability independently of CK1 $\delta$ / $\epsilon$  activity [48], opening the door for a complex integration of signals to mediate PER2 degradation.

### **1.3.3 The Casein Kinase-Binding Domain stabilizes PER2 through a phosphoswitch**

Although other kinases such as CK1 $\alpha$  [49], CK2 [50], SIK3 [51] and Cdk5 [52] phosphorylate PER2, CK1 $\delta$ / $\epsilon$  are the only kinases that stably associate with PER2 throughout the night, moving from the cytoplasm into the nucleus with the other core clock proteins [4, 5]. CK1 $\delta$  and the related isoform CK1 $\epsilon$  bind to the Casein Kinase-Binding Domain (CKBD) in PER2 via two conserved motifs that flank a serine-rich region [12, 31]. Notably, mutation of the first residue (S662G) in a series of five consecutive serines that are phosphorylated in human PER2 markedly decreases its stability and shortens circadian period by ~4 h to manifest as Familial Advanced Sleep Phase Syndrome (FASPS) [16, 17]. Because CK1 $\delta$ / $\epsilon$ -dependent phosphorylation of PER2 in this region links circadian timekeeping to this human sleep disorder, the serine-rich cluster in the CKBD has been named the FASP region. Recent studies have begun to elucidate the molecular basis for CK1 $\delta$ / $\epsilon$  activity in the FASP region of PER2 to understand how it exerts such powerful control over

circadian period. Phosphorylation of the first serine in this cluster (S659 in mouse, S662 in humans) by CK1 $\delta$  leads to the obligately sequential phosphorylation of downstream serines (Fig. 1.2A) [53]. Therefore, the human S662G FASPS allele eliminates the ability of CK1 $\delta$  to prime its activity downstream, disrupting all phosphorylation in the FASP region. There is strong evidence that FASP phosphorylation plays a critical role in stabilizing PER2 protein [16], as the S662G mutation in human PER2 (or the analogous S659A mutation in mouse PER2) [54] leads to premature turnover of the protein and a dramatically shorter circadian period of ~20 h in a transgenic mouse model, while use of a phosphomimetic mutation (S662D) in human PER2 that presumably leads to constitutive priming of sequential FASP phosphorylation confers a long period of ~25 h in vivo [17]. Although it is not yet known how FASP phosphorylation contributes to regulation of PER2 stability, mutation of the priming serine that blocks phosphorylation of FASP downstream serines increases CK1 $\delta/\epsilon$  activity at the phosphodegron site S478 [55] to suggest that the phospho-FASP region could antagonize CK1 $\delta/\epsilon$  activity at the phosphodegron site S478. The opposing effects of FASP and phosphodegron phosphorylation likely involves cellular phosphatases like PP1 that contribute to CK1 $\delta/\epsilon$ -dependent regulation of circadian period through PER2 [56], although there could also be a direct mechanistic link between FASP phosphorylation and regulation of CK1 $\delta/\epsilon$  activity. In fact, the functional linkage of phosphorylation at the FASP region and phosphodegron

by CK1 $\delta/\epsilon$  has been described as a phosphoswitch that introduces a phase-specific delay to PER2 degradation necessary for proper circadian timekeeping (Fig. 1.2A) [57]. Interestingly, while introduction of the analogous priming site mutation in mouse PER1 (S714G) destabilized PER1 and led to a shorter circadian period, it also caused an advance in feeding rhythms not seen in the PER2 mutant [58], suggesting that further study of the regulation of PER turnover could help uncouple distinct functions of PER1 and PER2 in control of circadian period and clock outputs.



**Fig. 1.2.** PER2 stability is tightly regulated by post-translational modifications. (A) Domain map of mouse PER2 depicting clock protein binding sites and the CK1 $\delta$ -dependent phosphoswitch model. CK1 $\delta$ -dependent phosphorylation of the FASP region (P) within the

CKBD antagonizes activity at the upstream phosphodegron, which is used to recruit the E3 ubiquitin ligases,  $\beta$ -TrCP1/2, for subsequent proteasomal degradation of PER2. (B) Left, cartoon representation of the mouse PER2 PAS-AB domain monomer with the location of the *Edo* mutation (I324N) and Trp residue required for dimerization (W419) highlighted, PDB: 3GDI. Right, surface representation of the PER2 PAS-AB homodimer. The phosphodegron is located in a disordered region immediately downstream of the PAS-B domain; the C-terminal residue is depicted in surface mode (gray) to show how each respective phosphodegron is poised to protrude from the same face of the dimer. (C) Alignment of phosphodegrons within human proteins that are targeted by  $\beta$ -TrCP1/2.

#### **1.3.4 Other post-translational modifications influence PER2 stability**

PER proteins are also subjected to a number of other post-translational modifications aside from phosphorylation. PER2 is O-GlcNacylated within the FASP region [59], modifying the priming serine along with two sites downstream. Both O-GlcNAc transferase (OGT) and O-GlcNAcase (OGA), the enzymes responsible for adding or hydrolyzing O-GlcNAc, respectively, are expressed or activated in a circadian manner, and factors that increase O-GlcNacylation also lead to a concomitant decrease in FASP phosphorylation that reduces PER2 protein levels [59, 60]. These results support a model for competition between O-GlcNacylation and phosphorylation at this key regulatory region, suggesting a mechanism by which glucose metabolism could modulate the circadian clock by antagonizing phosphorylation of PER2 in the stabilizing FASP region to

represent a direct link between the circadian clock and metabolism as a “nutrition switch” [30, 59]. Acetylation also plays an important yet enigmatic role in PER2 regulation of the clock, first observed through manipulation of SIRT1, the nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide (NAD<sup>+</sup>)-dependent deacetylase. Although PER2 becomes acetylated as it accumulates throughout the repressive phase of the circadian clock [61], the identity of the acetyltransferase(s) that modify PER2 is currently not known, nor is it known where PER2 is acetylated throughout the protein. Nonetheless, loss of SIRT1 results in elevated levels of acetylated PER2 in mouse liver to attenuate the robustness of circadian rhythms, while overexpression of SIRT1 facilitates PER2 degradation [61, 62]. Because acetylation and ubiquitination both target lysine residues, it is possible that these modifications compete for the same residues to directly control PER2 stability. However, there is some evidence that regulation of PER2 by acetylation could be more complicated, as acetylation at K680 on mouse PER2, located downstream of the serine cluster in the FASP region, is hyperacetylated following inhibition of SIRT1 and leads to a decrease in FASP phosphorylation [63], suggesting that an interplay between acetylation and phosphorylation of the FASP region could also control CK1 $\delta/\epsilon$  activity on PER2 to regulate the balance of the phosphoswitch.

## **1.4 A central role for CK1 in eukaryotic circadian period determination**

The timing of eukaryotic circadian rhythms from green algae to humans is heavily influenced by CK1 $\delta/\epsilon$  and its related orthologs [15, 64]. Like other Ser/Thr kinases, CK1 $\delta/\epsilon$  has a typical two-lobed structure (Fig. 1.3A), but little is known about the molecular mechanisms by which activity of the CK1 family is regulated. The activation loop is one key feature that distinguishes the CK1 family from other Ser/Thr kinases (Fig. 1.3B) [65]. Unlike many other kinases, the kinase domain of CK1 family members is not regulated by activation loop phosphorylation; therefore, they are considered to be constitutively active [66]. The CK1 family acts as phosphate-directed kinases that preferentially recognize a D/E/pSxxS consensus motif, where a phosphorylated serine or a similar negative charge within the substrate templates activity at a serine located 3 or 4 residues downstream (Fig. 1.3A) [67]. Interestingly, at least two functionally important CK1 $\delta/\epsilon$ -dependent phosphorylation sites on PER2, the phosphodegron and the FASP priming site, do not conform to this consensus motif and likely serve as slow, rate-limiting steps for PER2 regulation [53, 55, 68]. Therefore, understanding the molecular basis for kinase activity and substrate selectivity by CK1 $\delta/\epsilon$  has the potential to yield important insights into circadian timekeeping. In particular, a better understanding of the molecular mechanisms underpinning CK1 $\delta/\epsilon$ -dependent phosphorylation of PER will provide a framework for treating circadian disorders by targeting CK1 $\delta/\epsilon$  to modulate the clock [69].

#### **1.4.1 Anion-dependent regulation of a structural switch in CK1 $\delta$**

The kinase domain of CK1 $\delta/\epsilon$  contains several highly conserved anion binding sites located around the C-terminal lobe, including two that flank either side of the substrate binding cleft (Fig. 1.3A, B) [70-72]. We recently showed that these anion binding sites regulate the overall kinase activity of CK1 $\delta/\epsilon$ , as well as influence the substrate specificity of the kinase at both consensus and non-consensus sites [55]. The significance of these highly conserved anion binding sites was initially suggested by the discovery of the first period-altering allele in mammals, the CK1 $\epsilon$  *tau* allele that causes a dramatically shortened circadian period of ~20 h [73]. The R178C substitution in the *tau* kinase was predicted to disrupt an anion-binding pocket near the substrate binding region to decrease CK1 $\delta/\epsilon$  activity [14]. While the *tau* mutant kinase did exhibit reduced activity on some generic kinase substrates (e.g., casein and phosphovitin) as well as the FASP region of PER2, it led to a paradoxical gain of function at the PER2 phosphodegron that decreased stability of the protein [55, 74]. Crystal structures of the *tau* kinase domain recently revealed that disruption of the anion binding pocket at S1 in the mutant is linked to an allosteric structural switch in the activation loop that encodes a preference for the PER2 PAS-B phosphodegron site S478 [55]. Allostery is a common regulatory feature of protein kinases that allows for a switch-like, ultrasensitive regulation of their biological activity [75]. The

activation loop and flanking regions distinguish CK1 from all other Ser/Thr kinases (Fig. 1.3B) [76], containing residues involved in the coordination of anions at three conserved sites, S1-S3. Therefore, these sites likely play a role in the CK1 family-specific regulation of kinase activity, perhaps through binding of anionic, phosphorylated residues. Interestingly, the entire substrate binding cleft that allosterically links anion binding to substrate selectivity is 95% identical from humans to green algae [55], suggesting that the mechanisms discovered in mammalian CK1 $\delta$ / $\epsilon$  may also regulate kinase activity and circadian period across other eukaryotic clocks.

#### **1.4.2 Regulation of CK1 $\delta$ / $\epsilon$ activity by its disordered C-terminal tail**

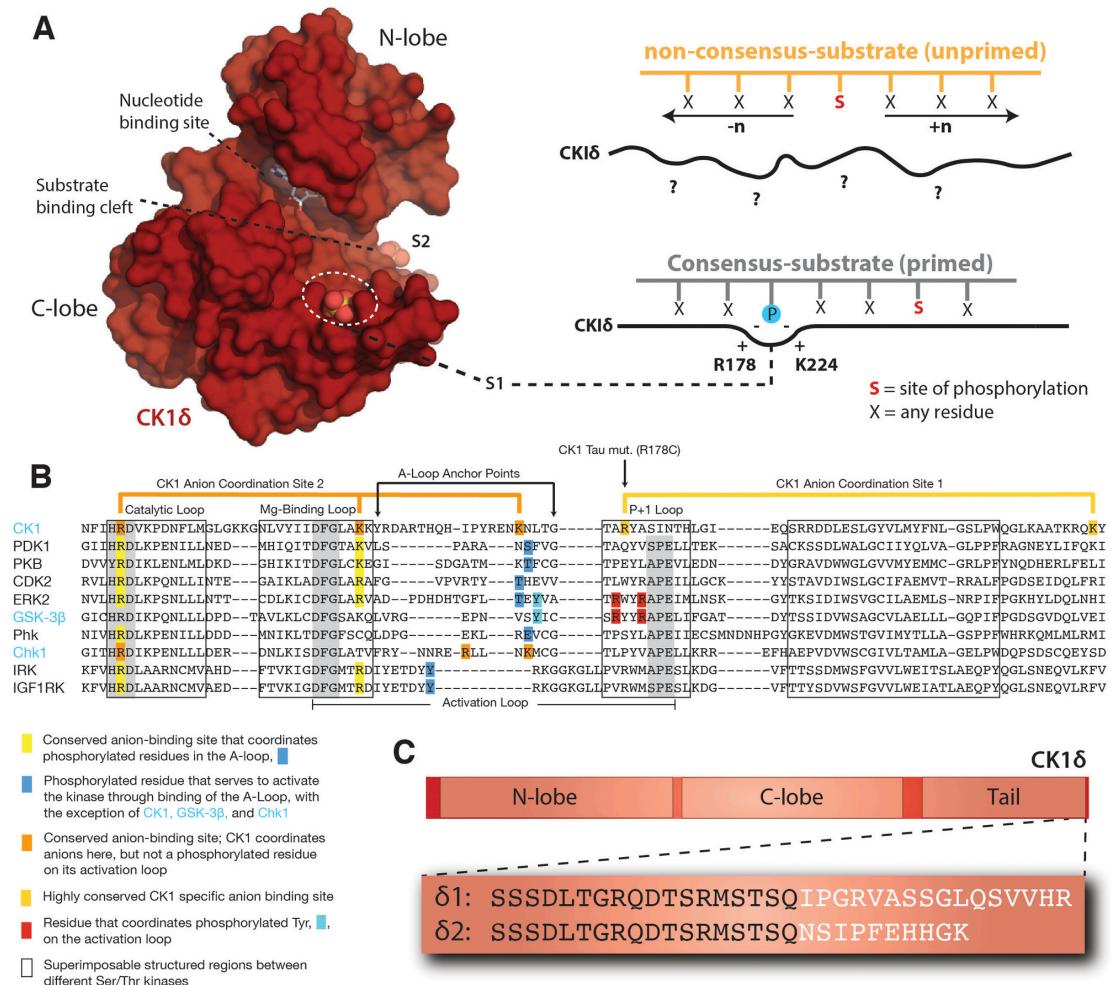
The kinase activity of both CK1 $\delta$  and CK1 $\epsilon$  is inhibited by autophosphorylation of an intrinsically disordered inhibitory tail that follows the kinase domain to set these isoforms apart from other members of the CK1 family [77-80]. Because the full-length kinase autophosphorylates and slowly inactivates itself in vitro, most biochemical studies exploring the activity of CK1 $\delta$ / $\epsilon$  on clock proteins utilize the truncated, constitutively active protein (CK1 $\delta$ / $\epsilon$   $\Delta$ C) [53, 55, 71, 81], although new studies are finally beginning to explore the consequences of autophosphorylation in more detail [82, 83]. However, not much is known yet about how the phosphorylated tail interacts with the kinase domain to inhibit its activity; several autophosphorylation sites were previously identified on CK1 $\epsilon$  at S323, T325, T334, T337, S368, S405,

S407 and S408 using limited proteolysis and phosphatase treatment [79] or through Ser/Thr to Ala substitutions in vitro [80], although it is currently not known which (if any) of these sites are important for kinase regulation of the clock. One potential interface has been mapped between the kinase domain and autoinhibitory tail through crosslinking and mass spectrometry to suggest that the tail might dock some phosphorylated Ser/Thr residues close to the anion binding sites near the active site [84]. This study also provided evidence that the tail may be able to regulate substrate binding, and therefore control specificity of the kinase, by comparing the activity of CK1 $\alpha$ , a tailless kinase, with CK1 $\epsilon$  on two substrates, PER2 and Disheveled [84].

Understanding the role of tail autophosphorylation and its regulation of kinase activity is sure to shed light on control of circadian rhythms by CK1 $\delta/\epsilon$ . Some sites within the C-terminal tail of CK1 $\delta$  and/or CK1 $\epsilon$  are known to be phosphorylated by other kinases, such as AMPK [85], PKA [86], Chk1 [87], PKC $\alpha$  [88], and cyclin-dependent kinases [89, 90]. PKA phosphorylates S370 in CK1 $\delta$  to reduce its kinase activity; consistent with this, mutation of S370 to alanine increases CK1-dependent ectopic dorsal axis formation in *Xenopus laevis* [86]. Chk1 and PKC $\alpha$  also reduce CK1 $\delta$  kinase activity through phosphorylation of overlapping sites at S328, T329, S331, S370, and T397 in the tail of rat CK1 $\delta$  [87, 88]. Phosphorylation of CK1 $\delta$  T347 influences its activity on PER2 in cells and was found to be phosphorylated by proline-directed cyclin-dependent kinases rather than autophosphorylation [89].

CDK2 was also found to reduce the activity of rat CK1 $\delta$  in vitro through phosphorylation of additional sites at T329, S331, T344, S356, S361, and T397 [90]. Unlike the other kinases listed here, phosphorylation of S389 on CK1 $\epsilon$  by AMPK increases the apparent kinase activity on the PER2 phosphodegron in cells; consequently, activation of AMPK with metformin increased the degradation of PER2 [85]. Therefore, the phosphorylation of CK1 $\delta$  and/or CK1 $\epsilon$  tails by these other kinases therefore has the potential to link its regulation of PER2 and the circadian clock to metabolism, DNA damage response, and the cell cycle. There is now strong evidence that the C-terminus of CK1 $\delta$  plays a direct role in regulation of circadian period. Recently, tissue-specific methylation of CK1 $\delta$  was shown to regulate alternative splicing of the kinase into two unique isoforms,  $\delta$ 1 and  $\delta$ 2, that differ only by the extreme C-terminal 15 residues (Fig. 1.3C) [91]. Remarkably, expression of the canonical  $\delta$ 1 isoform decreases PER2 half-life and circadian period, while the slightly shorter  $\delta$ 2 isoform increases PER2 half-life and circadian period [91]. Further biochemical studies revealed that these two variants exhibit differential activity on the stabilizing priming site of the PER2 FASP region—the  $\delta$ 1 isoform has a lower activity than  $\delta$ 2, which also closely resembles the C-terminus of the  $\epsilon$  isoform [53]. These data suggest that a very short region at the C-terminal end of the tail could play a major role in regulation of CK1 $\delta$  and the PER2 phosphoswitch to control circadian period. This is bolstered by the discovery of a missense mutation in

the same region of the CK1 $\epsilon$  tail at S408N in humans that has been associated with protection from Delayed Sleep Phase Syndrome (DSPS) and Non-24 h Sleep-Wake Syndrome (N-24) [92]. Further studies will help to reveal biochemical mechanisms behind regulation of kinase activity and substrate selectivity by the C-terminal tail of CK1 $\delta$  and CK1 $\epsilon$  to determine how they play into regulation of circadian rhythms.



**Fig. 1.3.** Regulatory mechanisms control CK1 $\delta$  activity in the mammalian clock. (A) Left, Surface representation of the CK1 $\delta$  kinase domain, PDB: 5X17. The substrate binding cleft is flanked by two highly conserved anion binding sites, S1 and S2. Right, CK1 is

thought to use S1 to bind phosphorylated (or 'primed') substrates, leading to phosphorylation of the CK1 consensus motif, pSxxS. CK1 also exhibits non-consensus activity on unprimed sites. (B) Alignment of the activation loop and nearby regions in representative Ser/Thr kinases. CK1 lacks the conserved APE motif in the P + 1 loop involved in substrate recognition. (C) Differences between the alternatively spliced variants CK1 $\delta$ 1 and CK1 $\delta$ 2 at the C-terminus of the kinase.

## 1.5 Concluding remarks

While there is much more to be learned, data from human genetics and mammalian model systems are finally being integrated with biochemical and structural studies of the core clock components to provide clues to the molecular basis of the circadian clock. Recent advances in biophysical techniques, such as cryo-EM, will help to further enhance our understanding of how the molecular 'cogs' of the core clock come together to affect circadian period and influence human behavior and physiology.

## **Chapter 2**

### **Isoform-specific C-terminal phosphorylation drives autoinhibition of Casein Kinase 1**

#### **Acknowledgements**

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#### **2.1 Abstract**

Casein kinase 1  $\delta$  (CK1 $\delta$ ) controls numerous biological processes, including circadian rhythms and Wnt signaling. CK1 $\delta$  is inhibited by autophosphorylation of its intrinsically disordered C-terminal tail, but it is not understood how this occurs. Two CK1 splice variants,  $\delta$ 1 and  $\delta$ 2, differ only in the last sixteen residues of the tail and have different activity *in vivo*, suggesting that the extreme C-terminus (XCT) of CK1 plays a role in autoinhibition. Using NMR and HDX-MS, we show that the  $\delta$ 1 XCT is preferentially phosphorylated by the kinase and the  $\delta$ 1 tail makes more extensive interactions across the kinase domain. Mutation of  $\delta$ 1-specific XCT phosphorylation sites disrupts its interaction with the kinase domain and

increases kinase activity *in vitro* and in cells.  $\delta 1$  autoinhibition relies on conserved anion binding sites around the CK1 active site that are also used for feedback inhibition by phosphorylated substrates, demonstrating a common mode of product inhibition of CK1 $\delta$ .

## 2.2 Significance

Two isoforms of CK1 $\delta$ ,  $\delta 1$  and  $\delta 2$ , have different kinase activity *in vivo* although they differ by only sixteen residues at the end of a long, intrinsically disordered autoinhibitory tail. Here we show that autoinhibition by the tail requires the extreme C-terminus that is differentially encoded by the isoforms. NMR and HDX-MS studies highlighted isoform-specific differences protein dynamics and kinase activity, identifying several serines on  $\delta 1$  that are necessary for its more potent autoinhibitory activity *in vitro* and in cells. Beginning to understand mechanisms that regulate CK1 $\delta$  activity will shed light on its important roles as a key regulator of diverse processes from Wnt signaling and development to the cell cycle and circadian rhythms.

## 2.3 Introduction

Kinases play a crucial role in biology through their ability to post-translationally modify proteins by phosphorylation, altering the structure and/or activity of their targets. The activity of most kinases is therefore kept under tight regulation, requiring phosphorylation of their activation loops or binding to cofactors or scaffolds to remodel the active site and/or recruit substrates; in

some cases, removal of inhibitory phosphorylation can activate kinases [93, 94]. The kinase domains of Casein Kinase 1 $\delta$  (CK1 $\delta$ ) and its paralog, CK1 $\epsilon$ , are constitutively active, but autophosphorylation of their intrinsically disordered C-terminal extensions, or ‘tails’, inhibits kinase activity [77, 79]. cK1 $\delta/\epsilon$  tails are also targeted by a number of other kinases [89, 95] and phosphatases [78, 79, 96, 97] *in vivo*, suggesting a dynamic mode of kinase regulation that is not well understood. Given the involvement of CK1 $\delta/\epsilon$  in a wide range of pathways from Wnt signaling, cell division, and apoptosis to circadian rhythms [95], understanding how the kinase activity of CK1 $\delta/\epsilon$  is regulated by phosphorylation of their intrinsically disordered tails could shed light on underappreciated regulatory mechanisms.

In mammalian circadian rhythms, CK1 $\delta/\epsilon$  regulate the intrinsic timing of the molecular clock through phosphorylation of the Period (PER) proteins [68, 98, 99]. A phosphoswitch involving competing CK1 $\delta/\epsilon$ -dependent sites on PER2 regulates its half-life [57], wherein phosphorylation of a  $\beta$ -TrCP degron and subsequent protein turnover are counteracted by phosphorylation of several serines located within the Casein Kinase 1 binding domain (CK1BD) that anchors the kinase to PER throughout its daily life cycle [4, 100, 101]. These stabilizing phosphorylation sites occur within the Familial Advanced Sleep Phase (FASP) region, named for a point mutation in human *Per2* (S662G) that eliminates the priming phosphorylation and shortens the clock by ~4 hours, causing an extreme advance in the onset of sleep [16, 17]. We

recently showed that phosphorylation of the PER2 FASP region leads to feedback inhibition of the anchored kinase, utilizing two highly conserved anion binding sites on CK1 $\delta$  near the active site that bind phosphoserines in the FASP to block access to substrates [102]. This is similar to feedback inhibition of the kinase observed in DNA damage-induced apoptosis [103]. Conservation of these feedback inhibition binding modes establishes the importance of CK1 $\delta/\epsilon$  anion binding sites for regulation of the kinase by phosphorylated substrates.

Alterations in CK1 $\delta/\epsilon$  can also shift the balance of the phosphoswitch to have a profound effect on circadian timing in mammals from rodents to humans. These alterations include inherited polymorphisms [14, 15, 55, 73] and alternative splicing of CK1 $\delta$  [91]. The two CK1 $\delta$  splice isoforms,  $\delta$ 1 and  $\delta$ 2, are identical throughout the kinase domain and most of the intrinsically disordered tail, differing only in the last 16 amino acids of the C-terminus (Fig. 1A), a region we call here the extreme C-terminus, or XCT. Despite this relatively minor change, the  $\delta$ 1 and  $\delta$ 2 isoforms differentially phosphorylate the PER2 FASP region *in vivo* to control circadian period [91]. Truncating the XCT at residue 400 is sufficient to derepress kinase activity [53], suggesting a crucial role for residues 400-415 in regulation of CK1 activity in cells.

In this study, we examined the biochemical role of the XCT in differential regulation of CK1 $\delta$  isoform activity. We found that isoform-specific differences in CK1 activity are intrinsic to the kinase *in vitro*; CK1 $\delta$ 1 is autoinhibited to a

greater extent than CK1 $\delta$ 2, and truncation of the isoform-specific extreme C-termini essentially eliminates autoinhibition. NMR assays of the  $\delta$ 1 tail with the kinase domain in *trans* or *cis*, via segmental isotopic labeling, revealed that interaction between the kinase domain and  $\delta$ 1 tail is dependent on phosphorylation and predominantly localized to the  $\delta$ 1-dependent sequence. By contrast, the  $\delta$ 2 tail interacts with the kinase domain even in the absence of phosphorylation, consistent with inhibition data using isolated  $\delta$ 1 or  $\delta$ 2 peptides. Using hydrogen/deuterium exchange mass spectrometry (HDX-MS), we mapped how CK1 isoforms or mutants differentially protect the kinase domain and intrinsically disordered tails from deuterium exchange. Protection of the kinase active site in the presence of an inhibitory phosphoFASP peptide of PER2 [102] mirrors protection by the two CK1 $\delta$  isoforms, which is largely eliminated by deleting the XCT region with the  $\Delta$ 400 truncation or mutation of the  $\delta$ 1-specific serines to alanines. Our study defines isoform-specific mechanisms of CK1 $\delta$  regulation and demonstrates a conserved mechanism of kinase inhibition by phosphorylated substrates.

## 2.4 Results

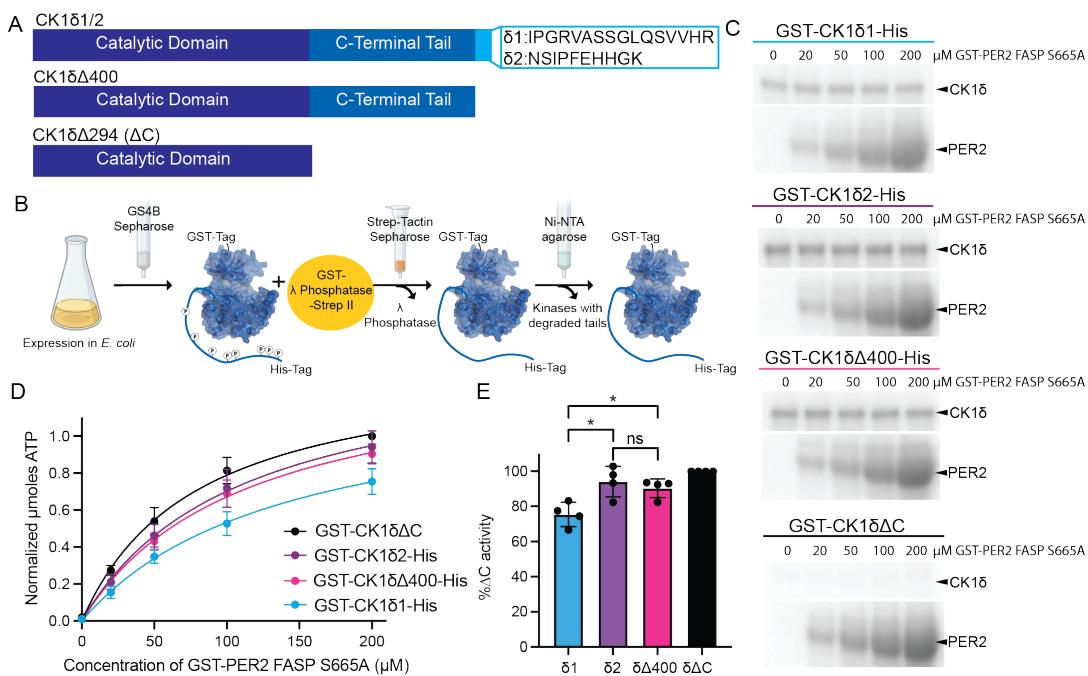
### 2.4.1 CK1 $\delta$ isoforms $\delta$ 1 and $\delta$ 2 have different kinase activity *in vitro*

The alternatively spliced CK1 $\delta$  isoforms,  $\delta$ 1 and  $\delta$ 2, differ only in the last 16 amino acids of the C-terminal tail (Fig. 2.1A). We previously showed that CK1 $\delta$ 1, CK1 $\delta$ 2, and a related isoform, CK1 $\epsilon$ , can all catalyze the rate-limiting priming phosphorylation in the PER2 FASP region, with CK1 $\delta$ 2 and CK1 $\epsilon$

demonstrating increased activity compared to CK1 $\delta$ 1 [53]. The kinase domains of CK1 $\delta$  and CK1 $\epsilon$  are highly conserved, and their intrinsically disordered C-terminal tails differ, although the XCT of CK1 $\delta$ 2 and CK1 $\epsilon$  are quite similar (Fig. 2.1.1A). This suggested that the differences in activity we observed in cells might be due to their XCT; consistent with this, truncation of the last 16 amino acids of CK1 $\delta$ 1 ( $\Delta$ 400) eliminated its isoform-specific decrease in activity [53].

To determine if isoform-specific differences in activity are intrinsic to the kinase, we established a pipeline to purify dephosphorylated full-length recombinant proteins (Fig. 2.1B). To demonstrate the effect of tail phosphorylation on CK1 $\delta$ 1, we first pre-treated full-length, dephosphorylated CK1 $\delta$ 1 with ATP to induce autophosphorylation and then measured its activity on the PER2 FASP priming site using an ELISA-based kinase assay. As expected, pretreatment of the kinase with ATP before the substrate was added significantly reduced FASP priming phosphorylation compared to untreated CK1 $\delta$ 1 (Fig. 2.1.1B). We then used *in vitro* kinase assays to measure the activity of the two CK1 $\delta$  isoforms compared to the  $\Delta$ 400 truncation and the fully active, tail-less CK1 $\delta$  $\Delta$ C kinase domain. Activity was measured on a mutant of the human PER2 FASP region (S665A) that only allows for phosphorylation of the rate-limiting priming serine at S662 (Fig. 2.1C and 2.1.1C-D) [102]. Although differences in activity were modest, the activity of CK1 $\delta$ 1 on the PER2 FASP was significantly lower than CK1 $\delta$ 2 (Fig. 2.1D, E). Truncation of the XCT or the entire tail gave rise to activity that was similar to CK1 $\delta$ 2, recapitulating

differences in the activity we observed in cells [53] and suggesting that CK1 $\delta$ 1 has increased autoinhibition. We also quantified autophosphorylation in these assays. Relative to the full-length proteins, the isolated kinase domain showed minimal autophosphorylation, and the  $\delta$ 1 kinase was significantly less phosphorylated than  $\delta$ 2 or  $\Delta$ 400, despite having more serines and greater inhibition than either (Fig. 2.1.1E). These differences point to an important regulatory role for the CK1 $\delta$ 1 XCT.

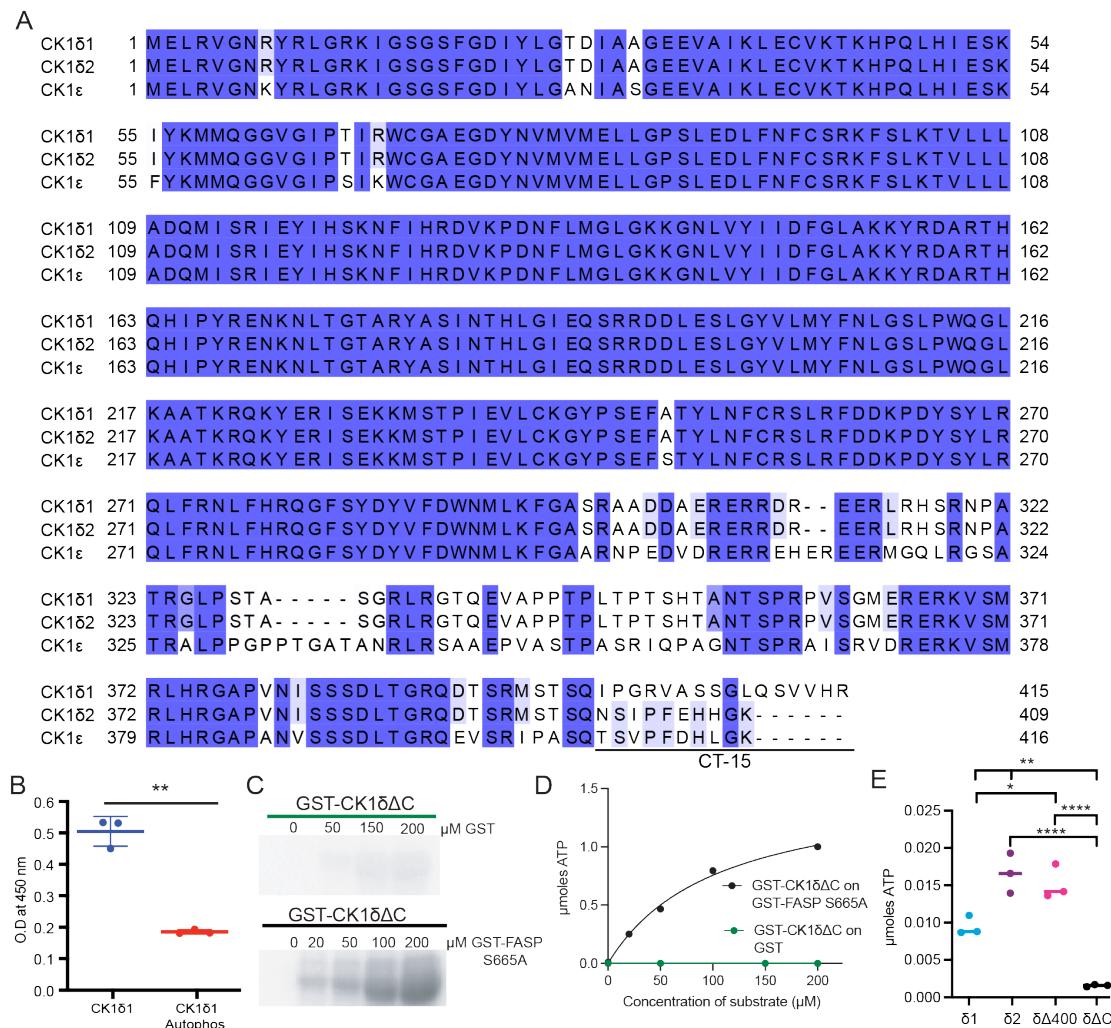


**Figure 2.1 CK1 $\delta$  isoforms alter kinase activity *in vitro***

**A**, Schematic of CK1 $\delta$  isoforms and truncations. **B**, Kinase purification scheme with double tag system. **C**, Autoradiograph of  $^{32}$ P kinase assay; top, autophosphorylation of kinase; bottom, priming phosphorylation of the PER2 FASP substrate. Representative autoradiograph from  $n = 4$ . **D**, Quantification of priming phosphorylation by CK1 $\delta$ 1 (blue),

CK1 $\delta$ 2 (purple), CK1 $\delta$  $\Delta$ 400 (pink), or CK1 $\delta$  $\Delta$ C (black), normalized to CK1 $\delta$  $\Delta$ C. **E**,

Quantification of panel D. Ordinary one-way ANOVA, \*, p<0.05 (n=4, mean  $\pm$  s.d.).



**Figure 2.1.1**

**A**, Sequence alignment of human CK1 $\delta$  isoforms  $\delta$ 1 and  $\delta$ 2 with CK1 $\epsilon$ . Kinase domain, residues 1-294. **B**, ELISA-based peptide kinase assay showing phosphorylation of the mouse PER2 FASP priming serine (pS659) with 50 ng CK1 $\delta$ 1 after pretreatment without (blue) or with (red) ATP to allow for kinase autophosphorylation. (n=3 mean  $\pm$  s.d.). **C**, Representative autoradiograph of  $^{32}$ P kinase assay of CK1 $\delta$  $\Delta$ C activity on GST-human

PER2 FASP S665A or GST alone (n=1). **D**, Quantification of phosphorylation in panel C. **E**, Quantification of autophosphorylation in Fig 1C. Ordinary one-way ANOVA, \* p>0.05; \*\*, p<0.01; \*\*\*\*, p<0.0001 (n=4, mean  $\pm$  s.d.).

#### 2.4.2 Differences in regulation of the $\delta 1$ and $\delta 2$ tails by the kinase domain

Possible phosphorylation sites in the tail have been mapped on full-length CK1 $\delta 1$  *in vitro* [77] and in cells, where a non-phosphorylatable (NP) mutant substituting all 28 serines and threonines in the tail to alanine eliminated its electrophoretic mobility shift and regulation by cellular protein phosphatases [89]. However, these studies did not unambiguously identify phosphorylation sites nor regions required for autoinhibition. The  $\delta 1$  tail is 125 amino acids long and predicted to be intrinsically disordered, and no part of it was captured in a crystal structure of the full-length kinase [104]. Therefore, we turned to nuclear magnetic resonance (NMR) spectroscopy to monitor backbone chemical shifts on the  $^{15}\text{N}$   $\delta 1$  tail alone or in the presence of equimolar amounts of the unlabeled kinase domain to better understand potential regulatory mechanisms. The  $^{15}\text{N}$ - $^1\text{H}$  HSQC spectrum of the isolated  $^{15}\text{N}$   $\delta 1$  tail exhibited limited chemical shift dispersion consistent with an intrinsically disordered protein, and addition of kinase domain in the absence of ATP resulted in very minor chemical shift perturbations (Fig. 2.2A, left), indicating that the tail and kinase domain did not interact in *trans* at these concentrations. However, incubation of the same sample with ATP for 2 hours at 25 °C resulted in

chemical shift perturbations in the  $^{15}\text{N}$   $\delta 1$  tail backbone, as well as several new peaks downfield that correspond to phosphorylated residues (Fig. 2.2A, right), demonstrating that the kinase can phosphorylate its tail in *trans*.

Due to issues with peak overlap in the  $^{15}\text{N}-^1\text{H}$  HSQC spectra, we turned to  $^{13}\text{C}$ -direct detection experiments, using  $^{15}\text{N}-^{13}\text{C}$  CON spectra that provide better resolution of the protein backbone in disordered proteins using the amide nitrogen and carboxyl carbon of the peptide bond [105]. We assigned a majority of the peaks in the  $^{15}\text{N}-^{13}\text{C}$  CON spectrum of the  $\delta 1$  tail using  $^{13}\text{C}$ -direct detection and standard NH-edited methods. Addition of unlabeled kinase to the  $^{13}\text{C},^{15}\text{N}$   $\delta 1$  tail in the absence of ATP showed minimal chemical shift perturbation in the tail, similar to our  $^{15}\text{N}-^1\text{H}$  HSQC data (Fig. 2.2.1A). After ATP addition, we observed chemical shift perturbations at the same resonances as before (Fig. 2.2B), as well as some peak broadening. Shifts were localized primarily to the XCT of the  $\delta 1$  tail, and to a lesser extent in a charged region from residues 305-320 that is predicted to have alpha-helical structure (Fig. 2.2C-E). By contrast,  $^{15}\text{N}-^1\text{H}$  HSQC spectra of the isolated  $\delta 2$  tail showed chemical shift perturbations upon addition of kinase domain alone (Fig. 2.2.1B, left) that were enhanced by the addition of ATP (Fig. 2.2.1B, right), suggesting that the  $\delta 2$  tail may interact with the kinase domain in *trans* in a manner different from the  $\delta 1$  tail. Peaks in the CON spectrum of the  $^{13}\text{C},^{15}\text{N}$   $\delta 2$  tail were significantly broadened compared to the  $\delta 1$  tail (Fig. 2.2.1C, D), limiting further

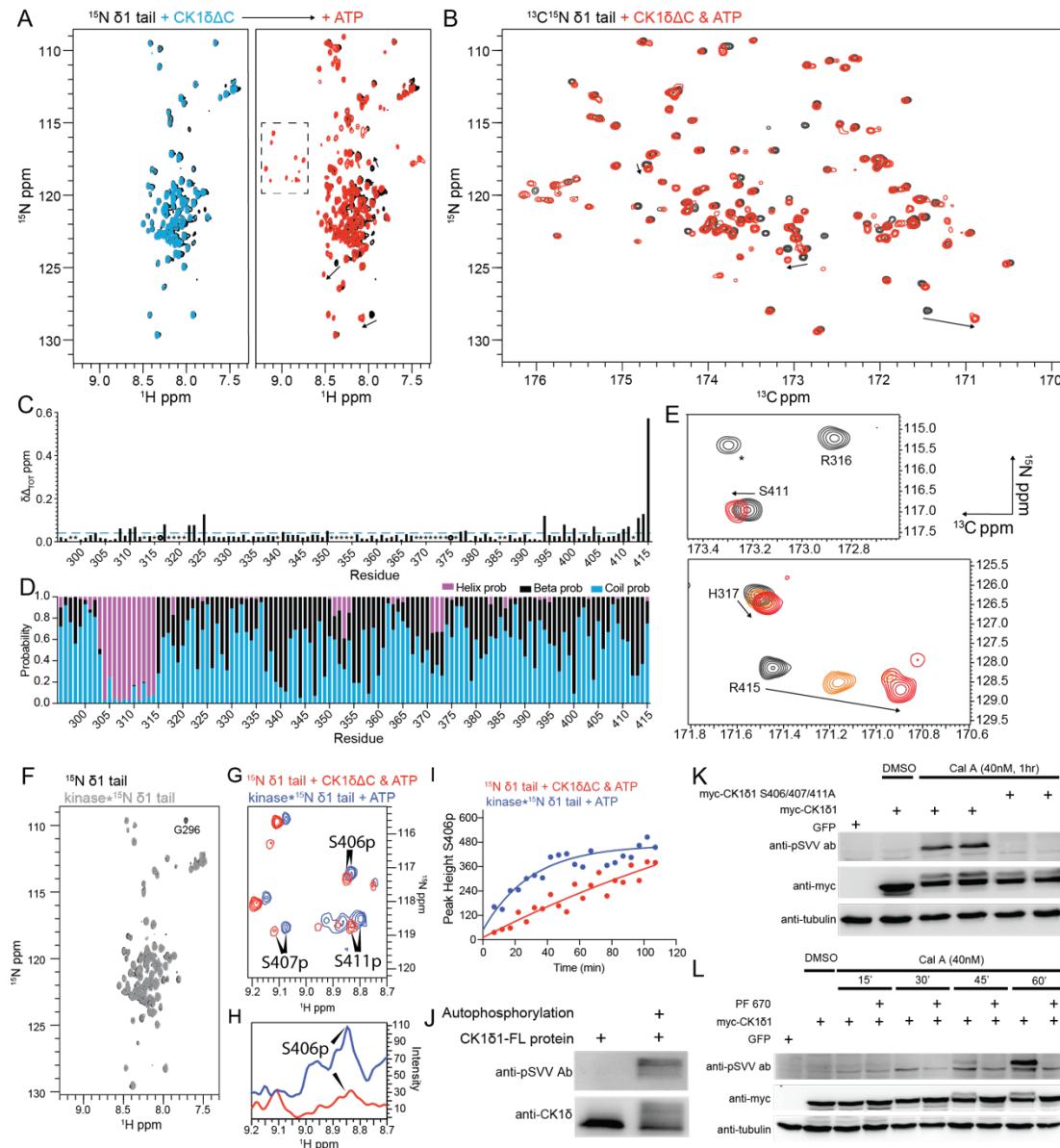
NMR analyses of the δ2 tail. These data suggest that the XCT of CK1δ1 is a uniquely favored target for phosphorylation by the kinase, even in *trans*.

To determine how regulation of the δ1 tail is influenced when tethered to the kinase domain, we produced a segmentally isotopically labeled full-length kinase using an NMR invisible, natural abundance kinase domain attached to an <sup>15</sup>N-labeled δ1 tail through Sortase A-mediated ligation (Fig. 2.2.1E) [106, 107]. <sup>15</sup>N-<sup>1</sup>H HSQC spectra of the isolated <sup>15</sup>N-labeled δ1 tail and the tethered tail appeared to be the same, aside from broadening of a single glycine (G296) near the ligation juncture (Fig. 2.2F), suggesting that the kinase domain and tail do not interact in the unphosphorylated state in *cis* as well. This helps explain why unphosphorylated full length kinase has similar initial activity to the isolated CK1 kinase domain. Addition of ATP to the tethered tail sample resulted in chemical shifts in the <sup>15</sup>N-labeled δ1 tethered tail backbone similar to those we observed in *trans* (compare Fig 2.2A and Fig. 2.2.1F), indicating that tethering did not substantially alter kinase domain interaction and phosphorylation of the tail, including activity on the XCT. To confirm this, we generated a minimal δ1 tail construct beginning at residue 376. We obtained chemical shift assignments for the phosphopeaks that correspond to the three phosphosites specific to the δ1 tail (Fig. 2.2G). Phosphorylation of these residues in the full-length CK1δ1 protein was confirmed by LC/MS-MS (Fig. 2.2.1G). Using <sup>15</sup>N-edited 1D <sup>1</sup>H spectra of the phosphoserine region (Fig. 2.2H), we were able to monitor the kinetics of phosphorylation of the δ1-specific

residue S406. As expected, tethering increased the rate of phosphorylation compared to *in trans* (Fig. 2.2I) [108]. Collectively, our NMR studies revealed differences in how the  $\delta 1$  and  $\delta 2$  tails interact with the kinase domain and demonstrated a preference for phosphorylation of the  $\delta 1$ -specific XCT serines by the kinase domain. The preferential phosphorylation of these XCT serines suggests they may play a critical role in the autoinhibition of CK1 $\delta 1$ .

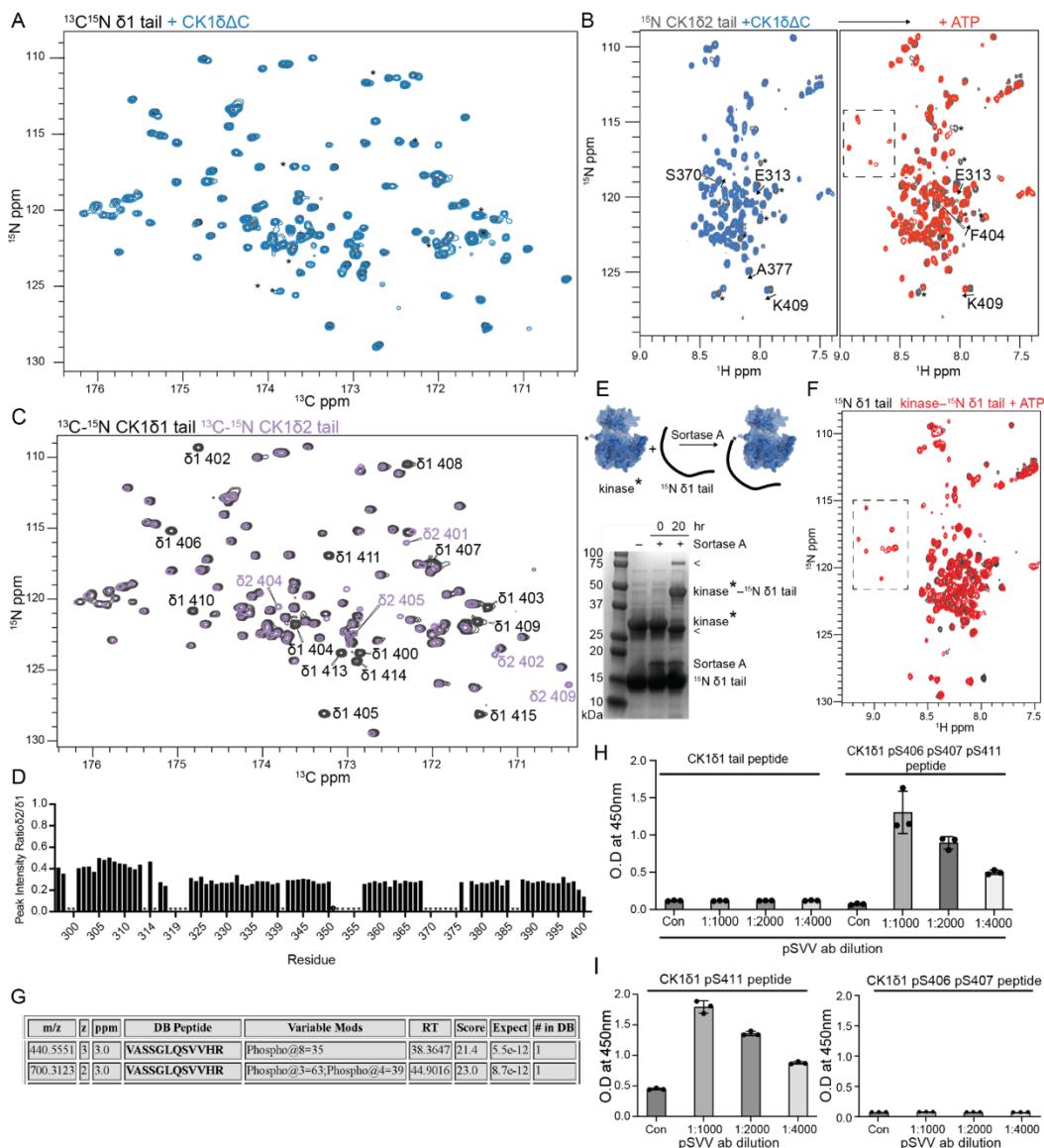
To test if any of the XCT phosphorylation sites are indeed autophosphorylated in cells, we generated an antibody that specifically recognizes a phosphorylated serine in the sequence SVV (pSVV antibody) that corresponds to S411 of CK1 $\delta 1$  (Fig. 2.2.1H, I). This pSVV antibody detected robust autophosphorylation of purified full-length CK1 $\delta 1$ , which correlated with the band shift of autophosphorylated CK1 $\delta 1$  (Fig. 2.2J). We then assessed phosphorylation of the XCT region in cells expressing myc-tagged CK1 $\delta 1$ . Global phosphorylation of the CK1 $\delta$  tail is regulated *in vivo* by an active cycle of autophosphorylation and dephosphorylation [78]. Consistent with this, accumulation of S411 phosphorylation was detected when cells were treated with calyculin A, a broad-spectrum inhibitor of cellular Ser/Thr phosphatases, revealing reversible phosphorylation of CK1 $\delta 1$  S411 in cells (Fig 2.2K). This is also consistent with reports of CK1 $\delta 1$  phosphorylation at residues S406, S407, and S411 from large-scale phosphoproteomics screens [109, 110]. Phosphorylation of CK1 $\delta 1$  S411 in cells was blocked by addition of the CK1 $\delta/\epsilon$ -specific inhibitor PF 670 (Fig 2.2L), indicating that it is due to

autophosphorylation. These data establish that S411 in the XCT of CK1 $\delta$ 1 is autophosphorylated in cells in a reversible and dynamic manner, consistent with this being a potential regulatory phosphorylation site.



**Figure 2.2 Phosphorylation-dependent interaction of the  $\delta$ 1 tail with the kinase domain**

**A**,  $^{15}\text{N}-^1\text{H}$  HSQC spectra of 100  $\mu\text{M}$   $^{15}\text{N}$   $\delta 1$  tail alone (black) or in the presence of 100  $\mu\text{M}$  CK1 $\delta\Delta\text{C}$  (blue), or 100  $\mu\text{M}$  CK1 $\delta\Delta\text{C}$  and 2.5 mM ATP for 2 hours at 25 °C (red); dashed box, peaks corresponding to phosphorylated residues. Arrows, chemical shift perturbation with phosphorylation. **B**,  $^{15}\text{N}-^{13}\text{C}$  CON spectra of 100  $\mu\text{M}$   $^{13}\text{C},^{15}\text{N}$   $\delta 1$  tail alone (black) or in the presence of 100  $\mu\text{M}$  CK1 $\delta\Delta\text{C}$  and 2.5 mM ATP for 2 hours at 25°C (red). Arrows, chemical shift perturbation of the same peaks from panel B. **C**, Quantification of chemical shift perturbations ( $\Delta\delta_{\text{TOT}}$ , ppm) from the  $^{15}\text{N}-^{13}\text{C}$  CON spectrum of the  $\delta 1$  tail alone or after incubation with CK1 $\delta\Delta\text{C}$  and ATP. Dashed line, significance cutoff at 0.05 ppm; open circle, broadened peaks; \*, unassigned peaks. **D**, Secondary Structure Propensity (SSP) analysis of the  $\delta 1$  tail from chemical shift data. Random coil (blue),  $\alpha$ -helix (pink),  $\beta$ -strand (black). **E**, View of CON spectra showing phosphorylation-dependent changes in the extreme C-terminus and predicted  $\alpha$ -helical region.  $\delta 1$  tail alone (black), with CK1 $\delta\Delta\text{C}$  and ATP for 2 hours at 25 °C (red), or an unquenched partial phosphorylation reaction (orange). **F**,  $^{15}\text{N}-^1\text{H}$  HSQC spectra of 34  $\mu\text{M}$   $\delta 1$  tail alone (black) or in segmentally labeled kinase (gray). G296, only residue broadened in full-length kinase. **G**,  $^{15}\text{N}-^1\text{H}$  HSQC spectra of  $^{15}\text{N}$   $\delta 1$  tail with CK1 $\delta\Delta\text{C}$  and ATP in *trans* (red) or in *cis* (blue) with phosphopeak assignments. **H**,  $^{15}\text{N}$ -edited 1D  $^1\text{H}$  spectra of phosphopeaks in panel G. **I**, Quantification of 1D time course measuring phosphorylation of  $^{15}\text{N}$   $\delta 1$  tail S406 in *trans* (red) or in *cis* (blue) with kinase. **J**, Representative western blot of purified CK1 $\delta 1$  autophosphorylation detected with pSVV ab (n=3). **K**, Representative western blot of myc-CK1 $\delta 1$  or myc-CK1 $\delta 1$  S406/S407/S411A phosphorylation in cells treated with calyculin A (n=3). **L**, Representative western blot of CK1 $\delta 1$  phosphorylation in cells treated with Cal A and PF 670 (n=3).



**Figure 2.2.1**

**A**,  $^{15}\text{N}-^1\text{H}$  CON spectra of  $100 \mu\text{M} ^{13}\text{C}, ^{15}\text{N} \delta 1$  tail alone (black) or in the presence of  $100 \mu\text{M} \text{CK1}\delta\Delta\text{C}$  without ATP (blue). **B**,  $^{15}\text{N}-^1\text{H}$  HSQC spectra of  $100 \mu\text{M} ^{15}\text{N} \delta 2$  tail alone (black) or in the presence of  $100 \mu\text{M} \text{CK1}\delta\Delta\text{C}$  (blue) and  $2.5 \text{ mM ATP}$  (red) for 2 hours at  $25^\circ\text{C}$ ; dashed box, peaks corresponding to phosphorylated residues. Arrows, chemical shift perturbation with kinase alone or with phosphorylation. **C**,  $^{15}\text{N}-^1\text{H}$  CON spectra of  $400 \mu\text{M} ^{13}\text{C}-^{15}\text{N} \text{CK1}\delta 1$  tail ( $\delta 1$ ) and  $^{13}\text{C}-^{15}\text{N} \text{CK1}\delta 2$  tail ( $\delta 2$ ) alone (purple) or in the presence of Sortase A (blue).

$\mu\text{M}$   $^{13}\text{C},^{15}\text{N}$   $\delta 1$  tail alone (black) compared to  $400 \mu\text{M}$   $^{13}\text{C},^{15}\text{N}$   $\delta 2$  tail alone (purple) with isoform-specific assignments. **D**, Peak intensity of  $^{15}\text{N}-^{13}\text{C}$  CON  $\delta 2$  compared to  $\delta 1$ ; \*, unassigned peaks. **E**, Synthetic scheme for segmental isotopic labeling of the  $\delta 1$  tail in a full-length kinase. **F**,  $^{15}\text{N}-^1\text{H}$  HSQC spectra of  $34 \mu\text{M}$   $^{15}\text{N}$   $\delta 1$  tail alone (black) or the segmentally labeled kinase with  $2.5 \text{ mM ATP}$  (red) for 2 hours at  $25^\circ\text{C}$ . **G**, Identification of  $\delta 1$ -specific phosphorylation sites from full-length autophosphorylated CK1 $\delta 1$  after trypsin digest and LC/MS-MS. **H**, ELISA of unphosphorylated CK1 $\delta 1$  tail peptide or a triply phosphorylated CK1 $\delta 1$  tail peptide with the pSVV ab ( $n=3$  mean  $\pm$  s.d.). **I**, ELISA of CK1 $\delta 1$  pS411 tail peptide or CK1 $\delta 1$  pS406 pS407 tail peptide with the pSVV ab ( $n=3$  mean  $\pm$  s.d.).

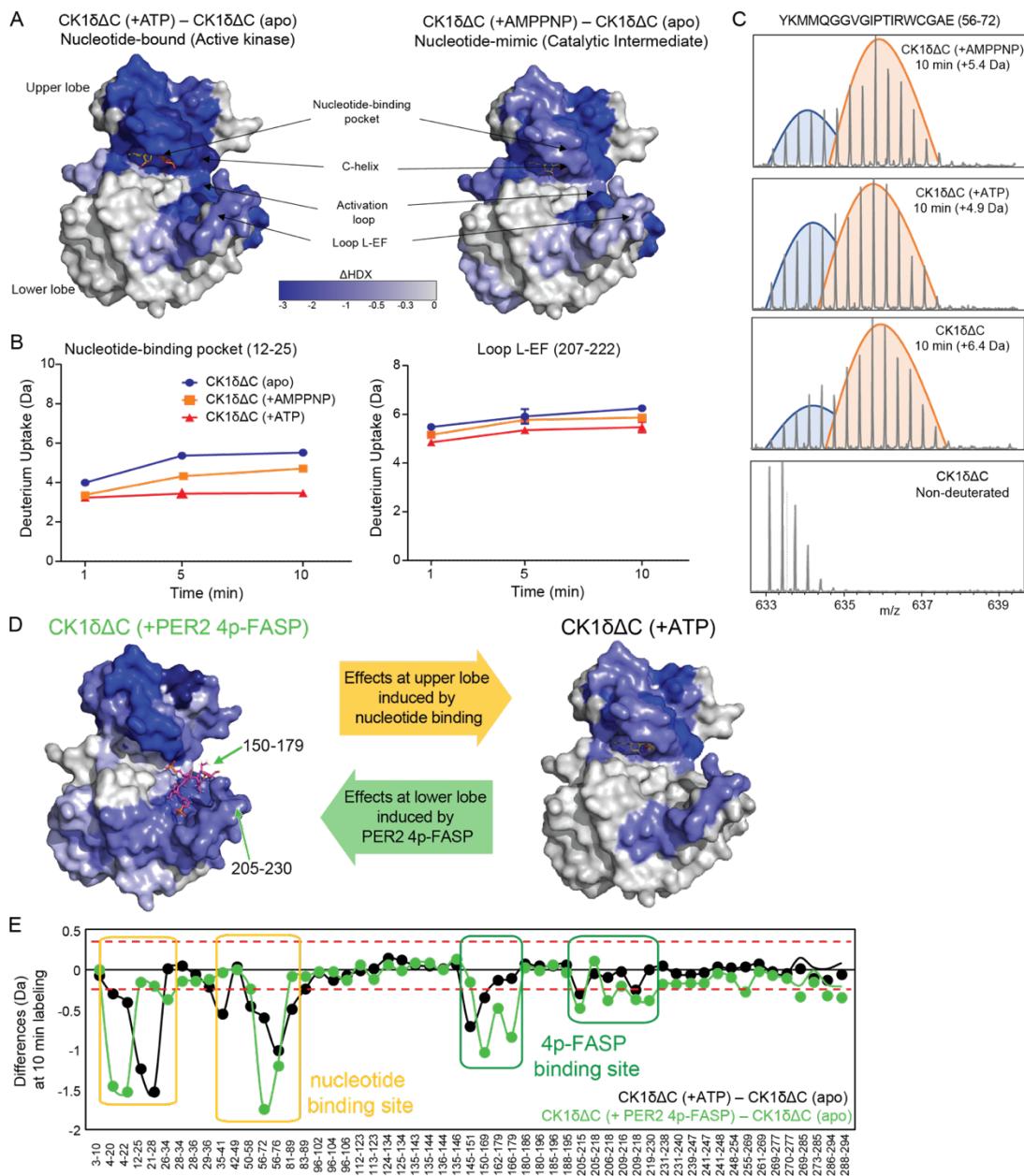
#### 2.4.3 Structural dynamics of CK1 $\delta$ by HDX-MS in the presence of nucleotides or inhibitors

Kinase domains interact with a number of ligands, from nucleotides and substrates to products and inhibitors, all of which can exert changes in dynamics or structure across the protein [111]. To better understand autoinhibitory interactions between the kinase domain and tails of different CK1 isoforms, we turned to hydrogen-deuterium exchange mass spectrometry (HDX-MS) to characterize the conformational dynamics of different CK1 $\delta$  isoforms. HDX-MS has been a powerful tool to provide insights into conformational dynamics in protein kinases [112-114]. We first explored the effects of nucleotide binding on the isolated kinase domain. Deuterium exchange measurements were carried out for CK1 $\delta\Delta\text{C}$  saturated with either ATP or its non-hydrolyzable analogue AMPPNP. Protection against deuterium

incorporation upon binding to either nucleotide was predominantly observed across the N-terminal lobe and active site (Fig. 2.3A, Fig 2.3.1), with lower deuterium exchange in the bound state reflecting decreased solvent accessibility and increased H-bond formation between the nucleotide-interacting residues. At the active site, ATP binding led to stronger protection than AMPPNP binding, highlighting the specificity of their interactions with CK1 $\delta$  $\Delta$ C (Fig. 2.3B). These effects are similar to those observed for other kinases including PKA, ERK2, IRK, and SRC, as reported by numerous studies [115-118]. In addition to these direct ‘orthosteric’ effects, the binding of ATP and AMPPNP also elicited distal (‘allosteric’) conformational changes across the C-terminal lobe. Reduced deuterium exchange was observed across peptides spanning the DFG motif (residues 145-151), the activation loop (151-179), and loop L-EF (208-218), which are all centered around the substrate-binding cleft/groove (Fig 2.3A). No significant protection was detected in other regions of the C-lobe. Comparison of HDX-MS results also revealed the intrinsic dynamics of CK1 $\delta$  $\Delta$ C, wherein peptides spanning the catalytic cleft and hinge region (residues 56-72) displayed bimodal isotopic distribution of mass spectra (Fig. 2.3C). The two populations indicate the open- and closed-conformations of CK1 $\delta$  $\Delta$ C and the inherent inter-lobe interactions required for catalytic activity.

To validate HDX-MS as an approach to monitor inhibitory interactions on the kinase domain, we also looked at protection of CK1 $\delta$  $\Delta$ C from deuterium

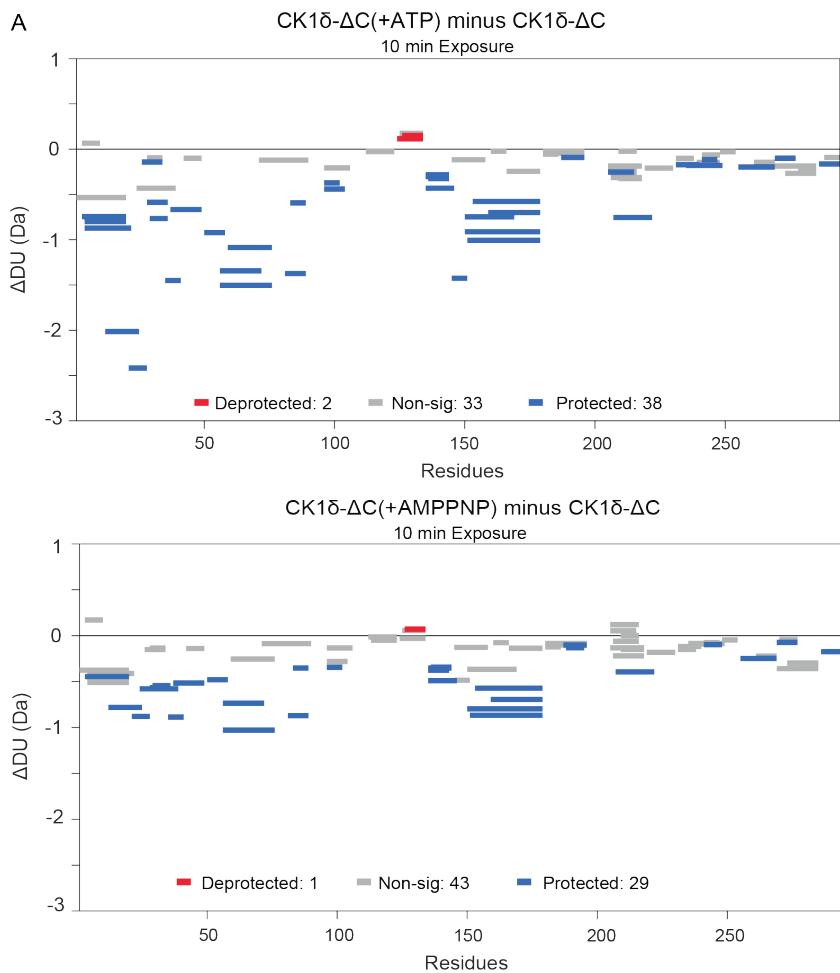
exchange in the presence of a quadruple phosphorylated inhibitory peptide from the PER2 FASP region, known as the 4p-FASP. This interaction has been previously characterized by X-ray crystallography [102]. Comparing the HDX behavior between CK1 $\delta$  $\Delta$ C in the absence and presence of 4p-FASP revealed a reduction in conformational flexibility throughout the kinase domain (Fig. 2.3D), with the largest effects observed at peptides covering the nucleotide-binding site (4-20), hinge region (56-72), activation loop (150-179), and substrate-binding cleft (residues 209-230) (Fig. 2.3E), close to two conserved anion binding sites (located around R178 and K224) that mediate a direct interaction with the 4p-FASP peptide [102]. Comparing the effects of 4p-FASP binding to the HDX profile of ATP-bound CK1 $\delta$  $\Delta$ C (Fig. 2.3D, E), we found that a larger segment of the activation loop and C-lobe had reduced solvent accessibility with 4p-FASP. These HDX-MS results confirm and extend findings from the co-crystal structure and illustrate how a phosphorylated substrate interacts with the substrate binding domain to substantially impact the conformational flexibility of CK1 $\delta$ .



**Figure 2.3 HDX-MS reveals dynamics in the CK1 $\delta$  kinase domain in catalytic intermediate, active, and inhibited states**

**A**, Structural representations of CK1 $\delta$  kinase domain (PDB: 6PXO, with ATP (yellow) from PDB: 6RU6) indicating the regions with reduced deuterium exchange when saturated with ATP (left) or the ATP-analogue AMPPNP (right). Differences in deuterium exchange at 10

min labeling time are mapped in shades of blue as indicated. **B**, Kinetic plot of relative deuterium uptake for peptides spanning the nucleotide-binding pocket (left) and the catalytic loop (right) for CK1 $\delta\Delta$ C apo (blue), with ATP (red), or AMPPNP (orange). Average values ( $n = 6$ ) from technical and biological replicates were used to generate the plot. **C**, Stacked mass spectral plots for peptide containing residues 56-72 with bimodal isotopic distribution at 10 min labeling time with lower (blue) and higher (orange) exchanging populations of CK1 $\delta\Delta$ C apo, or with ATP or AMPPNP, and a non-deuterated control. **D**, Structural representation of deuterium exchange at 10 min with ATP (right, PDB: 6PXO, with ATP (yellow) from PDB: 6RU6) or 4p-FASP (left, PDB: 8D7O). **E**, Comparison of differences in deuterium exchange of CK1 $\delta\Delta$ C in the presence and absence of 4p-FASP (green) or ATP (black) after 10 min labeling. Dashed line, significance threshold of  $\pm 0.28$  Da. The deuterium exchange values are tabulated in Supplementary Table 1.



**Figure 2.3.1 Conformational changes mediated by nucleotide binding to CK1 $\delta$**

**A**, Woods differential plots showing the effect of ATP (top) or AMPPNP (bottom) relative to apo CK1 $\delta$ ΔC. Plots generated using Deuterios 2.0. The 99.0% confidence interval was used to highlight peptides with significant deprotection (red), or protection (blue) compared to no change (gray) in deuterium exchange.

#### **2.4.4 HDX-MS reveals the impact of CK1 $\delta$ isoforms on structural dynamics of the kinase**

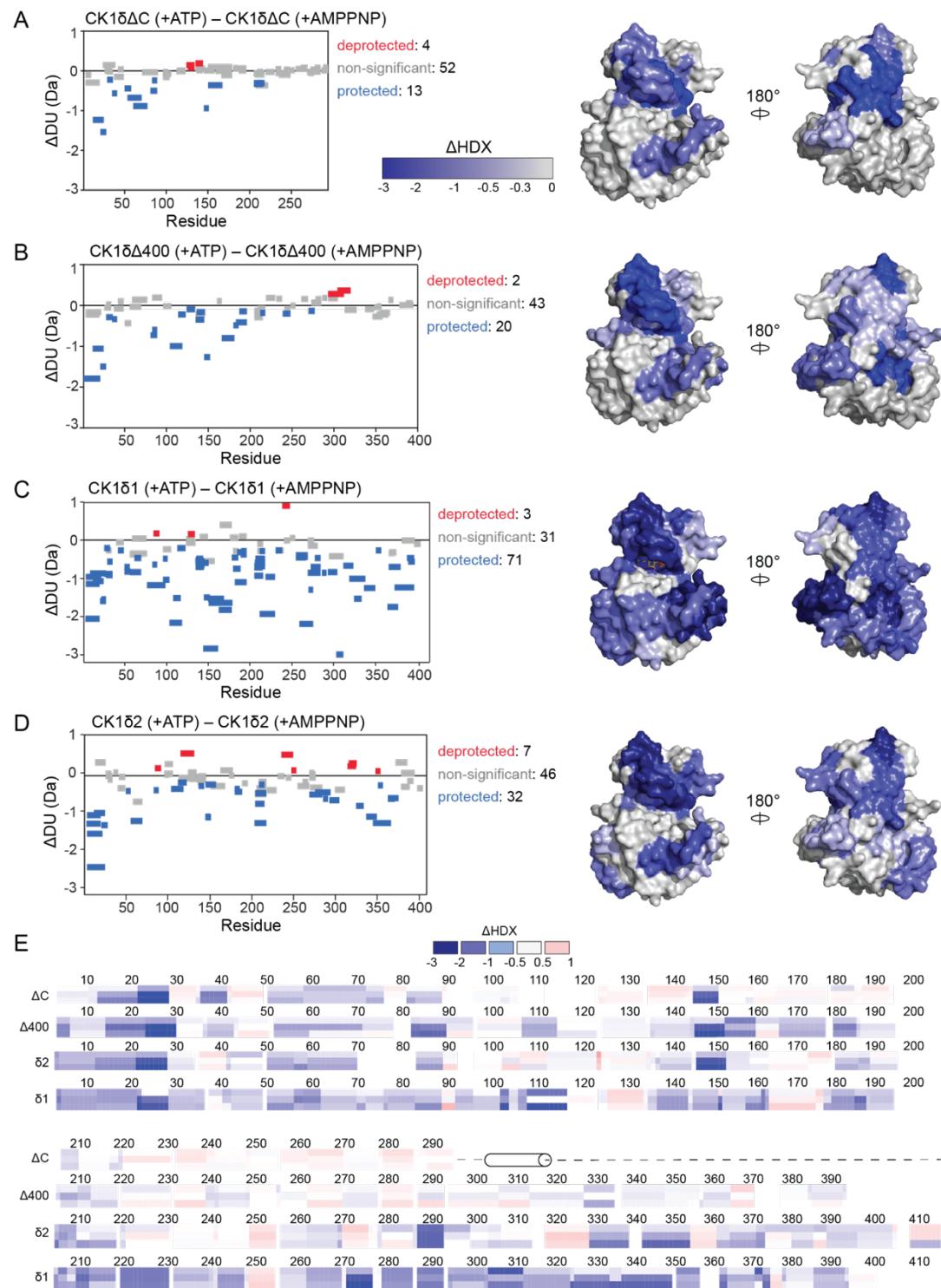
To explore how differences in isoform phosphorylation affect interactions within CK1 $\delta$ , we preincubated CK1 $\delta\Delta C$ , CK1 $\delta\Delta 400$ , CK1 $\delta 1$ , and CK1 $\delta 2$  for 15 min at 25 °C with excess AMPPNP or ATP to block or promote autophosphorylation, respectively, and then compared deuterium exchange profiles by HDX-MS (Fig. 2.4). The HDX-MS results, shown as Woods differential plots, highlight the peptides that undergo significant protection from deuterium exchange in the presence of ATP in blue, while peptides with increased exchange are in red (Fig. 2.4A-D). Similar to the results shown in figure 3, we observed protection in CK1 $\delta\Delta C$  in peptides covering primarily the N-lobe and substrate-binding groove (Fig. 2.4A). Similar changes in HDX profiles were observed for CK1 $\delta\Delta 400$ , which lacks the XCT, including across the N-lobe at the hinge region and  $\alpha C$  helix, and the activation loop in the C-lobe (Fig. 2.4B). Two peptides at the junction between the kinase domain and the tail (residues 293-312 and 304-320) experienced a small but significant increase in deuterium exchange, indicating increased flexibility of this region upon ATP binding, although no other significant changes were observed along the C-terminal tail of CK1 $\delta\Delta 400$  (Fig. 2.4B).

The presence of CK1 $\delta 1$  and CK1 $\delta 2$  XCTs led to different degrees of protection comparing autophosphorylation conditions (ATP) versus the non-hydrolyzable analogue AMPPNP (Fig 2.4C, D). In the kinase domain, CK1 $\delta 2$  differed from CK1 $\delta\Delta 400$  by modestly enhancing protection of the nucleotide

binding pocket (Fig 2.4D). However, CK1 $\delta$ 1, with its preferential phosphorylation sites in the XCT, was strikingly different. CK1 $\delta$ 1 autophosphorylation led to a large majority of peptides (71 peptides in CK1 $\delta$ 1 versus only 32 in CK1 $\delta$ 2) showing significant protection against deuterium exchange, spanning the N-lobe and the C-lobe. Peptides spanning the length of the disordered tail on CK1 $\delta$ 1 also showed significant protection, suggesting solvent inaccessibility, possibly due to interdomain interactions. CK1 $\delta$ 2 also had many peptides in the C-terminal tail that showed protection against deuterium exchange, albeit to a lesser extent (Fig. 2.4D, E).

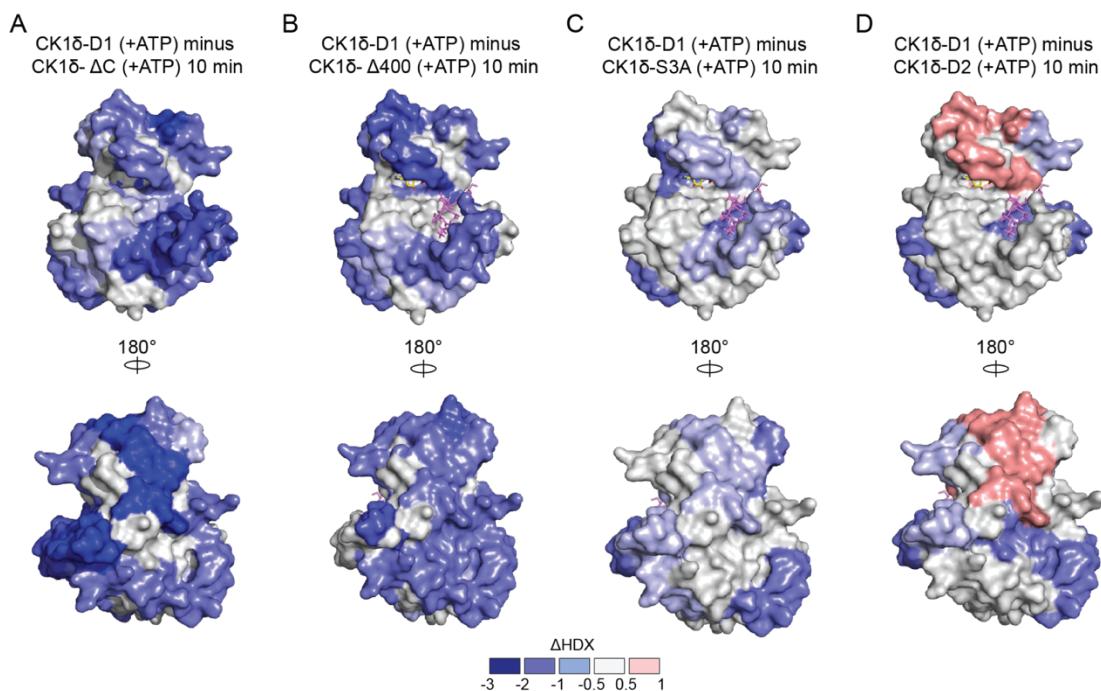
To further understand changes in structural dynamics mediated by phosphorylation, we analyzed residue-specific deuterium exchange by analysis of overlapping peptides, represented as heat maps for each construct (Fig. 2.4E). These provide a comparative overview of time-dependent changes in exchange kinetics across the protein, including the C-terminal tail, and how truncation or splice isoforms influence this. These changes likely reflect both orthosteric effects of nucleotide-binding, as well as allosteric effects induced by the nucleotide and phosphorylation of the C-terminal tail. Lower overall deuterium exchange across CK1 $\delta$ 2 suggests that the  $\delta$ 2 tail has different conformational dynamics and/or interactions with the kinase domain from the  $\delta$ 1 tail, consistent with our NMR data. Furthermore, the effect of different tail lengths on the conformational changes on the kinase domain are clear when monitoring the HDX profiles of CK1 $\delta$ 1 with its other isoforms. With shortening

of tail from CK1 $\delta$ 1 to CK1 $\delta$  $\Delta$ C, progressive decreases in deuterium exchange were observed across most peptides of the kinase domain (Fig. 2.4.1). The most notable changes were seen for peptides spanning the active site, anion binding sites, and substrate binding cleft. These results highlight the interactions mediated by the tail with the kinase domain to regulate autoinhibition.



**Figure 2.4 Impact of CK1 $\delta$  tail on structural dynamics of the kinase.**

**A-D**, Left, Woods differential plots showing deuterium exchange between ATP-bound and AMPPNP-bound states of different CK1 $\delta$  constructs: **(A)** CK1 $\delta$ ΔC; **(B)** CK1 $\delta$ Δ400; **(C)** CK1 $\delta$ 1; and **(D)** CK1 $\delta$ 2 at 10 min labeling time. Data available in Supplementary Table 2. Peptides showing significant protection (blue), deprotection (red), or non-significant (gray) deuterium exchange based on  $\pm 0.28$  Da cutoff (confidence interval 99.0%). Right, corresponding structural representation of deuterium exchange differences at 10 min. **E**, Heat map of changes by residue in relative fractional uptake at 1 (top), 5 (middle), and 10 (bottom)-min labeling times for indicated constructs between ATP-bound and AMPPNP-bound states.



**Figure 2.4.1 Comparing the effects of varying tail lengths with full-length CK1 $\delta$**

**A-D**, Structural representations of the differences in relative deuterium uptake values between CK1 $\delta$ 1 with different isoforms **A**, CK1 $\delta$ ΔC, **B**, CK1 $\delta$ Δ400, **C**, CK1 $\delta$ 1 S3A, and **D**, CK1 $\delta$ 2 in ATP-bound states. The differences in RFU are mapped onto the kinase domain

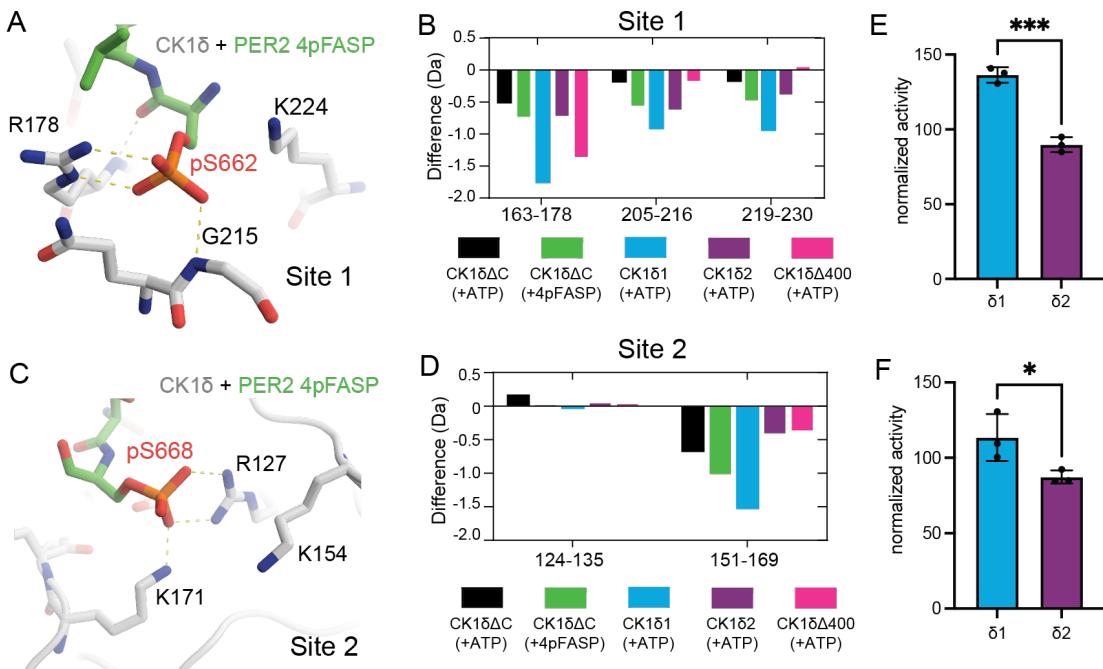
(PDB: 6PXO) in front (top) and rear (bottom) views and are calculated as described in methods.

#### **2.4.5 Anion binding sites on the kinase domain play a role in autoinhibition by the $\delta$ 1 tail**

One defining feature of CK1 is two anion binding sites near the active site that participate in substrate positioning and the conformation of the activation loop [55, 104]. The phosphorylated PER2 pFASP peptide docks its phosphate groups into these sites that span the substrate binding cleft of the kinase, thus inhibiting kinase activity (Fig 2.5A, C) [102]. We sought to determine if the phosphorylated XCTs utilize these anion binding sites to inhibit the kinase in a similar manner. First, we tracked changes in deuterium exchange of different kinase constructs by HDX-MS in the presence and absence of ATP, looking specifically at several peptides that are proximal to anion binding site 1 (Fig. 2.5A, B) and site 2 (Fig. 2.5C, D). For anion binding site 1, CK1 $\delta$ 1 showed the greatest protection for all three peptides, with the 4pFASP-bound kinase, CK1 $\delta$ 2, and CK1 $\delta\Delta$ 400 showing moderate protection compared to CK1 $\delta\Delta$ C (Fig. 2.5B). For anion binding site 2, CK1 $\delta$ 1 and the 4pFASP-bound kinase showed greater protection than the others (Fig. 2.5D).

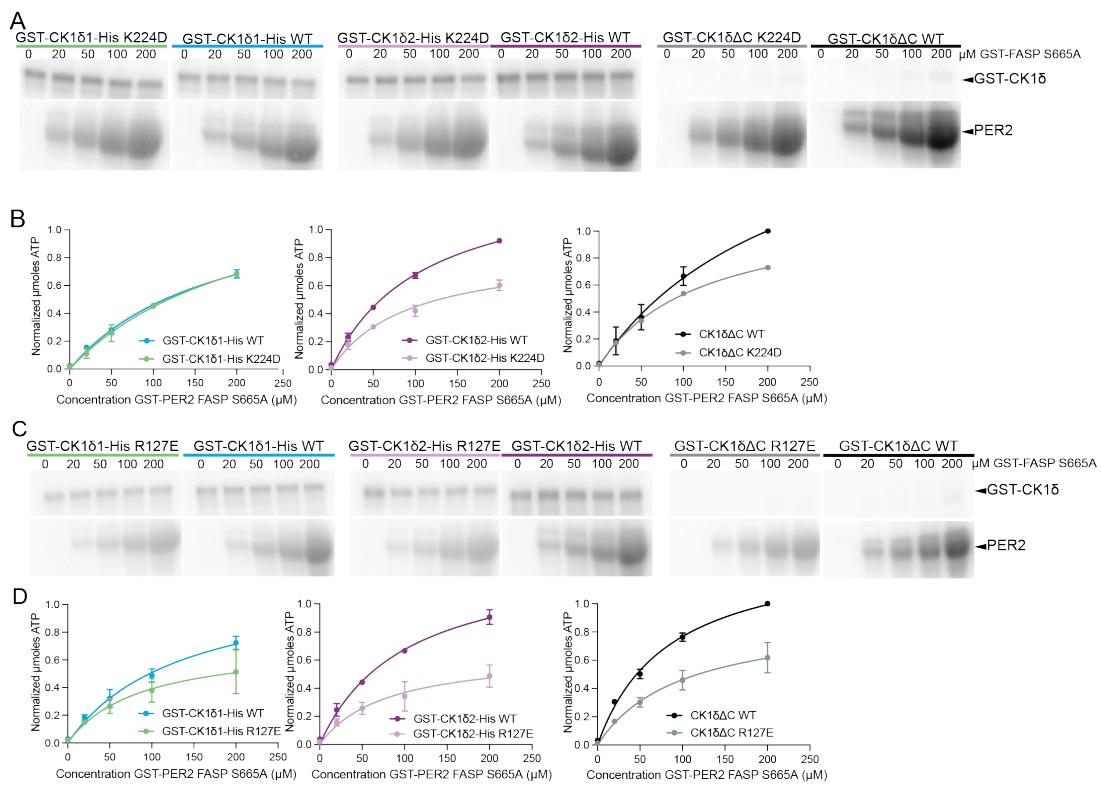
To determine if these sites play a role in inhibition by the tails, we looked at the effect of a single, well-characterized point mutation at each anion binding site [55] on the ability of CK1 $\delta$ 1 or CK1 $\delta$ 2 to phosphorylate the PER2 FASP priming serine. Notably, these anion binding site mutations eliminated inhibition

by the phosphorylated PER2 FASP region [102]. The K224D mutation impaired phosphorylation by CK1 $\delta$ 2 and CK1 $\Delta$ C, which we attribute to impaired substrate positioning based on prior work [55]. Remarkably, the same mutant in CK1 $\delta$ 1 had no decrease in FASP priming (Fig. 2.5E, 2.5.1A-B). Likewise, disruption of site 2 (R127E) had a similar isoform-specific effect on autoinhibition (Fig. 2.5F, 2.5.1C-D), although the effect was more modest than for site 1. We propose that the impaired substrate positioning caused by mutation of the anion binding sites is counter-balanced by relief of autoinhibition in CK1 $\delta$ 1, perhaps due to reduced XCT binding at the mutated anion binding sites.



**Figure 2.5 Anion binding sites on the kinase are required for autoinhibition by the  $\delta$ 1 tail**

**A**, Structural view of CK1 $\delta$  bound to the inhibitory PER2 4p-FASP (PDB: 8D70) showing phosphate coordination by anion binding site 1. **B**, Comparison of protection from deuterium exchange of peptides spanning anion binding site 1 with CK1 $\delta$ ΔC (black), CK1 $\delta$ Δ400 (pink), CK1 $\delta$ 1 (blue), CK1 $\delta$ 2 (purple), and CK1 $\delta$ -ΔC:4pFASP (green). **C**, Structural view of CK1 $\delta$  bound to the inhibitory PER2 4p-FASP (PDB: 8D70) showing phosphate coordination by anion binding site 2. **D**, Comparison of protection from deuterium exchange of peptides spanning anion binding site 2. **E-F**,  $^{32}$ P kinase assays comparing the activity of K224D (**E**) or R127E (**F**) in CK1 $\delta$ 1 (blue) and CK1 $\delta$ 2 (purple) to WT, normalized to the effect of the mutant on the isolated kinase domain (Fig. S5) (n=3, mean  $\pm$  s.d.). Significance assessed by unpaired two-tailed t-test: \*, p<0.05; \*\*\*, p<0.001.



**Figure 2.5.1**

**A**, Representative autoradiographs from  $^{32}\text{P}$  kinase assays of Site 1 mutant K224D or WT kinase construct as indicated on GST-PER2 FASP S665A (n=3). **B**,  $^{32}\text{P}$  kinase assays of anion binding site 1 mutant, K224D, or WT in CK1 $\delta\Delta\text{C}$  (gray/black), CK1 $\delta 1$  (green/blue), and CK1 $\delta 2$  (lavender/purple) on PER2 GST-FASP-S665A (n=3, mean  $\pm$  s.d.). **C**, Representative autoradiographs from  $^{32}\text{P}$  kinase assay of Site 2 mutant R127E or WT kinase construct as indicated on GST-PER2 FASP S665A (n=3). **D**,  $^{32}\text{P}$  kinase assays comparing activity of anion binding site 2 mutant, R127E, or WT in CK1 $\delta\Delta\text{C}$  (gray/black), CK1 $\delta 1$  (green/blue), and CK1 $\delta 2$  (lavender/purple) on PER2 GST-FASP-S665A (n=3, mean  $\pm$  s.d.)

#### **2.4.6 Isoform-specific sequences of CK1 $\delta$ differentially inhibit the kinase domain**

Prior studies have shown that at least two substrates phosphorylated by CK1, the PER2 FASP region and the phosphorylation activation domain (PAD) of p63, inhibit kinase activity by product inhibition [102, 103]. To test if this model holds for CK1 $\delta$  tail autoinhibition, where the isoform-specific peptides encoded by the XCT can act as direct inhibitors of the kinase, we added variably phosphorylated  $\delta 1$  or  $\delta 2$  peptides to the kinase in *trans* (Fig. 2.6A). To look at their effect on kinase activity, we used ADP-Glo assays with two PER2 substrates, the FASP region and the Degron, measuring activity with excess phosphopeptide compared to a reaction without peptides. For both substrates, inhibition by the  $\delta 1$  peptides relied more on phosphorylation of the XCT, and the phosphorylated  $\delta 1$  peptides were generally more potent inhibitors than the

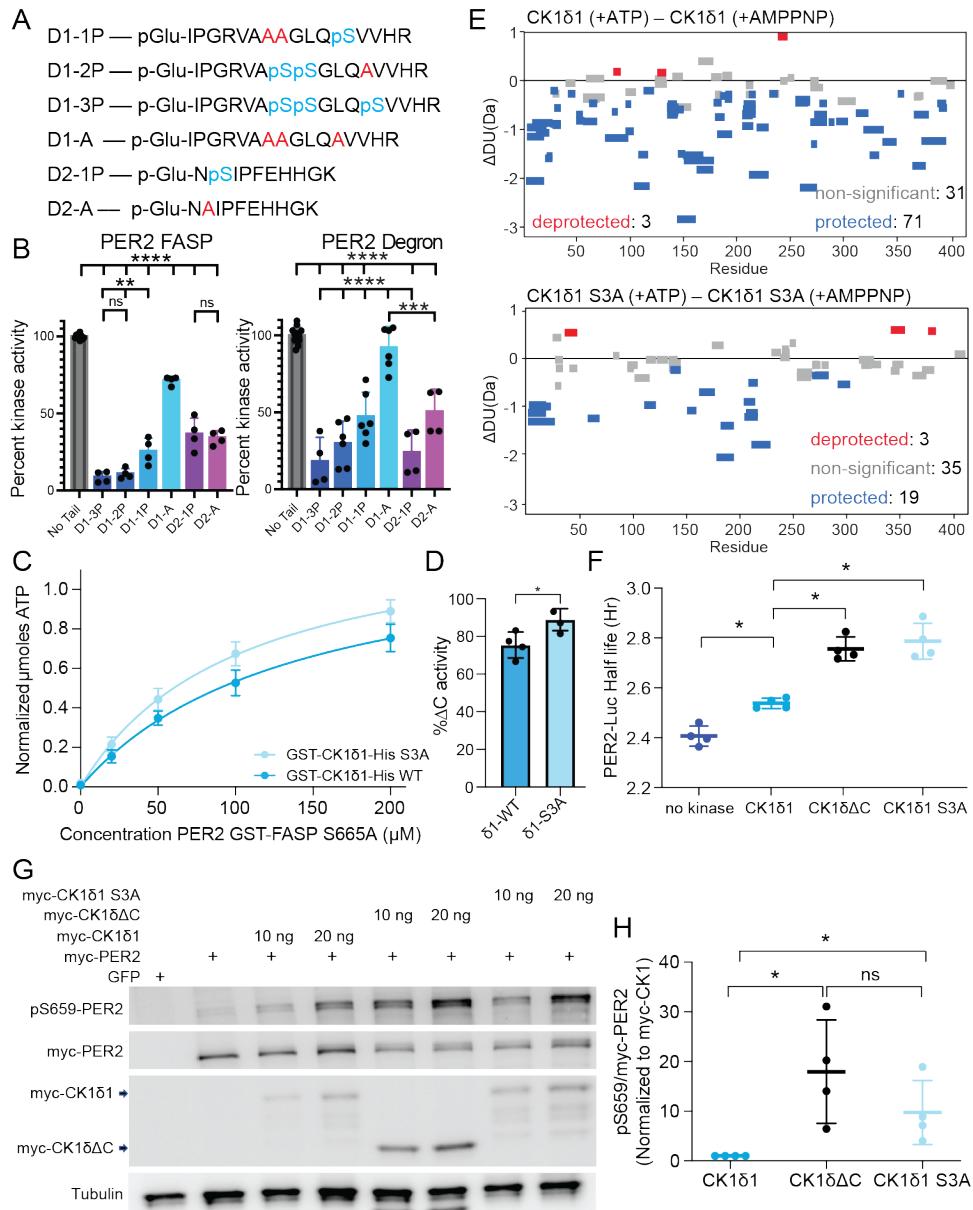
$\delta$ 2 peptides, although there were some differences in the efficacy for the two substrates (Fig. 2.6B, 2.6.1A).

We extended these findings to full-length CK1 $\delta$ 1 and tested if the  $\delta$ 1-specific phosphosites are necessary for inhibition in the full-length protein *in vitro*. We mutated the three unique phosphosites in  $\delta$ 1 to alanines (S3A: S406A/S407A/S411A) and compared the activity to wild-type CK1 $\delta$ 1 on the PER2 FASP S665A substrate (Fig. 2.6C, 2.6.1B). Consistent with the D1-A peptide data, the CK1 $\delta$ 1 S3A mutant showed a modest but significant increase in activity compared to CK1 $\delta$ 1 (Fig. 2.6C, D), demonstrating that phosphorylation of the extreme C-terminus is important for autoinhibition of CK1 $\delta$ 1.

We next tested if the S3A mutant altered the interaction and dynamics of the tail with the kinase domain as assessed by HDX-MS. Strikingly, we found a large decrease in protected peptides in CK1 $\delta$ 1 S3A relative to the wild-type enzyme ((from 71 to 19) Fig. 2.6E, 2.6.1C), spanning both the kinase domain and the C-terminal tail. Indeed, the protection of the kinase domain by CK1 $\delta$ 1 S3A most closely resembled the HDX-MS behavior for CK1 $\delta$ AC (Fig 2.4A), suggesting a near-total loss of tail-kinase interaction in the mutant. Hence, phosphorylation of three serines in the CK1 $\delta$ 1 XCT is likely to be a prerequisite for the interaction of the C-terminal tail with the kinase domain.

These findings led us to examine how the CK1 $\delta$ 1 S3A mutation affected PER2 FASP phosphorylation and half-life in cells. FASP phosphorylation

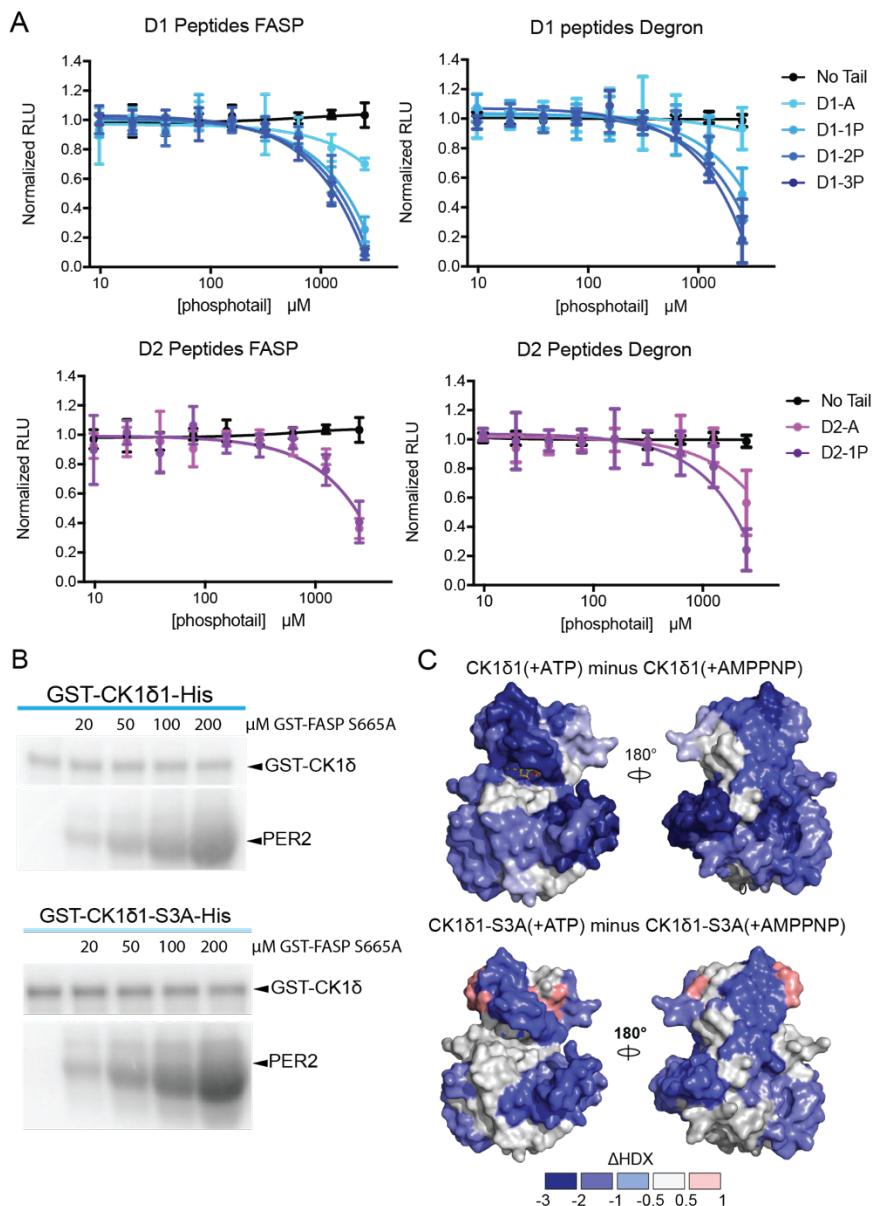
increases the stability of PER2 [57]. Expression of the more active, less autoinhibited forms of CK1 $\delta$ , CK1 $\delta\Delta C$  (Fig. 2.1D), significantly increased the stability of PER2-Luc after cycloheximide treatment in HEK293 cells compared to CK1 $\delta 1$  (Fig. 2.6F). CK1 $\delta 1$  S3A behaved similarly to CK1 $\delta\Delta C$ , demonstrating that loss of XCT phosphorylation in  $\delta 1$  relieved autoinhibition (Fig. 2.6F). As a further test of the effect of the S3A mutation, we measured kinase activity on the FASP priming site in cells. Deletion of the C-terminal tail of CK1 $\delta 1$  (CK1 $\delta\Delta C$ ) or its S3A mutation markedly increased FASP phosphorylation in full-length PER2 in cells (Fig. 2.6G, H). These results confirm that phosphorylation of the three CK1 $\delta 1$ -specific serines is important for its autoinhibition both *in vitro* and *in vivo*.



**Figure 2.6 Variable C-terminal tail length and mutations impacts kinase activity of CK1- $\delta$  on its substrate PER2.**

**A**, Phosphorylated CK1 $\delta$  C-terminal peptides; blue, phosphorylated serines (pS); red, alanine mutations to block phosphorylation. **B**, ADP-Glo kinase assay with phosphorylated CK1 $\delta$  C-terminal peptides on PER2 FASP (left) or Degron (right). Significance assessed by ordinary one-way ANOVA \*\*, p<0.01; \*\*\*\*, p<0.0001 (n=2, mean  $\pm$  s.d.). **C**,  $^{32}$ P kinase

assay of CK1 $\delta$ 1 (blue) or the S3A mutant (light blue) on PER2 GST-FASP-S665A (n=3 mean  $\pm$  s.d.). **D**, Quantification of panel C (n=3 mean + s.d.) Significance assessed by unpaired two-tailed t-test: \*, p<0.05. **E**, Woods differential plots showing deuterium exchange between ATP-bound and AMPPNP-bound states of CK1 $\delta$ 1 (top) and CK1 $\delta$ 1 S3A (bottom) at 10 min labeling. Data available in Supplementary Table 2. Peptides showing significant protection (blue), deprotection (red) or non-significant (gray) deuterium exchange based on  $\pm$ 0.28 Da cutoff (confidence interval 99.0%). **F**, Half-life of PER2-Luc after co-transfection with 10 ng of indicated kinase constructs in HEK 293 cells (n=4 with mean  $\pm$  s.d.). Significance assessed by unpaired two-tailed t-test: \*, p<0.05. **G**, Representative western blot of mouse PER2 FASP priming phosphorylation (pS659) in HEK 293 lysates expressing indicated proteins (n=4). **H**, Quantification of PER2 FASP priming phosphorylation in panel G (n=4 with mean  $\pm$  s.d.). Significance assessed by unpaired two-tailed t-test: \*, p<0.05.



**Figure 2.6.1**

**A**, ADP-Glo kinase assay with phosphorylated CK1 $\delta$  C-terminal peptides, D1 peptides (blue) and D2 peptides (purple), on PER2 FASP (left) or Degron (right). (n=2) **B**, Autoradiograph of  $^{32}$ P kinase assay measuring autophosphorylation of kinase (top) or priming phosphorylation of the PER2 FASP substrate (bottom) for CK1 $\delta$ 1 (blue) and CK1 $\delta$ 1 S3A (light blue). Representative autoradiograph from n = 3. **C**, Structural

representation of the CK1 $\delta$  kinase domain (PDB: 6PXO, with ATP (yellow) from PDB: 6RU6) indicating the regions with differing deuterium exchange in CK1 $\delta$ 1 (top) and CK1 $\delta$ 1 S3A (bottom) comparing ATP to AMPPNP-bound states (right). Differences in deuterium exchange at 10 min labeling time are mapped in shades of blue as indicated.

## 2.5 Discussion

CK1 $\delta$  is considered a constitutively active kinase because it does not require phosphorylation of its activation loop to take on an active conformation. Instead, it relies on autophosphorylation of its C-terminal tail and/or feedback inhibition from phosphorylation of its substrates to regulate kinase activity [77, 79, 102]. While we are beginning to understand mechanisms of feedback inhibition [102, 103], the extent of intrinsic disorder and phosphorylation throughout the tail have impeded mechanistic understanding of autoinhibition. Since the CK1 $\delta$  tail can be phosphorylated by other kinases to regulate its activity in cells [85-87, 89], the role of autophosphorylation *per se* in the regulation of kinase activity *in vivo* has been unclear. The kinase domain was recently reported to autophosphorylate a conserved threonine near the active site to modestly inhibit its activity and alter substrate selectivity [119]. We observed minimal autophosphorylation of the isolated kinase domain relative to the full-length isoforms, but further studies could look at the integration of regulatory autophosphorylation throughout the kinase. Critically, changes in circadian rhythms with two isoforms of CK1 $\delta$  that differ only in the tail

demonstrate unambiguously that the tails have an important role *in vivo* [53, 91]. However, it was not clear from these studies if isoform-specific differences in activity occurred due to regulation of the tail by other kinases or if they were intrinsic to CK1 $\delta$ . Here, we show that CK1 $\delta$  isoforms have inherent differences in activity arising from interactions of the kinase domain and its disordered tail that are specified by isoform-specific differences in autophosphorylation of the XCT.

NMR spectroscopy allowed us to track site-specific autophosphorylation of the CK1 $\delta$  disordered tails for the first time. We found that the 3 serines of the  $\delta$ 1-specific XCT are preferentially phosphorylated over other sites in the tail, whether the tail is phosphorylated by the kinase in *trans* or covalently linked to the kinase domain in *cis*. Chemical shift perturbations provided strong evidence for phosphorylation-independent effects of the kinase domain on the  $\delta$ 2 tail, although further analysis of the  $\delta$ 2 tail by NMR was limited due to extensive peak broadening in the absence of the kinase domain. This behavior is consistent with potential “fuzzy” intramolecular interactions within the  $\delta$ 2 tail, where the tail exhibits multiple transient conformations, as has been shown with other intrinsically disordered proteins [120, 121]. Isoform-specific differences in the dynamics of the disordered tails could contribute to decreased inhibition by the CK1 $\delta$ 2 isoform. Due to the sequence similarity of the XCT between CK1 $\delta$ 2 and CK1 $\epsilon$ , the differences in tail dynamics we observed here could extend to CK1 $\epsilon$ . The presence of disordered C-terminal

tails in orthologs of CK1 $\delta$  in other species also suggest that this could be a conserved mechanism of autoinhibition.

We recently showed that the phosphorylated PER2 FASP substrate inhibits CK1 $\delta$  through interaction with its conserved anion binding sites flanking the substrate binding cleft to regulate circadian rhythms [102]. HDX-MS analysis of the kinase domain bound to the inhibitory 4p-FASP phosphopeptide showed increased protection from deuterium exchange near these sites, confirming that HDX-MS could map inhibitory interactions on the kinase domain. Of the two CK1 $\delta$  isoforms, CK1 $\delta$ 1 showed the greatest deuterium protection across the kinase domain, similar to protection seen with the 4p-FASP peptide. Protection in the kinase domain was moderately reduced in CK1 $\delta$ 2 and essentially eliminated by truncation of the XCT or the S3A mutant that eliminated phosphosites unique to  $\delta$ 1, indicating that phosphorylation of the XCT plays a crucial role in autoinhibition by CK1 $\delta$ 1. We also observed significant protection of the intrinsically disordered tail upon autophosphorylation of both CK1 $\delta$ 1 and CK1 $\delta$ 2 that was eliminated with truncation of the isoform-specific sequences. This suggests that both tails make extensive contact with the kinase domain, although we don't yet understand the specific details of these interactions. A previous study using crosslinking mass spectrometry proposed a possible contact site for part of the CK1 $\epsilon$  tail on the kinase domain, although there were few crosslinks [84], suggesting that further optimization is needed. Our HDX-MS data support a model where the

tails make extensive contacts with the kinase domain, but neither the binding sites nor the orientation of the tail is clear yet.

Based on these results, we propose that autophosphorylation of the CK1 $\delta$  tail dynamically changes its interaction with the kinase domain to regulate kinase activity. Here, we examined the effect of CK1 $\delta$  autophosphorylation on the PER2 phosphoswitch, which controls PER2 stability and the period of circadian rhythms in mammals, including humans [57, 68]. Recent reports identified a role for CRY-PER-CK1 $\delta$  complexes in phosphorylating the CLOCK subunit of the core circadian transcription factor CLOCK:BMAL1 to suppress its transcriptional activation of target genes by displacing the complex from DNA [4, 19]. Therefore, regulation of CK1 $\delta$  activity by its isoform-specific tails could have several roles in regulating circadian rhythmicity, not only through modulating the stability of PER2 but also by instigating transcriptional repression through promoting the release of CLOCK:BMAL1 from DNA. CK1 isoforms also have major roles in pathways beyond circadian rhythms, such as apoptotic signaling [122, 123], Wnt signaling [124-126], and it is overexpressed in several cancers [127, 128]. Therefore, understanding its regulatory mechanisms goes beyond building a mechanistic understanding of circadian rhythms and could help lead to the development of targeted inhibitors that regulate autoinhibition.

## 2.6 MATERIALS AND METHODS

### **Protein constructs, expression, and purification**

All constructs were expressed from TEV-cleavable vectors generated in-house based off the Parallel vector series [129], and have an N-terminal vector artifact (GAMDPEF) remaining after TEV cleavage. Mutations were introduced using the site-directed mutagenesis protocol in [130] and validated by sequencing.

Full-length human CK1 $\delta$  isoforms (CK1 $\delta$ 1, residues 1-415; CK1 $\delta$ 2, residues 1-409) and CK1 $\delta$   $\Delta$ 400 (residues 1-400) were expressed with an N-terminal TEV-cleavable GST tag and a C-terminal His tag. Different constructs of the CK1 $\delta$  catalytic domain, CK1 $\delta$   $\Delta$ C (residues 1-294 or 1-317) were expressed with an N-terminal TEV-cleavable His-GST tag. A construct of the kinase domain for Sortase A-mediated ligations, CK1 $\delta$   $\Delta$ C\*, containing residues 1-294 with a C-terminal Sortase A recognition site (LPETGG) was expressed with an N-terminal TEV-cleavable His-MBP tag. Constructs of isolated CK1 tails (CK1 $\delta$ 1 tail, residues 295-415; CK1 $\delta$ 2 tail, residues 295-409; CK1 $\delta$ 1 short tail, residues 376-415) were expressed with an N-terminal TEV-cleavable His-NusA tag (HNXL) with an N-terminal tryptophan added for UV detection during purification.

Recombinantly expressed human PER2 peptides (FASP peptide, residues 645–687; Degron peptide, residues 475–505) were expressed with an N-terminal TEV-cleavable His-NusA tag when used for the ADP-Glo peptide

inhibition assays or with an N-terminal TEV-cleavable His-GST tag for the radioactive kinase assay. All recombinant PER2 peptides contain an N-terminal tryptophan for UV detection during purification and a polybasic motif (WRKKK) following the vector artifact, as in [102].

GST-lambda ( $\lambda$ ) phosphatase-Strep-tag II was expressed with a TEV-cleavable N-terminal His-GST tag and a C-terminal Strep-tag II. His-Sortase A 7M (Addgene # 51141) and GST- $\lambda$  phosphatase were expressed in BL21 (DE3) *Escherichia coli*, while all CK1 and PER constructs were expressed in Rosetta2 (DE3) *E. coli*. In general, cells were grown in LB media (for natural abundance growths) or M9 minimal media with the appropriate stable isotopes (i.e.,  $^{15}\text{N}/^{13}\text{C}$ ) for NMR as done before [53] at 37°C with shaking until the OD<sub>600</sub> reached ~0.6-0.8. Expression was induced with 0.5 M IPTG, and cells were grown for an additional 16-20 hours at 18°C.

For purification of full-length CK1 $\delta$ , cells were lysed in 50 mM Tris pH 7.5, 500 mM NaCl, 5% glycerol, 1 mM EDTA, 1 mM TCEP, 0.05% Tween using a high-pressure homogenizer. GST-tagged full-length proteins were purified from soluble lysate using Glutathione Sepharose resin (Cytiva) and eluted with buffer containing 50 mM Tris pH 7.5, 500 mM NaCl, 5% glycerol, 1 mM EDTA, 1 mM TCEP, 0.05% Tween, and 25 mM reduced glutathione. To remove phosphorylation from the kinase that may have occurred during expression or

purification, GST-tagged purified proteins were treated with 200 nM GST-λ phosphatase-Strep tag II supplemented with 10 μM MnCl<sub>2</sub> in λ phosphatase buffer (50 mM HEPES pH 7.5, 100 mM NaCl, 0.1 mM EDTA, 1 mM TCEP) overnight at 4°C. Strep-Tactin Sepharose resin (Cytiva) was used to remove GST-λ phosphatase-Strep tag II, and dephosphorylated CK1δ was collected with several washes of 50 mM Tris pH 7.5, 500 mM NaCl, 5% glycerol, 1 mM EDTA, 1 mM TCEP, and 0.05% Tween. Dephosphorylated proteins were then further purified by the C-terminal His-tag using Ni-NTA resin (Qiagen). Full-length dephosphorylated proteins were subsequently purified by size-exclusion chromatography on a HiLoad 16/600 Superdex 200 prep grade column (Cytiva) in 50 mM Tris pH 7.5, 200 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA, 5 mM β-mercaptoethanol (BME), 5% glycerol, and 0.05% Tween, and then frozen in aliquots for storage at -70°C.

For CK1δ catalytic domain preps, cells were lysed in 50 mM Tris pH 7.5, 500 mM NaCl, 5% glycerol, 1 mM EDTA, 1 mM TCEP, 0.05% Tween using a high-pressure homogenizer. His-GST-tagged proteins were purified from soluble lysate using Glutathione Sepharose resin (Cytiva) and eluted with 50 mM Tris pH 7.5, 500 mM NaCl, 5% glycerol, 1 mM EDTA, 1 mM TCEP, 0.05% Tween containing 25 mM reduced glutathione. To cleave the His-GST tag, His-TEV protease was incubated with the protein at 4°C overnight. Cleaved CK1δ ΔC was purified away from His-GST and His-TEV using Ni-NTA resin (Qiagen) and

size-exclusion chromatography on a HiLoad 16/600 Superdex 75 prep grade column (Cytiva) in 25 mM MOPS pH 7.0, 1 mM EDTA, 100 mM NaCl, 5 mM BME, 11 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, and 0.05% Tween, and then frozen in aliquots for storage at -70°C.

For CK1δ ΔC\* preps, cells were lysed in 50 mM Tris pH 7.5, 500 mM NaCl, 2 mM TCEP, 5% glycerol and 25 mM imidazole using a high-pressure extruder homogenizer. His-MBP- CK1δ ΔC\* was purified using Ni-NTA resin (Qiagen) using standard approaches and eluted from the resin using 50 mM Tris pH 7.5, 500 mM NaCl, 2 mM TCEP, 5% glycerol and 250 mM imidazole. His-TEV protease was added to cleave the His-MBP tag from the CK1δ ΔC\* at 4°C overnight. The cleavage reaction was subsequently concentrated and diluted to low imidazole concentration (< 25 mM), and then the kinase was purified away from His-MBP and His-TEV using Ni-NTA resin with 50 mM Tris pH 7.5, 500 mM NaCl, 2 mM TCEP, 5% glycerol and 25 mM imidazole. Protein was collected from the flow-through, then further purified using ion exchange chromatography with a HiTrap SP XL column (Cytiva) preceding size-exclusion chromatography on a HiLoad 16/600 Superdex 75 prep grade column (Cytiva) in 25 mM MOPS pH 7.0, 1 mM EDTA, 100 mM NaCl, 5 mM BME, 11mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, and 0.05% Tween, and then frozen in aliquots for storage at -70°C.

For CK1 $\delta$ 1 tail and CK1 $\delta$ 2 tail preps, cells were lysed in 50 mM Tris pH 7.5, 500 mM NaCl, 2 mM TCEP, 5% glycerol and 25 mM imidazole using a high-pressure extruder homogenizer. His-NusA-tail fusion proteins were purified using Ni-NTA resin (Qiagen) using standard approaches and His-TEV protease was added to cleave the His-NusA tag from the tail on column at 4°C overnight. Tails were purified away from the resin containing His-NusA and His-TEV with 50 mM Tris pH 7.5, 500 mM NaCl, 2 mM TCEP, 5% glycerol and 25 mM imidazole. Tails were further purified by size exclusion chromatography on a HiLoad 16/600 Superdex 75 prep grade column (Cytiva) using NMR buffer (25 mM MOPS pH 7.0, 1 mM EDTA, 100 mM NaCl, 5 mM BME, 11 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, and 0.05% Tween) and frozen in aliquots for storage at -70°C.

For PER2 peptide preps, cells were lysed in 50 mM Tris pH 7.5, 500 mM NaCl, 2 mM TCEP, 5% glycerol and 25 mM imidazole using a high-pressure extruder homogenizer. His-NusA-FASP or His-NusA-Degron fusion proteins were purified using Ni-NTA resin (Qiagen) using standard approaches and His-TEV protease was added to cleave the His-NusA tag from the PER2 peptides on column at 4°C overnight. Peptides were purified away from the resin containing His-NusA and His-TEV with 50 mM Tris pH 7.5, 500 mM NaCl, 2 mM TCEP, 5% glycerol and 25 mM imidazole. Peptides were purified by size exclusion chromatography on a HiLoad 16/600 Superdex 75 prep grade column (Cytiva) using 1X kinase buffer (25 mM Tris pH 7.5, 100 mM NaCl, 10 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, and

2 mM TCEP). For His-GST-tagged PER2 peptides used in the radioactive kinase assays, cells were lysed in 50 mM Tris pH 7.5, 500 mM NaCl, 5% glycerol, 1 mM EDTA, 1 mM TCEP, 0.05% Tween using a high-pressure homogenizer. His-GST-tagged proteins were purified from soluble lysate using Glutathione Sepharose resin (Cytiva) and eluted with 50 mM Tris pH 7.5, 500 mM NaCl, 5% glycerol, 1 mM EDTA, 1 mM TCEP, 0.05% Tween containing 25 mM reduced glutathione. The peptides were further purified using size-exclusion chromatography on a HiLoad 16/600 Superdex 75 prep grade column (Cytiva) in 25 mM Tris pH 7.5, 100 mM NaCl, 10 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, and 2 mM TCEP, and then frozen in aliquots for storage at -70°C.

For His-Sortase A 7M, cells were lysed using a high-pressure extruder homogenizer followed by brief sonication at 4°C. After clarifying lysate on a centrifuge at 4°C at 140,500 × g for 1 hour, protein was captured using Ni-NTA affinity chromatography (Qiagen). The His-tag was cleaved using His-TEV protease on Ni-NTA resin at 4°C overnight. Cleaved protein was then collected from the flow-through and further purified using size exclusion chromatography on a HiLoad 16/600 Superdex 75 prep grade column (Cytiva) in 50 mM Tris, pH 7.5, 150 mM NaCl, and 10% glycerol, and then frozen in aliquots for storage at -70°C.

For GST-λ phosphatase-Strep tag II, cells were lysed in 50 mM Tris pH 7.5, 500 mM NaCl, 5% glycerol, 1 mM EDTA, 1 mM TCEP, 0.05% Tween using a high-pressure homogenizer. Proteins were purified from soluble lysate using Glutathione Sepharose resin (Cytiva) and eluted with a solution containing 50 mM Tris pH 7.5, 500 mM NaCl, 5% glycerol, 1 mM EDTA, 1 mM TCEP, 0.05% Tween, and 25 mM reduced glutathione. λ-phosphatase was further purified using size-exclusion chromatography on a HiLoad 16/600 Superdex 75 prep grade column (Cytiva) in 50 mM HEPES pH 7.5, 100 mM NaCl, 0.1 mM EDTA, and 1 mM TCEP, and then frozen in aliquots for storage at -70°C.

### **Solid-phase synthesis of human PER2 and CK1δ peptides**

The following peptides were synthesized via solid-phase methods and purified to >90% purity by Biopeptide, Co.: human PER2 4pFASP, GKAEpSVApSLTpSQCpSYA (where pS represents a phosphoserine); human CK1δ D1-1P, pGlu-IPGRVAAAGLQpSVVHR; human CK1δ D1-2P, pGlu-IPGRVApSpSGLQAVVHR; human CK1δ D1-3P, pGlu-IPGRVApSpSGLQpSVVHR; human CK1δ D1-A, pGlu-IPGRVAAAGLQAVVHR; human CK1δ D2-1P, pGlu-NpSIPFEHHGK; human CK1δ D2-A, pGlu-NAIPFEHHGK. Following peptides used for ELISA assay were synthesized by Genscript with ≥95% purity, human CK1-δ1 tail peptide: IPGRVASSGLQSVVHR, human CK1-δ1-3P-tail: IPGRVApSpSGLQpSVVHR.

## **Segmental labeling with Sortase A**

To generate the segmentally isotopically labeled kinase, we utilized Sortase A-mediated ligation reactions [107] between a natural abundance kinase domain (CK1 $\delta$   $\Delta$ C\*, harboring the Sortase A recognition motif, LPETGG) and a uniformly  $^{15}$ N-labeled CK1 $\delta$ 1 tail with a free N-terminal glycine left after TEV cleavage. The reaction was incubated and dialyzed overnight at 4°C in (50 mM Tris pH 7.5, 200 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA, 5 mM BME, and 0.05% Tween). The His-Sortase A 7M enzyme was purified away from the reaction using Ni-NTA resin (Qiagen) with 50 mM Tris pH 7.5, 500 mM NaCl, 2 mM TCEP, 5% glycerol and 25 mM imidazole, while the ligated CK1 $\delta$   $\Delta$ C\*- $^{15}$ N CK1 $\delta$ 1 tail product from the flow-through was further purified by size-exclusion chromatography on a Superdex 75 Increase 10/300 GL analytical grade column (Cytiva) in NMR buffer (25 mM MOPS pH 7.0, 1 mM EDTA, 100 mM NaCl, 5 mM BME, 11 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, and 0.05% Tween) and frozen in aliquots for storage at -70°C.

## ***In vitro* kinase activity assays**

### $\gamma^{32}$ P-ATP kinase assay

Radioactive kinase assays were performed using human PER2 His-GST-FASP S665A or GST alone as the substrate. Reaction mixtures were prepared in reaction buffer (25 mM Tris pH 7.5, 200 mM NaCl, 10 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, and 1 mM DTT) with 1  $\mu$ M enzyme and 0-200  $\mu$ M dilutions of the substrate as indicated at 25°C. Reactions were initiated with the addition of 2 mM ATP containing 2

$\mu$ Ci of  $\gamma$ -32p ATP (Perkin Elmer). All reactions were quenched with 2X SDS buffer after an incubation time of 1 hour. SDS-PAGE was performed on samples for each reaction, and the gels were dried at 80°C for 2 hours before being transferred to a storage phosphor screen (Amersham Biosciences) overnight. Images were collected with Typhoon Trio (Amersham Biosciences) and data were analyzed by densitometry using Image J (NIH), Excel (Microsoft), and Prism (GraphPad).

#### ELISA-based kinase assay

2  $\mu$ g/mL of FASP-WT peptide was diluted in carbonate buffer, pH 9.5 and coated onto a 96 well plate (100  $\mu$ L/well). The next day, 50 ng of CK1 $\delta$ 1 full-length (FL) (Signalchem) was incubated in kinase buffer (25 mM Tris pH 7.5, 5 mM beta glycerol phosphate, 2 mM DTT and 0.1 mM sodium orthovanadate) with or without 10 mM magnesium chloride and 200  $\mu$ M ATP to allow for autophosphorylation for 30 min at 25°C in a reaction mixture of 20  $\mu$ L. ELISA plate wells were washed thrice with wash buffer (PBS with 0.05% Tween 20, PBS-T) and once with kinase buffer. Reactions containing CK1 $\delta$ 1-FL purified protein with or without autophosphorylation was added to each well and the plate was incubated at 30°C for 1 hour. Next, the reaction mixture was discarded, and wells were washed with wash buffer thrice and incubated with blocking buffer (PBS-T with 5% BSA) for 1 hour at room temperature. Subsequently, wells were incubated with the polyclonal pS659 Ab, an anti-

rabbit antibody conjugated to Biotin, and Streptavidin-HRP for 1 hour each at room temperature with washing as above after each incubation. For signal detection, TMB reagent (1-Step Ultra TMB-ELISA, Thermo Scientific) was added, incubated at room temperature for color development and quenched by addition of STOP solution (Thermo Scientific). The plate was read at 450 nm using an xMark Spectrophotometer plate reader (BioRad). Each sample was analyzed in triplicate.

#### Autophosphorylation by ELISA and western blotting

For ELISA, 1 µg/ml of indicated tail peptide was diluted in carbonate buffer, pH 9.5 and coated onto a 96 well ELISA plate (100 µl/well) and incubated overnight at 4. The next day, wells were washed with wash buffer (PBS with 0.05% Tween, PBS-T), blocked with blocking buffer for 1 hr (PBS-T with 5% BSA) and incubated with the pSVV antibody for 1 hr at room temperature (RT). Next, wells were incubated with anti-rabbit antibody conjugated to Biotin and further incubated with Streptavidin-HRP for detection. For signal detection, TMB (1-Step Ultra TMB-ELISA, Thermo Scientific) was added, incubated for color development and stopped by addition of STOP solution (Thermo Scientific), which was read at 450 nm using an xMark Spectrophotometer plate reader (BioRad). Each sample was analyzed in triplicate.

For western blot, 75 ng of purified CK1 $\delta$ 1 full-length (FL) protein (Signalchem) was incubated in kinase buffer (25 mM Tris pH 7.5, 5 mM beta glycerol phosphate, 2 mM DTT and 0.1 mM sodium orthovanadate) without or with 10 mM magnesium chloride and 200  $\mu$ M ATP (for autophosphorylation) for 30 min at 25°C. Then, Lammelli Buffer was added to samples and they were processed for SDS-PAGE and western blot. Either purified protein samples or whole cell extracts of transfected HEK293 cells lysed with cell lysis buffer (50 mM Tris-HCl pH 8.0, 150 mM NaCl, 1% Nonidet P-40, and 0.5% deoxycholic acid containing Complete protease inhibitors (Roche) and PhosStop phosphatase inhibitors (Roche)) were analyzed by denaturing SDS-PAGE, which was transferred to a PVDF membrane (Immobilon, Millipore). The blot was blocked and then probed using indicated primary antibodies and appropriate secondary antibodies conjugated with HRP as described. Signal was detected with ECL reagents from Thermo Fisher Scientific. Densitometric analysis of bands was performed using ImageJ (National Institutes of Health).

#### ADP-Glo peptide inhibition assay

Kinase reactions were performed on the recombinant human PER2 FASP or Degron using the ADP-Glo kinase assay kit (Promega) according to manufacturer's instructions. Synthetic peptide inhibitors were solubilized in water at a concentration of 10 mM. All kinase reactions were performed in 30  $\mu$ L reactions in duplicate ( $n = 3$  independent assays) with 100  $\mu$ M ATP, 0.2  $\mu$ M

CK1 $\delta$   $\Delta$ C kinase, and 50  $\mu$ M FASP or 100  $\mu$ M Degron substrates were incubated in 1X kinase buffer (25 mM Tris pH 7.5, 100 mM NaCl, 2 mM TCEP, 10 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>) at room temperature for 1 hour for FASP or 3 hours for Degron in the presence of increasing amounts of synthetic  $\delta$ 1 or  $\delta$ 2 peptides as indicated. 5  $\mu$ L aliquots were quenched with ADP-Glo reagent after incubation, and luminescence measurements were taken at room temperature with a SYNERGY2 microplate reader (BioTek) in black opaque 384-well microplates. Data analysis was performed using Prism (GraphPad).

### **PER2::LUC stability assays**

Mouse PER2::LUC expression plasmids (10 ng) were transiently transfected alone or with myc-CK1 $\delta$ 1, myc-CK1 $\delta$  $\Delta$ C, or myc-CK1 $\delta$ 1-S3A (10 ng) in 35 mm dishes of HEK293 cells in phenol red-free DMEM in the presence of 100 mM D-luciferin (#122799, PerkinElmer), 10 mM HEPES and 1.2 g/L sodium bicarbonate. Dishes were sealed with 40 mm cover glasses and vacuum grease and incubated in the LumiCycle (Actimetrics). The next day, 40  $\mu$ g/mL cycloheximide (Sigma-Aldrich) was added per 35 mm dish. Luminescence data were used to calculate PER2::LUC half-life in Prism (GraphPad) using one-phase decay algorithm as described previously [57]. Briefly, half-lives were calculated using the one-phase decay algorithm in Prism (GraphPad) using the raw luciferase activity, beginning from the point of cycloheximide addition to the plateau at minimum luciferase activity ( $n = 4$ ).

## NMR spectroscopy

NMR spectra were collected on a Varian INOVA 600 MHz, or a Bruker 800 MHz spectrometer equipped with a  $^1\text{H}$ ,  $^{13}\text{C}$ ,  $^{15}\text{N}$  triple resonance z-axis pulsed-field-gradient cryoprobe. Spectra were processed using NMRPipe [131] and analyzed using CCPNmr Analysis [132]. Spectra were collected in NMR buffer (25 mM MOPS pH 7.0, 1 mM EDTA, 100 mM NaCl, 5 mM BME, 11 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, and 0.05% Tween) with 10% D<sub>2</sub>O at 25°C. The backbone assignment of the  $\delta 1$  and  $\delta 2$  tails was accomplished using standard NH-edited triple-resonance experiments [HN(CA)CO, HNCO, HNCACB, and CBCA(CO)NH] and four-dimensional carbon direct-detection methods such as (HACA)N(CA)CON and (HACA)N(CA)NCO. Phosphopeak assignments of the CK1 $\delta 1$  short tail were accomplished using standard NH-edited triple-resonance experiments [HN(CA)CO, HNCO, and HNCACB].

Chemical shift perturbation ( $\Delta\delta$ ) or the change in  $^{13}\text{C}$ - $^{15}\text{N}$  CON peak position was calculated using the following equation:

$$\Delta\delta = \sqrt{(N\Delta_{\text{ppm}}\alpha)^2 + (CO\Delta_{\text{ppm}})^2}$$

where  $\Delta_{\text{ppm}}$  is the change in chemical shift and a value of  $\alpha = 0.3$  was used to normalize between  $^{15}\text{N}$  and  $^{13}\text{C}$  chemical shift ranges. NMR kinase reactions were performed at 25°C with 100  $\mu\text{M}$   $^{13}\text{C}$ ,  $^{15}\text{N}$  CK1 $\delta 1$  tail or CK1 $\delta 2$  tail, 2.5 mM ATP and 100  $\mu\text{M}$  CK1 $\delta$  AC. Samples were incubated for 2 hours and quenched

with 20 mM EDTA, then  $^1\text{H}$ - $^{15}\text{N}$  HSQC spectra (total data acquisition = 20 min) and  $^{13}\text{C}$ - $^{15}\text{N}$  CON spectra (total acquisition time= 9 hr 32 min) were collected. The incubation time to reach saturation of the kinase reaction with CK1 $\delta$ 1 short tail was determined by collecting a series of  $^1\text{H}$ - $^{15}\text{N}$  HSQC spectra (53 20-min spectra for a total acquisition time = 1,060 min) of 100  $\mu\text{M}$   $^{13}\text{C}$ , $^{15}\text{N}$  CK1 $\delta$ 1 short tail, 2.5 mM ATP and 100  $\mu\text{M}$  CK1 $\delta$   $\Delta\text{C}$  at 25°C. For phosphopeak assignments, the CK1 $\delta$ 1 short tail kinase reaction was then performed with 100  $\mu\text{M}$   $^{13}\text{C}$ , $^{15}\text{N}$  CK1 $\delta$ 1 short tail, 2.5 mM ATP and 100  $\mu\text{M}$  CK1 $\delta$   $\Delta\text{C}$  incubated overnight at 25°C and quenched with 20 mM EDTA, then  $^1\text{H}$ - $^{15}\text{N}$  HSQC spectra (total data acquisition = 20 min),  $^{13}\text{C}$ - $^{15}\text{N}$  CON spectra (total acquisition time= 9 hr 32 min), and triple-resonance experiments were collected.

Segmentally labeled NMR kinase reactions were performed at 25°C with 34  $\mu\text{M}$  CK1 $\delta$   $\Delta\text{C}^*$ - $^{15}\text{N}$  CK1 $\delta$ 1 and 2.5 mM ATP. Samples were prepared as described above, and then  $^1\text{H}$ - $^{15}\text{N}$  HSQC spectra (total data acquisition= 2 hours) were collected. For the phosphorylation kinetic assays, reactions were performed at 25°C with 34  $\mu\text{M}$  CK1 $\delta$   $\Delta\text{C}^*$ - $^{15}\text{N}$  CK1 $\delta$ 1 tail, or 34  $\mu\text{M}$  CK1 $\delta$   $\Delta\text{C}^*$  and 34  $\mu\text{M}$   $^{15}\text{N}$  CK1 $\delta$ 1 tail in *trans*, and then  $^{15}\text{N}$ -edited 1D  $^1\text{H}$  spectra were collected (224 data points at 6 min per spectrum for a total data acquisition= 1,344 min) immediately after the addition of 2.5 mM ATP. Spectra were processed using MestreNova (MestreLab), and data analysis was performed using Excel (Microsoft) and Prism (GraphPad).

## **Hydrogen-deuterium exchange mass spectrometry**

### **Sample preparation**

To determine the effects of the nucleotide binding and monitor catalytic activity, hydrogen-deuterium exchange mass spectrometry (HDX-MS) was performed for different CK1 $\delta$  constructs in the presence and absence of ATP or AMPPNP. Different CK1 $\delta$  constructs were incubated with either ATP (~800  $\mu$ M) or AMPPNP (~1.2 mM), or neither (apo), and 2 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub> for 15 min at 25 °C before each hydrogen-deuterium exchange reaction. For HDX of CK1 $\delta$   $\Delta$ C bound to the PER2 4p-FASP peptide, an excess of the peptide substrate (2 mM final concentration) was incubated with CK1 $\delta$   $\Delta$ C in the presence of ADP and MgCl<sub>2</sub>. Hydrogen-deuterium labeling was initiated by diluting 60-65 pmol of CK1 $\delta$  saturated with ATP or AMPPNP as indicated above in a reaction buffer prepared in deuterium oxide (D<sub>2</sub>O, final concentration of 90%). Pulse-labeling reactions were carried out for 1, 5, and 10-minute timepoints, after which the exchange was minimized by lowering the pH to 2.5 and temperature to 0°C by adding pre-chilled quench solution (0.5 M Guanidinium hydrochloride, 0.1 M TCEP). Non-deuterated controls were carried out by diluting nucleotide-free CK1 $\delta$  proteins in an aqueous reaction buffer instead of a deuterated buffer.

### **Mass spectrometry data acquisition**

For nanoLC-MS/MS analyses, each quenched sample was subjected to in-line proteolysis using the Enzymate™ immobilized pepsin cartridge (Waters, USA). The digestion was left to proceed for 3 minutes at 12°C, and the resulting

peptide mixtures were analyzed with nanoACQUITY M-class UPLC (Waters, UK) equipped with a trapping column (VanGuard C18, 5 µm particle size) and an analytical column (BEH C18, 75 µm × 100 mm, 1.7 µm particle size) maintained at 3°C to minimize back-exchange [133]. The aqueous solvent was 0.1% formic acid in LC-MS grade water, and the organic solvent was 0.1% formic acid in HPLC-grade acetonitrile. A 10-minute gradient was used to resolve and elute the peptides by reverse-phase chromatography. The peptides were then identified by Synapt G2-Si high-resolution mass spectrometer (Waters, UK). Briefly, the mass spectrometer was operated in positive polarity, data-independent (DIA) fragmentation and ion-mobility (HDMS<sup>E</sup>) mode separation. Mass spectrometer parameters were as described previously [134]. Glu-fibrinopeptide reference ( $m/z = 785.8426$ ) was continuously sprayed every 30 seconds during ESI-MS experiments using the lockspray device to ensure mass accuracy.

### HDX data analysis

Peak lists for identifying and annotating the peptides from non-deuterated controls were generated by Protein Lynx Global Server v3.0 (Waters, USA), using human CK1δ (Uniprot: P48730) construct-specific protein database and searched against the parameters described previously [134]. Peptide mass measurements for individual peptides were assigned using DynamX v3.0 software (Waters, USA). Peptides with a minimum intensity of 2000, maximum length of 25 amino acids, and mass error within  $\pm 10$  ppm were considered for

analysis. Deuterium exchange measurements were determined for all labeling timepoints across different protein states and were manually verified, but the data were not corrected for back-exchange. Only peptides with high signal-to-noise ratio and non-overlapping spectra were considered for final analysis. All measurements were done in biological duplicates and technical triplicates, with statistical analysis done using Deuteros 2.0 [135] and tabulated as Supplementary Tables 1-3.

### **HDX data representation**

Relative fractional deuterium uptake (RFU) is the ratio of the number of deuterons exchanged to the maximum number of available amides per peptide. Differences in deuterium exchange ( $\Delta$ DU) were calculated as differences in centroid values of a deuterated peptide in protein condition with its corresponding deuterated peptide in a different protein condition. The pepsin digestion maps showing the sequence coverage of various CK1 $\delta$  constructs and their corresponding deuterium uptake values are provided in Supplementary Tables 1 and 2. HDX profiles between different nucleotide bound CK1 $\delta$  constructs indicated in Supplementary Figure S4 were compared by subtracting the RFU values for common peptides, as per the following scheme:

$$\Delta\text{DU} = \text{RFU}_{\text{CK1}\delta 1(+\text{ATP})} - \text{RFU}_{x(+\text{ATP})}$$

where x = CK1 $\delta$ 2, CK1 $\delta$ 1 S3A, CK1 $\delta$  Δ400, or CK1 $\delta$  ΔC

### **Quantification and statistical analysis**

All statistical analyses were done using Prism (GraphPad). P-values were calculated using Students t-test, one-way ANOVA with Tukey's multiple comparisons test, or extra sum of squares F-test as indicated in different figures. In all figures, \* indicates  $p<0.05$ , \*\* $p<0.01$ , \*\*\* $p<0.001$ , \*\*\*\* $p<0.0001$ , ns, not significant.

### **Data availability**

NMR chemical shift assignments for the human CK1  $\delta 1$  and  $\delta 2$  tails have been deposited at BMRB and will be publicly available upon publication.

## **Chapter 3**

### **Future Directions**

#### **3.1 Anion binding sites on the catalytic domain contribute to isoform-specific autoinhibition**

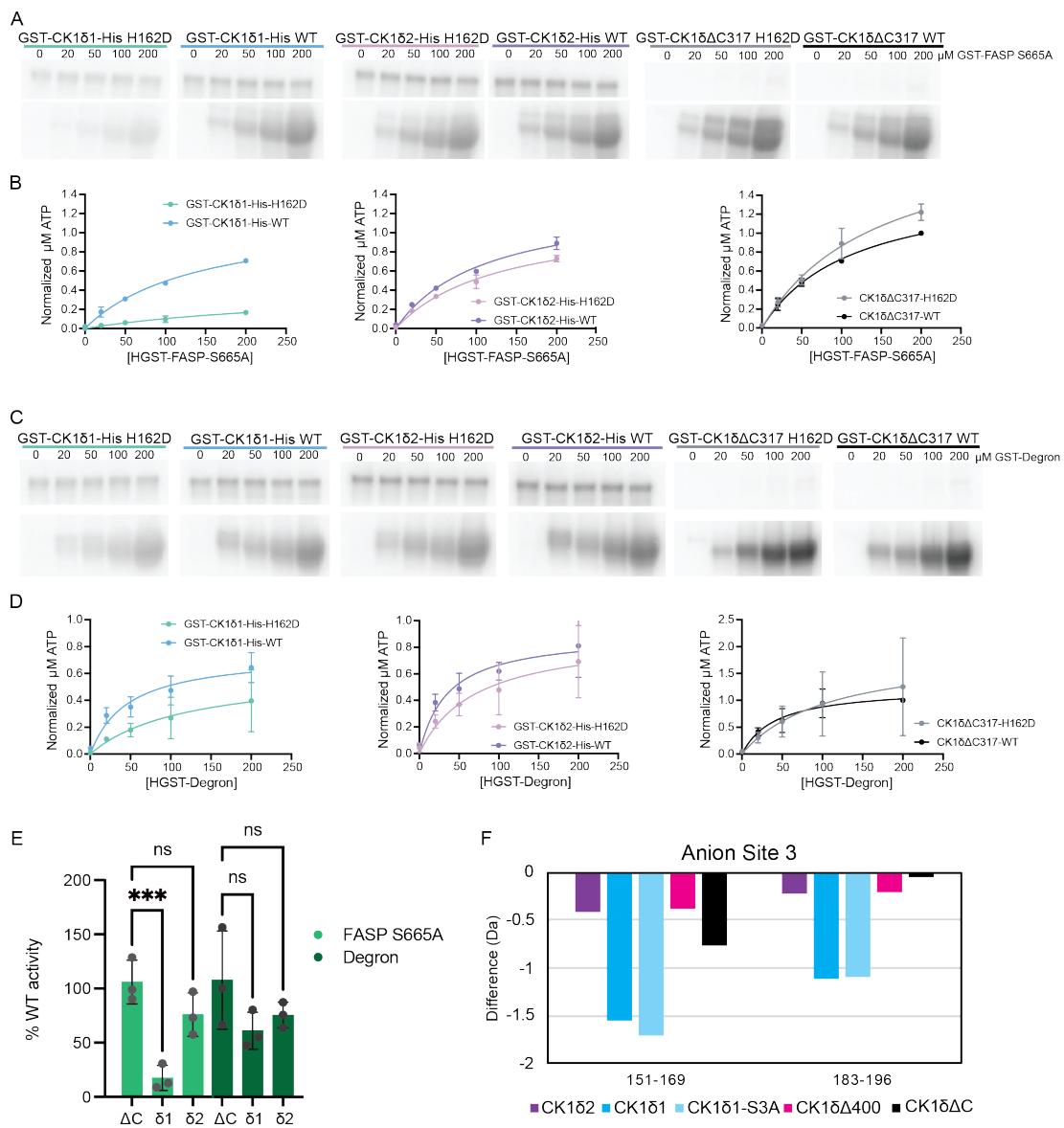
##### **3.1.1 Summary**

In this section, I expound upon work on anion binding site mutants that were previously characterized in the context of tailless CK1 $\delta$  [55]. Here, I use the mutants in the full length CK1 $\delta$  isoforms in order to probe their role in the tail's autoinhibition. Chapter 2 highlights the role of anion site 1 and 2 in CK1 $\delta$ 1-specific autoinhibition. This section shows a unique role for anion site 3, wherein mutation of this site increases the level of autoinhibition, again specifically for CK1 $\delta$ 1. In order to directly see how the phosphorylated tail is interacting with these sites, we crystallized a phosphorylated  $\delta$ 1 extreme C-terminus tethered to the kinase domain and found density for a phosphoserine in anion site 1. Previous work showed that other inhibitory substrates also bind phosphorylated residues into the anion sites, pointing to a conserved mechanism of CK1 substrate inhibition [102, 103].

##### **3.1.2 Mutation of anion site 3 increases autoinhibition specifically for CK1 $\delta$ 1**

Personal correspondence of unpublished data from collaborators showed that anion site 3, and its mutation H165D, plays a role in CK1 $\alpha$  activity in the fungus *Neurospora crassa*. This led us to investigate the corresponding

mutation in the human kinase, H162D, and what role it may play in the activity of CK1 $\delta$  in mammals. I incorporated the mutation into three versions of CK1 $\delta$ : a tailless CK1 $\delta\Delta C$ , CK1 $\delta 1$ , and CK1 $\delta 2$ . I then compared the activity of the mutant to the corresponding WT on phosphorylation of either hPER2 FASP S665A (Fig 3.1A, B) or hPER2 Degron (Fig 3.1C, D). H162D in CK1 $\delta\Delta C$  and CK1 $\delta 2$  showed very little change in activity compared to WT for either of the substrates, whereas CK1 $\delta 1$  H162D showed greatly reduced activity, specifically for hPER2 FASP S665A (Fig 3.1 E). HDX-MS analysis of the peptides spanning site 3 showed that CK1 $\delta 1$ , as well as a mutant of its three unique phosphorylation sites discovered in Chapter 2, CK1 $\delta 1$  S3A, have increased occupancy upon autophosphorylation compared to CK1 $\delta 2$ , CK1 $\delta\Delta 400$ , and CK1 $\delta\Delta C$  (Fig 3.1 F). This shows that CK1 $\delta 1$  has a unique interaction with anion site 3 that does not depend on the phosphorylation of its extreme C-terminus and indicates that anion site 3 may play a role in sequestering the autoinhibitory tail in a substrate-dependent manner. The question remains of what part of the CK1 $\delta 1$  tail is interacting with this anion site. Since the S3A mutation still shows occupancy at anion site 3, it is not the phosphorylated sites of the  $\delta 1$  extreme C-terminus that bind there. Also, the differences in how the anion site mutant affects CK1 $\delta 1$  activity on FASP priming versus degron also brings into question how this interaction may be changing with different substrates.



**Figure 3.1 Anion Site 3 influences CK1 $\delta$ 1 autoinhibition in a substrate-dependent manner**

**A**, Representative autoradiographs from  $^{32}$ P kinase assays of Site 3 mutant H162D or WT kinase construct as indicated on GST-PER2 FASP S665A (n=3). **B**,  $^{32}$ P kinase assays of anion binding site 3 mutant, H162D, or WT in CK1 $\delta$ ΔC (gray/black), CK1 $\delta$ 1 (green/blue), and CK1 $\delta$ 2 (lavender/purple) on PER2 GST-FASP-S665A (n=3, mean  $\pm$  s.d.). **C**,

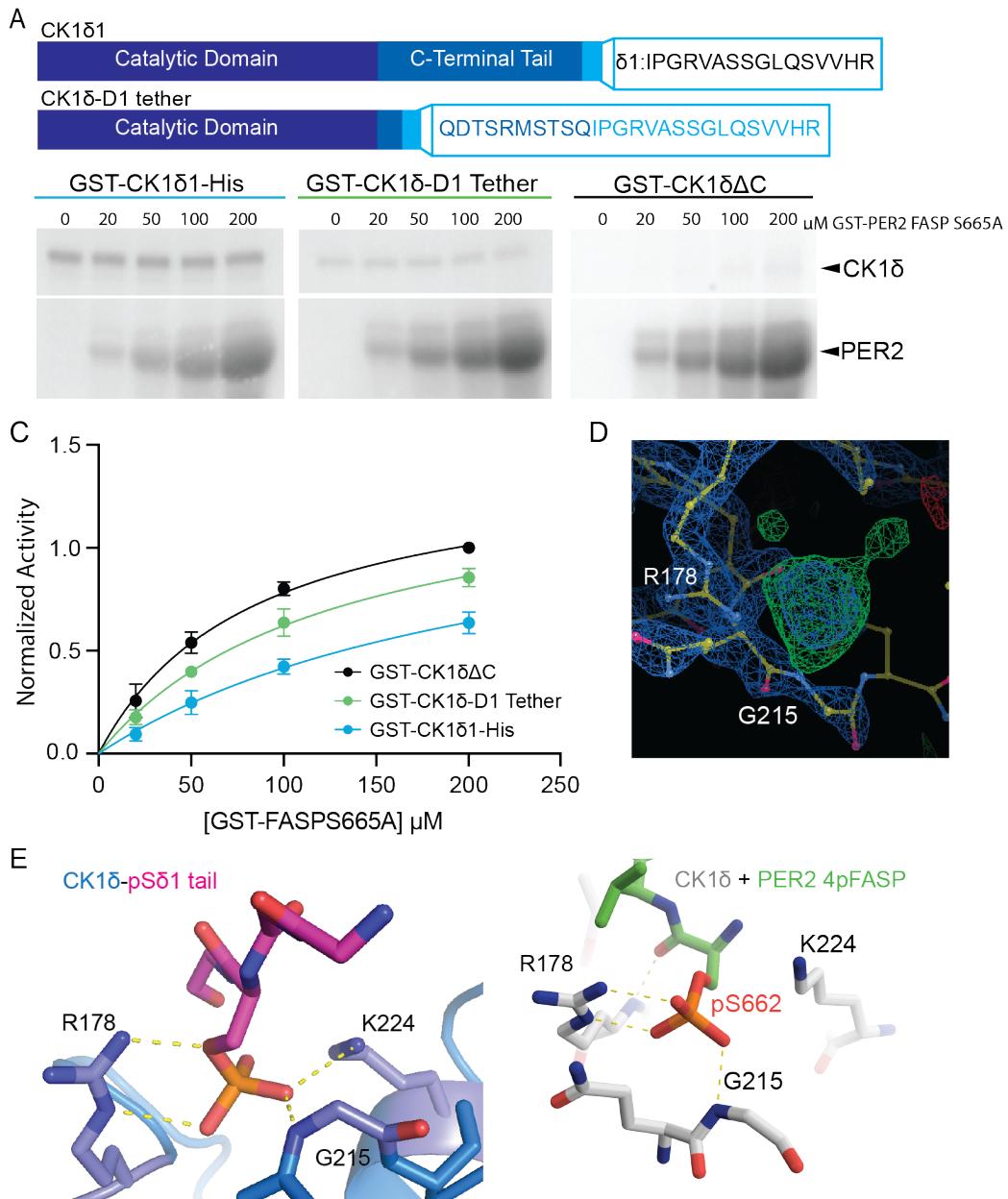
Representative autoradiographs from  $^{32}\text{P}$  kinase assay of Site 3 mutant H162D or WT kinase construct as indicated on GST-PER2 Degron (n=3). **D**,  $^{32}\text{P}$  kinase assays comparing activity of anion binding site 3 mutant, H162D, or WT in CK1 $\delta$ - $\Delta\text{C}$  (gray/black), CK1 $\delta$ 1 (green/blue), and CK1 $\delta$ 2 (lavender/purple) on GST-PER2 Degron (n=3, mean  $\pm$  s.d.). **E**, Quantification of the activity of anion site 3 mutant, H162D, compared to the corresponding WT activity on GST-PER2 FASP S665A substrate (light green) or GST-PER2 Degron substrate (dark green) Significance assessed by ordinary two-way ANOVA \*\*\*, p<0.0001 (n=3, mean  $\pm$  s.d.). **F**, Comparison of protection from deuterium exchange of peptides spanning anion binding site 3 with CK1 $\delta$  $\Delta\text{C}$  (black), CK1 $\delta$  $\Delta$ 400 (pink), CK1 $\delta$ 1 (blue), CK1 $\delta$ 2 (purple), and CK1 $\delta$ 1 S3A (light blue).

### 3.1.3 Crystallization of phosphorylated $\delta$ 1 tail

Anion binding site mutants utilized in Chapter 2 Fig 2.5 strongly suggested that CK1 $\delta$ 1-specific inhibition relies on these sites. Previous work has shown that inhibitory phosphorylated peptides from substrates can be crystallized with the kinase domain [102, 103]. This led us to try soaking CK1 $\delta$  $\Delta\text{C}$  anion free crystals with  $\delta$ 1 tail peptide phosphorylated at all three sites identified in Chapter 2, D1-3P. Anion free conditions were used so that the phosphorylated residues do not have to compete with sulfate to bind the anion sites, as the binding affinity of these substrates is very low. We also attempted soaking  $\delta$ 2 tail peptides with and without phosphorylation and in anion containing conditions. Unfortunately, density for the  $\delta$ 2 tail peptides was not present for any of our crystals. The  $\delta$ 1 tail peptide, D1-3P, showed some density for a phosphate in anion site 1, but it didn't extend into any backbone density for the peptide (Fig

3.2 D). Since the tail is natively attached to the kinase, thus increasing its local concentration, a construct with the phosphorylated tail still attached to the kinase would be more biologically relevant and potentially allow for crystallization of the phosphorylated tail. Previous studies have tried to crystallize full length CK1 $\delta$  and saw no density for the tail [104], so a minimal construct of the unique  $\delta$ 1 region of interest with a short native linker to minimize the disorder could aid in capturing the tail in the crystal structure. I then designed a CK1 $\delta$ -D1 tether construct that contains the catalytic kinase domain with a 10 amino acid linker of the native tail sequence upstream of the extreme C-terminus that comprises the unique  $\delta$ 1 tail (Fig 3.2 A). In  $^{32}$ P kinase assays on PER2 priming phosphorylation, CK1 $\delta$ -D1 tether shows autophosphorylation and decreased activity on PER2 compared to tailless kinase, CK1 $\delta$ - $\Delta$ C; however, the inhibition is not as extensive as the full length CK1 $\delta$ 1 (Fig 3.2 B, C). This shows that the extreme C-terminus is a major component, but not the sole contributor to autoinhibition and that more needs to be done to explore the role of the upstream tail [77-79]. The crystal structure of CK1 $\delta$ -D1 tether clearly shows density for a phospho-serine being coordinated in anion site 1, with several of the same contacts exhibited by phosphorylated FASP illustrated in Chapter 2 Fig 2.5 A (Fig 3.2 E). The exact identity of this serine could not be determined, as there is only backbone density around the site and the density does not extend to the C-term of the kinase domain. This likely suggests that several different phospho-serines

(there are 6 serines in the tethered tail) of the tail bind into anion site 1. Anion site 2 did not have enough density to model in the phosphotail. This data agrees with the conclusions of Chapter 2 of the importance on anion site 1 for CK1 $\delta$ -specific autoinhibition.



**Figure 3.2 CK1 $\delta$ -D1 tether autoinhibits through coordination of phosphoserine in Anion binding site 1**

**A**, Domain schematic of full length CK1 $\delta$ 1 highlighting the unique extreme C-terminus (top) and the tethered tail construct (bottom) used for crystallography studies highlighting the extreme C-terminus (light blue) and the native tail linker (dark blue). **B**, Representative autoradiographs from  $^{32}$ P kinase assays of full length CK1 $\delta$ 1, CK1 $\delta$ -D1 tether, and CK1 $\delta$  $\Delta$ C as indicated on GST-PER2 FASP S665A (n=3). **C**,  $^{32}$ P kinase assays of full length CK1 $\delta$ 1 (blue), CK1 $\delta$ -D1 tether (green), and CK1 $\delta$  $\Delta$ C (black) on PER2 GST-FASP-S665A (n=3, mean  $\pm$  s.d.). **D**, Crystal structure density map of CK1 $\delta$  $\Delta$ C soaked with D1-3P peptide showing density for a potential phosphoserine in anion site 1 (green) **E**, Structural view of CK1 $\delta$ -D1 tether showing phosphate coordination by anion binding site 1 (left) and structural view of CK1 $\delta$  bound to the inhibitory PER2 4p-FASP (PDB: 8D70) showing phosphate coordination by anion binding site 1 (right).

**Table 3.1 X-ray crystallography data collection and refinement statistics**

CK1δ -D1 tether	
<b>Data collection</b>	
Space Group	C 1 2 1
Resolution	45.8-2.5 (2.60-2.50)
a,b,c	55.23, 134.96, 90.67
$\alpha, \beta, \gamma$	90.00 94.30 90.00
R <sub>merge</sub>	0.208 (0.838)
R <sub>free</sub>	0.087 (0.347)
Total Reflections	147510 (16902)
Unique Reflections	22682 (2534)
I/σ	7.3 (2.3)
CC1/2	0.985 (0.691)
Completeness	99.2 (98.8)
Redundancy	6.5 (6.7)
Wilson B-factor	26.74
<b>Refinement</b>	
Resolution	45.796-2.5
R <sub>work</sub> /R <sub>free</sub>	21.26/26.56
No. of Atoms	
Protein	
Water	
Ligands	
<b>RMS Deviation</b>	
Bond Lengths	0.009
Bond Angles	1.16
Ramachandran	95.5/0.69
Favored/Outliers	
Average B-factor	

## **3.2 CK1 $\delta$ 2 tail has unique intramolecular dynamics**

### **3.2.1 Summary**

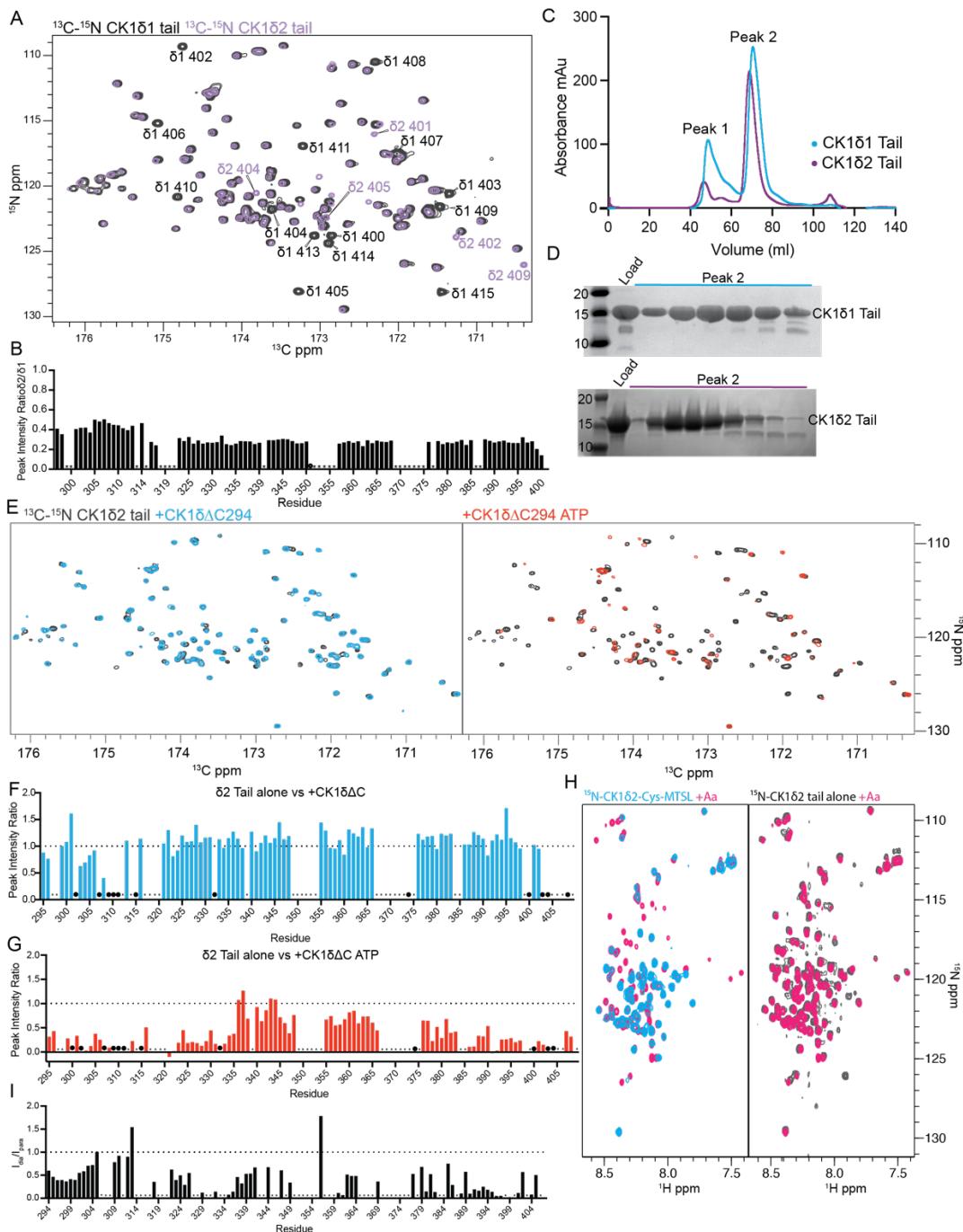
In this section, I expand upon work done with the CK1 $\delta$ 2 tail shown in Chapter 2 Fig 2.2.1. NMR spectra of the CK1 $\delta$ 2 tail alone showed that it may be exhibiting “fuzzy” intra-molecular interactions because of the signal broadening compared to the CK1 $\delta$ 1 tail alone despite not showing any other signs of aggregation [120, 121, 136]. This signal broadening is indicative of binding or conformational fluctuations that may be happening within the tail. This low signal created challenges in analyses of the data and further experiments are necessary to confirm if there is a “fuzzy” intra-molecular interaction or if the  $\delta$ 2 tail is just unstable in these conditions. Here I will show some of the analyses that we were able to perform with the  $\delta$ 2 tail in the presence of kinase domain alone and kinase with ATP, as well as further dynamics experiments that were attempted to try and track the “fuzzy” interactions of the tail within itself.

### **3.2.2 CK1 $\delta$ 2 exhibits potential intramolecular “fuzzy” interactions**

The CON spectra of CK1 $\delta$ 2 tail alone had drastically reduced signal than CK1 $\delta$ 1 tail alone (Fig 3.3 A, B). Size exclusion chromatography traces show that both CK1 $\delta$ 1 and CK1 $\delta$ 2 tails elute at similar volumes in peak 2 as indicated as they are similar molecular weights: 14kDa and 13.6kDa, respectively (Fig 3.3 C, D). This indicates that CK1 $\delta$ 2 tail is not forming a soluble aggregate that could give rise to the signal broadening seen in the

NMR spectra. In order to see if this broadening is affected by the kinase domain, I then incubated CK1 $\delta$ 2 tail with kinase domain alone or kinase domain and ATP for 2 hours at room temperature. Upon addition of kinase domain, the signal decreased even further causing several peaks to disappear, and very little chemical shift perturbations were detected, potentially indicative of intermediate exchange of the tail with the kinase domain (Fig 3.3 E, F). Even more drastic peak disappearance and signal broadening occurred with kinase domain and ATP (Fig 3.3 E, G). This drastic reduction in signal created challenges in analyzing the interaction of the CK1 $\delta$ 2 tail with the kinase domain. Since the signal of the tail alone was so low, there is a possibility of intramolecular “fuzzy” interactions [120, 121, 136] or that the CK1 $\delta$ 2 tail is forming soluble aggregate as the experiment runs. In order to explore which potential explanation, I created a CK1 $\delta$ 2 tail with a C-terminal cysteine that could then be labeled with a nitroxide spin label, MTSL (S-(1-oxyl-2,2,5,5-tetramethyl-2,5-dihydro-1H-pyrrol-3-yl) methyl methanesulfonothioate). Any residue that comes into proximity to this spin label (<12Å) will have its signal broadened in the HSQC; this effect is called paramagnetic relaxation enhancement (PRE) [137-139]. The HSQC of CK1 $\delta$ 2 tail alone with the nitroxide spin label (Fig 3.3 H, blue) shows broadened peaks compared to the diamagnetic ascorbic acid-treated sample (Fig 3.3 H, pink). Due to low signal in the 3D data and many peaks that should be present based on sequence homology with the CK1 $\delta$ 1 tail were completely

broadened out, assignments of peaks for the CK1 $\delta$ 2 tail are lacking. This lack of extensive assignments lead to rather ambiguous analysis of the PRE (Fig 3.3 E) and further work needs to be done to improve the signal and complete the assignments. Recapitulating this process with CK1 $\delta$ 1 tail or CK1 $\delta\Delta$ 400 tail would also be necessary to establish this behavior specifically to the region of the tail unique to CK1 $\delta$ 2.



**Figure 3.3 Reduced Signal of CK1 $\delta$ 2 tail insinuates potential intramolecular “fuzzy” interactions**

**A**,  $^{15}\text{N}$ - $^{13}\text{C}$  CON spectra of 400  $\mu\text{M}$   $^{13}\text{C}$ ,  $^{15}\text{N}$   $\delta 1$  tail alone (black) compared to 400  $\mu\text{M}$   $^{13}\text{C}$ ,  $^{15}\text{N}$   $\delta 2$  tail alone (purple) with isoform-specific assignments. **B**, Peak intensity of  $^{15}\text{N}$ - $^{13}\text{C}$  CON  $\delta 2$  compared to  $\delta 1$ ; \*, unassigned peaks. **C**, Size Exclusion Chromatography trace of CK1 $\delta 1$  tail (blue) and CK1 $\delta 2$  tail (purple). **D**, SDS-PAGE gels of Peak 2 for CK1 $\delta 1$  tail (blue, top) and CK1 $\delta 2$  tail (purple, bottom). **E**,  $^{13}\text{C}$ - $^{15}\text{N}$  CON spectra of CK1 $\delta 2$  tail alone (black), in the presence of kinase domain (left, blue), or kinase domain and ATP (right, red). **F-G**, peak intensity ratio of CK1 $\delta 2$  tail alone vs with kinase domain (B, blue) or kinase domain and ATP (C, red). \*Indicates unassigned peaks and black circles indicate peaks that disappeared. **H**,  $^1\text{H}$ - $^{15}\text{N}$  HSQC spectra of MTSL labeled CK1 $\delta 2$  tail (black) and ascorbic acid treated CK1 $\delta 2$  tail (pink). **I**, peak intensity ratio of the diamagnetic ascorbic acid treated CK1 $\delta 2$  tail vs the paramagnetic MTSL-CK1 $\delta 2$  tail. \*indicates unassigned peaks.

### 3.3 Initial rates of autophosphorylation are important for isoform-specific autoinhibition

#### 3.3.1 Summary

In this section, I expand upon work done in Chapter 2 on the role of autophosphorylation on isoform-specific autoinhibition. Within the cell, CK1 $\delta$  is constantly being phosphorylated and de-phosphorylated [78]. As shown in Chapter 2 Fig 2.2, autophosphorylation does not accumulate in cells and phosphatase inhibitors are required to let autophosphorylation accumulate for detection. This begs to question if fully autophosphorylated CK1 $\delta 1$  and  $\delta 2$  retain their difference in activity on PER2 substrates. Chapter 2 Fig 2.1 also indicated that CK1 $\delta 1$  had lower total autophosphorylation than the other

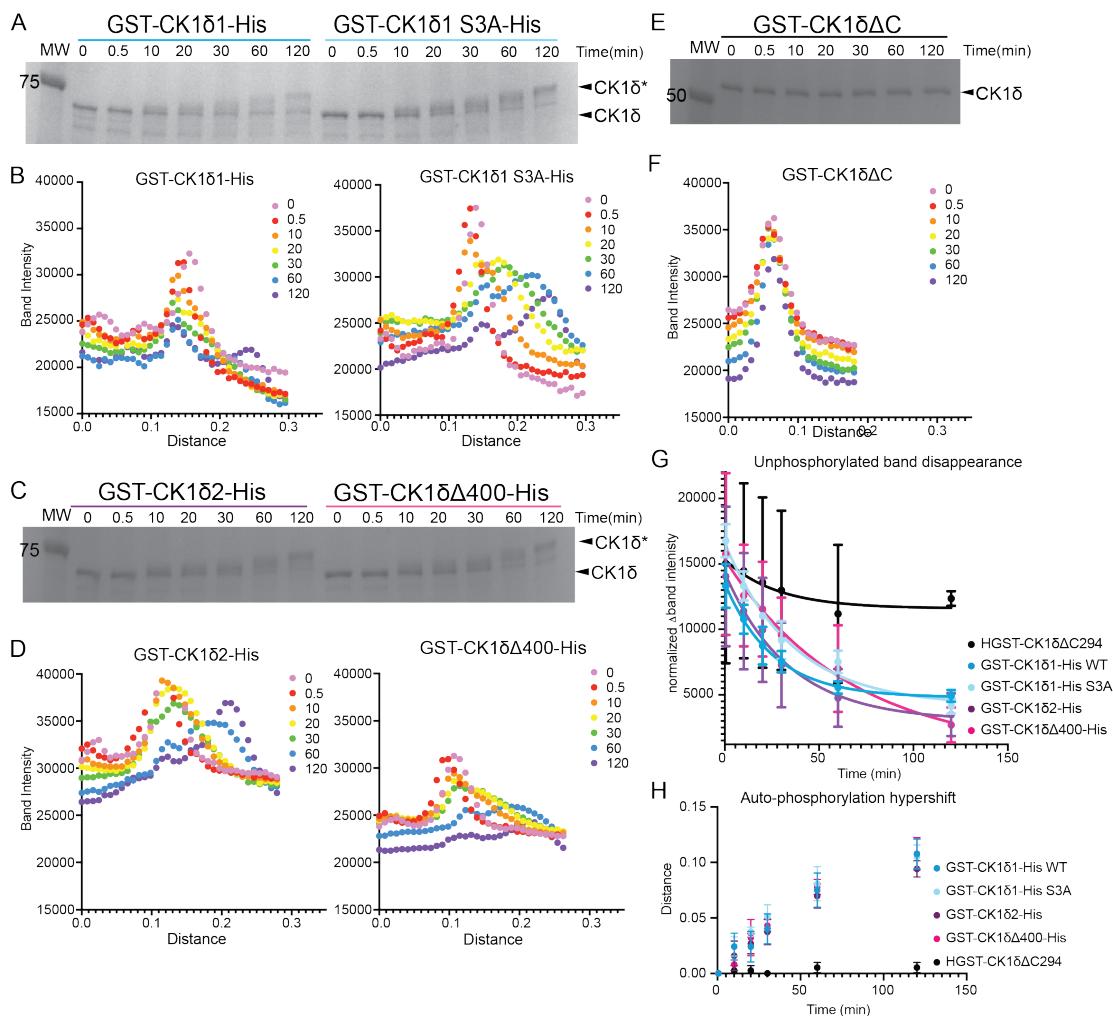
kinase isoforms, although analysis of the autophosphorylation was limited to a single time point. Here, I show the steps that were taken to begin addressing these questions further with gel shift autophosphorylation timecourse assays and  $^{32}\text{P}$  ATP assays with pre-autophosphorylated CK1 $\delta$  isoforms.

### **3.3.2 Investigating autophosphorylation rates of CK1 $\delta$ isoforms**

In order to expand on the autophosphorylation data shown in Chapter 2 Fig 2.1, I used SDS-PAGE gel shift assays to assess autophosphorylation of the different CK1 $\delta$  isoforms over time (Fig 3.4). The Coomassie-stained gels show an evident hypermobility shift over time as the kinase becomes autophosphorylated for CK1 $\delta$ 1 WT, CK1 $\delta$ 1 S3A (Fig 3.4 A), CK1 $\delta$ 2, and CK1 $\delta$ A400 (Fig 3.4 C); whereas tailless CK1 $\delta$ AC remains unchanged (Fig 3.4 E) despite having one known autophosphorylation site at T220 [119].

Tracking the band intensity as it shifts up the gel through densitometry, there are distinctly different patterns with CK1 $\delta$ 1 WT forming the weakest hyperphosphorylated band while CK1 $\delta$ 1 S3A and CK1 $\delta$ 2 form the most intense hyperphosphorylated band (Fig 3.4 B, D). Quantification of the disappearance of the unphosphorylated species fails to capture the differences in autophosphorylation rate that appears to be evident in the Coomassie gels (Fig 3.4 G). Quantification of the distance of the hyper-shift also shows that each kinase with a tail shifts to the same extent (Fig 3.4 H). This illustrates the limitations of quantifying from gel hyper-shift data in that the exact amount of autophosphorylation cannot be directly detected. A more

quantifiable approach, such as  $^{32}\text{P}$  ATP kinase assay, would yield a more accurate account of the total level of autophosphorylation of each kinase isoform. By directly measuring incorporation of  $^{32}\text{P}$  rather than a more ambiguous gel hyper-shift, this could hopefully more accurately illustrate the different extent and rates of CK1 $\delta$  isoform autophosphorylation.



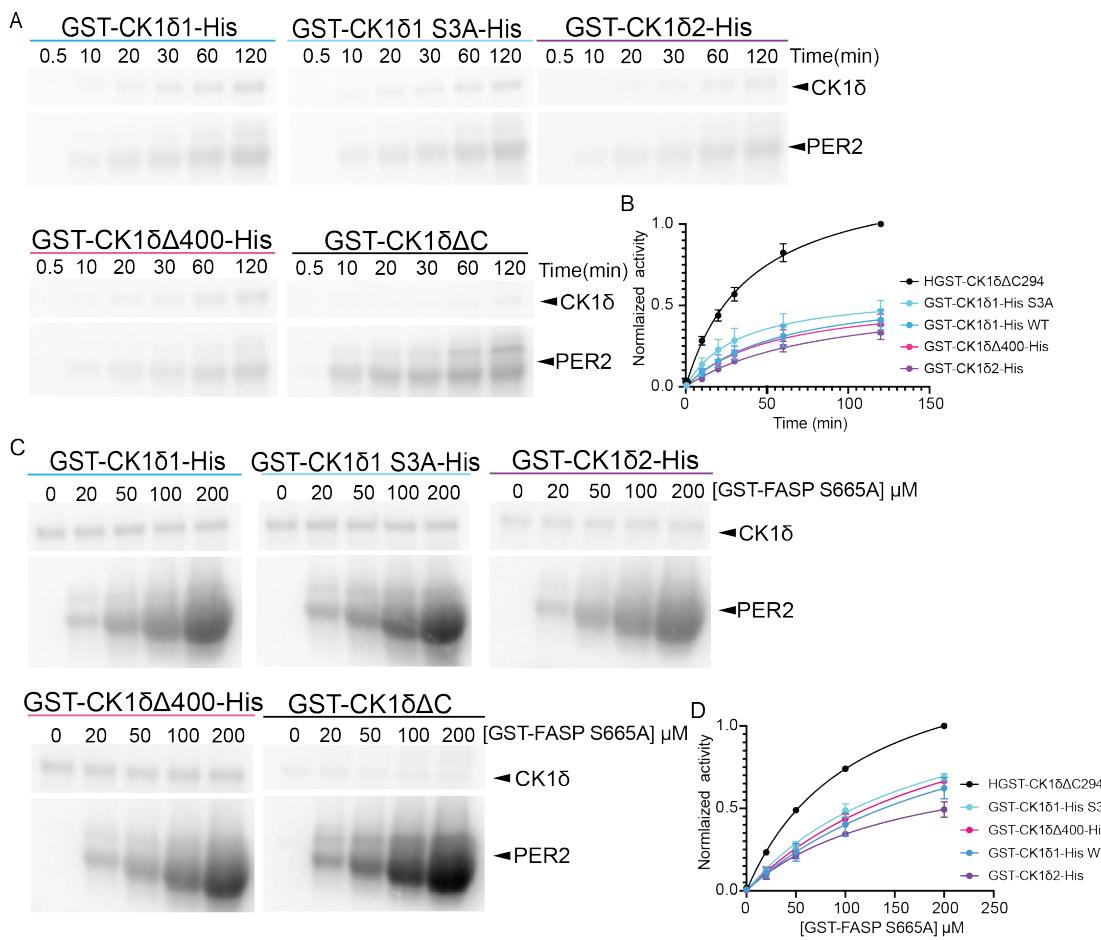
**Figure 3.4 Gel Shift assays are insufficient for determining differences in autophosphorylation rates of CK1 $\delta$  tail variations**

**A, C, E**, Representative SDS-PAGE gels of autophosphorylation timecourse for CK1 $\delta$ 1 WT (A, blue), CK1 $\delta$ 1 S3A (A, light blue), CK1 $\delta$ 2 (C, purple), CK1 $\delta$  $\Delta$ 400 (C, pink), and CK1 $\delta$  $\Delta$ C (E, black). CK1 $\delta$  indicates the unphosphorylated band and CK1 $\delta^*$  the hyperphosphorylated band. **B, D, F**, Quantification of the band intensity and gel shift as kinase becomes autophosphorylated over time for CK1 $\delta$ 1 WT (B, left), CK1 $\delta$ 1 S3A (B, right), CK1 $\delta$ 2 (D, left), CK1 $\delta$  $\Delta$ 400 (D, right), and CK1 $\delta$  $\Delta$ C (F). **G**, Quantification of the change in band intensity for the unphosphorylated species over time normalized to the background intensity for CK1 $\delta$ 1 WT (blue), CK1 $\delta$ 1 S3A (light blue), CK1 $\delta$ 2 (purple), CK1 $\delta$  $\Delta$ 400 (pink), and CK1 $\delta$  $\Delta$ C (black). **H**, Quantification of the hyper-phosphorylated species gel shift distance over time for CK1 $\delta$ 1 WT (blue), CK1 $\delta$ 1 S3A (light blue), CK1 $\delta$ 2 (purple), CK1 $\delta$  $\Delta$ 400 (pink), and CK1 $\delta$  $\Delta$ C (black).

### 3.3.3 Fully autophosphorylated CK1 $\delta$ equalizes activity by different isoforms

To explore the differences that may occur with fully autophosphorylated CK1 $\delta$  isoforms prior to introducing PER2 substrate, I incubated the kinases with ATP and MgCl<sub>2</sub> overnight at 4°C rather than dephosphorylating the kinases during protein purification. Full-length CK1 $\delta$  isoforms come out of *E.coli* already partially phosphorylated and based off of the autophosphorylation timecourse done at room temperature for two hours, an overnight incubation with ATP should have been sufficient to fully autophosphorylate each isoform. I then utilized these pre-autophosphorylated kinases in <sup>32</sup>P ATP kinase assays on HGST-PER2 FASP S665A. Some further autophosphorylation

occurred over the course of this assay (Fig 3.5), indicating that the temperature that I incubated the kinases in overnight to fully autophosphorylate them was too low and impeded the kinases activity. Though this time and temperature is sufficient to fully dephosphorylate the kinase with lamda phosphatase, CK1 $\delta$  is a much less efficient enzyme and this should have been taken into consideration. Both a timecourse with constant concentration of substrate (Fig 3.5 A, B) and a substrate titration as performed in Chapter 2 (Fig 3.5 C, D) was used. The CK1 $\delta$  constructs containing tails; CK1 $\delta$ 1, CK1 $\delta$ 2, CK1 $\delta$ 1 S3A, and CK1 $\delta$  $\Delta$ 400 all exhibited very similar activity, unlike what was seen in Chapter 2. In both types of assay, CK1 $\delta$  $\Delta$ C retained its heightened activity (Fig 3.5), indicating that the tail is responsible for this erasure of differences in activity of the isoforms. Due to the lack of autophosphorylation accumulation in cells and that differences in activity of the isoforms have been detected in cells [53, 78, 79, 91], this suggests that looking at enzyme activity during the initiation of autophosphorylation may be more relevant *in vivo*. This work specifically focuses on the priming phosphorylation of the PER2 FASP substrate (e.g., S662), so more could be done with more canonical primed substrates or on other target substrates to fully explore the contributions of the tail to possible substrate selectivity and modes of autoinhibition.



**Figure 3.5 Pre-autophosphorylated CK1 $\delta$  isoforms diminishes differences in activity of kinases with tails**

**A**, Representative autoradiographs from  $^{32}$ P kinase assays of pre-autophosphorylated CK1 $\delta$ 1 WT (blue), CK1 $\delta$ 1 S3A (light blue), CK1 $\delta$ 2 (purple), CK1 $\delta$ Δ400 (pink) and CK1 $\delta$ ΔC (black) on HGST-hPER2-FASP S665A over time (n=3). **B**,  $^{32}$ P kinase assays of CK1 $\delta$ 1 WT (blue), CK1 $\delta$ 1 S3A (light blue), CK1 $\delta$ 2 (purple), CK1 $\delta$ Δ400 (pink) and CK1 $\delta$ ΔC (black) on PER2 GST-FASP-S665A (n=3, mean  $\pm$  s.d.) normalized to activity of CK1 $\delta$ ΔC. **C**, Representative autoradiographs from  $^{32}$ P kinase assays of pre-autophosphorylated CK1 $\delta$ 1 WT (blue), CK1 $\delta$ 1 S3A (light blue), CK1 $\delta$ 2 (purple), CK1 $\delta$ Δ400 (pink) and CK1 $\delta$ ΔC (black) on increasing concentrations of HGST-hPER2-

FASP S665A (n=3). **B**,  $^{32}\text{P}$  kinase assays of CK1 $\delta$ 1 WT (blue), CK1 $\delta$ 1 S3A (light blue), CK1 $\delta$ 2 (purple), CK1 $\delta$  $\Delta$ 400 (pink) and CK1 $\delta$  $\Delta$ C (black) on increasing concentrations of HGST-hPER2-FASP S665A (n=3, mean  $\pm$  s.d.) normalized to activity of CK1 $\delta$  $\Delta$ C.

### 3.4 Materials and Methods

#### Protein constructs, expression, and purification

All constructs were expressed from TEV-cleavable vectors generated in-house based off the Parallel vector series [129], and have an N-terminal vector artifact (GAMDPEF) remaining after TEV cleavage. Mutations were introduced using the site-directed mutagenesis protocol in [130] and validated by sequencing.

Full-length human CK1 $\delta$  isoforms (CK1 $\delta$ 1, residues 1-415; CK1 $\delta$ 2, residues 1-409) and CK1 $\delta$   $\Delta$ 400 (residues 1-400) were expressed with an N-terminal TEV-cleavable GST tag and a C-terminal His tag. CK1 $\delta$   $\Delta$ C (residues 1-294) and CK1 $\delta$ -D1 tether were expressed with an N-terminal TEV-cleavable His-GST tag. Isolated CK1 $\delta$ 2 tail (residues 295-409) and the CK1 $\delta$ 2 tail C-term Cys were expressed with an N-terminal TEV-cleavable His-NusA tag (HNXL) with an N-terminal tryptophan added for UV detection during purification.

Recombinantly expressed human PER2 peptides (FASP peptide, residues 645–687; Degron peptide, residues 475–505) were expressed with an N-terminal TEV-cleavable His-GST tag. All recombinant PER2 peptides contain an N-terminal tryptophan for UV detection during purification and a polybasic motif (WRKKK) following the vector artifact, as in [140].

GST-lambda ( $\lambda$ ) phosphatase-Strep-tag II was expressed with a TEV-cleavable N-terminal His-GST tag and a C-terminal Strep-tag II. GST- $\lambda$  phosphatase were expressed in BL21 (DE3) *Escherichia coli*, while all CK1 and PER constructs were expressed in Rosetta2 (DE3) *E. coli*. In general, cells were grown in LB media (for natural abundance growths) or M9 minimal media with the appropriate stable isotopes (i.e.,  $^{15}\text{N}/^{13}\text{C}$ ) for NMR as done before [53] at 37°C with shaking until the OD<sub>600</sub> reached ~0.6-0.8. Expression was induced with 0.5 M IPTG, and cells were grown for an additional 16-20 hours at 18°C.

For purification of full-length CK1 $\delta$ , cells were lysed in 50 mM Tris pH 7.5, 500 mM NaCl, 5% glycerol, 1 mM EDTA, 1 mM TCEP, 0.05% Tween using a high-pressure homogenizer. GST-tagged full-length proteins were purified from soluble lysate using Glutathione Sepharose resin (Cytiva) and eluted with buffer containing 50 mM Tris pH 7.5, 500 mM NaCl, 5% glycerol, 1 mM EDTA, 1 mM TCEP, 0.05% Tween, and 25 mM reduced glutathione. To remove phosphorylation from the kinase that may have occurred during expression or purification, GST-tagged purified proteins were treated with 200 nM GST- $\lambda$  phosphatase-Strep tag II supplemented with 10 mM MnCl<sub>2</sub> in  $\lambda$  phosphatase buffer (50 mM HEPES pH 7.5, 100 mM NaCl, 0.1 mM EDTA, 1 mM TCEP) overnight at 4°C. For the pre-autophosphorylated kinases, the proteins were instead treated with 2mM ATP and 10mM MgCl<sub>2</sub> overnight at 4°C, skipped to the Ni-NTA resin and were further purified the same as de-

phosphorylated kinase. Strep-Tactin Sepharose resin (Cytiva) was used to remove GST-λ phosphatase-Strep tag II, and dephosphorylated CK1δ was collected with several washes of 50 mM Tris pH 7.5, 500 mM NaCl, 5% glycerol, 1 mM EDTA, 1 mM TCEP, and 0.05% Tween. Dephosphorylated proteins were then further purified by the C-terminal His-tag using Ni-NTA resin (Qiagen). Full-length dephosphorylated proteins were subsequently purified by size-exclusion chromatography on a HiLoad 16/600 Superdex 200 prep grade column (Cytiva) in 50 mM Tris pH 7.5, 200 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA, 5 mM β-mercaptoethanol (BME), 5% glycerol, and 0.05% Tween, and then frozen in aliquots for storage at -70°C.

For CK1δ catalytic domain and CK1δ-D1 tether preps, cells were lysed in 50 mM Tris pH 7.5, 500 mM NaCl, 5% glycerol, 1 mM EDTA, 1 mM TCEP, 0.05% Tween using a high-pressure homogenizer. His-GST-tagged proteins were purified from soluble lysate using Glutathione Sepharose resin (Cytiva) and eluted with 50 mM Tris pH 7.5, 500 mM NaCl, 5% glycerol, 1 mM EDTA, 1 mM TCEP, 0.05% Tween containing 25 mM reduced glutathione. To cleave the His-GST tag, His-TEV protease was incubated with the protein at 4°C overnight. Cleaved CK1δ ΔC and CK1δ-D1 tether were purified away from His-GST and His-TEV using Ni-NTA resin (Qiagen). CK1δ-D1 tether was then further purified using ion exchange chromatography with a HiTrap SP XL column (Cytiva) and then phosphorylated overnight at 4°C preceding size-exclusion chromatography on a HiLoad 16/600 Superdex 75 prep grade

column (Cytiva). CK1 $\delta$  ΔC went straight to size-exclusion chromatography on a HiLoad 16/600 Superdex 75 prep grade column (Cytiva) in 25 mM MOPS pH 7.0, 1 mM EDTA, 100 mM NaCl, 5 mM BME, 11 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, and 0.05% Tween, and then frozen in aliquots for storage at -70°C.

For CK1 $\delta$ 2 tail preps, cells were lysed in 50 mM Tris pH 7.5, 500 mM NaCl, 2 mM TCEP, 5% glycerol and 25 mM imidazole using a high-pressure extruder homogenizer. His-NusA-tail fusion proteins were purified using Ni-NTA resin (Qiagen) using standard approaches and His-TEV protease was added to cleave the His-NusA tag from the tail on column at 4°C overnight. Tails were purified away from the resin containing His-NusA and His-TEV with 50 mM Tris pH 7.5, 500 mM NaCl, 2 mM TCEP, 5% glycerol and 25 mM imidazole. Tails were further purified by size exclusion chromatography on a HiLoad 16/600 Superdex 75 prep grade column (Cytiva) using NMR buffer (25 mM MOPS pH 7.0, 1 mM EDTA, 100 mM NaCl, 5 mM BME, 11 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, and 0.05% Tween) and frozen in aliquots for storage at -70°C for WT δ2 tail and NMR Buffer no reducing agent (25 mM MOPS pH 7.0, 1 mM EDTA, 100 mM NaCl, 11 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, and 0.05% Tween) for δ2 C-term Cys tail. δ2 C-term Cys tail was then labeled with 250 μM MTSL incubated overnight at 4°C. The labeling reaction was then dialyzed (3kDa cutoff) for 4 hours in NMR Buffer no reducing agent (25 mM MOPS pH 7.0, 1 mM EDTA, 100 mM NaCl, 11 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, and 0.05% Tween), and then frozen in aliquots for storage at -70°C. Labeling efficiency was checked by EPR.

For PER2 peptide preps, cells were lysed in 50 mM Tris pH 7.5, 500 mM NaCl, 5% glycerol, 1 mM EDTA, 1 mM TCEP, 0.05% Tween using a high-pressure homogenizer. His-GST-tagged proteins were purified from soluble lysate using Glutathione Sepharose resin (Cytiva) and eluted with 50 mM Tris pH 7.5, 500 mM NaCl, 5% glycerol, 1 mM EDTA, 1 mM TCEP, 0.05% Tween containing 25 mM reduced glutathione. The peptides were further purified using size-exclusion chromatography on a HiLoad 16/600 Superdex 75 prep grade column (Cytiva) in 25 mM Tris pH 7.5, 100 mM NaCl, 10 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, and 2 mM TCEP, and then frozen in aliquots for storage at -70°C.

### **$\gamma^{32}\text{P}$ -ATP kinase assay**

Radioactive kinase assays were performed using human PER2 His-GST-FASP S665A or human PER2 His-GST-Degron as the substrate. Reaction mixtures were prepared in reaction buffer (25 mM Tris pH 7.5, 200 mM NaCl, 10 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, and 1 mM DTT) with 1  $\mu\text{M}$  enzyme and 0-200  $\mu\text{M}$  dilutions of the substrate or 20  $\mu\text{M}$  substrate for the time course as indicated at 25°C. Reactions were initiated with the addition of 2 mM ATP containing 2  $\mu\text{Ci}$  of  $\gamma$ -32p ATP (Perkin Elmer). All reactions were quenched with 2X SDS buffer after an incubation time of 1 hour for the titration or at the indicated time points for the time course. SDS-PAGE was performed on samples for each reaction, and the gels were dried at 80°C for 2 hours before being transferred to a storage phosphor screen (Amersham Biosciences) overnight.

Images were collected with Typhoon Trio (Amersham Biosciences) and data were analyzed by densitometry using Image J (NIH), Excel (Microsoft), and Prism (GraphPad).

### **Gel Shift Autophosphorylation Assay**

Gel shift kinase assays were performed using 1  $\mu$ M of indicated CK1 isoform in 1X kinase buffer (25 mM Tris pH 7.5, 100 mM NaCl, 2 mM TCEP, 10 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>). Reactions were initiated with addition of 2mM ATP and quenched at indicated time points with 2X SDS. SDS-PAGE was performed on samples for each reaction, and the gels were stained with SimplyBlue™ SafeStain (Invitrogen), destained overnight, and then imaged with ChemiDoc Imaging System (Bio-Rad). Analysis was performed with ImageJ.

### **NMR assays**

NMR spectra were collected on a Varian INOVA 600 MHz, or a Bruker 800 MHz spectrometer equipped with a <sup>1</sup>H, <sup>13</sup>C, <sup>15</sup>N triple resonance z-axis pulsed-field-gradient cryoprobe. Spectra were processed using NMRPipe [131] and analyzed using CCPNmr Analysis [132]. Spectra were collected in NMR buffer (25 mM MOPS pH 7.0, 1 mM EDTA, 100 mM NaCl, 5 mM BME, 11 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, and 0.05% Tween) with 10% D<sub>2</sub>O at 25°C. The backbone assignment of the  $\delta$ 2 tail was accomplished using standard NH-edited triple-resonance experiments [HN(CA)CO, HNCO, HNCACB, and CBCA(CO)NH]

and four-dimensional carbon direct-detection methods such as (HACA)N(CA)CON and (HACA)N(CA)NCO.

NMR kinase reactions were performed at 25°C with 100 µM <sup>13</sup>C,<sup>15</sup>N CK1δ2 tail, 2.5 mM ATP and 100 µM CK1δ ΔC. Samples were incubated for 2 hours and quenched with 20 mM EDTA, then <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>15</sup>N HSQC spectra (total data acquisition = 20 min) and <sup>13</sup>C-<sup>15</sup>N CON spectra (total acquisition time= 9 hr 32 min) were collected.

PRE NMR experiments were performed with 100 µM <sup>15</sup>N CK1δ2 C-term Cys-MTSL tail. <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>15</sup>N HSQC spectra (total data acquisition = 20 min) were collected for untreated sample and sample treated with 10 mM Ascorbic Acid.

### **Crystallization and structure determination**

Crystallization was performed by hanging-drop vapor-diffusion method at 22 °C by mixing an equal volume of protein with reservoir solution. The reservoir solution for CK1δ-D1 tether (5.5 mg/mL) was 0.21 mM succinic acid pH 5.5 and 17% (vol/vol) PEG 3350. The crystals were looped and briefly soaked in a drop of cryopreservant reservoir solution with 20% (vol/vol) glycerol and then flash-frozen in liquid nitrogen for X-ray diffraction data collection. Data sets were collected at the 23-ID-D beamline at the Advanced Photon Source (APS) at the Argonne National Laboratory. Data were indexed, integrated, and merged using CCP4 software suite [141]. Structures were determined by molecular replacement with Phaser MR [142] using anion

free CK1 $\delta$ AC (PDB: 6PXO). Model building was performed with Coot [143] and structure refinement was performed with PHENIX [144]. All structural models were generated using PyMOL Molecular Graphics System 2.5.4 (Schrödinger).

### **Hydrogen-deuterium exchange mass spectrometry**

#### **Sample preparation**

Hydrogen-deuterium exchange mass spectrometry (HDX-MS) was performed for different CK1 $\delta$  constructs in the presence and absence of ATP or AMPPNP. Different CK1 $\delta$  constructs were incubated with either ATP (~800  $\mu$ M) or AMPPNP (~1.2 mM), or neither (apo), and 2 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub> for 15 min at 25 °C before each hydrogen-deuterium exchange reaction. Hydrogen-deuterium labeling was initiated by diluting 60-65 pmol of CK1 $\delta$  saturated with ATP or AMPPNP as indicated above in a reaction buffer prepared in deuterium oxide (D<sub>2</sub>O, final concentration of 90%). Pulse-labeling reactions were carried out for 1, 5, and 10-minute timepoints, after which the exchange was minimized by lowering the pH to 2.5 and temperature to 0°C by adding pre-chilled quench solution (0.5 M Guanidinium hydrochloride, 0.1 M TCEP). Non-deuterated controls were carried out by diluting nucleotide-free CK1 $\delta$  proteins in an aqueous reaction buffer instead of a deuterated buffer.

#### **Mass spectrometry data acquisition**

For nanoLC-MS/MS analyses, each quenched sample was subjected to in-line proteolysis using the Enzymate™ immobilized pepsin cartridge

(Waters, USA). The digestion was left to proceed for 3 minutes at 12°C, and the resulting peptide mixtures were analyzed with nanoACQUITY M-class UPLC (Waters, UK) equipped with a trapping column (VanGuard C18, 5 µm particle size) and an analytical column (BEH C18, 75 µm × 100 mm, 1.7 µm particle size) maintained at 3°C to minimize back-exchange [133]. The aqueous solvent was 0.1% formic acid in LC-MS grade water, and the organic solvent was 0.1% formic acid in HPLC-grade acetonitrile. A 10-minute gradient was used to resolve and elute the peptides by reverse-phase chromatography. The peptides were then identified by Synapt G2-Si high-resolution mass spectrometer (Waters, UK). Briefly, the mass spectrometer was operated in positive polarity, data-independent (DIA) fragmentation and ion-mobility (HDMS<sup>E</sup>) mode separation. Mass spectrometer parameters were as described previously [134]. Glu-fibrinopeptide reference ( $m/z$  = 785.8426) was continuously sprayed every 30 seconds during ESI-MS experiments using the lockspray device to ensure mass accuracy.

### **HDX data analysis**

Peak lists for identifying and annotating the peptides from non-deuterated controls were generated by Protein Lynx Global Server v3.0 (Waters, USA), using human CK1δ (Uniprot: P48730) construct-specific protein database and searched against the parameters described previously [134]. Peptide mass measurements for individual peptides were assigned using DynamX v3.0 software (Waters, USA). Peptides with a minimum

intensity of 2000, maximum length of 25 amino acids, and mass error within  $\pm$  10 ppm were considered for analysis. Deuterium exchange measurements were determined for all labeling timepoints across different protein states and were manually verified, but the data were not corrected for back-exchange. Only peptides with high signal-to-noise ratio and non-overlapping spectra were considered for final analysis. All measurements were done in biological duplicates and technical triplicates, with statistical analysis done using Deuterios 2.0 [135] and tabulated as Supplementary Tables 1-3.

## **QUANTIFICATION AND STATISTICAL ANALYSIS**

All statistical analyses were done using Prism (GraphPad). P-values were calculated using two-way ANOVA with Tukey's multiple comparisons test as indicated. In all figures, \* indicates  $p<0.05$ , \*\* $p<0.01$ , \*\*\* $p<0.001$ , \*\*\*\* $p<0.0001$ , ns, not significant.

## **Chapter 4**

### **Conclusions**

#### **4.1 Discussion**

In Chapter 1, we highlighted the integral role of PER and CK1 $\delta/\epsilon$  in circadian timing mechanisms. Specifically, how post-translational modifications, such as phosphorylation by CK1 $\delta/\epsilon$ , as well as acetylation and O-GlcNAcylation regulate PER stability, and that PER abundance is a critical factor in circadian timing. CK1 $\delta/\epsilon$  is a constitutively active kinase that does not require activation, so it instead utilizes autoinhibitory phosphorylation of its disordered C-terminal tail to regulate its activity. The work explored here strives to better understand the biochemical details of how that autoinhibition occurs and differs between tail variants.

In Chapter 2, we explored how the extreme c-terminus of the CK1 $\delta$  splice variants influenced its activity of PER priming phosphorylation. CK1 $\delta 1$  was determined to have a phospho-dependent inhibition, while CK1 $\delta 2$  does not appear to be phospho-dependent. However, much more work needs to be done to fully explore how CK1 $\delta 2$  inhibits kinase activity. Key sites in the extreme c-terminus unique to CK1 $\delta 1$  were determined to be preferentially autophosphorylated and mutating them to non-phosphorylatable alanine was sufficient to decrease CK1 $\delta 1$  autoinhibition. HDX-MS showed that the CK1 $\delta 1$  tail makes more extensive contacts with the kinase domain upon autophosphorylation than CK1 $\delta 2$  or CK1 $\delta \Delta 400$  and the mutant of the

phosphosites essentially abolishes those contacts. Anion site mutants further showed that CK1 $\delta$ 1 utilizes the anion binding sites spanning the substrate binding cleft of the kinase domain to confer its inhibition. Binding to these anion sites has been shown with other phosphorylated inhibitory peptides [102, 103], indicating that this could be a conserved mechanism of inhibition for CK1 $\delta$  that could be exploited for inhibitor design. The importance of autophosphorylation of the CK1 $\delta$ 1 tail, and specifically the extreme c-terminus, has also recently been shown in other systems [145, 146], showing that this mode of inhibition of CK1 $\delta$ 1 is not specifically to PER substrate and can be applied to the many other systems that CK1 $\delta$  participates.

In Chapter 3, I expanded on the work done in Chapter 2. Chapter 2 focused on the anion binding sites flanking the substrate binding cleft, but there is a third anion site located further down the C-lobe of the kinase. I showed that CK1 $\delta$ 1 also has a unique interaction with this anion site 3 that counteracts autoinhibition in a phospho-independent manner. Anion site 3 could potentially be sequestering the auto-inhibitory extreme c-terminus of CK1 $\delta$ 1 away from the active site, but the exact mechanism is unclear and needs to be explored further. I also expanded on anion site 1 and showed with a crystal structure that CK1 $\delta$ 1 phosphorylated extreme c-terminus binds a phosphoserine into anion site 1 that is coordinated in a similar manner to the FASP inhibitory peptide. Density was lacking for the surrounding sidechains around the phosphoserine, indicating that multiple different phosphoserines

could be binding into the anion site. This could possibly explain why in Chapter 2 the triply phosphorylated  $\delta 1$  tail peptide was the most inhibitory compared to the single phosphorylated  $\delta 1$  tail peptides as there are more possible phosphoserines to bind into the anion site with low affinity, potentially increasing the avidity. Kinase assays with the construct used for crystallization showed that it did autoinhibit, but not to the same extent as full length CK1 $\delta 1$ . This implicates that the extreme c-terminus plays a role in autoinhibition, but it is not completely sufficient to confer full autoinhibition. More needs to be done to fully explore the upstream phosphorylation sites. Differences in total autophosphorylation of the full-length kinases begs to question how the phosphorylation of upstream sites may be changing depending on the identity of extreme c-terminus.

Attempts to further explore the interaction of the CK1 $\delta 2$  tail with the kinase domain through NMR studies did not yield as conclusive of information as the  $\delta 1$  tail. I explored whether the CK1 $\delta 2$  tail could be exhibiting intramolecular “fuzzy” interactions, but the data was inconclusive and seemingly contradictory. The general across the board broadening of the NMR signal indicated that the tail may be forming soluble aggregates, but SEC shows that it behaves similarly to the CK1 $\delta 1$  tail which gives strong NMR signal. A possible explanation could be that the protein is aggregating over the course of the NMR spectra collection. Checking the SEC trace of the tail after running the experiment or leaving it out at the temperature and for the amount

of time the spectra is collected could help determine if this is the case. Further NMR dynamics studies could also be done to better determine if a “fuzzy” intramolecular interaction is occurring, but more extensive assignments would be needed. Unfortunately, there is not much that can be said about how the CK1 $\delta$ 2 tail inhibition works other than it appears to function differently than the CK1 $\delta$ 1 tail. CK1 $\delta$ 2 mode of inhibition thus remains an open question that could be explored further.

I also looked further into how the rate of autophosphorylation differed in the full length CK1 $\delta$  isoforms and tail mutants. Unfortunately, the gel hyper-shift data did not give quantitative insight into the differences in autophosphorylation rates despite CK1 $\delta$ 1 visually looking different than the other kinases with a weaker autophosphorylated hyper-shift band. Further work could be done with  $^{32}$ P ATP, ADP-Glo kinase assays, or trypsin digest mass spectrometry to fully characterize what is being autophosphorylated in the different tails and how quickly. Conducting these studies could potentially give insight into the interplay between the unique extreme c-terminus and the phosphorylation of upstream sites in the region of the tail shared by the two splice isoforms. This also led to questioning if the differences in activity of CK1 $\delta$  isoforms would be exacerbated by allowing the kinase to fully auto-phosphorylate the tail prior to introduction of PER2 substrate. Interestingly, the pre-autophosphorylated CK1 $\delta$ 1, CK1 $\delta$ 2, and the tail mutants CK1 $\delta$ 1 S3A and CK1 $\delta$  $\Delta$ 400 all exhibited the same level of PER2 priming phosphorylation.

Autophosphorylation does not accumulate in cells and is in a constant cycle with phosphatases and CK1 $\delta$ 1 and CK1 $\delta$ 2 have been shown in cells to shift the circadian period in opposite directions [91]. Our previous work in chapter 2 on fully dephosphorylated CK1 $\delta$  isoforms showed that CK1 $\delta$ 2 and CK1 $\delta$  $\Delta$ 400 have greater activity on priming phosphorylation than CK1 $\delta$ 1, a trend that has also been seen in cells [53]. This indicates that *in vivo*, the initial rates of autophosphorylation are the driving force for the differences in CK1 $\delta$ 1 and CK1 $\delta$ 2 rather than their fully autophosphorylated states. This could be further explored by probing with different substrates, such as more canonical primed substrate, to see if the trends in activity persist or are substrate dependent. Other work has indicated that the tail may play a role in substrate selectivity [146]; however, how that occurs is unclear. Expansion to other substrates that CK1 $\delta$  acts on in the many other biological systems that it plays a part in could help decipher this mystery. A full understanding of the intricacies that lead to autoinhibition could then lead the way to developing selective inhibitors that could potentially be selective to not only the kinase, but the substrates that it acts upon.

## Appendices

**Table 2.1 Deuterium exchange values for various pepsin-digested peptides of CK1 $\delta$ AC in the presence of ATP, AMPPNP, and 4p-FASP at 1, 5, and 10-minute labeling times are tabulated.**

<b>Table 2.1</b>								
				<b>CK1<math>\delta</math>AC</b>				
				<b>Relative Deuterium Uptake (Da)</b>				
S.No.	Peptide	Sequence	Num Exchangers	<b>1 min</b>		<b>5 min</b>		<b>10 min</b>
				Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD	Uptake
1	1-20	MELRVGNRY RLGRKIGSG SF	19	6.04	0.54	6.55	0.57	6.82
2	3-10	LRVGNRYR	7	3.28	0.08	3.51	0.09	3.51
3	3-20	LRVGNRYRL GRKIGGGSF	17	7.10	0.09	7.59	0.27	7.80
4	4-20	RVGNRYRLG RKIGGGSF	16	5.85	0.09	6.30	0.31	6.60
5	4-22	RVGNRYRLG RKIGGGSFG D	18	6.56	0.11	7.02	0.29	7.29
6	12-25	GRKIGGGSF GDIYL	13	3.99	0.16	5.36	0.05	5.52
7	21-28	GDIYLGTD	7	1.64	0.02	3.29	0.09	3.77
8	24-39	YLGTDIAAGE EVAIKL	15	3.08	0.15	3.08	0.40	3.35
9	26-34	GTDIAAGEE	8	3.60	0.04	3.68	0.02	3.74
10	28-34	DIAAGEE	6	2.64	0.05	2.78	0.08	2.71
11	28-36	DIAAGEEVA	8	2.80	0.02	3.03	0.15	3.52
12	29-36	IAAGEEEVA	7	2.30	0.04	2.55	0.10	2.99
13	35-41	VAIKLEC	6	1.27	0.01	1.90	0.06	2.36
14	37-49	IKLECVTKH PQL	11	2.60	0.08	2.73	0.10	2.77
15	42-49	VTKHPQL	6	1.68	0.05	1.70	0.08	1.72
16	50-58	HIESKIYKM	8	1.62	0.08	2.61	0.05	3.03
17	56-72	YKMMQGGV GIPTIRWCG	15	5.49	0.14	5.57	0.29	6.16
18	56-76	YKMMQGGV GIPTIRWCGA EGD	19	6.58	0.43	6.25	0.49	7.36
19	59-76	MQGGVGIPTI RWCGAEGD	16	6.66	0.26	6.77	0.04	7.36
20	71-90	CGAEGDYN MVMELLGPS LE	18	0.93	0.07	0.92	0.08	0.95
21	81-89	VMELLGPSL	7	0.70	0.06	1.12	0.08	1.61
22	83-89	ELLGPSL	5	0.50	0.07	0.67	0.04	0.82

23	96-102	CSRKFSL	6	0.85	0.02	0.94	0.09	1.40	0.08
24	96-104	CSRKFSLKT	8	0.95	0.13	1.37	0.09	1.89	0.12
25	96-106	CSRKFSLKT VL	10	0.81	0.03	1.33	0.02	1.57	0.11
26	112-123	MISRIEYIHSK N	11	0.13	0.06	0.28	0.05	0.43	0.05
27	113-123	ISRIEYIHSKN	10	0.05	0.04	0.11	0.05	0.23	0.05
28	124-134	FIHRDVKP DN F	9	0.35	0.02	0.36	0.06	0.54	0.02
29	125-134	IHRDVKP DNF	8	0.24	0.03	0.24	0.10	0.48	0.04
30	126-134	HRDVKP DNF	7	0.18	0.03	0.24	0.03	0.37	0.03
31	135-143	LMGLGKKGN	8	1.95	0.03	2.34	0.09	2.69	0.08
32	135-144	LMGLGKKGN L	9	2.03	0.19	2.54	0.17	2.84	0.15
33	135-146	LMGLGKKGN LVY	11	2.11	0.11	2.55	0.14	2.93	0.10
34	136-144	MGLGKKGNL	8	2.02	0.03	2.36	0.09	2.54	0.04
35	145-151	VYIIDFG	6	0.72	0.10	1.55	0.21	1.75	0.26
36	145-158	VYIIDFGLAK KYRD	13	0.99	0.49	1.42	0.29	1.72	0.33
37	150-169	FGLAKKYRD ARTHQHIPY RE	18	4.03	0.24	4.08	0.22	5.19	0.27
38	150-179	FGLAKKYRD ARTHQHIPY RENKNLTGT ARY	28	7.59	0.11	8.47	0.35	8.75	0.23
39	151-179	GLAKKYRDA RTHQHIPYR ENKNLTGTA RY	27	7.85	0.32	7.81	0.66	8.84	0.35
40	153-179	AKKYRDART HQHIPYREN KNLTGARY	25	7.34	0.15	7.52	0.16	7.79	0.06
41	159-179	ARTHQHIPY RENKNLTGT ARY	19	6.02	0.14	6.17	0.15	6.64	0.09
42	160-166	RTHQHIP	5	0.86	0.03	1.11	0.05	1.26	0.02
43	166-179	PYRENKNLT GTARY	12	4.99	0.13	5.14	0.30	5.12	0.14
44	180-186	ASINTHL	6	1.47	0.02	2.17	0.09	2.27	0.03
45	180-196	ASINTHLGIE QSRRDDL	16	2.37	0.08	4.02	0.02	4.26	0.06
46	185-196	HLGIEQSRR DDL	11	1.27	0.08	1.83	0.08	2.14	0.05
47	187-196	GIEQSRRDD L	9	1.13	0.02	1.56	0.04	1.71	0.05
48	188-195	IEQSRRDD	7	1.20	0.03	1.26	0.06	1.47	0.03
49	205-215	YFN LGSLPW QG	9	2.62	0.06	3.40	0.12	3.85	0.09
50	205-216	YFN LGSLPW QGL	10	3.10	0.08	3.84	0.17	4.14	0.11
51	205-218	YFN LGSLPW QGLKA	12	4.65	0.03	5.59	0.12	5.83	0.06
52	206-216	FNLGSLPWQ GL	9	3.26	0.07	4.06	0.17	4.34	0.02

53	206-218	FNLGSLPWQ GLKA	11	4.90	0.17	5.98	0.18	6.34	0.07
54	207-222	NLGSLPWQG LKAATKR	14	5.48	0.06	5.91	0.30	6.25	0.10
55	209-216	GSLPWQGL	6	2.91	0.07	3.36	0.06	3.44	0.05
56	209-218	GSLPWQGLK A	8	4.04	0.05	4.31	0.16	4.68	0.04
57	219-230	ATKRQKYERI SE	11	4.46	0.06	4.60	0.05	4.56	0.03
58	231-238	KKMSTPIE	6	2.51	0.09	2.63	0.13	2.62	0.10
59	231-240	KKMSTPIEVL	8	2.61	0.04	2.97	0.07	3.22	0.05
60	235-249	TPIEVLKGY PSEFA	12	1.73	0.02	2.62	0.03	2.89	0.03
61	239-248	VLCKGYPSE F	8	1.36	0.09	1.77	0.01	2.16	0.06
62	241-247	CKGYPSE	5	1.15	0.02	1.44	0.03	1.74	0.04
63	241-248	CKGYPSEF	6	1.05	0.02	1.35	0.03	1.55	0.02
64	248-254	FATYLNF	6	0.06	0.02	0.12	0.02	0.26	0.02
65	255-269	CRSLRFDDK PDYSYL	13	3.61	0.08	3.90	0.13	4.12	0.09
66	261-269	DDKPDYSYL	7	2.24	0.07	2.22	0.14	2.40	0.14
67	269-277	LRQLFRNLF	8	0.10	0.09	0.45	0.09	0.73	0.08
68	269-285	LRQLFRNLF HRQGFSYD	16	2.55	0.08	2.83	0.25	3.24	0.09
69	270-277	RQLFRNLF	7	0.06	0.07	0.35	0.08	0.66	0.07
70	273-285	FRNLFHRQG FSYD	12	2.36	0.08	2.46	0.19	2.80	0.09
71	278-285	HRQGFSYD	7	2.09	0.11	2.02	0.16	2.26	0.15
72	286-294	YVFDWNMLK	8	3.95	0.07	4.31	0.10	4.44	0.07
73	288-294	FDWNMLK	6	3.02	0.04	3.37	0.09	3.61	0.05
				<b>CK1δ1-ΔC + ATP</b>					
				<b>Relative Deuterium Uptake (Da)</b>					
S.No.	Peptide	Sequence	Num Exchangers	<b>1 min</b>		<b>5 min</b>		<b>10 min</b>	
				Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD
1	1-20	MELRVGNRY RLGRKIGSG SF	19	5.56	0.39	6.00	0.52	6.30	0.35
2	3-10	LRVGNRYR	7	2.97	0.25	3.34	0.10	3.56	0.19
3	3-20	LRVGNRYRL GRKIGSGSF	17	6.20	0.09	6.81	0.17	7.02	0.19
4	4-20	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSF	16	5.06	0.07	5.60	0.07	5.78	0.17
5	4-22	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSFG D	18	5.77	0.10	6.26	0.09	6.45	0.21
6	12-25	GRKIGSGSF GDIYL	13	3.23	0.07	3.43	0.04	3.46	0.05
7	21-28	GDIYLGTD	7	0.41	0.01	0.94	0.04	1.36	0.07
8	24-39	YLGTDIAAGE EVAIKL	15	2.88	0.06	2.76	0.06	2.92	0.10
9	26-34	GTDIAAGEE	8	3.61	0.06	3.64	0.02	3.60	0.04

10	28-34	DIAAGEE	6	2.69	0.01	2.64	0.10	2.62	0.07
11	28-36	DIAAGEEVA	8	2.75	0.02	2.72	0.07	2.86	0.16
12	29-36	IAAGEEVA	7	2.26	0.03	2.20	0.03	2.22	0.03
13	35-41	VAIKLEC	6	0.84	0.05	0.83	0.11	0.89	0.05
14	37-49	IKLECVKTKH PQL	11	2.40	0.03	2.31	0.05	2.09	0.08
15	42-49	VTKHPQL	6	1.67	0.05	1.67	0.03	1.62	0.05
16	50-58	HIESKIYKM	8	1.33	0.06	1.98	0.06	2.12	0.05
17	56-72	YKMMQGGV GIPTIRWCG	15	4.46	0.27	4.96	0.34	4.81	0.08
18	56-76	YKMMQGGV GIPTIRWCGA EGD	19	6.39	0.56	6.51	0.73	5.92	0.13
19	59-76	MQGGVGIPTI RWCGAEGD	16	5.92	0.49	5.85	0.38	6.24	0.42
20	71-90	CGAEGDYNV MVMELLGPS LE	18	0.95	0.02	0.92	0.02	0.83	0.10
21	81-89	VMELLGPSL	7	0.19	0.07	0.23	0.05	0.29	0.04
22	83-89	ELLGPSL	5	0.14	0.06	0.16	0.04	0.22	0.04
23	96-102	CSRKFSL	6	0.83	0.01	0.95	0.02	1.04	0.05
24	96-104	CSRKFSLKT	8	1.06	0.11	1.34	0.12	1.48	0.13
25	96-106	CSRKFSLKT VL	10	0.91	0.11	1.24	0.02	1.38	0.03
26	112-123	MISRIEYIHSK N	11	0.16	0.07	0.27	0.06	0.42	0.06
27	113-123	ISRIEYIHSKN	10	0.09	0.06	0.12	0.06	0.19	0.06
28	124-134	FIHRDVKPFDN F	9	0.41	0.02	0.48	0.01	0.65	0.02
29	125-134	IHRDVKPFDNF	8	0.32	0.10	0.39	0.08	0.66	0.09
30	126-134	HRDVKPFDNF	7	0.29	0.03	0.42	0.04	0.52	0.03
31	135-143	LMGLGKKGN	8	2.00	0.03	2.25	0.04	2.39	0.07
32	135-144	LMGLGKKGN L	9	2.16	0.11	2.35	0.13	2.55	0.14
33	135-146	LMGLGKKGN LVY	11	2.15	0.11	2.37	0.11	2.50	0.11
34	136-144	MGLGKKGNL	8	1.97	0.04	2.09	0.03	2.21	0.07
35	145-151	VYIIDFG	6	0.20	0.11	0.34	0.12	0.41	0.11
36	145-158	VYIIDFGGLAK KYRD	13	1.32	0.32	1.52	0.07	1.71	0.05
37	150-169	FGLAKKYRD ARTHQHIPY RE	18	4.04	0.27	4.20	0.28	4.43	0.21
38	150-179	FGLAKKYRD ARTHQHIPY RENKNLTGT ARY	28	7.56	0.12	7.66	0.11	7.81	0.26
39	151-179	GLAKKYRDA RTHQHIPYR ENKNLTGTA RY	27	7.82	0.45	7.99	0.26	7.63	0.21
40	153-179	AKKYRDART HQHIPYREN KNLTGTARY	25	7.45	0.13	7.19	0.07	7.20	0.05

41	159-179	ARTHQHIPY RENKNLTGT ARY	19	6.11	0.08	6.00	0.22	5.95	0.11
42	160-166	RTHQHIP	5	0.87	0.03	1.11	0.02	1.24	0.03
43	166-179	PYRENKNLT GTARY	12	5.11	0.21	4.92	0.17	4.89	0.19
44	180-186	ASINTHL	6	1.51	0.03	2.16	0.02	2.22	0.05
45	180-196	ASINTHLGIE QSRRDDL	16	2.87	0.06	3.96	0.04	4.22	0.13
46	185-196	HLGIEQSRR DDL	11	1.40	0.04	1.86	0.07	2.09	0.05
47	187-196	GIEQSRRDD L	9	1.15	0.02	1.51	0.03	1.62	0.03
48	188-195	IEQSRRDD	7	1.13	0.03	1.30	0.03	1.39	0.06
49	205-215	YFNLGSLPW QG	9	2.58	0.06	3.45	0.07	3.60	0.08
50	205-216	YFNLGSLPW QGL	10	3.11	0.09	3.85	0.07	3.94	0.13
51	205-218	YFNLGSLPW QGLKA	12	4.71	0.03	5.45	0.03	5.65	0.10
52	206-216	FNLGSLPWQ GL	9	3.35	0.15	4.10	0.15	4.09	0.13
53	206-218	FNLGSLPWQ GLKA	11	5.01	0.06	5.85	0.07	6.02	0.19
54	207-222	NLGSLPWQG LKAATKR	14	4.85	0.03	5.35	0.04	5.47	0.21
55	209-216	GSLPWQGL	6	3.00	0.03	3.38	0.01	3.42	0.04
56	209-218	GSLPWQGLK A	8	4.05	0.07	4.32	0.05	4.36	0.05
57	219-230	ATKRQKYERI SE	11	4.45	0.13	4.48	0.11	4.37	0.11
58	231-238	KKMSTPIE	6	2.54	0.10	2.56	0.10	2.51	0.11
59	231-240	KKMSTPIEVL	8	2.62	0.04	2.94	0.05	3.04	0.02
60	235-249	TPIEVLKGY PSEFA	12	2.00	0.03	2.53	0.05	2.71	0.03
61	239-248	VLCKGYPSE F	8	1.34	0.01	1.71	0.04	2.01	0.04
62	241-247	CKGYPSE	5	1.15	0.01	1.40	0.02	1.63	0.05
63	241-248	CKGYPSEF	6	1.07	0.02	1.29	0.02	1.49	0.02
64	248-254	FATYLNF	6	0.08	0.03	0.18	0.04	0.23	0.03
65	255-269	CRSLRFDDK PDYSYL	13	3.65	0.06	3.91	0.06	3.91	0.09
66	261-269	DDKPDYSYL	7	2.30	0.09	2.24	0.08	2.24	0.06
67	269-277	LRQLFRNLF	8	0.12	0.09	0.44	0.09	0.62	0.09
68	269-285	LRQLFRNLF HRQGFSYD	16	2.59	0.09	2.93	0.07	3.04	0.11
69	270-277	RQLFRNLF	7	0.11	0.07	0.39	0.08	0.56	0.09
70	273-285	FRNLFHRQG FSYD	12	2.39	0.06	2.46	0.08	2.55	0.08
71	278-285	HRQGFSYD	7	2.13	0.11	2.04	0.13	2.02	0.12
72	286-294	YVFDWNMLK	8	3.88	0.06	4.23	0.07	4.29	0.10
73	288-294	FDWNMLK	6	3.11	0.04	3.34	0.04	3.52	0.04
<b>CK151-ΔC + AMPPNP</b>									

				Relative Deuterium Uptake (Da)					
				1 min		5 min		10 min	
S.No.	Peptide	Sequence	Num Exchangers	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD
1	1-20	MELRVGNRY RLGRKIGSG SF	19	5.52	0.59	6.01	0.53	6.33	0.30
2	3-10	LRVGNRYR	7	2.99	0.09	3.46	0.18	3.64	0.24
3	3-20	LRVGNRYRL GRKIGSGSF	17	6.56	0.14	7.21	0.08	7.37	0.09
4	4-20	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSF	16	5.27	0.20	5.83	0.05	6.09	0.05
5	4-22	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSFG D	18	6.02	0.21	6.73	0.33	6.87	0.34
6	12-25	GRKIGSGSF GDIYL	13	3.37	0.21	4.32	0.05	4.71	0.03
7	21-28	GDIYLGTD	7	0.88	0.01	2.26	0.05	2.89	0.02
8	24-39	YLGTDIAAGE EVAIKL	15	2.60	0.19	2.65	0.09	2.77	0.08
9	26-34	GTDIAAGEE	8	3.54	0.06	3.58	0.01	3.59	0.01
10	28-34	DIAAGEE	6	2.59	0.07	2.57	0.01	2.58	0.03
11	28-36	DIAAGEEVA	8	2.70	0.04	2.78	0.03	2.92	0.10
12	29-36	IAAGEEVA	7	2.21	0.05	2.29	0.03	2.44	0.03
13	35-41	VAIKLEC	6	1.03	0.04	1.42	0.11	1.45	0.06
14	37-49	IKLECVKTKH PQL	11	2.17	0.06	2.13	0.02	2.26	0.04
15	42-49	VTKHPQL	6	1.61	0.10	1.54	0.05	1.58	0.02
16	50-58	HIESKIYKM	8	1.50	0.06	2.32	0.07	2.58	0.07
17	56-72	YKMMQGGV GIPTIRWCG	15	5.23	0.07	5.53	0.02	5.42	0.16
18	56-76	YKMMQGGV GIPTIRWCGA EGD	19	6.08	0.60	6.56	0.15	6.35	0.18
19	59-76	MQGGVGIPTI RWCGAEGD	16	6.28	0.42	6.48	0.10	7.25	0.47
20	71-90	CGAEGDYN MVMELLGPS LE	18	0.67	0.02	0.81	0.05	0.86	0.03
21	81-89	VMELLGPSL	7	0.21	0.04	0.50	0.05	0.79	0.04
22	83-89	ELLGPSL	5	0.17	0.04	0.36	0.05	0.47	0.05
23	96-102	CSRKFSL	6	0.81	0.05	0.98	0.01	1.07	0.01
24	96-104	CSRKFSLKT	8	1.11	0.12	1.40	0.12	1.62	0.19
25	96-106	CSRKFSLKT VL	10	0.83	0.02	1.27	0.02	1.45	0.05
26	112-123	MISRIEYIHSK N	11	0.17	0.06	0.26	0.06	0.43	0.06
27	113-123	ISRIEYIHSKN	10	0.08	0.06	0.14	0.07	0.17	0.07
28	124-134	FIHRDVKP DN	9	0.30	0.05	0.40	0.02	0.51	0.01
29	125-134	IHRDVKP DNF	8	0.22	0.05	0.44	0.14	0.55	0.06
30	126-134	HRDVKP DNF	7	0.26	0.03	0.34	0.03	0.44	0.03

31	135-143	LMGLGKKGN	8	1.82	0.08	2.10	0.01	2.33	0.04
32	135-144	LMGLGKKGN L	9	1.99	0.13	2.24	0.11	2.51	0.14
33	135-146	LMGLGKKGN LVY	11	1.96	0.14	2.26	0.11	2.44	0.11
34	136-144	MGLGKKGNL	8	1.79	0.05	1.97	0.04	2.20	0.03
35	145-151	VYIIDFG	6	0.41	0.10	1.08	0.15	1.32	0.13
36	145-158	VYIIDFGLAK KYRD	13	1.20	0.35	1.55	0.05	1.70	0.05
37	150-169	FGLAKKYRD ARTHQHIPY RE	18	3.83	0.41	4.17	0.37	4.77	0.48
38	150-179	FGLAKKYRD ARTHQHIPY RENKNLTGT ARY	28	7.10	0.35	7.59	0.17	7.95	0.17
39	151-179	GLAKKYRDA RTHQHIPYR ENKNLTGTA RY	27	7.11	0.30	7.59	0.30	7.81	0.36
40	153-179	AKKYRDART HQHIPYREN KNLTGTARY	25	6.80	0.46	6.97	0.13	7.19	0.08
41	159-179	ARTHQHIPY RENKNLTGT ARY	19	5.60	0.04	5.81	0.07	5.96	0.08
42	160-166	RTHQHIP	5	0.86	0.04	1.09	0.05	1.19	0.02
43	166-179	PYRENKNLT GTARY	12	5.19	0.07	4.80	0.13	5.00	0.07
44	180-186	ASINTHL	6	1.69	0.06	2.12	0.03	2.15	0.02
45	180-196	ASINTHGLIE QSRRDDL	16	2.72	0.09	3.87	0.06	4.17	0.06
46	185-196	HLGIEQSRR DDL	11	1.32	0.07	1.75	0.06	2.04	0.08
47	187-196	GIEQSRRDD L	9	1.18	0.04	1.43	0.03	1.61	0.02
48	188-195	IEQSRRDD	7	1.00	0.02	1.25	0.03	1.34	0.03
49	205-215	YFNLGSLPW QG	9	2.85	0.15	3.68	0.07	3.90	0.06
50	205-216	YFNLGSLPW QGL	10	3.42	0.06	4.24	0.06	4.26	0.06
51	205-218	YFNLGSLPW QGLKA	12	4.75	0.03	5.48	0.04	5.70	0.03
52	206-216	FNLGSLPWQ GL	9	3.42	0.18	4.29	0.05	4.31	0.15
53	206-218	FNLGSLPWQ GLKA	11	5.04	0.11	5.91	0.07	6.12	0.07
54	207-222	NLGSLPWQG LKAATKR	14	5.16	0.11	5.77	0.10	5.87	0.04
55	209-216	GSLPWQGL	6	3.00	0.08	3.37	0.03	3.44	0.03
56	209-218	GSLPWQGLK A	8	4.04	0.12	4.39	0.09	4.61	0.04
57	219-230	ATKRQKYERI SE	11	4.41	0.18	4.25	0.07	4.37	0.13
58	231-238	KKMSTPIE	6	2.43	0.10	2.43	0.10	2.47	0.09
59	231-240	KKMSTPIEVL	8	2.52	0.08	2.89	0.03	3.10	0.02
60	235-249	TPIEVLCKGY PSEFA	12	1.86	0.04	2.49	0.04	2.80	0.04

61	239-248	VLCKGYPSE F	8	1.36	0.06	1.74	0.06	2.07	0.05
62	241-247	CKGYPSE	5	1.13	0.03	1.38	0.03	1.67	0.02
63	241-248	CKGYPSEF	6	1.00	0.02	1.26	0.02	1.45	0.02
64	248-254	FATYLNF	6	0.11	0.03	0.18	0.03	0.21	0.03
65	255-269	CRSLRFDDK PDYSYL	13	3.49	0.12	3.74	0.09	3.87	0.07
66	261-269	DDKPDYSYL	7	2.14	0.15	2.17	0.02	2.17	0.09
67	269-277	LRQLFRNLF	8	0.14	0.09	0.47	0.08	0.65	0.08
68	269-285	LRQLFRNLF HRQGFSYD	16	2.37	0.12	2.76	0.07	2.89	0.07
69	270-277	RQLFRNLF	7	0.12	0.08	0.41	0.07	0.61	0.07
70	273-285	FRNLFHHRQG FSYD	12	2.22	0.17	2.42	0.09	2.52	0.07
71	278-285	HRQGFSYD	7	1.95	0.15	1.92	0.12	1.96	0.12
72	286-294	YVFDWNMLK	8	3.82	0.07	4.23	0.06	4.27	0.06
73	288-294	FDWNMLK	6	3.04	0.06	3.35	0.04	3.44	0.04
				<b>CK181-ΔC</b> <b>Relative Fractional Deuterium Uptake (%)</b>					
				<b>1 min</b>		<b>5 min</b>		<b>10 min</b>	
S.No.	Peptide	Sequence	Num Exchangers	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD
1	1-20	MELRVGNRY RLGRKIGSG SF	19	31.78	2.82	34.46	2.98	35.91	1.86
2	3-10	LRVGNRYR	7	46.83	1.09	50.11	1.29	50.12	0.75
3	3-20	LRVGNRYRL GRKIGSGSF	17	41.76	0.51	44.62	1.56	45.85	0.48
4	4-20	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSF	16	36.59	0.58	39.35	1.92	41.23	0.59
5	4-22	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSFG D	18	36.43	0.63	39.01	1.59	40.49	0.75
6	12-25	GRKIGSGSF GDIYL	13	30.72	1.22	41.26	0.42	42.43	1.27
7	21-28	GDIYLGTD	7	23.46	0.35	46.97	1.26	53.90	0.54
8	24-39	YLGTDIAAGE EVAIKL	15	20.53	1.00	20.57	2.68	22.32	1.17
9	26-34	GTDIAAGEE	8	45.02	0.54	45.96	0.19	46.72	0.47
10	28-34	DIAAGEE	6	44.05	0.79	46.37	1.25	45.17	0.22
11	28-36	DIAAGEEVA	8	35.02	0.28	37.92	1.86	44.05	2.00
12	29-36	IAAGEEVA	7	32.82	0.60	36.49	1.36	42.68	0.40
13	35-41	VAIKLEC	6	21.10	0.25	31.73	1.03	39.32	0.12
14	37-49	IKLECVKTKH PQL	11	23.68	0.69	24.84	0.94	25.23	0.41
15	42-49	VTKHPQL	6	28.08	0.80	28.38	1.37	28.72	0.98
16	50-58	HIESKIYKM	8	20.21	1.03	32.67	0.58	37.90	1.57
17	56-72	YKMMQGGV GIPTIRWCG	15	36.60	0.91	37.14	1.95	41.05	1.01

18	56-76	YKMMQGGV GIPTIRWCGA EGD	19	34.63	2.27	32.89	2.59	38.76	0.27
19	59-76	MQGGVGIPTI RWCAGAEVD	16	41.62	1.63	42.32	0.24	46.02	1.15
20	71-90	CGAEGDYNV MVMELLGPS LE	18	5.17	0.37	5.12	0.47	5.27	0.28
21	81-89	VMELLGPSL	7	9.95	0.81	16.02	1.14	23.02	1.54
22	83-89	ELLGPSL	5	10.01	1.34	13.42	0.86	16.35	0.93
23	96-102	CSRKFSL	6	14.13	0.29	15.69	1.55	23.32	1.26
24	96-104	CSRKFSLKT	8	11.83	1.60	17.16	1.17	23.59	1.55
25	96-106	CSRKFSLKT VL	10	8.08	0.31	13.27	0.15	15.70	1.13
26	112-123	MISRIEYIHSK N	11	1.14	0.52	2.57	0.41	3.91	0.49
27	113-123	ISRIEYIHSKN	10	0.50	0.43	1.07	0.47	2.27	0.47
28	124-134	FIHRDVKPDN F	9	3.86	0.22	4.00	0.63	5.95	0.19
29	125-134	IHRDVKPDNF	8	3.03	0.40	3.06	1.24	6.05	0.55
30	126-134	HRDVKPDNF	7	2.58	0.44	3.42	0.36	5.30	0.36
31	135-143	LMGLGKKGN	8	24.38	0.33	29.23	1.10	33.67	1.02
32	135-144	LMGLGKKGN L	9	22.57	2.11	28.22	1.86	31.61	1.69
33	135-146	LMGLGKKGN LVY	11	19.17	1.03	23.16	1.27	26.66	0.94
34	136-144	MGLGKKGNL	8	25.22	0.32	29.56	1.12	31.76	0.53
35	145-151	VYIIDFG	6	12.03	1.68	25.77	3.44	29.12	4.28
36	145-158	VYIIDFGLAK KYRD	13	7.59	3.75	10.91	2.19	13.25	2.52
37	150-169	FGLAKKYRD ARTHQHIPY RE	18	22.38	1.34	22.68	1.20	28.84	1.49
38	150-179	FGLAKKYRD ARTHQHIPY RENKNLTGT ARY	28	27.11	0.40	30.23	1.25	31.27	0.81
39	151-179	GLAKKYRDA RTHQHIPYR ENKNLTGTA RY	27	29.08	1.18	28.94	2.46	32.73	1.30
40	153-179	AKKYRDART HQHIPYREN KNLTGTARY	25	29.36	0.62	30.07	0.63	31.15	0.24
41	159-179	ARTHQHIPY RENKNLTGT ARY	19	31.69	0.75	32.47	0.78	34.96	0.48
42	160-166	RTHQHIP	5	17.13	0.60	22.14	0.95	25.28	0.44
43	166-179	PYRENKNLT GTARY	12	41.62	1.12	42.84	2.48	42.70	1.14
44	180-186	ASINTHL	6	24.46	0.26	36.09	1.56	37.83	0.57
45	180-196	ASINTHLGIE QSRRDDL	16	14.82	0.52	25.12	0.10	26.62	0.38
46	185-196	HLGIEQSRR DDL	11	11.56	0.76	16.62	0.75	19.43	0.42
47	187-196	GIEQSRRDD L	9	12.52	0.25	17.38	0.45	18.95	0.55

S.No.	Peptide	Sequence	Num Exchangers	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD
1	1-20	MELRVGNRY RLGRKIGSG SF	19	29.25	2.07	31.56	2.74	33.17	1.83
2	3-10	LRVGNRYR	7	42.38	3.54	47.65	1.49	50.91	2.68
3	3-20	LRVGNRYRL GRKIGSGSF	17	36.47	0.55	40.07	0.99	41.32	1.10
4	4-20	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSF	16	31.62	0.42	35.01	0.41	36.15	1.05

5	4-22	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSFG D	18	32.06	0.56	34.76	0.53	35.86	1.17
6	12-25	GRKIGSGSF GDIYL	13	24.88	0.54	26.40	0.27	26.63	0.41
7	21-28	GDIYLGTD	7	5.83	0.13	13.45	0.52	19.39	0.96
8	24-39	YLGTDIAAGE EVAIKL	15	19.20	0.41	18.37	0.39	19.49	0.66
9	26-34	GTDIAAGEE	8	45.17	0.73	45.52	0.19	44.95	0.48
10	28-34	DIAAGEE	6	44.86	0.21	44.05	1.71	43.63	1.12
11	28-36	DIAAGEEVA	8	34.37	0.29	34.05	0.89	35.76	1.98
12	29-36	IAAGEEVA	7	32.35	0.40	31.40	0.41	31.73	0.39
13	35-41	VAIKLEC	6	13.96	0.75	13.84	1.83	14.88	0.77
14	37-49	IKLECVKTKH PQL	11	21.82	0.31	21.00	0.42	19.02	0.69
15	42-49	VTKHPQL	6	27.79	0.90	27.89	0.55	26.96	0.90
16	50-58	HIESKIYKM	8	16.63	0.76	24.80	0.70	26.51	0.58
17	56-72	YKMMQGGV GIPTIRWCG	15	29.76	1.82	33.03	2.28	32.09	0.56
18	56-76	YKMMQGGV GIPTIRWCGA EGD	19	33.61	2.93	34.26	3.86	31.14	0.66
19	59-76	MQGGVGIPTI RWCAGED	16	37.03	3.04	36.55	2.37	38.98	2.66
20	71-90	CGAEGDYNV MVMELLGPS LE	18	5.28	0.09	5.12	0.09	4.63	0.54
21	81-89	VMELLGPSL	7	2.75	1.01	3.22	0.69	4.18	0.63
22	83-89	ELLGPSL	5	2.82	1.17	3.26	0.86	4.47	0.83
23	96-102	CSRKFSL	6	13.91	0.17	15.77	0.39	17.33	0.84
24	96-104	CSRKFSLKT	8	13.21	1.41	16.80	1.44	18.53	1.59
25	96-106	CSRKFSLKT VL	10	9.12	1.10	12.36	0.25	13.77	0.28
26	112-123	MISRIEYIHSK N	11	1.50	0.60	2.49	0.57	3.81	0.51
27	113-123	ISRIEYIHSKN	10	0.90	0.58	1.23	0.60	1.87	0.59
28	124-134	FIHRDVKPDN F	9	4.52	0.22	5.38	0.08	7.25	0.17
29	125-134	IHRDVKPDNF	8	4.02	1.24	4.93	0.97	8.29	1.15
30	126-134	HRDVKPDNF	7	4.10	0.37	6.00	0.63	7.43	0.43
31	135-143	LMGLGKKGN	8	25.05	0.35	28.09	0.54	29.85	0.89
32	135-144	LMGLGKKGN L	9	24.00	1.20	26.15	1.47	28.34	1.58
33	135-146	LMGLGKKGN LVY	11	19.58	0.99	21.54	1.02	22.74	1.04
34	136-144	MGLGKKGNL	8	24.63	0.53	26.13	0.41	27.64	0.83
35	145-151	VYIIDFG	6	3.39	1.87	5.65	2.01	6.90	1.84
36	145-158	VYIIDFGLAK KYRD	13	10.13	2.44	11.67	0.52	13.15	0.41
37	150-169	FGLAKKYRD ARTHQHIPY RE	18	22.47	1.52	23.34	1.55	24.58	1.14

38	150-179	FGLAKKYRD ARTHQHIPY RENKNLTGT ARY	28	27.00	0.42	27.37	0.39	27.91	0.93
39	151-179	GLAKKYRDA RTHQHIPYR ENKNLTGTA RY	27	28.97	1.66	29.60	0.95	28.27	0.79
40	153-179	AKKYRDART HQHIPYREN KNLTGTY	25	29.81	0.53	28.74	0.29	28.78	0.21
41	159-179	ARTHQHIPY RENKNLTGT ARY	19	32.17	0.41	31.60	1.18	31.31	0.60
42	160-166	RTHQHIP	5	17.44	0.60	22.22	0.48	24.86	0.63
43	166-179	PYRENKNLT GTARY	12	42.58	1.74	41.03	1.38	40.72	1.56
44	180-186	ASINTHL	6	25.18	0.47	36.08	0.41	36.93	0.78
45	180-196	ASINTHLGIE QSRRDDL	16	17.96	0.39	24.73	0.22	26.35	0.84
46	185-196	HLGIEQSRR DDL	11	12.68	0.40	16.87	0.68	19.03	0.46
47	187-196	GIEQSRRDD L	9	12.74	0.27	16.75	0.38	17.97	0.34
48	188-195	IEQSRRDD	7	16.09	0.42	18.50	0.42	19.92	0.87
49	205-215	YFNLGSLPW QG	9	28.62	0.67	38.38	0.74	39.97	0.91
50	205-216	YFNLGSLPW QGL	10	31.07	0.86	38.54	0.73	39.41	1.26
51	205-218	YFNLGSLPW QGLKA	12	39.24	0.26	45.44	0.26	47.08	0.86
52	206-216	FNLGSLPWQ GL	9	37.22	1.65	45.56	1.71	45.48	1.41
53	206-218	FNLGSLPWQ GLKA	11	45.52	0.59	53.15	0.61	54.77	1.70
54	207-222	NLGSLPWQG LKAATKR	14	34.65	0.24	38.20	0.27	39.06	1.53
55	209-216	GSLPWQGL	6	49.98	0.51	56.33	0.17	56.96	0.72
56	209-218	GSLPWQGLK A	8	50.61	0.86	53.97	0.66	54.49	0.65
57	219-230	ATKRQKYERI SE	11	40.47	1.17	40.69	0.99	39.68	1.01
58	231-238	KKMSTPIE	6	42.27	1.61	42.62	1.64	41.85	1.84
59	231-240	KKMSTPIEVL	8	32.74	0.52	36.78	0.60	38.03	0.30
60	235-249	TPIEVLKGY							
61	239-248	PSEFA	12	16.68	0.25	21.05	0.39	22.57	0.23
62	241-247	VLCKGYPSE	8	16.75	0.08	21.39	0.48	25.15	0.48
63	241-248	CKGYPSE	5	22.92	0.20	28.00	0.43	32.55	1.01
64	248-254	CKGYPSEF	6	17.83	0.41	21.53	0.35	24.77	0.32
65	255-269	FATYLNF	6	1.38	0.48	2.95	0.62	3.88	0.50
66	261-269	CRSLRFDDK							
67	269-277	PDYSYL	13	28.09	0.44	30.09	0.49	30.10	0.66
68	269-285	LRQLFRNLF	7	32.88	1.26	31.94	1.15	32.02	0.81
		HRQGFSYD	8	1.45	1.19	5.47	1.15	7.80	1.14
			16	16.17	0.57	18.31	0.44	19.00	0.70

69	270-277	RQLFRNLF	7	1.53	1.01	5.52	1.13	8.03	1.27
70	273-285	FRNLFHRQG FSYD	12	19.90	0.48	20.47	0.63	21.24	0.69
71	278-285	HRQGFSYD	7	30.38	1.61	29.19	1.87	28.89	1.71
72	286-294	YVFDWNMLK	8	48.52	0.81	52.82	0.88	53.63	1.23
73	288-294	FDWNMLK	6	51.92	0.64	55.63	0.70	58.74	0.58
<b>CK151-ΔC + AMPPNP</b>									
<b>Relative Fractional Deuterium Uptake (%)</b>									
S.No.	Peptide	Sequence	Num Exchangers	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD
1	1-20	MELRVGNRY RLGRKIGSGSF	19	29.08	3.08	31.61	2.81	33.33	1.59
2	3-10	LRVGNRYR	7	42.64	1.23	49.44	2.63	52.00	3.36
3	3-20	LRVGNRYRL GRKIGSGSF	17	38.58	0.84	42.42	0.47	43.34	0.53
4	4-20	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSF	16	32.93	1.26	36.46	0.29	38.07	0.33
5	4-22	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSFGD	18	33.42	1.18	37.37	1.83	38.16	1.87
6	12-25	GRKIGSGSF GDIYL	13	25.95	1.60	33.21	0.39	36.20	0.23
7	21-28	GDIYLGTD	7	12.57	0.13	32.30	0.70	41.29	0.32
8	24-39	YLGTDIAAGE EVAIKL	15	17.35	1.26	17.68	0.57	18.48	0.53
9	26-34	GTDIAAGEEE	8	44.19	0.73	44.78	0.17	44.85	0.17
10	28-34	DIAAGEEE	6	43.11	1.25	42.75	0.25	42.93	0.45
11	28-36	DIAAGEEEVA	8	33.74	0.56	34.76	0.34	36.47	1.30
12	29-36	IAAGEEEVA	7	31.53	0.77	32.68	0.41	34.90	0.40
13	35-41	VAIKLEC	6	17.20	0.69	23.72	1.82	24.17	1.06
14	37-49	IKLECVKTKH PQL	11	19.69	0.59	19.32	0.16	20.53	0.36
15	42-49	VTKHPQL	6	26.85	1.58	25.72	0.78	26.39	0.36
16	50-58	HIESKIYKM	8	18.79	0.78	29.06	0.89	32.26	0.84
17	56-72	YKMMMQGGV GIPTIRWC	15	34.85	0.48	36.87	0.15	36.12	1.09
18	56-76	YKMMMQGGV GIPTIRWCAGA EGD	19	32.02	3.17	34.55	0.79	33.44	0.93
19	59-76	MQGGVGIPTR RWCGAEVD	16	39.23	2.60	40.53	0.61	45.29	2.93
20	71-90	CGAEGDYN MVMELLGPS LE	18	3.74	0.12	4.51	0.29	4.78	0.14
21	81-89	VMELLGPSL	7	3.04	0.62	7.11	0.77	11.26	0.50
22	83-89	ELLGPSL	5	3.38	0.77	7.13	1.08	9.40	0.97
23	96-102	CSRKFSL	6	13.57	0.79	16.42	0.17	17.86	0.18
24	96-104	CSRKFSLKT	8	13.91	1.50	17.51	1.55	20.21	2.37

25	96-106	CSRKFSLKT VL	10	8.33	0.15	12.67	0.17	14.52	0.47
26	112-123	MISRIEYIHSK N	11	1.54	0.54	2.41	0.50	3.91	0.54
27	113-123	ISRIEYIHSKN	10	0.76	0.56	1.39	0.69	1.71	0.68
28	124-134	FIHRDVKPDN F	9	3.34	0.53	4.44	0.27	5.63	0.08
29	125-134	IHRDVKPDNF	8	2.75	0.59	5.50	1.74	6.83	0.72
30	126-134	HRDVKPDNF	7	3.70	0.48	4.84	0.39	6.32	0.36
31	135-143	LMGLGKKGN	8	22.70	1.02	26.26	0.18	29.06	0.47
32	135-144	LMGLGKKGN L	9	22.07	1.40	24.91	1.21	27.85	1.51
33	135-146	LMGLGKKGN LVY	11	17.79	1.25	20.52	1.02	22.23	1.03
34	136-144	MGLGKKGNL	8	22.37	0.64	24.62	0.55	27.49	0.42
35	145-151	VYIIDFG	6	6.86	1.65	17.93	2.51	21.98	2.22
36	145-158	VYIIDFGLAK KYRD	13	9.23	2.67	11.92	0.41	13.08	0.41
37	150-169	FGLAKKYRD ARTHQHIPY RE	18	21.26	2.25	23.15	2.04	26.51	2.67
38	150-179	FGLAKKYRD ARTHQHIPY RENKNLTGT ARY	28	25.37	1.23	27.11	0.61	28.40	0.59
39	151-179	GLAKKYRDA RTHQHIPYR ENKNLTGTA RY	27	26.33	1.13	28.11	1.10	28.94	1.33
40	153-179	AKKYRDART HQHIPYREN KNLTGTARY	25	27.22	1.85	27.88	0.53	28.75	0.33
41	159-179	ARTHQHIPY RENKNLTGT ARY	19	29.48	0.19	30.56	0.37	31.39	0.44
42	160-166	RTHQHIP	5	17.11	0.87	21.71	1.09	23.70	0.47
43	166-179	PYRENKNLT GTARY	12	43.22	0.56	39.97	1.09	41.66	0.56
44	180-186	ASINTHL	6	28.19	0.92	35.39	0.57	35.80	0.34
45	180-196	ASINTHLGIE QSRRDDL	16	17.01	0.56	24.20	0.37	26.09	0.37
46	185-196	HLGIEQSRR DDL	11	12.02	0.63	15.93	0.59	18.57	0.76
47	187-196	GIEQSRRDD L	9	13.09	0.42	15.93	0.33	17.83	0.26
48	188-195	IEQSRRDD	7	14.23	0.27	17.81	0.40	19.10	0.37
49	205-215	YFNLLGSLPW QG	9	31.68	1.70	40.89	0.74	43.31	0.66
50	205-216	YFNLLGSLPW QGL	10	34.20	0.58	42.41	0.61	42.62	0.58
51	205-218	YFNLLGSLPW QGLKA	12	39.61	0.26	45.64	0.33	47.54	0.26
52	206-216	FNLGSLPWQ GL	9	38.05	2.03	47.66	0.53	47.86	1.67
53	206-218	FNLGSLPWQ GLKA	11	45.78	1.00	53.74	0.62	55.66	0.62
54	207-222	NLGSLPWQG LKAATKR	14	36.88	0.80	41.22	0.69	41.90	0.29

55	209-216	GSLPWQGL	6	50.02	1.34	56.09	0.56	57.34	0.53
56	209-218	GSLPWQGLKA	8	50.46	1.52	54.91	1.13	57.68	0.55
57	219-230	ATKRQKYERISE	11	40.06	1.64	38.64	0.64	39.73	1.16
58	231-238	KKMSTPIE	6	40.46	1.74	40.58	1.60	41.14	1.57
59	231-240	KKMSTPIEVL	8	31.45	1.04	36.07	0.37	38.71	0.27
60	235-249	TPIEVLKGYPSEFA	12	15.54	0.34	20.73	0.32	23.37	0.37
61	239-248	VLCKGYPSEF	8	17.03	0.77	21.75	0.75	25.88	0.60
62	241-247	CKGYPSE	5	22.54	0.56	27.57	0.56	33.32	0.38
63	241-248	CKGYPSEF	6	16.60	0.32	21.02	0.28	24.21	0.34
64	248-254	FATYLNF	6	1.91	0.47	3.00	0.55	3.57	0.57
65	255-269	CRSLRFDDKPDYSYL	13	26.85	0.95	28.79	0.68	29.79	0.54
66	261-269	DDKPDYSYL	7	30.55	2.10	30.94	0.27	30.94	1.27
67	269-277	LRQLFRNL	8	1.72	1.18	5.89	1.03	8.17	1.02
68	269-285	LRQLFRNLHRQGFSYD	16	14.84	0.72	17.28	0.42	18.05	0.42
69	270-277	RQLFRNL	7	1.78	1.10	5.82	1.03	8.75	1.00
70	273-285	FRNLFRQGFSYD	12	18.47	1.43	20.14	0.74	20.97	0.56
71	278-285	HRQGFSYD	7	27.88	2.13	27.44	1.70	28.04	1.69
72	286-294	YVFDWNMLK	8	47.71	0.85	52.93	0.78	53.44	0.78
73	288-294	FDWNMLK	6	50.63	0.93	55.80	0.71	57.35	0.60

### CK151-ΔC

#### Relative Deuterium Uptake (Da)

S.No.	Peptide	Sequence	Num Exchangers	1 min		5 min		10 min	
				Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD
1	4-11	RVGNRYRL	7	2.38	0.10	2.36	0.03	2.48	0.04
2	4-20	RVGNRYRLGRKIGSGSF	16	5.51	0.10	6.15	0.05	6.19	0.17
3	4-22	RVGNRYRLGRKIGSGSFGD	18	5.82	0.04	6.43	0.02	6.59	0.11
4	4-25	RVGNRYRLGRKIGSGSFGDIYL	21	5.83	0.19	6.92	0.11	7.45	0.02
5	8-24	RYRLGRKIGSGFGDIY	16	1.86	0.16	2.49	0.05	2.34	0.11
6	12-25	GRKIGSGSFEDIYL	13	4.23	0.09	4.96	0.07	5.34	0.01
7	21-27	GDIYLG	6	1.95	0.19	2.83	0.04	3.12	0.08
8	21-28	GDIYLGTD	7	1.97	0.19	3.09	0.07	3.65	0.01
9	25-34	LGTIAAGEE	9	3.85	0.11	4.16	0.08	4.04	0.03
10	26-33	GTDIAAGE	7	3.10	0.05	3.13	0.04	3.24	0.05
11	26-34	GTDIAAGEEV	8	3.75	0.07	3.77	0.03	3.90	0.03
12	26-36	GTDIAAGEEVA	10	4.29	0.14	4.46	0.05	4.83	0.03

13	28-34	DIAAGEE	6	2.62	0.04	2.63	0.02	2.65	0.06
14	28-36	DIAAGEEVA	8	2.85	0.06	3.14	0.05	3.53	0.07
15	29-36	IAAGEEVA	7	2.23	0.06	2.53	0.05	2.82	0.06
16	35-41	VAIKLEC	6	1.86	0.04	2.11	0.08	3.03	0.10
17	40-49	ECVKTKHPQ L	8	2.00	0.14	2.12	0.06	2.00	0.10
18	42-49	VKTKHPQL	6	1.68	0.04	1.73	0.07	1.76	0.08
19	50-56	HIESKIY	6	1.52	0.07	1.73	0.04	1.89	0.04
20	50-58	HIESKIYKM	8	1.89	0.08	2.66	0.04	2.85	0.09
21	56-76	YKMMQGGV GIPTIRWCGA EGD	19	5.25	0.28	6.41	0.39	7.05	0.08
22	56-77	YKMMQGGV GIPTIRWCGA EGDY	20	4.96	0.42	4.28	0.09	4.85	0.34
23	59-72	MQGGVGIPTR WCAG	12	3.55	0.15	3.92	0.08	4.13	0.00
24	81-89	VMELLGPSL	7	0.78	0.16	0.95	0.06	1.23	0.06
25	82-89	MELLGPSL	6	0.41	0.15	0.66	0.03	0.92	0.03
26	83-89	ELLGPSL	5	0.41	0.13	0.50	0.02	0.62	0.02
27	96-102	CSRKFSL	6	1.14	0.12	1.05	0.10	1.03	0.11
28	96-104	CSRKFSLKT	8	1.47	0.15	1.37	0.02	1.44	0.12
29	96-106	CSRKFSLKT VL	10	1.05	0.21	1.08	0.09	1.20	0.09
30	96-107	CSRKFSLKT VLL	11	1.11	0.18	1.13	0.06	1.24	0.07
31	108-114	LADQMIS	6	2.14	0.07	2.29	0.09	2.54	0.11
32	113-123	ISRIEYIHSKN	10	0.56	0.12	0.16	0.03	0.12	0.02
33	114-123	SRIEYIHSKN	9	0.97	0.04	0.72	0.12	0.76	0.04
34	119-134	IHSKNFIHRD VKPDNF	14	2.27	0.05	1.82	0.12	2.02	0.04
35	124-134	FIHRDVKPDN F	9	0.36	0.14	0.34	0.06	0.35	0.02
36	124-135	FIHRDVKPDN FL	10	0.42	0.28	0.25	0.05	0.27	0.04
37	135-143	LMGLGKKGN	8	1.68	0.10	2.00	0.07	2.29	0.10
38	135-144	LMGLGKKGN L	9	2.01	0.15	2.12	0.09	2.44	0.09
39	135-145	LMGLGKKGN LV	10	2.04	0.16	2.21	0.14	2.52	0.14
40	135-146	LMGLGKKGN LVY	11	1.71	0.14	1.97	0.04	2.18	0.09
41	136-144	MGLGKKGNL	8	1.96	0.10	2.14	0.06	2.36	0.10
42	136-146	MGLGKKGNL VY	10	1.95	0.10	2.16	0.14	2.37	0.10
43	145-151	VYIIDFG	6	1.12	0.03	1.58	0.02	1.67	0.02
44	150-169	FGLAKKYRD ARTHQHIPY RE	18	3.54	0.09	4.34	0.07	4.65	0.25
45	162-179	HQHIPYREN KNLTGTARY	16	6.63	0.14	6.49	0.25	6.50	0.28
46	166-179	PYRENKNLT GTARY	12	5.06	0.13	5.46	0.17	5.62	0.08

47	170-179	NKNLTGTARY	9	4.07	0.10	4.17	0.04	4.31	0.13
48	180-186	ASINTHL	6	1.41	0.08	2.03	0.04	2.13	0.06
49	180-196	ASINTHLGIEQSRRDDL	16	2.49	0.25	3.33	0.04	3.75	0.11
50	183-196	NTHLGIEQSRRDDL	13	2.10	0.05	2.75	0.05	3.00	0.05
51	185-196	H LGIEQSRRDDL	11	1.21	0.18	1.44	0.03	1.62	0.05
52	189-196	EQSRRDDL	7	0.94	0.13	0.99	0.02	1.09	0.03
53	203-217	L MYFNLGSLPWQGLK	13	2.64	0.14	2.94	0.02	3.34	0.03
54	205-218	YFNLGSLPWQGLKA	12	4.70	0.21	5.18	0.16	5.34	0.14
55	207-218	NLGSLPWQGLKA	10	4.76	0.10	5.55	0.07	5.92	0.09
56	209-216	GSLPWQGL	6	2.71	0.03	3.23	0.07	3.36	0.09
57	209-218	GSLPWQGLKA	8	3.91	0.05	4.52	0.05	4.71	0.05
58	209-230	GSLPWQGLKAATKRQKYERI	20	4.72	0.06	5.46	0.09	5.74	0.02
59	212-230	PWQGLKAATKRQKYERISE	17	7.22	0.07	7.60	0.06	8.00	0.11
60	219-230	ATKRQKYERISE	11	3.67	0.01	4.09	0.09	4.21	0.09
61	231-238	KKMSTPIE	6	2.26	0.01	2.51	0.08	2.59	0.04
62	231-240	KKMSTPIEVL	8	2.41	0.05	2.66	0.06	3.01	0.14
63	239-247	VLCKGYPSE	7	1.57	0.13	1.93	0.11	2.41	0.10
64	241-247	CKGYPSE	5	1.15	0.07	1.49	0.03	1.79	0.03
65	241-248	CKGYPSEF	6	0.87	0.10	1.09	0.04	1.31	0.04
66	248-254	FATYLN F	6	0.28	0.10	0.13	0.02	0.16	0.01
67	255-267	CRSLRFDDKPDYS	11	3.02	0.08	3.29	0.07	3.52	0.04
68	255-268	CRSLRFDDKPDYSY	12	3.59	0.03	4.02	0.08	4.23	0.06
69	255-269	CRSLRFDDKPDYSYL	13	3.31	0.05	3.54	0.01	3.76	0.09
70	261-268	DDKPDYSY	6	2.68	0.06	2.77	0.05	2.85	0.06
71	261-269	DDKPDYSYL	7	2.35	0.05	2.43	0.02	2.46	0.06
72	268-277	YLRQLFRNL F	9	0.07	0.02	0.48	0.03	0.75	0.03
73	268-285	YLRQLFRNL FHRQGFSYD	17	2.23	0.07	2.66	0.06	2.93	0.06
74	269-277	LRQLFRNL F	8	0.15	0.06	0.42	0.05	0.63	0.03
75	269-285	LRQLFRNL FHRQGFSYD	16	2.14	0.01	2.47	0.06	2.65	0.07
76	270-277	RQLFRNL F	7	0.17	0.08	0.41	0.04	0.59	0.04
77	272-285	LFRNL FHRQGFSYD	13	2.33	0.02	2.56	0.03	2.66	0.03
78	273-285	FRNL FHRQGFSYD	12	2.15	0.07	2.37	0.07	2.49	0.06
79	286-294	YVFDWNMLK	8	4.18	0.13	4.50	0.03	4.63	0.04
80	288-294	FDWNMLK	6	3.32	0.05	3.58	0.05	3.75	0.07

				CK1δ1-ΔC + 4p-FASP					
				Relative Deuterium Uptake (Da)					
				1 min		5 min		10 min	
S.No.	Peptide	Sequence	Num Exchangers	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD
1	4-11	RVGNRYRL	7	2.23	0.07	2.48	0.03	2.48	0.04
2	4-20	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSF	16	4.44	0.04	4.88	0.06	4.74	0.06
3	4-22	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSFG D	18	4.78	0.14	5.34	0.06	5.05	0.06
4	4-25	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSFG DIYL	21	5.47	0.05	6.84	0.07	6.90	0.12
5	8-24	RYRLGRKIG SGSGFDIY	16	1.77	0.10	2.08	0.10	2.18	0.10
6	12-25	GRKIGSGSF GDIYL	13	3.90	0.06	4.65	0.06	5.18	0.02
7	21-27	GDIYLG	6	1.21	0.19	2.67	0.07	2.94	0.14
8	21-28	GDIYLGTD	7	1.46	0.02	2.86	0.13	3.44	0.01
9	25-34	LGTDIAAGEE	9	3.87	0.04	3.72	0.03	3.79	0.04
10	26-33	GTDIAAGE	7	2.79	0.02	2.81	0.04	2.72	0.05
11	26-34	GTDIAAGEE	8	3.41	0.02	3.40	0.03	3.52	0.03
12	26-36	GTDIAAGEEV A	10	3.62	0.03	4.05	0.02	4.32	0.02
13	28-34	DIAAGEE	6	2.53	0.02	2.51	0.01	2.50	0.03
14	28-36	DIAAGEEVA	8	2.61	0.04	3.06	0.05	3.39	0.01
15	29-36	IAAGEEEVA	7	2.15	0.03	2.45	0.03	2.70	0.03
16	35-41	VAIKLEC	6	1.41	0.02	1.76	0.10	2.99	0.07
17	40-49	ECVTKHPQ L	8	1.84	0.09	1.65	0.15	1.67	0.26
18	42-49	VTKHPQL	6	1.80	0.01	1.73	0.04	1.76	0.08
19	50-56	HIESKIY	6	1.24	0.02	1.54	0.05	1.77	0.03
20	50-58	HIESKIYKM	8	1.70	0.04	2.45	0.02	2.61	0.05
21	56-76	YKMMMQGGV GIPTIRWCAG EGD	19	3.82	0.15	4.44	0.13	5.83	0.33
22	56-77	YKMMMQGGV GIPTIRWCAG EGDY	20	3.37	0.04	2.88	0.23	3.33	0.25
23	59-72	MQGGVGPTI RWCG	12	2.62	0.12	2.47	0.25	2.38	0.09
24	81-89	VMELLGPSL	7	0.48	0.08	0.91	0.09	1.14	0.06
25	82-89	MELLGPSL	6	0.20	0.03	0.62	0.06	0.83	0.05
26	83-89	ELLGPSL	5	0.20	0.02	0.46	0.02	0.54	0.02
27	96-102	CSRKFSL	6	0.67	0.07	0.83	0.10	1.01	0.10
28	96-104	CSRKFSLKT	8	0.92	0.10	1.33	0.02	1.42	0.05
29	96-106	CSRKFSLKT VL	10	0.55	0.05	0.87	0.05	1.07	0.06
30	96-107	CSRKFSLKT VLL	11	0.73	0.08	1.11	0.11	1.27	0.04

31	108-114	LADQMIS	6	2.06	0.09	2.27	0.08	2.44	0.02
32	113-123	ISRIEYIHSKN	10	0.07	0.02	0.15	0.03	0.18	0.03
33	114-123	SRIEYIHSKN	9	0.30	0.09	0.40	0.03	0.64	0.11
34	119-134	IHSKNFIHRD VKPDNF	14	1.68	0.24	1.93	0.04	2.16	0.13
35	124-134	FIHRDVKP DN F	9	0.31	0.01	0.36	0.02	0.41	0.03
36	124-135	FIHRDVKP DN FL	10	0.08	0.03	0.13	0.03	0.25	0.06
37	135-143	LMGLGKKGN	8	1.68	0.06	2.04	0.08	2.38	0.04
38	135-144	LMGLGKKGN L	9	1.91	0.04	2.24	0.08	2.53	0.05
39	135-145	LMGLGKKGN LV	10	1.88	0.13	2.29	0.14	2.62	0.16
40	135-146	LMGLGKKGN LVY	11	1.72	0.04	2.08	0.07	2.32	0.04
41	136-144	MGLGKKGNL	8	1.83	0.03	2.10	0.05	2.35	0.04
42	136-146	MGLGKKGNL VY	10	1.84	0.03	2.18	0.08	2.46	0.07
43	145-151	VYIIDFG	6	0.66	0.03	1.35	0.01	1.51	0.02
44	150-169	FGLAKKYRD ARTHQHIPY RE	18	3.12	0.11	3.59	0.02	3.62	0.13
45	162-179	HQHIPYREN KNLTGTARY	16	6.42	0.13	6.37	0.10	6.02	0.11
46	166-179	PYRENKNLT GTARY	12	4.96	0.16	5.06	0.05	4.78	0.14
47	170-179	NKNLTGTAR Y	9	4.13	0.05	4.10	0.04	4.16	0.09
48	180-186	ASINTHL	6	1.39	0.04	2.06	0.04	2.15	0.04
49	180-196	ASINTHLGIE QSRRDDL	16	2.39	0.05	3.41	0.07	3.74	0.06
50	183-196	NTHLGIEQSR RDDL	13	2.01	0.02	2.68	0.07	3.06	0.02
51	185-196	HLGIEQSRR DDL	11	0.95	0.02	1.38	0.06	1.57	0.02
52	189-196	EQSRRDDL	7	0.76	0.01	0.97	0.06	1.05	0.03
53	203-217	LMYFNGLSL PWQGLK	13	1.83	0.21	2.76	0.06	2.85	0.14
54	205-218	YFNLGSLPW QGLKA	12	4.26	0.10	5.20	0.08	5.45	0.05
55	207-218	NLGSLPWQG LKA	10	4.57	0.11	5.33	0.12	5.54	0.07
56	209-216	GSLPWQGL	6	2.76	0.04	3.04	0.05	3.15	0.04
57	209-218	GSLPWQGLK A	8	3.88	0.05	4.18	0.04	4.33	0.07
58	209-230	GSLPWQGLK AATKRQKYE RISE	20	4.75	0.01	5.49	0.05	5.57	0.10
59	212-230	PWQGLKAAT KRQKYERISE	17	7.07	0.04	7.13	0.14	7.30	0.05
60	219-230	ATKRQKYERI SE	11	3.67	0.06	3.93	0.06	3.82	0.09
61	231-238	KKMSTPIE	6	2.26	0.01	2.33	0.02	2.40	0.07
62	231-240	KKMSTPIEVL	8	2.24	0.04	2.54	0.04	2.83	0.03
63	239-247	VLCKGYPSE	7	1.31	0.10	1.82	0.02	2.24	0.14

64	241-247	CKGYPSE	5	1.11	0.02	1.39	0.02	1.62	0.02
65	241-248	CKGYPSEF	6	0.82	0.04	1.06	0.04	1.27	0.04
66	248-254	FATYLNF	6	0.03	0.01	0.07	0.01	0.07	0.02
67	255-267	CRSLRFDDK PDYS	11	2.85	0.06	3.14	0.05	3.25	0.07
68	255-268	CRSLRFDDK PDYSY	12	3.51	0.07	3.76	0.07	3.85	0.06
69	255-269	CRSLRFDDK PDYSYL	13	3.20	0.01	3.41	0.04	3.49	0.04
70	261-268	DDKPDYSY	6	2.69	0.02	2.75	0.02	2.98	0.03
71	261-269	DDKPDYSYL	7	2.30	0.02	2.44	0.02	2.44	0.02
72	268-277	YLRQLFRNLF	9	0.11	0.03	0.46	0.03	0.71	0.02
73	268-285	YLRQLFRNLF HRQGFSYD	17	2.14	0.07	2.59	0.04	2.73	0.07
74	269-277	LRQLFRNLF	8	0.10	0.04	0.39	0.02	0.56	0.03
75	269-285	LRQLFRNLF HRQGFSYD	16	2.15	0.02	2.49	0.02	2.66	0.02
76	270-277	RQLFRNLF	7	0.05	0.07	0.32	0.06	0.49	0.06
77	272-285	LFRNLFHQR GFSYD	13	2.33	0.04	2.77	0.07	2.83	0.03
78	273-285	FRNLFHQR FSYD	12	2.02	0.12	2.26	0.06	2.48	0.12
79	286-294	YVFDWNMLK	8	3.97	0.05	4.35	0.02	4.44	0.06
80	288-294	FDWNMLK	6	3.17	0.04	3.46	0.04	3.53	0.04
<b>CK1δ1-ΔC</b>									
<b>Relative Fractional Deuterium Uptake (%)</b>									
S.No.	Peptide	Sequence	Num Exchangers	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD
1	4-11	RVGNRYRL	7	33.94	1.48	33.66	0.39	35.40	0.53
2	4-20	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSF	16	34.46	0.63	38.43	0.30	38.72	1.04
3	4-22	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSFG D	18	32.31	0.25	35.73	0.09	36.61	0.59
4	4-25	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSFG DIYL	21	27.77	0.91	32.96	0.50	35.46	0.10
5	8-24	RYRLGRKIG SGSGFDIY	16	11.60	1.01	15.57	0.32	14.59	0.70
6	12-25	GRKIGSGSF GDIYL	13	32.56	0.66	38.13	0.52	41.07	0.10
7	21-27	GDIYLG	6	32.56	3.24	47.10	0.69	51.95	1.34
8	21-28	GDIYLGTD	7	28.21	2.67	44.13	1.04	52.08	0.16
9	25-34	LGTDIAAGEE	9	42.83	1.19	46.28	0.93	44.91	0.37
10	26-33	GTDIAAGE	7	44.31	0.68	44.74	0.61	46.31	0.67
11	26-34	GTDIAAGEE	8	46.85	0.93	47.10	0.31	48.70	0.42
12	26-36	GTDIAAGEEV A	10	42.90	1.37	44.56	0.48	48.26	0.33
13	28-34	DIAAGEE	6	43.59	0.75	43.88	0.32	44.16	1.05
14	28-36	DIAAGEEVA	8	35.66	0.74	39.26	0.66	44.15	0.85

15	29-36	IAAGEEVA	7	31.92	0.90	36.13	0.67	40.35	0.83
16	35-41	VAIKLEC	6	30.94	0.73	35.22	1.31	50.57	1.63
17	40-49	ECVKTKHPQ L	8	25.01	1.77	26.46	0.75	24.95	1.25
18	42-49	VKTKHPQL	6	28.02	0.66	28.88	1.09	29.40	1.32
19	50-56	HIESKIY	6	25.26	1.09	28.84	0.72	31.48	0.68
20	50-58	HIESKIYKM	8	23.62	1.06	33.24	0.48	35.65	1.08
21	56-76	YKMMQGGV GIPTIRWCGA EGD	19	27.62	1.45	33.75	2.05	37.08	0.43
22	56-77	YKMMQGGV GIPTIRWCGA EGDY	20	24.79	2.12	21.38	0.46	24.23	1.72
23	59-72	MQGGVGPTI RWCG	12	29.55	1.23	32.69	0.68	34.40	0.04
24	81-89	VMELLGPSL	7	11.12	2.23	13.57	0.84	17.61	0.85
25	82-89	MELLGPSL	6	6.87	2.50	10.95	0.52	15.38	0.49
26	83-89	ELLGPSL	5	8.30	2.67	9.93	0.33	12.40	0.38
27	96-102	CSRKFSL	6	19.05	2.07	17.56	1.75	17.24	1.81
28	96-104	CSRKFSLKT	8	18.39	1.93	17.13	0.29	17.98	1.47
29	96-106	CSRKFSLKT VL	10	10.46	2.08	10.77	0.91	11.99	0.89
30	96-107	CSRKFSLKT VLL	11	10.06	1.63	10.28	0.58	11.31	0.68
31	108-114	LADQMIS	6	35.62	1.21	38.17	1.44	42.31	1.91
32	113-123	ISRIEYIHSKN	10	5.64	1.20	1.59	0.26	1.17	0.19
33	114-123	SRIEYIHSKN	9	10.83	0.39	8.01	1.32	8.42	0.46
34	119-134	IHSKNFIHRD VKPDNF	14	16.24	0.34	13.00	0.88	14.43	0.28
35	124-134	FIHRDVKP DN F	9	3.96	1.60	3.79	0.72	3.86	0.18
36	124-135	FIHRDVKP DN FL	10	4.17	2.79	2.48	0.53	2.67	0.41
37	135-143	LMGLGKKGN	8	21.01	1.25	25.05	0.86	28.62	1.28
38	135-144	LMGLGKKGN L	9	22.36	1.71	23.61	1.04	27.16	1.01
39	135-145	LMGLGKKGN LV	10	20.36	1.55	22.06	1.43	25.17	1.42
40	135-146	LMGLGKKGN LVY	11	15.53	1.31	17.91	0.35	19.82	0.80
41	136-144	MGLGKKGNL	8	24.48	1.31	26.72	0.80	29.47	1.23
42	136-146	MGLGKKGNL VY	10	19.46	1.03	21.60	1.37	23.67	0.96
43	145-151	VYIIDFG	6	18.64	0.50	26.26	0.29	27.84	0.33
44	150-169	FGLAKKYRD ARTHQHIPY RE	18	19.69	0.48	24.11	0.37	25.85	1.40
45	162-179	HQHIPYREN KNLTGTARY	16	41.45	0.86	40.58	1.54	40.63	1.72
46	166-179	PYRENKNLT GTARY	12	42.14	1.12	45.52	1.39	46.87	0.70
47	170-179	NKNLTGTAR Y	9	45.26	1.06	46.33	0.40	47.89	1.49

48	180-186	ASINTHL	6	23.51	1.37	33.81	0.69	35.53	1.01
49	180-196	ASINTHGLIE QSRRDDL	16	15.57	1.57	20.84	0.25	23.46	0.70
50	183-196	NTHLGIEQSR RDDL	13	16.14	0.39	21.12	0.41	23.07	0.39
51	185-196	HLGIEQSRR DDL	11	11.01	1.63	13.09	0.30	14.70	0.42
52	189-196	EQSRRDDL	7	13.48	1.92	14.10	0.23	15.54	0.36
53	203-217	LMYFNL GSL PWQGLK	13	20.29	1.09	22.65	0.16	25.70	0.21
54	205-218	YFNL GSL PW QGLKA	12	39.14	1.74	43.20	1.33	44.53	1.13
55	207-218	NLGS LPW QG LKA	10	47.58	0.99	55.48	0.71	59.17	0.89
56	209-216	GSLP WQGL	6	45.24	0.49	53.76	1.19	56.03	1.43
57	209-218	GSLP WQGLK A	8	48.84	0.58	56.45	0.56	58.82	0.64
58	209-230	GSLP WQGLK AATKRQKYE RISE	20	23.58	0.29	27.28	0.43	28.72	0.09
59	212-230	PWQGLKAAT KRQKYERISE	17	42.48	0.42	44.73	0.35	47.07	0.65
60	219-230	ATKRQKYERI SE	11	33.36	0.14	37.21	0.80	38.27	0.82
61	231-238	KKMSTPIE	6	37.65	0.10	41.85	1.38	43.15	0.62
62	231-240	KKMSTPIEVL	8	30.15	0.63	33.21	0.75	37.66	1.80
63	239-247	VLCK GYPSE	7	22.44	1.86	27.52	1.63	34.37	1.42
64	241-247	CKG YPSE	5	22.92	1.30	29.76	0.68	35.81	0.62
65	241-248	CKG YPSEF	6	14.49	1.68	18.15	0.59	21.88	0.72
66	248-254	FAT YLNF	6	4.60	1.73	2.14	0.34	2.65	0.21
67	255-267	CRSLRF DDK PDYS	11	27.43	0.71	29.88	0.68	32.00	0.32
68	255-268	CRSLRF DDK PDYSY	12	29.93	0.27	33.46	0.68	35.24	0.53
69	255-269	CRSLRF DDK PDYSYL	13	25.45	0.37	27.22	0.10	28.92	0.67
70	261-268	DDK PDYSY	6	44.60	1.07	46.25	0.80	47.43	0.96
71	261-269	DDK PDYSYL	7	33.56	0.69	34.74	0.25	35.18	0.89
72	268-277	YLRQLFRNLF	9	0.79	0.24	5.36	0.36	8.31	0.32
73	268-285	YLRQLFRNLF HRQGFSYD	17	13.12	0.39	15.66	0.33	17.23	0.33
74	269-277	LRQLFRNLF	8	1.91	0.76	5.21	0.60	7.82	0.42
75	269-285	LRQLFRNLF HRQGFSYD	16	13.40	0.07	15.41	0.40	16.57	0.42
76	270-277	RQLFRNLF	7	2.49	1.21	5.93	0.52	8.49	0.58
77	272-285	LFRNL FHRQ GFSYD	13	17.92	0.18	19.69	0.23	20.47	0.26
78	273-285	FRNL FHRQG FSYD	12	17.92	0.57	19.78	0.60	20.76	0.54
79	286-294	YVFDWNMLK	8	52.27	1.61	56.26	0.39	57.83	0.50
80	288-294	FDWNMLK	6	55.40	0.89	59.68	0.78	62.42	1.14
				CK151-ΔC + 4p-FASP Relative Fractional Deuterium Uptake (%)					

S.No.	Peptide	Sequence	Num Exchangers	1 min		5 min		10 min	
				Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD
1	4-11	RVGNRYRL	7	31.83	0.93	35.38	0.46	35.44	0.61
2	4-20	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSF	16	27.72	0.25	30.49	0.39	29.61	0.40
3	4-22	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSFG D	18	26.57	0.77	29.67	0.32	28.08	0.33
4	4-25	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSFG DIYL	21	26.04	0.23	32.56	0.35	32.86	0.58
5	8-24	RYRLGRKIG SGSGFDIY	16	11.08	0.65	13.01	0.60	13.65	0.61
6	12-25	GRKIGSGSF GDIYL	13	30.03	0.48	35.78	0.50	39.84	0.13
7	21-27	GDIYLG	6	20.17	3.22	44.46	1.22	49.07	2.25
8	21-28	GDIYLGTD	7	20.81	0.31	40.88	1.79	49.16	0.14
9	25-34	LGTDIAAGEE	9	42.98	0.46	41.35	0.34	42.14	0.47
10	26-33	GTDIAAGE	7	39.86	0.24	40.21	0.58	38.87	0.73
11	26-34	GTDIAAGEE	8	42.58	0.26	42.49	0.31	43.97	0.36
12	26-36	GTDIAAGEEV A	10	36.19	0.26	40.47	0.16	43.19	0.20
13	28-34	DIAAGEE	6	42.23	0.28	41.78	0.14	41.66	0.45
14	28-36	DIAAGEEVA	8	32.63	0.49	38.22	0.60	42.35	0.18
15	29-36	IAAGEEVA	7	30.70	0.40	35.02	0.37	38.52	0.44
16	35-41	VAIKLEC	6	23.42	0.31	29.33	1.69	49.86	1.15
17	40-49	ECVKT	8	22.96	1.09	20.57	1.86	20.90	3.22
18	42-49	VTKHPQL	6	30.05	0.25	28.91	0.60	29.36	1.29
19	50-56	HIESKIY	6	20.59	0.33	25.61	0.91	29.46	0.57
20	50-58	HIESKIYKM	8	21.31	0.53	30.56	0.20	32.64	0.62
21	56-76	YKMMQGGV GIPTIRWCAG EGD	19	20.11	0.77	23.35	0.66	30.70	1.76
22	56-77	YKMMQGGV GIPTIRWCAG EGDY	20	16.87	0.19	14.41	1.15	16.66	1.26
23	59-72	MQGGVG	12	21.83	0.98	20.60	2.09	19.83	0.77
24	81-89	VMELLGPSL	7	6.80	1.08	13.02	1.21	16.34	0.87
25	82-89	MELLGPSL	6	3.31	0.53	10.27	1.05	13.87	0.90
26	83-89	ELLGPSL	5	4.09	0.37	9.18	0.34	10.73	0.47
27	96-102	CSRKFSL	6	11.11	1.25	13.79	1.69	16.76	1.74
28	96-104	CSRKFSLKT	8	11.46	1.30	16.69	0.28	17.69	0.67
29	96-106	CSRKFSLKT VL	10	5.49	0.47	8.67	0.47	10.66	0.57
30	96-107	CSRKFSLKT VLL	11	6.61	0.71	10.10	1.01	11.53	0.35
31	108-114	LADQMIS	6	34.34	1.54	37.84	1.31	40.60	0.31
32	113-123	ISRIEYIHSKN	10	0.75	0.22	1.47	0.33	1.80	0.33

33	114-123	SRIEYIHSKN	9	3.29	0.99	4.39	0.39	7.12	1.21
34	119-134	IHSKNFIHRD VKPDNF	14	12.03	1.70	13.81	0.29	15.41	0.95
35	124-134	FIHRDVKPDN F	9	3.47	0.12	4.03	0.21	4.52	0.34
36	124-135	FIHRDVKPDN FL	10	0.82	0.31	1.32	0.31	2.52	0.57
37	135-143	LMGLGKKGN	8	20.99	0.72	25.56	1.05	29.71	0.49
38	135-144	LMGLGKKGN L	9	21.18	0.45	24.94	0.90	28.13	0.59
39	135-145	LMGLGKKGN LV	10	18.76	1.31	22.94	1.40	26.25	1.64
40	135-146	LMGLGKKGN LVY	11	15.65	0.34	18.90	0.67	21.06	0.35
41	136-144	MGLGKKGNL	8	22.83	0.37	26.28	0.57	29.38	0.46
42	136-146	MGLGKKGNL VY	10	18.39	0.34	21.79	0.80	24.56	0.71
43	145-151	VYIIDFG	6	10.97	0.48	22.46	0.23	25.21	0.32
44	150-169	FGLAKKYRD ARTHQHIPY RE	18						
				17.34	0.62	19.94	0.09	20.12	0.72
45	162-179	HQHIPYREN KNLTGTARY	16	40.11	0.81	39.83	0.64	37.61	0.71
46	166-179	PYRENKNLT GTARY	12	41.36	1.29	42.19	0.41	39.82	1.13
47	170-179	NKNLTGTAR Y	9	45.89	0.59	45.52	0.44	46.24	0.97
48	180-186	ASINTHL	6	23.19	0.69	34.37	0.69	35.91	0.68
49	180-196	ASINTHLGIE QSRRDDL	16	14.91	0.28	21.33	0.44	23.37	0.40
50	183-196	NTHLGIEQSR RDDL	13	15.49	0.18	20.59	0.51	23.55	0.18
51	185-196	HLGIEQSRR DDL	11	8.65	0.17	12.59	0.55	14.30	0.21
52	189-196	EQSRRDDL	7	10.80	0.17	13.88	0.88	14.96	0.42
53	203-217	LMYFNLGSL PWQGLK	13	14.11	1.58	21.25	0.47	21.96	1.08
54	205-218	YFNLGSLPW QGLKA	12	35.47	0.86	43.33	0.67	45.44	0.41
55	207-218	NLGSLPWQG LKA	10	45.72	1.12	53.28	1.24	55.35	0.68
56	209-216	GSLPWQGL	6	46.06	0.62	50.61	0.85	52.51	0.69
57	209-218	GSLPWQGLK A	8	48.55	0.57	52.28	0.49	54.17	0.92
58	209-230	GSLPWQGLK AATKRQKYE RISE	20						
				23.73	0.07	27.47	0.23	27.87	0.48
59	212-230	PWQGLKAAT KRQKYERISE	17	41.58	0.22	41.96	0.80	42.96	0.27
60	219-230	ATKRQKYERI SE	11	33.33	0.54	35.77	0.54	34.73	0.79
61	231-238	KKMSTPIE	6	37.70	0.22	38.80	0.36	40.07	1.22
62	231-240	KKMSTPIEVL	8	27.96	0.55	31.76	0.52	35.40	0.43
63	239-247	VLCKGYPSE	7	18.69	1.38	26.04	0.31	32.02	1.95
64	241-247	CKGYPSE	5	22.20	0.36	27.75	0.34	32.49	0.41
65	241-248	CKGYPSEF	6	13.63	0.64	17.72	0.74	21.14	0.62

66	248-254	FATYLNF	6	0.54	0.14	1.23	0.23	1.10	0.41
67	255-267	CRSLRFDDK PDYS	11	25.89	0.55	28.51	0.45	29.52	0.64
68	255-268	CRSLRFDDK PDYSY	12	29.27	0.60	31.29	0.56	32.05	0.48
69	255-269	CRSLRFDDK PDYSYL	13	24.60	0.07	26.26	0.30	26.81	0.34
70	261-268	DDKPDYSY	6	44.86	0.29	45.85	0.29	49.61	0.56
71	261-269	DDKPDYSYL	7	32.81	0.29	34.84	0.28	34.83	0.30
72	268-277	YLRQLFRNLF	9	1.24	0.28	5.10	0.31	7.90	0.27
73	268-285	YLRQLFRNLF HRQGFSYD	17	12.57	0.42	15.25	0.25	16.06	0.44
74	269-277	LRQLFRNLF	8	1.23	0.47	4.86	0.30	6.94	0.43
75	269-285	LRQLFRNLF HRQGFSYD	16	13.44	0.09	15.58	0.15	16.62	0.09
76	270-277	RQLFRNLF	7	0.71	0.98	4.53	0.81	6.96	0.89
77	272-285	LFRNLFHQRQ GFSYD	13	17.93	0.30	21.29	0.51	21.78	0.23
78	273-285	FRNLFHQRQ FSYD	12	16.82	1.00	18.84	0.52	20.66	1.03
79	286-294	YVFDWNMLK	8	49.60	0.66	54.33	0.31	55.50	0.78
80	288-294	FDWNMLK	6	52.79	0.73	57.61	0.71	58.89	0.61

**Table 2.2 Deuterium exchange values for various pepsin-digested peptides of CK1δ1, CK1δ2, CK1δ1 S3A, and CK1δ1ΔC in the presence of ATP, AMPPNP, and 4p-FASP at 1, 5, and 10-minute labeling times are tabulated.**

<b>Table 2.2</b>									
				CK1δ1					
				Relative Deuterium Uptake (Da)					
S.No.	Peptide	Sequence	Num Exchangers	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD
1	3-20	LRVGNRYRL GRKIGSGSF	17	6.38	0.24	7.27	0.13	7.68	0.12
2	4-20	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSF	16	5.24	0.15	5.88	0.02	6.19	0.10
3	4-22	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSFG D	18	5.41	0.29	6.36	0.06	6.74	0.16
4	9-28	YRLGRKIGS GSFGDIYLGT D	19	7.02	0.05	7.28	0.08	7.40	0.09
5	12-25	GRKIGSGSF GDIYL	13	3.77	0.23	4.73	0.25	4.75	0.22
6	21-28	GDIYLGTD	7	1.42	0.06	2.55	0.02	3.03	0.04

7	22-28	DIYLGTD	6	1.08	0.09	2.12	0.09	2.48	0.12
8	26-33	GTDIAAGE	7	2.88	0.07	2.88	0.01	2.99	0.06
9	26-36	GTDIAAGEEVA	10	3.79	0.05	4.00	0.05	4.32	0.07
10	28-34	DIAAGEE	6	2.48	0.06	2.47	0.04	2.45	0.09
11	28-36	DIAAGEEVA	8	2.79	0.01	3.07	0.04	3.34	0.06
12	29-36	IAAGEEVA	7	2.09	0.04	2.32	0.04	2.55	0.04
13	37-49	IKLECVKTKHPQL	11	1.97	0.17	2.61	0.09	2.92	0.07
14	40-49	ECVKTKHPQL	8	1.88	0.17	1.75	0.20	1.74	0.11
15	42-49	VTKHPQL	6	1.34	0.10	1.36	0.05	1.41	0.05
16	50-56	HIESKIY	6	1.10	0.06	1.53	0.02	1.67	0.02
17	50-58	HIESKIYKM	8	1.47	0.16	2.57	0.14	2.95	0.09
18	56-70	YKMMQGGVGIPTIRW	13	3.89	0.15	4.61	0.15	4.77	0.05
19	56-72	YKMMQGGVGIPTIRWC	15	3.68	0.22	3.87	0.15	3.73	0.20
20	56-77	YKMMQGGVGIPTIRWCGAEGDY	20	4.54	0.23	4.72	0.10	4.64	0.05
21	59-76	MQGGVGIPTIRWCGAEGD	16	4.69	0.40	4.31	0.37	4.65	0.05
22	62-70	GVGIPTIRW	7	1.67	0.08	2.04	0.04	2.17	0.06
23	77-99	YNVMVMELLGPSLEDFNFC	21	9.16	0.05	9.67	0.03	9.89	0.05
24	83-89	ELLGPSL	5	0.50	0.02	0.67	0.02	0.80	0.02
25	85-92	LGPSSL	6	0.43	0.04	0.50	0.07	0.49	0.05
26	96-102	CSRKFSL	6	0.87	0.10	0.86	0.06	1.15	0.08
27	96-104	CSRKFSLKT	8	1.61	0.21	1.56	0.03	2.24	0.04
28	96-106	CSRKFSLKT	10	0.81	0.04	1.01	0.04	1.16	0.04
29	104-119	TVLLLADQMI	15	3.67	0.02	4.85	0.04	5.54	0.05
30	108-117	SRIEYI	9	3.09	0.30	3.38	0.15	3.61	0.01
31	113-123	ISRIEYIHSKN	10	0.37	0.04	0.45	0.02	0.59	0.02
32	124-134	FIHRDVKPFDNF	9	0.29	0.04	0.34	0.04	0.42	0.05
33	124-135	FIHRDVKPFDNF	10	0.22	0.03	0.28	0.01	0.40	0.03
34	126-134	HRDVKPFDNF	7	0.14	0.03	0.19	0.02	0.27	0.04
35	135-143	LMGLGKKGN	8	1.66	0.11	2.12	0.10	2.34	0.13
36	135-144	LMGLGKKGN	9	1.81	0.07	2.25	0.01	2.48	0.08
37	135-145	LMGLGKKGN	10	1.88	0.07	2.41	0.05	2.61	0.04
38	135-146	LMGLGKKGN	11	1.63	0.07	2.10	0.02	2.36	0.09
39	136-144	MGLGKKGNL	8	1.88	0.05	2.25	0.02	2.51	0.02
40	137-144	GLGKKGNL	7	1.49	0.04	1.91	0.01	2.09	0.04

41	137-146	GLGKKGNLV Y	9	1.69	0.06	2.09	0.02	2.46	0.09
42	140-150	KKGNLVYIID F	10	0.36	0.07	0.15	0.00	0.12	0.01
43	144-162	LVYIIDFGLAK KYRDARTH	18	2.04	0.03	4.86	0.10	6.48	0.07
44	145-151	VYIIDFG	6	0.66	0.08	1.53	0.12	1.50	0.05
45	145-152	VYIIDFGL	7	0.84	0.02	1.71	0.09	2.07	0.06
46	145-158	VYIIDFGLAK KYRD	13	1.21	0.05	1.45	0.01	1.69	0.01
47	150-169	FGLAKKYRD ARTHQHIPY RE	18	3.12	0.08	3.66	0.03	4.06	0.05
48	151-169	GLAKKYRDA RTHQHIPYR E	17	3.65	0.03	3.95	0.21	4.45	0.03
49	153-179	AKKYRDART HQHIPYREN KNLTGTARY	25	6.74	0.18	6.62	0.18	7.07	0.24
50	163-178	QHIPYRENK NLTGTAR	14	3.06	0.06	4.22	0.05	5.10	0.08
51	164-178	HIPYRENKNL TGTAR	13	1.43	0.01	1.74	0.25	1.87	0.01
52	176-186	TARYASINTH L	10	0.21	0.07	0.27	0.06	0.32	0.05
53	178-186	RYASINTHL	8	0.89	0.02	1.59	0.22	2.06	0.01
54	180-186	ASINTHL	6	0.71	0.07	1.33	0.07	1.71	0.07
55	180-189	ASINTHLGIE	9	1.22	0.05	2.53	0.01	3.18	0.05
56	180-196	ASINTHLGIE QSRRDDL	16	1.41	0.07	2.61	0.07	3.19	0.11
57	182-196	INTHLGIEQS RRDDL	14	1.26	0.05	2.18	0.04	2.75	0.11
58	185-196	HLGIEQSRR DDL	11	0.81	0.06	1.26	0.06	1.47	0.09
59	187-196	GIEQSRRDD L	9	0.81	0.11	1.12	0.13	1.29	0.13
60	189-196	EQSRRDDL	7	0.78	0.04	1.01	0.09	1.19	0.08
61	190-196	QSRRDDL	6	0.63	0.05	0.98	0.05	1.07	0.04
62	204-217	MYFNLGSLP WQGLK	12	1.28	0.04	2.22	0.09	2.85	0.11
63	205-215	YFNLGSLPW QG	9	2.34	0.05	2.85	0.04	3.05	0.09
64	205-216	YFNLGSLPW QGL	10	2.70	0.13	3.39	0.10	3.58	0.17
65	205-218	YFNLGSLPW QGLKA	12	4.08	0.11	4.63	0.02	4.98	0.08
66	206-218	FNLGSLPWQ GLKA	11	4.37	0.14	5.07	0.14	5.31	0.16
67	207-216	NLGSLPWQG L	8	2.69	0.08	3.25	0.08	3.51	0.10
68	207-218	NLGSLPWQG LKA	10	4.20	0.12	4.81	0.02	5.09	0.07
69	209-216	GSLPWQGL	6	2.49	0.10	2.75	0.11	2.94	0.11
70	209-218	GSLPWQGLK A	8	3.35	0.13	3.51	0.07	3.66	0.13
71	212-218	PWQGLKA	5	2.39	0.05	2.50	0.04	2.74	0.02
72	219-230	ATKRQKYERI SE	11	4.31	0.14	4.47	0.03	4.60	0.12

73	231-239	KKMSTPIEV	7	2.44	0.07	2.83	0.08	3.03	0.03
74	231-240	KKMSTPIEVL	8	2.15	0.07	2.56	0.04	2.79	0.04
		VLCKGYPSE							
75	239-248	F	8	1.06	0.08	1.43	0.06	1.80	0.11
76	241-247	CKGYPSE	5	1.14	0.05	1.45	0.02	1.74	0.05
77	241-248	CKGYPSEF	6	0.83	0.05	1.05	0.02	1.34	0.04
78	248-254	FATYLNF	6	0.16	0.05	0.14	0.02	0.19	0.02
79	255-267	CRSLRFDDK PDYS	11	2.77	0.04	3.04	0.05	3.28	0.04
		CRSLRFDDK PDYSY							
80	255-268	CRSLRFDDK PDYSYL	12	3.40	0.09	3.85	0.11	4.28	0.22
		RFDDKPDYS							
82	259-276	YLRQLFRNL	16	3.55	0.03	5.58	0.23	6.86	0.07
83	261-269	DDKPDYSYL	7	2.21	0.10	2.20	0.04	2.24	0.10
84	269-277	LRQLFRNLF	8	0.21	0.04	0.50	0.05	0.81	0.03
85	269-281	LRQLFRNLF HRQG	12	2.12	0.09	2.27	0.07	2.55	0.07
86	269-285	LRQLFRNLF HRQGFSYD	16	2.33	0.13	2.70	0.09	3.00	0.12
87	270-276	RQLFRNL	6	1.09	0.09	1.82	0.19	2.17	0.11
88	270-277	RQLFRNLF	7	0.27	0.06	0.50	0.07	0.75	0.02
89	270-285	RQLFRNLFH RQGFSYD	15	2.05	0.04	NaN	NaN	2.81	0.06
		FRNLFHRQG FSYD							
90	273-285	HRQGFSYD	7	1.90	0.13	1.88	0.03	2.01	0.12
91	278-285	YVFDWNM	6	2.33	0.06	2.57	0.05	2.68	0.07
92	286-292	LKGASRAA D	9	3.32	0.15	3.42	0.10	3.68	0.10
93	293-302	LKGASRAA DDAE	12	4.26	0.18	4.36	0.12	4.61	0.15
94	293-305	KFGASRAAD	8	2.98	0.10	3.00	0.12	3.02	0.04
95	294-302	DAERERRDR							
96	303-312	E	9	2.74	0.22	3.14	0.25	3.27	0.28
		EERLRHRSN PATR							
97	312-324	RNPATRGLP STASGRLRG TQ	11	4.00	0.17	4.04	0.06	4.11	0.09
		GLPSTASGR L							
98	319-338	TQEVAAPPTP LTPTS	17	3.88	0.28	4.73	0.45	6.20	0.43
99	325-334	HTANTSP	8	0.68	0.12	1.28	0.09	1.73	0.08
100	337-350	GMERERKVS MRLHR	9	0.81	0.00	1.88	0.00	2.66	0.00
101	351-357	ERERKVSM	5	0.97	0.03	1.03	0.04	1.10	0.03
102	362-375	ERERKVSMR LHRGAP	13	2.17	0.18	3.13	0.16	3.94	0.04
103	364-371	MRLHRGAPV NISSSDLTGR QDTSR	7	3.01	0.09	3.26	0.22	3.38	0.21
104	364-378	RERKVSMRL	13	6.07	0.04	7.01	0.06	7.69	0.03
105	365-373	MRLHRGAPV NISSSDLTGR QDTSR	8	2.87	0.11	2.71	0.14	2.93	0.10
106	371-394		22	7.52	0.29	7.63	0.23	8.06	0.07

107	379-395	VNISSSDLTG RQDTSRM	16	5.15	0.12	5.31	0.09	5.49	0.01
108	386-394	LTGRQDTSR	8	4.66	0.10	4.96	0.01	5.03	0.09
109	387-395	TGRQDTSRM	8	2.32	0.03	2.76	0.07	2.71	0.05
110	394-402	RMSTSQIPG	7	0.77	0.02	0.80	0.02	0.82	0.04
<b>CK1δ1 + ATP</b>									
<b>Relative Deuterium Uptake (Da)</b>									
S.No.	Peptide	Sequence	Num Exchangers		1 min		5 min		10 min
				Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD
1	3-20	LRVGNRYRL GRKIGSGSF	17	5.31	0.20	5.93	0.00	6.17	0.00
2	4-20	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSF	16	4.45	0.02	5.09	0.05	5.15	0.09
3	4-22	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSFG D	18	4.84	0.06	5.57	0.08	5.72	0.03
4	9-28	YRLGRKIGS GSFGDIYLGT D	19	6.25	0.16	6.60	0.11	6.61	0.14
5	12-25	GRKIGSGSF GDIYL	13	2.60	0.01	3.50	0.01	3.65	0.01
6	21-28	GDIYLGTD	7	0.52	0.06	1.02	0.10	1.27	0.04
7	22-28	DIYLGTD	6	0.68	0.01	0.85	0.01	0.93	0.01
8	26-33	GTDIAAGE	7	2.72	0.03	2.51	0.00	2.77	0.00
9	26-36	GTDIAAGEEV A	10	3.36	0.05	3.64	0.02	3.43	0.02
10	28-34	DIAAGEE	6	2.24	0.06	2.27	0.06	2.21	0.05
11	28-36	DIAAGEEVA	8	2.48	0.09	2.56	0.05	2.53	0.06
12	29-36	IAAGEEVA	7	1.80	0.07	1.92	0.08	1.85	0.06
13	37-49	IKLECVKTKH PQL	11	1.67	0.15	1.91	0.04	2.91	0.04
14	40-49	ECVKTKHPQ L	8	1.59	0.05	1.61	0.13	1.61	0.13
15	42-49	VTKHPQL	6	1.11	0.03	1.15	0.02	1.14	0.02
16	50-56	HIESKIY	6	0.73	0.03	0.97	0.07	0.92	0.06
17	50-58	HIESKIYKM	8	1.14	0.04	1.76	0.03	2.12	0.03
18	56-70	YKMMMQGGV GIPTIRW	13	2.94	0.43	3.98	0.09	3.92	0.03
19	56-72	YKMMMQGGV GIPTIRWCG	15	4.08	0.37	4.30	0.07	3.39	0.02
20	56-77	YKMMMQGGV GIPTIRWCGA EGDY	20	4.47	0.32	4.54	0.05	3.88	0.29
21	59-76	MQGGVGPTI RWCGAEGD	16	5.08	0.32	4.52	0.05	4.64	0.05
22	62-70	GVGIPTIRW	7	1.47	0.03	1.59	0.03	1.71	0.05
23	77-99	YNVMVMELL GPSLEDFN FCSRK	21	8.72	0.08	8.77	0.47	8.80	0.31
24	83-89	ELLGPSL	5	0.15	0.05	0.24	0.06	0.17	0.03
25	85-92	LGPSLEDL	6	0.48	0.02	0.37	0.04	0.65	0.02

26	96-102	CSRKFSL	6	0.57	0.17	0.61	0.06	0.73	0.22
27	96-104	CSRKFSLKT	8	1.03	0.11	1.20	0.05	1.20	0.03
28	96-106	CSRKFSLKT VL	10	0.66	0.06	0.74	0.28	0.92	0.02
29	104-119	TVLLLADQMI SRIEYI	15	2.21	0.02	3.20	0.02	3.37	0.01
30	108-117	LADQMISRIE	9	1.96	0.05	2.06	0.01	2.09	0.01
31	113-123	ISRIEYIHSKN	10	0.30	0.06	0.42	0.01	0.38	0.01
32	124-134	FIHRDVKPDN F	9	0.24	0.04	0.27	0.03	0.47	0.04
33	124-135	FIHRDVKPDN FL	10	0.27	0.04	0.38	0.06	0.35	0.03
34	126-134	HRDVKPDNF	7	0.43	0.02	0.43	0.02	0.43	0.02
35	135-143	LMGLGKKGN	8	1.49	0.08	1.68	0.06	1.82	0.06
36	135-144	LMGLGKKGN L	9	1.59	0.02	1.83	0.01	1.99	0.04
37	135-145	LMGLGKKGN LV	10	1.68	0.04	1.95	0.04	2.09	0.08
38	135-146	LMGLGKKGN LVY	11	1.36	0.02	1.67	0.01	1.83	0.02
39	136-144	MGLGKKGNL	8	1.60	0.02	1.83	0.02	2.01	0.02
40	137-144	GLGKKGNL	7	1.15	0.02	1.29	0.01	1.39	0.01
41	137-146	GLGKKGNLV Y	9	1.43	0.01	1.76	0.01	1.88	0.06
42	140-150	KKGNLVYIID F	10	0.22	0.03	0.18	0.04	0.20	0.00
43	144-162	LVYIIDFGLAK KYRDARTH	18	1.20	0.03	2.92	0.14	3.65	0.19
44	145-151	VYIIDFG	6	0.13	0.09	0.67	0.01	0.91	0.01
45	145-152	VYIIDFGL	7	0.57	0.02	0.57	0.02	0.57	0.02
46	145-158	VYIIDFGLAK KYRD	13	0.91	0.13	0.96	0.36	1.08	0.17
47	150-169	FGLAKKYRD ARTHQHIPY RE	18	1.81	0.02	2.27	0.02	2.52	0.02
48	151-169	GLAKKYRDA RTHQHIPYR E	17	2.50	0.04	2.93	0.02	2.80	0.02
49	153-179	AKKYRDART HQHIPYREN KNLTGTARY	25	5.33	0.15	5.11	0.15	5.43	0.15
50	163-178	QHIPYRENK NLTGTAR	14	2.39	0.10	3.10	0.02	3.33	0.02
51	164-178	HIPYRENKNL TGTAR	13	1.39	0.02	1.99	0.16	2.25	0.01
52	176-186	TARYASINTH L	10	0.58	0.21	0.46	0.07	0.38	0.05
53	178-186	RYASINTHL	8	0.88	0.03	1.38	0.01	1.60	0.01
54	180-186	ASINTHL	6	0.54	0.04	1.06	0.07	1.30	0.11
55	180-189	ASINTHLGIE	9	1.17	0.10	1.81	0.00	2.46	0.00
56	180-196	ASINTHLGIE QSRRDDL	16	1.32	0.06	2.07	0.28	2.15	0.48
57	182-196	INTHLGIEQS RRDDL	14	0.98	0.04	1.53	0.22	1.64	0.04
58	185-196	HLGIEQSRR DDL	11	0.69	0.03	1.01	0.11	1.21	0.16

59	187-196	GIEQSRRDD L	9	0.86	0.04	1.15	0.07	1.21	0.09
60	189-196	EQSRRDDL	7	0.56	0.06	0.82	0.04	0.84	0.07
61	190-196	QSRRDDL	6	0.50	0.04	0.74	0.03	0.80	0.04
62	204-217	MYFNLGSLP WQGLK	12	1.01	0.10	1.50	0.02	1.90	0.02
63	205-215	YFNLGSLPW QG	9	1.30	0.02	2.38	0.02	2.33	0.02
64	205-216	YFNLGSLPW QGL	10	2.22	0.06	2.73	0.05	2.65	0.01
65	205-218	YFNLGSLPW QGLKA	12	3.45	0.15	4.02	0.18	4.19	0.04
66	206-218	FNLGSLPWQ GLKA	11	3.97	0.07	4.55	0.09	4.75	0.04
67	207-216	NLGSLPWQG L	8	2.40	0.18	2.99	0.03	3.02	0.03
68	207-218	NLGSLPWQG LKA	10	3.80	0.03	4.26	0.02	4.61	0.02
69	209-216	GSLPWQGL	6	1.99	0.06	2.17	0.13	2.35	0.19
70	209-218	GSLPWQGLK A	8	2.97	0.11	3.23	0.06	3.35	0.03
71	212-218	PWQGLKA	5	2.11	0.05	2.19	0.02	2.45	0.02
72	219-230	ATKRQKYERI SE	11	3.57	0.07	3.72	0.02	3.65	0.02
73	231-239	KKMSTPIEV	7	2.17	0.06	2.48	0.04	2.76	0.04
74	231-240	KKMSTPIEVL	8	1.92	0.03	2.32	0.09	2.51	0.03
75	239-248	VLCKGYPSE F	8	0.96	0.06	1.35	0.07	1.59	0.07
76	241-247	CKGYPSE	5	0.93	0.04	1.08	0.02	1.34	0.02
77	241-248	CKGYPSEF	6	0.79	0.05	0.97	0.08	1.22	0.03
78	248-254	FATYLNF	6	0.20	0.01	0.20	0.02	0.26	0.09
79	255-267	CRSLRFDDK PDYS	11	2.33	0.07	2.73	0.04	2.82	0.04
80	255-268	CRSLRFDDK PDYSY	12	2.97	0.13	3.32	0.03	3.43	0.03
81	255-269	CRSLRFDDK PDSYL	13	2.75	0.09	3.08	0.07	3.09	0.09
82	259-276	RFDDKPDYS YLRQLFRNL	16	3.42	0.02	4.56	0.08	4.64	0.01
83	261-269	DDKPDYSYL	7	1.67	0.11	1.76	0.08	1.78	0.03
84	269-277	LRQLFRNLF	8	0.15	0.08	0.57	0.10	0.66	0.17
85	269-281	LRQLFRNLF HRQG	12	2.16	0.21	2.48	0.15	2.45	0.10
86	269-285	LRQLFRNLF HRQGFSYD	16	1.82	0.32	1.96	0.24	2.09	0.21
87	270-276	RQLFRNL	6	0.58	0.11	0.84	0.13	0.86	0.04
88	270-277	RQLFRNLF	7	0.24	0.10	0.50	0.10	0.58	0.16
89	270-285	RQLFRNLFH RQGFSYD	15	1.69	0.11	2.11	0.04	1.93	0.04
90	273-285	FRNLFHRQG FSYD	12	1.69	0.09	1.89	0.01	1.94	0.03
91	278-285	HRQGFSYD	7	1.30	0.06	1.41	0.02	1.49	0.03
92	286-292	YVFDWNM	6	1.61	0.08	2.05	0.10	1.93	0.08
93	293-302	LKGASRAA D	9	2.87	0.11	2.91	0.10	2.96	0.10

94	293-305	LKFGASRAA DDAE	12	3.86	0.08	3.74	0.05	3.82	0.10
95	294-302	KFGASRAAD	8	2.65	0.05	2.68	0.02	2.74	0.06
96	303-312	DAERERRDR E	9	1.97	0.03	2.88	0.03	2.51	0.03
97	312-324	EERLRHSRN PATR	11	3.62	0.04	3.42	0.03	3.43	0.03
98	319-338	RNPATRGLP STASGRLRG TQ	17	3.36	0.32	3.95	0.25	4.00	0.28
99	325-334	GLPSTASGR L	8	0.33	0.13	0.19	0.05	0.20	0.07
100	337-350	TQEVAAPPTP LTPTS	9	0.97	0.06	1.19	0.00	1.40	0.00
101	351-357	HTANTSP	5	0.64	0.14	0.84	0.17	0.79	0.07
102	362-375	GMERERKVS MRLHR	13	1.48	0.10	2.02	0.27	2.35	0.32
103	364-371	ERERKVSM	7	2.90	0.04	2.67	0.04	3.01	0.04
104	364-378	ERERKVSMR LHRGAP	13	6.01	0.06	6.92	0.30	7.21	0.43
105	365-373	RERKVSMRL	8	1.74	0.09	2.19	0.04	2.66	0.15
106	371-394	MRLHRGAPV NISSSDLTGR QDTSR	22	6.54	0.02	6.90	0.02	6.81	0.02
107	379-395	VNISSSDLTG RQDTSRM	16	5.29	0.06	5.26	0.06	5.48	0.06
108	386-394	LTGRQDTSR	8	4.18	0.13	4.67	0.03	4.56	0.05
109	387-395	TGRQDTSRM	8	2.09	0.02	2.49	0.02	2.15	0.02
110	394-402	RMSTSQIPG	7	0.76	0.10	0.85	0.07	0.73	0.03
CK1δ1 + AMPPNP				Relative Deuterium Uptake (Da)					
				1 min		5 min		10 min	
S.No.	Peptide	Sequence	Num Exchangers	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD
1	3-20	LRVGNRYRL GRKIGGSF	17	6.72	0.06	7.62	0.04	7.50	0.12
2	4-20	RVGNRYRLG RKIGGSF	16	5.42	0.14	6.22	0.06	6.25	0.13
3	4-22	RVGNRYRLG RKIGGSFG D	18	5.87	0.06	6.71	0.06	6.84	0.15
4	9-28	YRLGRKIGS GSFGDIYLGT D	19	7.38	0.01	7.71	0.04	7.49	0.08
5	12-25	GRKIGGSF GDIYL	13	3.56	0.16	4.47	0.04	4.46	0.13
6	21-28	GDIYLGTD	7	0.98	0.03	2.01	0.04	2.50	0.04
7	22-28	DIYLGTD	6	0.66	0.16	1.49	0.13	1.81	0.04
8	26-33	GTDIAAGE	7	2.86	0.04	2.97	0.10	2.94	0.09
9	26-36	GTDIAAGEEV A	10	3.77	0.05	3.92	0.09	3.97	0.02
10	28-34	DIAAGEE	6	2.47	0.04	2.56	0.05	2.52	0.05
11	28-36	DIAAGEEVA	8	2.79	0.05	3.02	0.02	2.96	0.04
12	29-36	IAAGEEVA	7	2.11	0.04	2.23	0.03	2.25	0.03

13	37-49	IKLECVKTKH PQL	11	2.01	0.18	1.86	0.29	2.82	0.08
14	40-49	ECVKTKHPQ L	8	2.02	0.15	1.96	0.12	1.69	0.10
15	42-49	VTKHPQL	6	1.37	0.04	1.35	0.04	1.36	0.05
16	50-56	HIESKIY	6	0.91	0.05	1.29	0.05	1.42	0.04
17	50-58	HIESKIYKM	8	1.67	0.13	2.54	0.06	2.58	0.13
18	56-70	YKMMQGGV GIPTIRW	13	3.88	0.03	5.16	0.03	4.78	0.03
19	56-72	YKMMQGGV GIPTIRWCG	15	4.26	0.33	4.80	0.32	4.49	0.09
20	56-77	YKMMQGGV GIPTIRWCGA EGDY	20	5.18	0.23	5.54	0.36	5.19	0.09
21	59-76	MQGGVGIPTI RWCGAEGD	16	5.23	0.30	5.25	0.25	5.08	0.19
22	62-70	GVGIPТИW	7	1.59	0.03	1.93	0.10	2.01	0.03
23	77-99	YNVMVMELL GPSLEDFN FCSRK	21	9.46	0.07	9.99	0.05	9.75	0.03
24	83-89	ELLGPSL	5	0.31	0.03	0.48	0.03	0.60	0.03
25	85-92	LGPSEDL	6	0.41	0.15	0.44	0.15	0.33	0.05
26	96-102	CSRKFSL	6	0.59	0.01	0.85	0.01	0.99	0.04
27	96-104	CSRKFSLKT	8	1.82	0.07	1.83	0.20	2.50	0.03
28	96-106	CSRKFSLKT VL	10	0.90	0.09	1.04	0.02	1.15	0.02
29	104-119	TVLLLADQMI SRIEYI	15	3.19	0.12	4.32	0.04	4.43	0.05
30	108-117	LADQMISRIE	9	2.92	0.10	NaN	NaN	3.64	0.21
31	113-123	ISRIEYIHSKN	10	0.28	0.02	0.32	0.02	0.37	0.02
32	124-134	FIHRDVKPDN F	9	0.37	0.03	0.42	0.03	0.47	0.02
33	124-135	FIHRDVKPDN FL	10	0.36	0.01	0.33	0.03	0.45	0.00
34	126-134	HRDVKPDNF	7	0.23	0.03	0.24	0.02	0.32	0.02
35	135-143	LMGLGKKGN	8	1.68	0.13	2.03	0.07	2.09	0.11
36	135-144	LMGLGKKGN L	9	1.81	0.04	2.11	0.01	2.30	0.03
37	135-145	LMGLGKKGN LV	10	1.87	0.12	2.24	0.06	2.47	0.05
38	135-146	LMGLGKKGN LVY	11	1.66	0.03	1.96	0.01	2.17	0.02
39	136-144	MGLGKKGNL	8	1.85	0.08	2.20	0.02	2.22	0.05
40	137-144	GLGKKGNL	7	1.52	0.04	1.83	0.02	1.93	0.01
41	137-146	GLGKKGNLV Y	9	1.60	0.06	1.87	0.01	2.13	0.01
42	140-150	KKGNLVYIID F	10	0.72	0.00	0.15	0.01	0.11	0.01
43	144-162	LVYIIDFGLA KYRDARTH	18	1.67	0.03	4.01	0.03	5.29	0.10
44	145-151	VYIIDFG	6	0.37	0.04	1.00	0.04	1.31	0.09
45	145-152	VYIIDFGL	7	0.41	0.04	1.29	0.03	1.58	0.02
46	145-158	VYIIDFGLA KYRD	13	1.26	0.01	1.47	0.01	1.50	0.01

47	150-169	FGLAKKYRD ARTHQHIPY RE	18	3.60	0.10	4.03	0.05	3.91	0.09
48	151-169	GLAKKYRDA RTHQHIPYR E	17	4.12	0.09	4.54	0.14	4.52	0.22
49	153-179	AKKYRDART HQHIPYREN KNLTGTARY	25	7.14	0.34	7.41	0.28	7.56	0.19
50	163-178	QHIPYRENK NLTGTR	14	3.12	0.05	4.09	0.04	4.25	0.03
51	164-178	HIPYRENKNL TGTAR	13	1.53	0.01	1.81	0.20	1.81	0.04
52	176-186	TARYASINTH L	10	0.27	0.06	0.26	0.05	0.30	0.06
53	178-186	RYASINTHL	8	1.15	0.02	1.58	0.21	2.17	0.04
54	180-186	ASINTHL	6	0.87	0.07	1.53	0.04	1.75	0.04
55	180-189	ASINTHLGIE	9	1.49	0.00	2.85	0.04	3.29	0.02
56	180-196	ASINTHLGIE QSRRDDL	16	1.59	0.16	2.85	0.08	3.20	0.09
57	182-196	INTHLGIEQS RRDDL	14	1.47	0.11	2.57	0.05	2.84	0.10
58	185-196	HLGIEQSRR DDL	11	0.80	0.05	1.37	0.08	1.48	0.07
59	187-196	GIEQSRRDD L	9	0.93	0.15	1.30	0.12	1.26	0.12
60	189-196	EQSRRDDL	7	0.84	0.09	1.08	0.07	1.08	0.07
61	190-196	QSRRDDL	6	0.75	0.06	1.01	0.07	1.02	0.04
62	204-217	MYFNLGSLP WQGLK	12	1.46	0.12	2.46	0.11	2.84	0.13
63	205-215	YFNLGSLPW QG	9	2.15	0.05	2.89	0.02	2.97	0.03
64	205-216	YFNLGSLPW QGL	10	2.73	0.08	3.47	0.04	3.61	0.04
65	205-218	YFNLGSLPW QGLKA	12	4.03	0.03	4.80	0.02	4.88	0.03
66	206-218	FNLGSLPWQ GLKA	11	4.45	0.18	5.22	0.22	5.29	0.18
67	207-216	NLGSLPWQG L	8	2.75	0.08	3.13	0.16	3.55	0.14
68	207-218	NLGSLPWQG LKA	10	4.29	0.03	4.94	0.08	5.06	0.04
69	209-216	GSLPWQGL	6	2.55	0.10	2.85	0.11	2.92	0.15
70	209-218	GSLPWQGLK A	8	3.31	0.04	3.58	0.07	3.63	0.03
71	212-218	PWQGLKA	5	2.46	0.09	2.60	0.04	2.64	0.02
72	219-230	ATKRQKYERI SE	11	4.68	0.19	4.83	0.17	4.71	0.09
73	231-239	KKMSTPIEV	7	2.49	0.07	2.89	0.05	3.00	0.05
74	231-240	KKMSTPIEVL	8	2.20	0.07	2.64	0.04	2.75	0.04
75	239-248	VLCKGYPSE F	8	1.13	0.08	1.51	0.06	1.76	0.06
76	241-247	CKGYPSE	5	1.19	0.04	1.47	0.04	1.71	0.03
77	241-248	CKGYPSEF	6	0.88	0.04	1.11	0.03	1.30	0.03
78	248-254	FATYLNF	6	0.08	0.03	0.04	0.03	0.06	0.02
79	255-267	CRSLRFDDK PDYS	11	2.72	0.09	3.02	0.04	3.09	0.04

80	255-268	CRSLRFDDK PDYSY	12	3.54	0.03	4.04	0.04	3.97	0.17
81	255-269	CRSLRFDDK PDYSYL	13	3.22	0.11	3.53	0.09	3.54	0.09
82	259-276	RFDDKPDYS YLRQLFRNL	16	3.44	0.01	5.39	0.01	5.79	0.10
83	261-269	DDKPDYSYL	7	2.15	0.11	2.22	0.03	2.16	0.04
84	269-277	LRQLFRNLF	8	0.24	0.06	0.47	0.04	0.73	0.05
85	269-281	LRQLFRNLF HRQG	12	2.26	0.08	2.46	0.06	2.49	0.08
86	269-285	LRQLFRNLF HRQGFSYD	16	2.39	0.13	2.82	0.09	2.89	0.11
87	270-276	RQLFRNL	6	0.93	0.06	1.72	0.14	2.05	0.08
88	270-277	RQLFRNLF	7	0.27	0.02	0.47	0.03	0.61	0.02
89	270-285	RQLFRNLFH RQGFSYD	15	2.19	0.05	2.58	0.07	2.59	0.07
90	273-285	FRNLFHHRQG FSYD	12	2.23	0.12	2.39	0.02	2.49	0.04
91	278-285	HRQGFSYD	7	1.90	0.14	2.00	0.04	2.03	0.09
92	286-292	YVFDWNM	6	2.19	0.06	2.53	0.04	2.52	0.03
93	293-302	LKGASRAA D	9	3.43	0.13	3.65	0.11	3.54	0.25
94	293-305	LKGASRAA DDAE	12	4.48	0.10	4.60	0.09	4.52	0.10
95	294-302	KFGASRAAD	8	3.16	0.10	3.30	0.11	3.07	0.03
96	303-312	DAERERRDR E	9	3.36	0.06	3.40	0.20	3.42	0.08
97	312-324	EERLRHSRN PATR	11	4.04	0.10	4.17	0.05	4.18	0.07
98	319-338	RNPATRGLP STASGRLRG TQ	17	3.77	0.15	4.35	0.26	6.19	0.49
99	325-334	GLPSTASGR L	8	0.44	0.06	0.86	0.06	1.09	0.02
100	337-350	TQEVAAPPTP LTPTS	9	1.08	0.00	2.06	0.00	2.50	0.12
101	351-357	HTANTSP	5	1.08	0.03	1.14	0.02	1.13	0.04
102	362-375	GMERERKVS MRLHR	13	2.13	0.17	3.26	0.08	3.79	0.23
103	364-371	ERERKVSM	7	3.03	0.05	3.11	0.08	3.33	0.35
104	364-378	ERERKVSMR LHRGAP	13	6.10	0.07	6.66	0.11	6.84	0.04
105	365-373	RERKVSMRL	8	2.93	0.08	2.76	0.29	2.71	0.18
106	371-394	MRLHRGAPV NISSSDLTGR QDTSR	22	7.47	0.02	8.16	0.02	7.18	0.02
107	379-395	VNISSSDLTG RQDTSRM	16	5.62	0.16	5.52	0.02	5.61	0.01
108	386-394	LTGRQDTSR	8	4.73	0.03	5.03	0.08	4.97	0.05
109	387-395	TGRQDTSRM	8	2.38	0.06	2.64	0.09	2.61	0.13
110	394-402	RMSTSQIPG	7	0.76	0.04	0.79	0.02	0.76	0.03
				<b>CK1δ1</b>					
				Relative Fractional Deuterium Uptake (%)					
				1 min	5 min		10 min		

S.No.	Peptide	Sequence	Num Exchangers	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD
1	3-20	LRVGNRYRL GRKIGGSF	17	37.51	1.41	42.74	0.79	45.16	0.70
2	4-20	RVGNRYRLG RKIGGSF	16	32.76	0.95	36.75	0.10	38.68	0.65
3	4-22	RVGNRYRLG RKIGGSFG D	18	30.05	1.60	35.34	0.31	37.45	0.87
4	9-28	YRLGRKIGS GSFGDIYLGT D	19	36.97	0.27	38.31	0.41	38.96	0.49
5	12-25	GRKIGGSF GDIYL	13	29.00	1.75	36.38	1.94	36.51	1.71
6	21-28	GDIYLGTD	7	20.35	0.90	36.49	0.33	43.25	0.53
7	22-28	DIYLGTD	6	17.94	1.54	35.27	1.43	41.25	1.93
8	26-33	GTDIAAGE	7	41.17	1.01	41.21	0.17	42.66	0.83
9	26-36	GTDIAAGEEV A	10	37.86	0.55	39.99	0.49	43.24	0.66
10	28-34	DIAAGEE	6	41.26	1.00	41.17	0.68	40.87	1.49
11	28-36	DIAAGEEVA	8	34.90	0.10	38.38	0.49	41.70	0.69
12	29-36	IAAGEEVA	7	29.88	0.59	33.10	0.56	36.39	0.50
13	37-49	IKLECVKTKH PQL	11	17.91	1.51	23.69	0.81	26.51	0.67
14	40-49	ECVKTKHPQ L	8	23.55	2.14	21.83	2.51	21.75	1.36
15	42-49	VTKTKHPQL	6	22.33	1.60	22.59	0.80	23.55	0.77
16	50-56	HIESKIY	6	18.32	0.93	25.45	0.38	27.82	0.31
17	50-58	HIESKIYKM	8	18.34	1.95	32.16	1.79	36.87	1.13
18	56-70	YKMMMQGGV GIPTIRW	13	29.91	1.15	35.46	1.19	36.70	0.35
19	56-72	YKMMMQGGV GIPTIRWCG	15	24.51	1.47	25.77	1.02	24.89	1.36
20	56-77	YKMMMQGGV GIPTIRWCGA EGDY	20	22.71	1.17	23.58	0.52	23.18	0.26
21	59-76	MQGGVGIPTI RWCGAEGD	16	29.32	2.49	26.94	2.30	29.07	0.31
22	62-70	GVGIPTIRW	7	23.80	1.21	29.19	0.51	31.02	0.79
23	77-99	YNVMVMELL GPSLEDFN FCSRK	21	43.61	0.25	46.06	0.13	47.11	0.24
24	83-89	ELLGPSL	5	10.00	0.37	13.45	0.46	15.92	0.40
25	85-92	LGPSSL	6	7.17	0.73	8.26	1.09	8.13	0.79
26	96-102	CSRKFSL	6	14.53	1.61	14.33	1.04	19.20	1.41
27	96-104	CSRKFSLKT	8	20.16	2.65	19.54	0.41	28.06	0.55
28	96-106	CSRKFSLKT VL	10	8.08	0.43	10.12	0.41	11.61	0.44
29	104-119	TVLLLADQMI SRIEYI	15	24.47	0.12	32.36	0.28	36.94	0.35
30	108-117	LADQMISRIE	9	34.31	3.34	37.58	1.64	40.13	0.12
31	113-123	ISRIEYIHSKN	10	3.75	0.36	4.52	0.25	5.86	0.25
32	124-134	FIHRDVKPDN F	9	3.22	0.39	3.74	0.41	4.66	0.50

33	124-135	FIHRDVKPDN FL	10	2.24	0.29	2.83	0.14	4.01	0.33
34	126-134	HRDVKPDNF	7	2.07	0.38	2.76	0.32	3.85	0.55
35	135-143	LMGLGKKGN	8	20.77	1.39	26.50	1.25	29.22	1.67
36	135-144	LMGLGKKGN L	9	20.15	0.79	24.96	0.11	27.60	0.88
37	135-145	LMGLGKKGN LV	10	18.76	0.66	24.10	0.54	26.14	0.36
38	135-146	LMGLGKKGN LVY	11	14.79	0.67	19.10	0.19	21.48	0.80
39	136-144	MGLGKKGNL	8	23.47	0.57	28.12	0.26	31.32	0.28
40	137-144	GLGKKGNL	7	21.33	0.64	27.29	0.19	29.84	0.51
41	137-146	GLGKKGNLV Y	9	18.79	0.66	23.21	0.25	27.32	1.04
42	140-150	KKGNLVYIID F	10	3.63	0.74	1.55	0.03	1.16	0.14
43	144-162	LVYIIDFGLAK KYRDARTH	18	11.33	0.15	27.00	0.54	35.99	0.37
44	145-151	VYIIDFG	6	10.92	1.32	25.45	2.03	25.03	0.88
45	145-152	VYIIDFGL	7	11.95	0.30	24.48	1.36	29.56	0.86
46	145-158	VYIIDFGLAK KYRD	13	9.31	0.37	11.17	0.07	12.97	0.08
47	150-169	FGLAKKYRD ARTHQHIPY RE	18	17.33	0.46	20.31	0.17	22.55	0.27
48	151-169	GLAKKYRDA RTHQHIPYR E	17	21.46	0.16	23.26	1.22	26.21	0.19
49	153-179	AKKYRDART HQHIPYREN KNLTGTARY	25	26.94	0.70	26.49	0.72	28.27	0.95
50	163-178	QHIPYRENK NLTGTAR	14	21.84	0.46	30.17	0.38	36.45	0.56
51	164-178	HIPYRENKNL TGTAR	13	10.97	0.05	13.40	1.95	14.35	0.05
52	176-186	TARYASINTH L	10	2.13	0.66	2.71	0.57	3.16	0.53
53	178-186	RYASINTHL	8	11.10	0.22	19.86	2.74	25.80	0.18
54	180-186	ASINTHL	6	11.86	1.10	22.10	1.11	28.58	1.13
55	180-189	ASINTHLGIE	9	13.58	0.55	28.08	0.14	35.29	0.53
56	180-196	ASINTHLGIE QSRRDDL	16	8.82	0.42	16.30	0.46	19.92	0.69
57	182-196	INTHLGIEQS RRDDL	14	9.02	0.38	15.55	0.29	19.61	0.79
58	185-196	HLGIEQSRR DDL	11	7.33	0.54	11.43	0.52	13.39	0.82
59	187-196	GIEQSRRDD L	9	8.97	1.26	12.46	1.49	14.37	1.39
60	189-196	EQSRRDDL	7	11.17	0.61	14.45	1.32	16.94	1.14
61	190-196	QSRRDDL	6	10.46	0.78	16.29	0.76	17.91	0.65
62	204-217	MYFNLSLP WQGLK	12	10.69	0.34	18.47	0.75	23.71	0.92
63	205-215	YFNLSLPW QG	9	26.01	0.55	31.64	0.49	33.90	0.96
64	205-216	YFNLSLPW QGL	10	26.98	1.28	33.88	0.98	35.81	1.68

65	205-218	YFNLGSLPW QGLKA	12	33.97	0.88	38.61	0.14	41.49	0.69
66	206-218	FNLGSLPWQ GLKA	11	39.77	1.24	46.08	1.29	48.25	1.45
67	207-216	NLGSLPWQG L	8	33.61	0.98	40.65	1.05	43.83	1.29
68	207-218	NLGSLPWQG LKA	10	42.01	1.15	48.10	0.22	50.94	0.71
69	209-216	GSLPWQGL	6	41.50	1.65	45.82	1.76	48.93	1.86
70	209-218	GSLPWQGLK A	8	41.85	1.66	43.83	0.91	45.80	1.59
71	212-218	PWQGLKA	5	47.82	1.09	50.07	0.73	54.76	0.31
72	219-230	ATKRQKYERI SE	11	39.16	1.29	40.66	0.23	41.85	1.05
73	231-239	KKMSTPIEV	7	34.92	1.03	40.46	1.15	43.27	0.49
74	231-240	KKMSTPIEVL	8	26.88	0.89	31.99	0.52	34.81	0.54
75	239-248	VLCKGYPSE F	8	13.20	0.98	17.82	0.76	22.48	1.33
76	241-247	CKGYPSE	5	22.76	1.07	29.05	0.48	34.85	1.00
77	241-248	CKGYPSEF	6	13.84	0.90	17.58	0.41	22.31	0.70
78	248-254	FATYLNF	6	2.60	0.80	2.27	0.29	3.20	0.26
79	255-267	CRSLRFDDK PDYS	11	25.16	0.33	27.67	0.46	29.79	0.33
80	255-268	CRSLRFDDK PDYSY	12	28.35	0.78	32.06	0.88	35.68	1.81
81	255-269	CRSLRFDDK PDYSYL	13	24.47	0.92	26.53	0.62	28.12	0.74
82	259-276	RFDDKPDYS YLRQLFRNL	16	22.20	0.19	34.87	1.46	42.90	0.46
83	261-269	DDKPDYSYL	7	31.57	1.45	31.42	0.53	31.96	1.46
84	269-277	LRQLFRNLF	8	2.67	0.53	6.25	0.65	10.11	0.34
85	269-281	LRQLFRNLF HRQG	12	17.71	0.73	18.90	0.62	21.23	0.56
86	269-285	LRQLFRNLF HRQGFSYD	16	14.55	0.81	16.86	0.57	18.74	0.76
87	270-276	RQLFRNL	6	18.09	1.48	30.37	3.19	36.23	1.90
88	270-277	RQLFRNLF	7	3.80	0.82	7.17	1.02	10.71	0.34
89	270-285	RQLFRNLFH RQGFSYD	15	13.66	0.26	NaN	NaN	18.74	0.39
90	273-285	FRNLFHRQG FSYD	12	17.55	1.05	19.64	0.53	21.45	0.95
91	278-285	HRQGFSYD	7	27.15	1.89	26.89	0.37	28.70	1.67
92	286-292	YVFDWNM	6	38.75	1.01	42.90	0.79	44.59	1.23
93	293-302	LKGASRAA D	9	36.88	1.62	38.05	1.12	40.84	1.09
94	293-305	LKGASRAA DDAE	12	35.50	1.54	36.37	0.96	38.41	1.29
95	294-302	KFGASRAAD	8	37.19	1.25	37.52	1.49	37.73	0.55
96	303-312	DAERERRDR E	9	30.39	2.46	34.85	2.81	36.34	3.10
97	312-324	EERLRHSRN PATR	11	36.36	1.50	36.70	0.57	37.32	0.86
98	319-338	RNPATRGLP STASGRLRG TQ	17	22.83	1.62	27.84	2.63	36.45	2.51

99	325-334	GLPSTASGR L	8	8.44	1.44	15.99	1.15	21.62	1.05
100	337-350	TQEVAAPTP LTPTS	9	9.00	0.04	20.92	0.04	29.57	0.04
101	351-357	HTANTSP	5	19.37	0.63	20.65	0.73	22.01	0.67
102	362-375	GMERERKVS MRLHR	13	16.73	1.41	24.10	1.22	30.31	0.32
103	364-371	ERERKVSM	7	43.03	1.27	46.60	3.10	48.32	2.97
104	364-378	ERERKVSMR LHRGAP	13	46.73	0.29	53.96	0.46	59.16	0.24
105	365-373	RERKVSMRL	8	35.88	1.42	33.81	1.74	36.60	1.20
106	371-394	MRLHRGAPV NISSSDLTGR QDTSR	22	34.18	1.30	34.70	1.03	36.63	0.31
107	379-395	VNISSSDLTG RQDTSRM	16	32.17	0.76	33.18	0.58	34.28	0.05
108	386-394	LTGRQDTSR	8	58.23	1.21	62.05	0.19	62.83	1.09
109	387-395	TGRQDTSRM	8	29.06	0.44	34.44	0.88	33.91	0.66
110	394-402	RMSTSQIPG	7	11.04	0.32	11.37	0.27	11.75	0.56
				<b>CK1δ1 + ATP</b>					
				<b>Relative Fractional Deuterium Uptake (%)</b>					
				<b>1 min</b>		<b>5 min</b>		<b>10 min</b>	
S.No.	Peptide	Sequence	Num Exchangers	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD
1	3-20	LRVGNRYRL GRKIGSGSF	17	31.22	1.17	34.85	0.02	36.32	0.02
2	4-20	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSF	16	27.79	0.11	31.84	0.34	32.21	0.54
3	4-22	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSFG D	18	26.90	0.33	30.94	0.45	31.75	0.18
4	9-28	YRLGRKIGS GSFGDIYLGT D	19	32.91	0.83	34.73	0.55	34.80	0.74
5	12-25	GRKIGSGSF GDIYL	13	20.04	0.09	26.90	0.09	28.05	0.09
6	21-28	GDIYLGTD	7	7.50	0.92	14.64	1.38	18.21	0.53
7	22-28	DIYLGTD	6	11.26	0.17	14.09	0.17	15.42	0.20
8	26-33	GTDIAAGE	7	38.87	0.48	35.81	0.03	39.51	0.03
9	26-36	GTDIAAGEEV A	10	33.60	0.47	36.44	0.16	34.29	0.16
10	28-34	DIAAGEE	6	37.36	0.98	37.85	0.92	36.78	0.83
11	28-36	DIAAGEEVA	8	31.02	1.13	32.01	0.57	31.63	0.71
12	29-36	IAAGEEVA	7	25.74	1.00	27.38	1.19	26.45	0.81
13	37-49	IKLECVKTKH PQL	11	15.16	1.36	17.38	0.32	26.46	0.32
14	40-49	ECVKTKHPQ L	8	19.85	0.60	20.10	1.60	20.11	1.65
15	42-49	VKTKHPQL	6	18.54	0.45	19.11	0.41	18.94	0.41
16	50-56	HIESKIY	6	12.22	0.53	16.21	1.25	15.33	1.00
17	50-58	HIESKIYKM	8	14.19	0.45	21.97	0.43	26.54	0.43
18	56-70	YKMMQGGV GIPTIRW	13	22.58	3.34	30.59	0.67	30.18	0.25

19	56-72	YKMMQGGV GIPTIRWCG	15	27.21	2.50	28.70	0.46	22.59	0.10
20	56-77	YKMMQGGV GIPTIRWCGA EGDY	20	22.35	1.61	22.71	0.26	19.40	1.43
21	59-76	MQGGVGPTI RWCGAEGD	16	31.78	1.97	28.28	0.31	28.98	0.31
22	62-70	GVGPIPTIRW	7	21.07	0.48	22.70	0.46	24.45	0.65
23	77-99	YNVMVMELL GPSLEDLFN FCSRK	21	41.54	0.38	41.74	2.24	41.91	1.48
24	83-89	ELLGPSL	5	2.92	0.97	4.87	1.17	3.49	0.63
25	85-92	LGPSPLEDL	6	8.01	0.37	6.16	0.70	10.86	0.27
26	96-102	CSRKFSL	6	9.42	2.77	10.13	0.99	12.18	3.68
27	96-104	CSRKFSLKT	8	12.93	1.32	15.05	0.67	14.94	0.41
28	96-106	CSRKFSLKT VL	10	6.59	0.57	7.45	2.82	9.23	0.24
29	104-119	TVLLLADQMI SRIEYI	15	14.76	0.15	21.34	0.10	22.44	0.09
30	108-117	LADQMISRIE	9	21.78	0.54	22.87	0.12	23.27	0.12
31	113-123	ISRIEYIHSKN	10	3.03	0.62	4.15	0.07	3.77	0.10
32	124-134	FIHRDVKP DN F	9	2.69	0.41	2.98	0.36	5.22	0.48
33	124-135	FIHRDVKP DN FL	10	2.70	0.42	3.85	0.64	3.51	0.30
34	126-134	HRDVKP DN F	7	6.13	0.32	6.09	0.32	6.10	0.32
35	135-143	LMGLGKKGN	8	18.66	0.98	21.03	0.75	22.73	0.74
36	135-144	LMGLGKKGN L	9	17.61	0.25	20.31	0.11	22.08	0.50
37	135-145	LMGLGKKGN LV	10	16.81	0.36	19.45	0.39	20.87	0.77
38	135-146	LMGLGKKGN LVY	11	12.34	0.19	15.18	0.13	16.61	0.21
39	136-144	MGLGKKGNL	8	20.00	0.30	22.90	0.25	25.13	0.25
40	137-144	GLGKKGNL	7	16.40	0.26	18.49	0.08	19.87	0.08
41	137-146	GLGKKGNLV Y	9	15.92	0.06	19.54	0.09	20.85	0.62
42	140-150	KKGNLVYIID F	10	2.24	0.34	1.78	0.44	2.01	0.00
43	144-162	LVYIIDFGLA K KYRDARTH	18	6.66	0.15	16.22	0.77	20.27	1.04
44	145-151	VYIIDFG	6	2.18	1.42	11.16	0.20	15.12	0.20
45	145-152	VYIIDFGL	7	8.15	0.25	8.11	0.25	8.12	0.25
46	145-158	VYIIDFGLA K KYRD	13	7.04	0.98	7.37	2.78	8.28	1.34
47	150-169	FGLAKKYRD ARTHQHIPYR E	18	10.07	0.10	12.62	0.10	13.99	0.10
48	151-169	GLAKKYRDART RTHQHIPYR E	17	14.72	0.21	17.21	0.12	16.49	0.12
49	153-179	AKKYRDART HQHIPYREN KNLTGTARY	25	21.32	0.61	20.45	0.61	21.71	0.61
50	163-178	QHIPYRENK NLTGTAR	14	17.10	0.69	22.13	0.16	23.79	0.16

51	164-178	HIPYRENKNL TGTAR	13	10.71	0.12	15.30	1.24	17.30	0.05
52	176-186	TARYASINTH L	10	5.80	2.09	4.59	0.73	3.76	0.54
53	178-186	RYASINTHL	8	10.96	0.43	17.30	0.11	19.99	0.11
54	180-186	ASINTHL	6	9.01	0.66	17.62	1.11	21.61	1.89
55	180-189	ASINTHLGIE	9	13.02	1.12	20.09	0.03	27.31	0.03
56	180-196	ASINTHLGIE QSRRDDL	16	8.26	0.38	12.96	1.77	13.41	3.02
57	182-196	INTLHGIEQS RRDDL	14	7.02	0.30	10.95	1.55	11.73	0.29
58	185-196	HLGIEQSRR DDL	11	6.25	0.30	9.21	1.00	11.01	1.45
59	187-196	GIEQSRRDD L	9	9.53	0.45	12.81	0.73	13.49	1.00
60	189-196	EQSRRDDL	7	8.05	0.91	11.75	0.61	12.04	1.07
61	190-196	QSRRDDL	6	8.38	0.66	12.29	0.56	13.38	0.59
62	204-217	MYFNLGSLP WQGLK	12	8.40	0.83	12.53	0.20	15.83	0.20
63	205-215	YFNLGSLPW QG	9	14.45	0.22	26.48	0.22	25.92	0.22
64	205-216	YFNLGSLPW QGL	10	22.18	0.59	27.30	0.50	26.51	0.08
65	205-218	YFNLGSLPW QGLKA	12	28.71	1.22	33.50	1.52	34.91	0.30
66	206-218	FNLGSLPWQ GLKA	11	36.08	0.62	41.36	0.83	43.14	0.34
67	207-216	NLGSLPWQG L	8	30.04	2.30	37.38	0.35	37.77	0.35
68	207-218	NLGSLPWQG LKA	10	37.96	0.29	42.59	0.21	46.12	0.21
69	209-216	GSLPWQGL	6	33.20	1.02	36.19	2.19	39.15	3.24
70	209-218	GSLPWQGLK A	8	37.18	1.36	40.38	0.76	41.93	0.37
71	212-218	PWQGLKA	5	42.18	1.08	43.74	0.31	48.98	0.31
72	219-230	ATKRQKYERI SE	11	32.46	0.65	33.85	0.22	33.15	0.22
73	231-239	KKMSTPIEV	7	31.06	0.79	35.42	0.56	39.41	0.56
74	231-240	KKMSTPIEVL	8	23.97	0.42	29.01	1.16	31.42	0.41
75	239-248	VLCKGYPSE F	8	11.96	0.73	16.88	0.93	19.88	0.89
76	241-247	CKGYPSE	5	18.64	0.77	21.53	0.36	26.71	0.36
77	241-248	CKGYPSEF	6	13.25	0.78	16.16	1.37	20.38	0.48
78	248-254	FATYLNF	6	3.31	0.24	3.32	0.36	4.28	1.58
79	255-267	CRSLRFDDK PDYS	11	21.14	0.62	24.86	0.33	25.66	0.33
80	255-268	CRSLRFDDK PDYSY	12	24.74	1.05	27.70	0.22	28.58	0.22
81	255-269	CRSLRFDDK PDYSYL	13	21.15	0.67	23.69	0.54	23.79	0.67
82	259-276	RFDDKPDYS YLRQLFRNL	16	21.37	0.11	28.52	0.47	29.00	0.03
83	261-269	DDKPDYSYL	7	23.86	1.53	25.07	1.14	25.37	0.50
84	269-277	LRQLFRNL	8	1.91	1.05	7.09	1.30	8.23	2.13

S.No.	Peptide	Sequence	Num Exchangers	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD	
85	269-281	LRQLFRNLF HRQG	12	18.01	1.75	20.64	1.29	20.45	0.84	
86	269-285	LRQLFRNLF HRQGFSYD	16	11.38	2.02	12.25	1.50	13.04	1.32	
87	270-276	RQLFRNL	6	9.64	1.88	13.98	2.15	14.41	0.59	
88	270-277	RQLFRNLF	7	3.41	1.43	7.10	1.39	8.35	2.22	
89	270-285	RQLFRNLFH RQGFSYD	15	11.26	0.76	14.10	0.26	12.84	0.26	
90	273-285	FRNLFHRQG FSYD	12	14.11	0.79	15.76	0.12	16.14	0.23	
91	278-285	HRQGFSYD	7	18.53	0.87	20.12	0.22	21.24	0.49	
92	286-292	YVFDWNM	6	26.86	1.41	34.16	1.65	32.15	1.31	
93	293-302	LKGASRAA D	9	31.92	1.19	32.32	1.13	32.94	1.07	
94	293-305	LKGASRAA DDAE	12	32.19	0.70	31.15	0.44	31.83	0.81	
95	294-302	KFGASRAAD	8	33.12	0.62	33.54	0.26	34.22	0.81	
96	303-312	DAERERRDR E	9	21.89	0.33	32.01	0.33	27.90	0.33	
97	312-324	EERLRHRSN PATR	11	32.90	0.39	31.09	0.27	31.14	0.27	
98	319-338	RNPATRGLP STASGRLRG TQ	17	19.75	1.91	23.21	1.48	23.51	1.62	
99	325-334	GLPSTASGR L	8	4.18	1.67	2.39	0.68	2.46	0.92	
100	337-350	TQEVAAPPTP LTPTS	9	10.83	0.70	13.18	0.04	15.60	0.04	
101	351-357	HTANTSP	5	12.77	2.70	16.86	3.35	15.76	1.47	
102	362-375	GMERERKVS MRLHR	13	11.39	0.79	15.54	2.09	18.06	2.50	
103	364-371	ERERKVSM	7	41.49	0.52	38.16	0.52	42.98	0.52	
104	364-378	ERERKVSMR LHRGAP	13	46.25	0.44	53.26	2.30	55.45	3.34	
105	365-373	RERKVSMRL	8	21.76	1.07	27.34	0.54	33.21	1.92	
106	371-394	MRLHRGAPV NISSSDLTGR QDTSR	22	29.71	0.07	31.35	0.07	30.96	0.07	
107	379-395	VNISSSDLTG RQDTSRM	16	33.09	0.40	32.85	0.39	34.24	0.39	
108	386-394	LTGRQDTSR	8	52.25	1.57	58.39	0.37	56.97	0.58	
109	387-395	TGRQDTSRM	8	26.16	0.26	31.14	0.26	26.89	0.26	
110	394-402	RMSTSQIPG	7	10.82	1.42	12.16	1.05	10.50	0.48	
				<b>CK1δ1 + AMPPNP</b>						
				<b>Relative Fractional Deuterium Uptake (%)</b>						
				<b>1 min</b>		<b>5 min</b>		<b>10 min</b>		
<b>S.No.</b>		<b>Peptide</b>	<b>Sequence</b>	<b>Num Exchangers</b>	<b>Uptake</b>	<b>± SD</b>	<b>Uptake</b>	<b>± SD</b>	<b>Uptake</b>	<b>± SD</b>
1		3-20	LRVGNRYRL GRKIGSGSF	17	39.54	0.38	44.84	0.21	44.14	0.69
2		4-20	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSF	16	33.89	0.88	38.86	0.37	39.08	0.81
3		4-22	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSFG D	18	32.64	0.34	37.30	0.35	38.02	0.82

4	9-28	YRLGRKIGS GSFGDIYLGT D	19	38.83	0.05	40.56	0.20	39.43	0.40
5	12-25	GRKIGSGSF GDIYL	13	27.40	1.22	34.38	0.33	34.28	1.00
6	21-28	GDIYLGTD	7	13.99	0.42	28.78	0.52	35.65	0.59
7	22-28	DIYLGTD	6	11.00	2.67	24.75	2.16	30.11	0.59
8	26-33	GTDIAAGE	7	40.82	0.51	42.45	1.40	42.02	1.23
9	26-36	GTDIAAGEEV A	10	37.65	0.52	39.21	0.91	39.66	0.16
10	28-34	DIAAGEE	6	41.17	0.62	42.74	0.79	41.95	0.87
11	28-36	DIAAGEEVA	8	34.84	0.59	37.76	0.30	37.05	0.54
12	29-36	IAAGEEVA	7	30.13	0.63	31.89	0.37	32.13	0.44
13	37-49	IKLECVKTKH PQL	11	18.26	1.67	16.94	2.65	25.65	0.74
14	40-49	ECVKTKHPQ L	8	25.31	1.86	24.50	1.54	21.10	1.26
15	42-49	VTKHPQL	6	22.78	0.64	22.44	0.72	22.70	0.80
16	50-56	HIESKIY	6	15.21	0.82	21.44	0.75	23.69	0.59
17	50-58	HIESKIYKM	8	20.91	1.61	31.72	0.77	32.26	1.64
18	56-70	YKMMQGGV GIPTIRW	13	29.88	0.25	39.68	0.25	36.81	0.25
19	56-72	YKMMQGGV GIPTIRWCG	15	28.37	2.19	32.03	2.16	29.90	0.62
20	56-77	YKMMQGGV GIPTIRWCGA EGDY	20	25.90	1.15	27.70	1.79	25.93	0.43
21	59-76	MQGGVGIPTI RWCGAEGD	16	32.71	1.85	32.82	1.54	31.73	1.20
22	62-70	GVGIPTIRW	7	22.77	0.46	27.52	1.42	28.70	0.46
23	77-99	YNVMVMELL GPSLEDFN FCSRK	21	45.06	0.33	47.56	0.24	46.44	0.13
24	83-89	ELLGPSL	5	6.25	0.67	9.55	0.60	12.09	0.52
25	85-92	LGPSEDL	6	6.76	2.46	7.29	2.43	5.51	0.89
26	96-102	CSRKFSL	6	9.84	0.10	14.20	0.10	16.42	0.63
27	96-104	CSRKFSLKT	8	22.74	0.83	22.87	2.52	31.30	0.41
28	96-106	CSRKFSLKT VL	10	8.98	0.86	10.42	0.21	11.47	0.22
29	104-119	TVLLLADQMI SRIEYI	15	21.24	0.78	28.81	0.27	29.51	0.32
30	108-117	LADQMISRIE	9	32.43	1.14	NaN	NaN	40.47	2.37
31	113-123	ISRIEYIHSKN	10	2.78	0.16	3.17	0.23	3.65	0.25
32	124-134	FIHRDVKP DN F	9	4.09	0.32	4.65	0.37	5.20	0.26
33	124-135	FIHRDVKP DN FL	10	3.63	0.09	3.32	0.29	4.51	0.01
34	126-134	HRDVKP DN F	7	3.22	0.50	3.45	0.32	4.60	0.32
35	135-143	LMGLGKKGN	8	20.94	1.61	25.36	0.90	26.11	1.37
36	135-144	LMGLGKKGN L	9	20.06	0.43	23.43	0.11	25.52	0.38
37	135-145	LMGLGKKGN LV	10	18.74	1.23	22.43	0.56	24.72	0.45

38	135-146	LMGLGKKGN LVY	11	15.13	0.25	17.83	0.07	19.69	0.16
39	136-144	MGLGKKGNL	8	23.13	1.00	27.55	0.25	27.79	0.62
40	137-144	GLGKKGNL	7	21.75	0.54	26.10	0.22	27.52	0.18
41	137-146	GLGKKGNLV Y	9	17.73	0.70	20.77	0.06	23.71	0.08
42	140-150	KKGNLVYIID F	10	7.24	0.00	1.52	0.14	1.08	0.10
43	144-162	LVYIIDFGLAK KYRDARTH	18	9.27	0.19	22.30	0.19	29.40	0.58
44	145-151	VYIIDFG	6	6.24	0.66	16.58	0.69	21.92	1.48
45	145-152	VYIIDFGL	7	5.79	0.51	18.38	0.37	22.58	0.36
46	145-158	VYIIDFGLAK KYRD	13	9.66	0.07	11.28	0.07	11.54	0.11
47	150-169	FGLAKKYRD ARTHQHIPY RE	18	19.99	0.58	22.38	0.28	21.74	0.52
48	151-169	GLAKKYRDA RTHQHIPYR E	17	24.21	0.51	26.72	0.84	26.61	1.30
49	153-179	AKKYRDART HQHIPYREN KNLTGTARY	25	28.55	1.34	29.66	1.12	30.23	0.77
50	163-178	QHIPYRENK NLGTAR	14	22.32	0.36	29.23	0.31	30.39	0.25
51	164-178	HIPYRENKNL TGTAR	13	11.76	0.05	13.95	1.55	13.92	0.28
52	176-186	TARYASINTH L	10	2.69	0.56	2.60	0.52	2.98	0.63
53	178-186	RYASINTHL	8	14.39	0.28	19.78	2.60	27.17	0.45
54	180-186	ASINTHL	6	14.49	1.11	25.56	0.61	29.16	0.61
55	180-189	ASINTHLGIE	9	16.59	0.05	31.62	0.46	36.59	0.20
56	180-196	ASINTHLGIE QSRRDDL	16	9.94	0.97	17.84	0.51	19.97	0.57
57	182-196	INTHLGIEQS RRDDL	14	10.48	0.78	18.34	0.34	20.31	0.68
58	185-196	HLGIEQSRR DDL	11	7.25	0.44	12.47	0.72	13.45	0.67
59	187-196	GIEQSRRDD L	9	10.29	1.67	14.46	1.32	13.96	1.30
60	189-196	EQSRRDDL	7	12.04	1.34	15.46	1.03	15.47	1.07
61	190-196	QSRRDDL	6	12.53	1.03	16.89	1.15	16.94	0.67
62	204-217	MYFNLGSLP WQLK	12	12.16	1.00	20.53	0.90	23.64	1.12
63	205-215	YFNLGSLPW QG	9	23.86	0.55	32.12	0.28	33.00	0.32
64	205-216	YFNLGSLPW QGL	10	27.33	0.75	34.70	0.42	36.08	0.42
65	205-218	YFNLGSLPW QGLKA	12	33.59	0.23	40.01	0.14	40.66	0.29
66	206-218	FNLGSLPWQ GLKA	11	40.49	1.60	47.43	1.95	48.11	1.65
67	207-216	NLGSLPWQG L	8	34.35	1.02	39.13	2.05	44.43	1.73
68	207-218	NLGSLPWQG LKA	10	42.88	0.32	49.41	0.82	50.58	0.45
69	209-216	GSLPWQGL	6	42.53	1.59	47.43	1.84	48.59	2.43

70	209-218	GSLPWQGLKA	8	41.35	0.45	44.69	0.92	45.41	0.38	
71	212-218	PWQGLKA	5	49.17	1.76	52.07	0.81	52.71	0.49	
72	219-230	ATKRQKYERISE	11	42.50	1.75	43.93	1.54	42.78	0.85	
73	231-239	KKMSTPIEV	7	35.62	0.93	41.30	0.73	42.87	0.78	
74	231-240	KKMSTPIEVL	8	27.46	0.91	32.97	0.55	34.36	0.48	
75	239-248	VLCKGYPSEF	8	14.07	0.99	18.86	0.77	22.06	0.70	
76	241-247	CKGYPSE	5	23.82	0.74	29.42	0.71	34.15	0.67	
77	241-248	CKGYPSEF	6	14.63	0.68	18.50	0.43	21.69	0.52	
78	248-254	FATYLNF	6	1.31	0.50	0.71	0.58	1.02	0.42	
79	255-267	CRSLRFDDKPDYS	11	24.69	0.81	27.44	0.41	28.08	0.37	
80	255-268	CRSLRFDDKPDYSY	12	29.53	0.25	33.69	0.37	33.09	1.38	
81	255-269	CRSLRFDDKPDYSYL	13	24.74	0.85	27.17	0.69	27.22	0.68	
82	259-276	RFDDKPDYSYLRQLFRNL	16	21.48	0.04	33.67	0.04	36.20	0.62	
83	261-269	DDKPDYSYL	7	30.77	1.54	31.70	0.45	30.85	0.52	
84	269-277	LRQLFRNLF	8	3.03	0.71	5.93	0.55	9.07	0.59	
85	269-281	LRQLFRNLFHRQG	12	18.87	0.64	20.52	0.54	20.74	0.63	
86	269-285	LRQLFRNLFHRQGFSYD	16	14.96	0.81	17.63	0.59	18.05	0.67	
87	270-276	RQLFRNL	6	15.53	1.07	28.61	2.29	34.20	1.39	
88	270-277	RQLFRNLF	7	3.89	0.35	6.76	0.42	8.73	0.22	
89	270-285	RQLFRNLFHHRQGFSYD	15	14.63	0.33	17.23	0.47	17.24	0.50	
90	273-285	FRNLFHRQGFSYD	12	18.57	1.03	19.90	0.13	20.72	0.34	
91	278-285	HRQGFSYD	7	27.18	2.01	28.58	0.54	29.03	1.29	
92	286-292	YVFDWNM	6	36.56	1.01	42.15	0.62	42.00	0.56	
93	293-302	LKGASRAAD	9	38.06	1.41	40.53	1.21	39.37	2.78	
94	293-305	LKGASRAADDAAE	12	37.30	0.87	38.31	0.74	37.67	0.87	
95	294-302	KFGASRAAD	8	39.45	1.22	41.25	1.43	38.37	0.37	
96	303-312	DAERERRDR	E	37.29	0.64	37.83	2.19	37.97	0.90	
97	312-324	EERLHSRN	PATR	11	36.70	0.89	37.93	0.46	38.00	0.60
98	319-338	RNPATRGLPSTASGR	TQ	22.19	0.90	25.61	1.56	36.39	2.88	
99	325-334	GLPSTASGR	L	5.55	0.81	10.79	0.80	13.60	0.31	
100	337-350	TQEVAAPPTPLTPTS		12.00	0.04	22.87	0.04	27.81	1.29	
101	351-357	HTANTSP	5	21.57	0.67	22.81	0.49	22.58	0.76	
102	362-375	GMERERKVS	MRLHR	16.38	1.32	25.04	0.59	29.12	1.79	
103	364-371	ERERKVSM		43.22	0.76	44.42	1.09	47.63	4.98	

104	364-378	ERERKVSMR LHRGAP	13	46.96	0.51	51.23	0.86	52.62	0.32
105	365-373	RERKVSMRL	8	36.68	1.04	34.52	3.63	33.88	2.25
106	371-394	MRLHRGAPV NISSSDLTGR QDTSR	22	33.96	0.07	37.10	0.07	32.62	0.07
107	379-395	VNISSSDLTG RQDTSRM	16	35.12	0.99	34.53	0.10	35.04	0.05
108	386-394	LTGRQDTSR	8	59.13	0.41	62.93	0.94	62.18	0.59
109	387-395	TGRQDTSRM	8	29.72	0.78	33.00	1.15	32.61	1.62
110	394-402	RMSTSQIPG	7	10.88	0.50	11.28	0.29	10.85	0.45
  				  					
CK182				Relative Deuterium Uptake (Da)					
				1 min		5 min		10 min	
S.No.	Peptide	Sequence	Num Exchangers	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD
1	3-20	LRVGNRYRL GRKIGSGSF	17	6.61	0.07	6.70	0.06	6.81	0.04
2	4-20	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSF	16	5.33	0.06	5.77	0.16	5.48	0.09
3	4-22	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSFG D	18	5.83	0.05	6.31	0.13	5.94	0.09
4	4-25	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSFG DIYL	21	5.74	0.06	6.73	0.18	6.90	0.11
5	12-25	GRKIGSGSF GDIYL	13	4.05	0.03	4.20	0.05	4.14	0.06
6	13-26	RKIGSGSFG DIYLG	13	1.24	0.10	1.72	0.05	1.70	0.06
7	21-28	GDIYLGTD	7	1.43	0.02	2.43	0.20	2.73	0.03
8	26-33	GTDIAAGE	7	2.87	0.04	2.93	0.07	2.74	0.03
9	26-34	GTDIAAGEE	8	3.51	0.03	3.50	0.08	3.26	0.02
10	28-34	DIAAGEE	6	2.55	0.03	2.49	0.06	2.36	0.04
11	35-41	VAIKLEC	6	0.83	0.02	1.09	0.09	1.63	0.01
12	40-49	ECVKTKHPQ L	8	1.99	0.06	1.88	0.11	1.68	0.10
13	42-49	VTKTKHPQL	6	1.80	0.06	1.76	0.09	1.62	0.07
14	50-56	HIESKIY	6	1.07	0.04	1.40	0.08	1.55	0.06
15	56-70	YKMMMQGGV GIPTIRW	13	3.76	0.17	4.81	0.41	4.88	0.10
16	56-72	YKMMMQGGV GIPTIRWCG	15	3.98	0.17	4.13	0.35	4.35	0.03
17	59-70	MQGGVGPITI RW	10	3.61	0.17	4.11	0.27	4.21	0.19
18	83-89	ELLGPSL	5	0.48	0.03	0.63	0.02	0.70	0.03
19	85-92	LGPSSL	6	0.13	0.05	0.23	0.06	0.27	0.04
20	96-102	CSRKFSL	6	0.77	0.03	0.89	0.04	1.15	0.06
21	96-106	CSRKFSLKT VL	10	0.76	0.05	1.07	0.05	1.25	0.10
22	97-106	SRKFSLKTVL	9	0.72	0.13	1.05	0.07	1.14	0.07

23	104-119	TVLLLADQMI SRIEYI	15	3.81	0.06	4.54	0.07	5.23	0.06
24	112-123	MISRIEYIHSK N	11	0.23	0.03	0.31	0.06	0.49	0.05
25	113-123	ISRIEYIHSKN	10	0.25	0.03	0.30	0.04	0.32	0.04
26	113-134	ISRIEYIHSKNF FIHRDVKPDNF	20	0.53	0.05	0.56	0.07	0.63	0.06
27	115-132	RIEYIHSKNFI HRDVKPD	16	3.20	0.01	3.53	0.07	3.82	0.01
28	124-134	FIHRDVKPDNF F	9	0.31	0.07	0.35	0.07	0.38	0.07
29	124-135	FIHRDVKPDNF FL	10	0.27	0.05	0.33	0.05	0.39	0.05
30	126-134	HRDVKPDNF	7	0.24	0.03	0.28	0.04	0.31	0.02
31	126-135	HRDVKPDNF L	8	0.48	0.05	0.51	0.04	0.50	0.01
32	135-144	LMGLGKKGN L	9	1.87	0.03	2.17	0.07	2.25	0.13
33	135-145	LMGLGKKGN LV	10	1.87	0.01	2.16	0.09	2.12	0.02
34	135-146	LMGLGKKGN LVY	11	1.73	0.03	2.06	0.05	1.99	0.02
35	136-144	MGLGKKGNL	8	1.71	0.03	1.99	0.04	1.98	0.03
36	137-144	GLGKKGNL	7	1.59	0.02	1.86	0.07	1.78	0.04
37	137-146	GLGKKGNLV Y	9	1.78	0.02	2.05	0.06	2.02	0.01
38	145-151	VYIIDFG	6	0.70	0.04	1.30	0.04	1.38	0.06
39	145-152	VYIIDFGL	7	0.95	0.06	1.63	0.07	1.79	0.04
40	145-158	VYIIDFGLAK KYRD	13	1.18	0.06	1.32	0.11	1.49	0.08
41	151-169	GLAKKYRDA RTHQHIPYRE	17	4.16	0.09	4.01	0.18	3.60	0.03
42	163-178	QHIPYRENK NLTGTAR	14	3.16	0.12	4.17	0.08	5.17	0.06
43	173-179	LTGTARY	6	0.76	0.01	1.11	0.13	1.22	0.04
44	180-186	ASINTHL	6	0.68	0.06	1.32	0.06	1.52	0.04
45	180-189	ASINTHLGIE	9	1.16	0.03	2.22	0.30	2.89	0.02
46	180-196	ASINTHLGIE QSRRDDL	16	1.37	0.08	2.32	0.25	2.86	0.10
47	183-196	NTHLGIEQSR RDDL	13	1.05	0.03	1.66	0.12	1.82	0.05
48	185-196	HLGIEQSRR DDL	11	0.86	0.01	1.30	0.09	1.35	0.04
49	189-196	EQSRRDDL	7	0.86	0.06	1.13	0.07	1.13	0.06
50	204-218	MYFNLSLP WQGLKA	13	4.64	0.04	5.22	0.12	5.17	0.04
51	205-215	YFNLSLPW QG	9	2.15	0.06	2.61	0.17	2.82	0.04
52	205-216	YFNLSLPW QGL	10	2.62	0.07	3.10	0.21	2.93	0.07
53	205-218	YFNLSLPW QGLKA	12	4.07	0.05	4.49	0.20	4.44	0.11
54	206-218	FNLGSLPWQ GLKA	11	4.53	0.02	5.02	0.16	4.96	0.07
55	207-216	NLGSLPWQG L	8	2.55	0.07	3.07	0.15	2.89	0.14

56	207-218	NLGLSLPWQG LKA	10	4.34	0.04	4.73	0.21	4.73	0.24
57	209-216	GSLPWQGL	6	2.47	0.07	2.59	0.11	2.55	0.12
58	209-218	GSLPWQGLK A	8	3.36	0.08	3.45	0.13	3.23	0.06
59	212-218	PWQGLKA	5	2.45	0.04	2.58	0.09	2.43	0.01
60	219-230	ATKRQKYERI SE	11	4.55	0.09	4.49	0.20	4.23	0.05
61	220-230	TKRQKYERIS E	10	4.07	0.17	4.62	0.03	4.22	0.03
62	231-238	KKMSTPIE	6	2.38	0.03	2.44	0.09	2.34	0.08
63	231-240	KKMSTPIEVL	8	2.13	0.02	2.47	0.08	2.51	0.05
64	236-250	PIEVLKGYP SEFAT	12	1.20	0.05	2.04	0.20	2.55	0.16
65	239-248	VLCKGYPSE F	8	1.01	0.05	1.39	0.05	1.60	0.08
66	241-248	CKGYPSEF	6	0.84	0.02	1.05	0.03	1.15	0.02
67	248-254	FATYLNF	6	0.20	0.03	0.23	0.03	0.18	0.02
68	255-269	CRSLRFDDK PDYSYL	13	3.27	0.03	3.42	0.09	3.39	0.05
69	261-268	DDKPDYSY	6	2.26	0.04	2.26	0.09	2.15	0.06
70	261-269	DDKPDYSYL	7	2.15	0.07	2.11	0.10	1.92	0.07
71	268-277	YLRQLFRNLF	9	0.30	0.16	0.55	0.15	0.79	0.13
72	269-275	LRQLFRN	6	1.19	0.08	1.94	0.03	2.40	0.09
73	269-277	LRQLFRNLF	8	0.24	0.03	0.50	0.02	0.75	0.04
74	269-285	LRQLFRNLF HRQGFSYD	16	2.45	0.04	2.74	0.09	2.64	0.04
75	270-276	RQLFRNL	6	0.12	0.03	0.40	0.02	0.57	0.03
76	270-277	RQLFRNLF	7	0.25	0.06	0.48	0.07	0.62	0.06
77	270-285	RQLFRNLFH RQGFSYD	15	2.20	0.05	2.52	0.02	2.37	0.03
78	276-295	LFHRQGFSY DYVFDWNML KF	19	8.96	0.04	9.15	0.09	9.03	0.01
79	278-285	HRQGFSYD	7	1.96	0.09	1.92	0.13	1.72	0.10
80	286-292	YVFDWNM	6	2.61	0.01	2.74	0.07	2.40	0.02
81	290-298	WNMLKFGAS	8	3.79	0.40	4.06	0.24	4.16	0.17
82	293-302	LKFGASRAA D	9	3.36	0.12	3.26	0.14	3.05	0.12
83	293-305	LKFGASRAA DDAE	12	4.46	0.09	4.40	0.14	3.95	0.08
84	300-312	AADDAERER RDRE	12	3.05	0.07	3.34	0.06	3.20	0.06
85	315-325	LRHSRNPAT RG	9	0.47	0.01	0.50	0.02	0.44	0.01
86	316-326	RHSRNPATR GL	9	0.48	0.04	0.57	0.04	0.62	0.03
87	325-334	GLPSTASGR L	8	0.73	0.05	1.26	0.05	1.60	0.06
88	337-350	TQEVAAPTP LTPTS	9	1.05	0.04	1.54	0.03	2.11	0.13
89	345-367	PLPTPSHTAN TSPRPVSGM ERER	18	6.92	0.04	6.75	0.17	6.48	0.19

90	348-354	PTSHTAN	5	0.77	0.02	0.78	0.03	0.69	0.02
91	351-357	HTANTSP	5	1.11	0.02	1.10	0.03	0.94	0.01
92	363-371	MERERKVSM	8	3.74	0.14	3.93	0.17	3.85	0.13
93	363-376	MERERKVSM RLHRG	13	2.15	0.01	3.33	0.03	4.24	0.01
94	365-371	RERKVSM	6	2.31	0.12	2.35	0.10	2.20	0.04
95	372-386	RLHRGAPVNI SSSDL	13	4.20	0.08	4.20	0.06	3.67	0.08
96	379-389	VNISSSDLTG R	10	1.37	0.05	2.25	0.03	2.57	0.02
97	379-395	VNISSSDLTG RQDTSRM	16	5.34	0.05	5.15	0.04	4.87	0.03
98	386-394	LTGRQDTSR	8	4.62	0.06	4.89	0.05	4.89	0.05
99	398-405	SQNSIPFE	6	1.48	0.11	1.49	0.15	1.31	0.11
				<b>CK152 + ATP</b>					
				Relative Deuterium Uptake (Da)					
				<b>1 min</b>		<b>5 min</b>		<b>10 min</b>	
S.No.	Peptide	Sequence	Num Exchangers	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD
1	3-20	LRVGNRYRL GRKIGSGSF	17	5.39	0.04	6.08	0.18	6.11	0.04
2	4-20	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSF	16	4.38	0.04	5.00	0.21	5.00	0.04
3	4-22	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSFG D	18	5.05	0.01	5.26	0.28	5.00	0.01
4	4-25	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSFG DIYL	21	4.68	0.03	5.45	0.22	5.48	0.03
5	12-25	GRKIGSGSF GDIYL	13	2.77	0.03	3.11	0.03	3.23	0.03
6	13-26	RKIGSGSFG DIYLG	13	1.29	0.04	1.64	0.09	2.21	0.04
7	21-28	GDIYLGTD	7	0.44	0.02	0.89	0.02	1.03	0.02
8	26-33	GTDIAAGE	7	2.77	0.03	2.86	0.03	2.81	0.03
9	26-34	GTDIAAGEE	8	3.31	0.02	3.42	0.11	3.35	0.02
10	28-34	DIAAGEE	6	2.41	0.03	2.39	0.06	2.26	0.03
11	35-41	VAIKLEC	6	0.87	0.01	1.04	0.11	1.64	0.01
12	40-49	ECVTKTHPQ L	8	1.30	0.03	1.57	0.20	1.28	0.03
13	42-49	VKTKHPQL	6	1.38	0.01	1.71	0.07	1.55	0.01
14	50-56	HIESKIY	6	0.70	0.04	0.87	0.07	0.94	0.04
15	56-70	YKMMQGGV GIPTIRW	13	3.01	0.05	3.67	0.14	3.39	0.05
16	56-72	YKMMQGGV GIPTIRWCG	15	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
17	59-70	MQGGVGIPTI RW	10	3.17	0.04	3.08	0.04	3.35	0.04
18	83-89	ELLGPSL	5	0.17	0.01	0.20	0.03	0.10	0.01
19	85-92	LGPSELDL	6	0.13	0.04	0.15	0.05	0.37	0.04
20	96-102	CSRKFSL	6	0.78	0.01	0.83	0.01	0.81	0.01

21	96-106	CSRKFSLKT VL	10	0.78	0.04	0.98	0.05	1.05	0.04
22	97-106	SRKFSLKTVL	9	0.81	0.06	0.79	0.06	1.23	0.06
23	104-119	TVLLLADQMI SRIEYI	15	3.42	0.01	4.31	0.08	4.03	0.01
24	112-123	MISRIEYIH SKN	11	0.09	0.03	0.24	0.05	0.34	0.02
25	113-123	ISRIEYIH SKN	10	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
26	113-134	ISRIEYIH SKN FIHRDVKP DNF	20	0.40	0.05	0.52	0.08	0.54	0.05
27	115-132	RIEYIH SKN FIHRDV KP DNF	16	4.11	0.01	4.60	0.03	5.03	0.01
28	124-134	FIHRDV KP DNF	9	0.33	0.09	0.40	0.09	0.34	0.09
29	124-135	FIHRDV KP DNF	10	0.33	0.04	0.40	0.05	0.45	0.04
30	126-134	HRDV KP DNF	7	0.16	0.01	0.33	0.02	0.20	0.01
31	126-135	HRDV KP DNF	8	0.64	0.01	0.42	0.01	0.41	0.01
32	135-144	LMGLGKKGN L	9	1.62	0.01	1.86	0.07	2.09	0.01
33	135-145	LMGLGKKGN LV	10	1.59	0.00	1.83	0.04	2.07	0.00
34	135-146	LMGLGKKGN LVY	11	1.40	0.04	1.74	0.09	1.91	0.04
35	136-144	MGLGKKGNL	8	1.59	0.02	1.48	0.05	1.81	0.02
36	137-144	GLGKKGNL	7	1.35	0.02	1.50	0.03	1.51	0.02
37	137-146	GLGKKGNLV Y	9	1.63	0.01	1.80	0.12	1.98	0.01
38	145-151	VYIIDFG	6	0.14	0.03	0.18	0.06	0.07	0.03
39	145-152	VYIIDFGL	7	0.11	0.04	0.21	0.04	0.58	0.04
40	145-158	VYIIDFGLAK KYRD	13	0.91	0.06	1.24	0.06	1.28	0.06
41	151-169	GLAKKYRDA RTHQHIPYR E	17	2.85	0.03	3.39	0.12	3.18	0.03
42	163-178	QHIPYRENK NLTGTAR	14	3.14	0.04	3.96	0.04	4.44	0.04
43	173-179	LTGTARY	6	1.01	0.01	1.22	0.02	1.22	0.01
44	180-186	ASINTHL	6	0.69	0.03	1.12	0.03	1.25	0.03
45	180-189	ASINTHLGIE	9	1.18	0.02	2.00	0.11	2.57	0.02
46	180-196	ASINTHLGIE QSRRDDL	16	1.48	0.07	2.21	0.07	2.35	0.07
47	183-196	NTHLGIEQS RDDL	13	0.97	0.02	1.58	0.06	1.60	0.02
48	185-196	H LGIEQSRR DDL	11	1.27	0.01	1.24	0.01	NaN	NaN
49	189-196	EQSRRDDL	7	0.80	0.06	1.01	0.06	0.88	0.06
50	204-218	MYFNLGSLP WQGLKA	13	3.80	0.01	4.22	0.01	4.00	0.01
51	205-215	YFNLGSLPW QG	9	1.42	0.04	1.89	0.04	2.28	0.04
52	205-216	YFNLGSLPW QGL	10	1.80	0.05	2.58	0.18	2.30	0.05
53	205-218	YFNLGSLPW QGLKA	12	3.40	0.05	4.00	0.15	4.03	0.05

54	206-218	FNLGSLPWQ GLKA	11	4.01	0.01	4.61	0.13	4.61	0.01
55	207-216	NLGSLPWQG L	8	1.90	0.05	2.56	0.08	2.31	0.05
56	207-218	NLGSLPWQG LKA	10	3.96	0.03	4.65	0.03	4.42	0.03
57	209-216	GSLPWQGL	6	2.22	0.04	2.50	0.08	2.21	0.07
58	209-218	GSLPWQGLK A	8	3.00	0.05	3.20	0.10	3.13	0.05
59	212-218	PWQGLKA	5	2.25	0.01	2.35	0.01	2.24	0.01
60	219-230	ATKRQKYERI SE	11	3.74	0.05	4.04	0.25	3.84	0.05
61	220-230	TKRQKYERIS E	10	3.87	0.02	4.38	0.11	NaN	NaN
62	231-238	KKMSTPIE	6	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
63	231-240	KKMSTPIEVL	8	2.13	0.02	2.45	0.06	2.58	0.02
64	236-250	PIEVLKGYP SEFAT	12	1.39	0.01	2.31	0.01	3.18	0.01
	239-248	VLCKGYPSE F	8	0.87	0.04	1.45	0.08	1.63	0.06
66	241-248	CKGYPSEF	6	0.80	0.03	1.02	0.03	1.21	0.02
67	248-254	FATYLNF	6	0.16	0.02	0.23	0.04	0.19	0.02
68	255-269	CRSLRFDDK PDYSYL	13	2.99	0.01	3.27	0.10	3.17	0.01
69	261-268	DDKPDYSY	6	2.04	0.03	2.09	0.12	2.03	0.03
70	261-269	DDKPDYSYL	7	1.69	0.06	1.85	0.18	1.53	0.06
71	268-277	YLRQLFRNLF	9	0.16	0.09	0.34	0.16	0.32	0.09
72	269-275	LRQLFRN	6	1.46	0.01	2.06	0.03	2.27	0.01
73	269-277	LRQLFRNLF	8	0.23	0.03	0.51	0.04	0.58	0.03
74	269-285	LRQLFRNLF HRQGFSYD	16	1.98	0.04	2.35	0.11	2.30	0.04
75	270-276	RQLFRNL	6	0.08	0.02	0.42	0.03	0.57	0.02
76	270-277	RQLFRNLF	7	0.20	0.07	0.50	0.07	0.54	0.07
77	270-285	RQLFRNLFH RQGFSYD	15	1.90	0.02	2.13	0.06	2.18	0.02
78	276-295	LFHRQGFSY DYVFDWNML KF	19	8.52	0.01	8.92	0.11	8.93	0.01
79	278-285	HRQGFSYD	7	1.60	0.07	1.89	0.07	1.91	0.07
80	286-292	YVFDWNM	6	1.96	0.01	2.15	0.15	2.10	0.01
81	290-298	WNMLKGAS	8	3.52	0.17	3.79	0.17	NaN	NaN
82	293-302	LKGASRAA D	9	3.01	0.11	3.17	0.19	2.84	0.12
83	293-305	LKGASRAA DDAE	12	3.94	0.04	4.08	0.23	3.93	0.04
84	300-312	AADDAERER RDRE	12	2.86	0.02	3.24	0.10	2.94	0.02
85	315-325	LRHRSRNPAT RG	9	0.50	0.01	0.75	0.06	0.67	0.01
86	316-326	RHSRNPATR GL	9	0.87	0.02	0.95	0.03	0.82	0.02
87	325-334	GLPSTASGR L	8	0.18	0.02	0.28	0.11	0.11	0.02

88	337-350	TQEVAAPPTP LTPTS	9	0.90	0.03	1.33	0.03	1.44	0.03
89	345-367	PLPTPSHTAN TSPRPVSGM ERER	18	6.13	0.04	5.95	0.13	5.58	0.04
90	348-354	PTSHTAN	5	0.85	0.01	0.87	0.01	0.84	0.01
91	351-357	HTANTSP	5	0.92	0.01	0.92	0.06	0.74	0.01
92	363-371	MERERKVSM	8	3.32	0.06	3.28	0.09	3.24	0.06
93	363-376	MERERKVSM RLHRG	13	1.80	0.01	2.91	0.01	2.93	0.01
94	365-371	RERKVSM	6	1.98	0.02	2.23	0.08	2.14	0.02
95	372-386	RLHRGAPVNI SSSDL	13	3.66	0.06	3.99	0.25	4.33	0.06
96	379-389	VNISSSDLTG R	10	1.08	0.07	1.67	0.10	1.93	0.07
97	379-395	VNISSSDLTG RQDTSRM	16	5.49	0.02	5.13	0.08	5.14	0.02
98	386-394	LTGRQDTSR	8	4.40	0.04	4.67	0.05	4.73	0.04
99	398-405	SQNSIPFE	6	1.34	0.00	1.39	0.02	1.06	0.00
				<b>CK182 + AMPPNP</b>					
				<b>Relative Deuterium Uptake (Da)</b>					
				<b>1 min</b>		<b>5 min</b>		<b>10 min</b>	
S.No.	Peptide	Sequence	Num Exchangers	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD
1	3-20	LRVGNRYRL GRKIGSGSF	17	6.66	0.14	7.19	0.08	7.36	0.05
2	4-20	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSF	16	5.23	0.05	5.83	0.08	6.06	0.12
3	4-22	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSFG D	18	5.62	0.10	6.39	0.03	6.56	0.15
4	4-25	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSFG DIYL	21	5.36	0.21	6.74	0.08	7.49	0.17
5	12-25	GRKIGSGSF GDIYL	13	3.44	0.04	4.12	0.07	4.36	0.19
6	13-26	RKIGSGSFG DIYLG	13	1.31	0.06	1.66	0.06	1.87	0.16
7	21-28	GDIYLGTD	7	0.88	0.05	1.92	0.05	2.37	0.11
8	26-33	GTDIAAGE	7	2.83	0.03	2.89	0.05	2.82	0.09
9	26-34	GTDIAAGEE	8	3.40	0.10	3.42	0.08	3.41	0.12
10	28-34	DIAAGEE	6	2.45	0.03	2.48	0.04	2.40	0.09
11	35-41	VAIKLEC	6	0.73	0.06	1.01	0.12	1.56	0.01
12	40-49	ECVKTKHPQ L	8	1.63	0.03	1.75	0.06	1.64	0.08
13	42-49	VKTKHPQL	6	1.66	0.05	1.70	0.07	1.65	0.12
14	50-56	HIESKIY	6	0.94	0.10	1.24	0.07	1.36	0.09
15	56-70	YKMMQGGV GIPTIRW	13	3.45	0.31	4.19	0.21	4.57	0.21
16	56-72	YKMMQGGV GIPTIRWC	15	3.20	0.18	3.50	0.08	3.07	0.25
17	59-70	MQGGVGIPTI RW	10	3.39	0.27	3.67	0.22	4.04	0.18

18	83-89	ELLGPSL	5	0.32	0.02	0.46	0.03	0.49	0.03
19	85-92	LGPSEDL	6	0.19	0.06	0.19	0.04	0.18	0.07
20	96-102	CSRKFSL	6	0.78	0.09	0.82	0.01	0.78	0.09
21	96-106	CSRKFSLKTVL	10	0.83	0.13	1.05	0.08	1.02	0.12
22	97-106	SRKFSLKTVL	9	0.72	0.12	0.98	0.09	0.94	0.12
23	104-119	TVLLLADQMI SRIEYI	15	3.15	0.03	4.10	0.05	4.37	0.05
24	112-123	MISRIEYIHSK N	11	0.24	0.04	0.34	0.08	0.44	0.06
25	113-123	ISRIEYIHSKN	10	0.19	0.03	0.23	0.04	0.23	0.03
26	113-134	ISRIEYIHSKN FIHRDVKPDN F	20	0.44	0.06	0.51	0.04	0.56	0.05
27	115-132	RIEYIHSKNFI HRDVKP D	16	2.99	0.07	3.84	0.05	4.43	0.07
28	124-134	FIHRDVKP DN F	9	0.24	0.10	0.35	0.08	0.37	0.08
29	124-135	FIHRDVKP DN FL	10	0.26	0.05	0.33	0.05	0.37	0.07
30	126-134	HRDVKP DNF	7	0.23	0.04	0.25	0.06	0.25	0.02
31	126-135	HRDVKP DNF L	8	0.49	0.07	0.52	0.02	0.52	0.04
32	135-144	LMGLGKKGN L	9	1.72	0.04	2.01	0.03	2.13	0.10
33	135-145	LMGLGKKGN LV	10	1.68	0.06	2.01	0.05	2.16	0.09
34	135-146	LMGLGKKGN LVY	11	1.61	0.04	1.87	0.04	2.04	0.13
35	136-144	MGLGKKGNL	8	1.61	0.05	1.87	0.03	2.01	0.12
36	137-144	GLGKKGNL	7	1.45	0.04	1.69	0.05	1.82	0.07
37	137-146	GLGKKGNLV Y	9	1.58	0.01	1.90	0.04	2.02	0.13
38	145-151	VYIIDFG	6	0.43	0.05	1.06	0.09	1.14	0.06
39	145-152	VYIIDFGL	7	0.49	0.05	1.16	0.04	1.71	0.08
40	145-158	VYIIDFGLAK KYRD	13	1.20	0.08	1.52	0.06	1.55	0.09
41	151-169	GLAKKYRDA RTHQHIPYR E	17	3.07	0.17	3.36	0.08	3.46	0.37
42	163-178	QHIPYRENK NLTGTAR	14	3.09	0.09	3.91	0.05	4.29	0.16
43	173-179	LTGTARY	6	0.84	0.12	1.16	0.04	1.23	0.12
44	180-186	ASINTHL	6	0.77	0.06	1.38	0.05	1.62	0.10
45	180-189	ASINTHLGIE	9	1.35	0.03	2.53	0.04	3.00	0.05
46	180-196	ASINTHLGIE QSRRDDL	16	1.48	0.10	2.59	0.07	2.90	0.16
47	183-196	NTHLGIEQSR RDDL	13	1.03	0.05	1.74	0.03	1.92	0.05
48	185-196	HLGIEQSRR DDL	11	0.89	0.02	1.28	0.02	1.41	0.07
49	189-196	EQSRRDDL	7	0.74	0.11	1.10	0.08	1.09	0.09
50	204-218	MYFNGLGSLP WQGLKA	13	4.44	0.01	5.06	0.09	5.34	0.23

51	205-215	YFNLSLPW QG	9	2.02	0.10	2.59	0.12	2.81	0.13
52	205-216	YFNLSLPW QGL	10	2.39	0.16	2.99	0.10	3.12	0.21
53	205-218	YFNLSLPW QGLKA	12	3.85	0.10	4.41	0.07	4.56	0.23
54	206-218	FNLSLPWQ GLKA	11	4.32	0.07	4.92	0.05	5.06	0.32
55	207-216	NLGLSPWQG L	8	2.42	0.16	3.06	0.10	2.70	0.07
56	207-218	NLGLSPWQG LKA	10	4.13	0.05	4.62	0.06	4.92	0.14
57	209-216	GSLPWQGL	6	2.31	0.11	2.52	0.09	2.68	0.11
58	209-218	GSLPWQGLK A	8	2.96	0.05	3.27	0.14	3.38	0.20
59	212-218	PWQGLKA	5	2.31	0.13	2.46	0.08	2.59	0.12
60	219-230	ATKRQKYERI SE	11	4.10	0.19	4.23	0.13	4.23	0.23
61	220-230	TKRQKYERIS E	10	4.07	0.04	4.22	0.05	3.91	0.06
62	231-238	KKMSTPIE	6	2.30	0.06	2.39	0.03	2.41	0.11
63	231-240	KKMSTPIEVL	8	2.11	0.06	2.48	0.03	2.61	0.15
64	236-250	PIEVLKGYP SEFAT	12	1.24	0.01	2.23	0.01	2.71	0.12
65	239-248	VLCKGYPSE F	8	0.93	0.05	1.32	0.10	1.65	0.09
66	241-248	CKGYPSEF	6	0.79	0.03	1.02	0.03	1.23	0.05
67	248-254	FATYLNF	6	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.03	0.07	0.03
68	255-269	CRSLRFDDK PDYSYL	13	3.23	0.07	3.45	0.02	3.49	0.16
69	261-268	DDKPDYSY	6	2.23	0.08	2.22	0.03	2.19	0.13
70	261-269	DDKPDYSYL	7	2.09	0.12	2.05	0.07	1.99	0.12
71	268-277	YLRQLFRNLF	9	0.20	0.13	0.51	0.13	0.70	0.13
72	269-275	LRQLFRN	6	1.25	0.05	1.94	0.11	2.20	0.08
73	269-277	LRQLFRNLF	8	0.20	0.04	0.52	0.03	0.63	0.04
74	269-285	LRQLFRNLF HRQGFSYD	16	2.40	0.09	2.75	0.06	2.81	0.04
75	270-276	RQLFRNL	6	0.14	0.04	0.38	0.02	0.55	0.05
76	270-277	RQLFRNLF	7	0.17	0.07	0.46	0.07	0.52	0.07
77	270-285	RQLFRNLFH RQGFSYD	15	2.19	0.05	2.51	0.02	2.54	0.16
78	276-295	LFHRQGFSY DYVFDWNML KF	19	9.00	0.13	9.33	0.01	9.35	0.08
79	278-285	HRQGFSYD	7	1.89	0.12	1.89	0.10	1.79	0.16
80	286-292	YVFDWNM	6	2.65	0.07	2.90	0.02	2.84	0.21
81	290-298	WNMLKFGAS	8	3.99	0.38	3.96	0.24	4.36	0.29
82	293-302	LKFGASRAA D	9	3.16	0.14	3.18	0.13	3.05	0.30
83	293-305	LKFGASRAA DDAE	12	4.21	0.20	4.20	0.13	4.42	0.06
84	300-312	AADDAERER RDRE	12	2.89	0.09	3.19	0.05	3.38	0.14

85	315-325	LRHRSRNPATRG	9	0.41	0.03	0.43	0.02	0.42	0.01
86	316-326	RHSRNPATRGL	9	0.47	0.03	0.54	0.06	0.52	0.09
87	325-334	GLPSTASGRL	8	0.46	0.04	0.78	0.10	0.91	0.05
88	337-350	TQEVAAPPTPLTPTS	9	1.11	0.10	1.94	0.03	2.51	0.03
89	345-367	PLTPTSHTANTSPRVSGMERER	18	6.45	0.11	6.88	0.04	6.82	0.04
90	348-354	PTSHTAN	5	0.78	0.03	0.78	0.03	0.73	0.02
91	351-357	HTANTSP	5	1.04	0.05	1.04	0.02	1.03	0.08
92	363-371	MERERKVSM	8	3.59	0.07	3.87	0.11	3.88	0.14
93	363-376	MERERKVSMRLHRG	13	2.31	0.03	3.17	0.01	3.45	0.14
94	365-371	RERKVSM	6	2.23	0.23	2.17	0.04	2.16	0.11
95	372-386	RLHRGAPVNISSSDL	13	4.29	0.06	4.02	0.12	4.00	0.07
96	379-389	VNISSSDLTR	10	1.37	0.10	2.06	0.10	2.26	0.17
97	379-395	VNISSSDLTRQDTSRM	16	5.16	0.05	5.29	0.02	5.19	0.11
98	386-394	LTGRQDTSR	8	4.63	0.05	4.84	0.04	4.87	0.05
99	398-405	SQNSIPFE	6	1.18	0.13	1.23	0.05	1.40	0.04
				<b>CK1δ2</b>					
				Relative Fractional Deuterium Uptake (%)					
				<b>1 min</b>		<b>5 min</b>		<b>10 min</b>	
S.No.	Peptide	Sequence	Num Exchangers	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD
1	3-20	LRVGNRYRLGRKIGSGSF	17	38.85	0.40	39.40	0.34	40.03	0.21
2	4-20	RVGNRYRLGRKIGSGSF	16	33.32	0.38	36.04	0.97	34.25	0.54
3	4-22	RVGNRYRLGRKIGSGSFGD	18	32.40	0.29	35.05	0.71	33.00	0.53
4	4-25	RVGNRYRLGRKIGSGSFGDIYL	21	27.33	0.29	32.03	0.86	32.84	0.51
5	12-25	GRKIGSGSF GDIYL	13	31.14	0.24	32.32	0.40	31.85	0.44
6	13-26	RKIGSGSFG DIYLG	13	9.55	0.75	13.23	0.39	13.08	0.47
7	21-28	GDIYLGTD	7	20.45	0.36	34.77	2.88	38.94	0.45
8	26-33	GTDIAAGE	7	41.01	0.60	41.88	1.05	39.15	0.43
9	26-34	GTDIAAGEE	8	43.89	0.35	43.72	0.96	40.75	0.24
10	28-34	DIAAGEE	6	42.45	0.50	41.58	0.97	39.36	0.65
11	35-41	VAIKLEC	6	13.77	0.27	18.19	1.54	27.11	0.13
12	40-49	ECVTKHPQL	8	24.86	0.77	23.50	1.33	20.98	1.25
13	42-49	VTKHPQL	6	29.97	1.02	29.40	1.48	26.93	1.16
14	50-56	HIESKIY	6	17.88	0.70	23.27	1.35	25.89	0.98

15	56-70	YKMMQGGV GIPTIRW	13	28.91	1.32	36.99	3.12	37.50	0.80
16	56-72	YKMMQGGV GIPTIRWCG	15	26.56	1.12	27.50	2.32	28.99	0.20
17	59-70	MQGGVGPTI RW	10	36.13	1.72	41.14	2.73	42.06	1.94
18	83-89	ELLGPSL	5	9.51	0.60	12.60	0.48	14.06	0.54
19	85-92	LGPSEDL	6	2.16	0.82	3.90	1.03	4.48	0.67
20	96-102	CSRKFSL	6	12.76	0.56	14.88	0.64	19.20	0.95
21	96-106	CSRKFSLKT VL	10	7.56	0.46	10.68	0.52	12.49	1.03
22	97-106	SRKFSLKTVL	9	8.04	1.40	11.72	0.78	12.70	0.76
23	104-119	TVLLLADQMI SRIEYI	15	25.40	0.40	30.29	0.45	34.87	0.43
24	112-123	MISRIEYIHSK N	11	2.10	0.28	2.83	0.55	4.42	0.45
25	113-123	ISRIEYIHSKN	10	2.53	0.33	2.97	0.42	3.20	0.41
		ISRIEYIHSKN FIHRDVKPDN F	20	2.64	0.24	2.81	0.34	3.15	0.30
27	115-132	RIEYIHSKNFI HRDVKPD	16	19.99	0.07	22.06	0.47	23.89	0.08
28	124-134	FIHRDVKPDN F	9	3.48	0.76	3.84	0.79	4.24	0.75
29	124-135	FIHRDVKPDN FL	10	2.66	0.54	3.30	0.54	3.90	0.46
30	126-134	HRDVKPDNF	7	3.43	0.37	4.05	0.56	4.38	0.29
31	126-135	HRDVKPDNF L	8	6.01	0.57	6.37	0.45	6.19	0.12
32	135-144	LMGLGKKGN L	9	20.76	0.39	24.06	0.83	25.02	1.46
33	135-145	LMGLGKKGN LV	10	18.70	0.14	21.64	0.85	21.16	0.15
34	135-146	LMGLGKKGN LVY	11	15.68	0.29	18.68	0.46	18.10	0.15
35	136-144	MGLGKKGNL	8	21.33	0.37	24.87	0.49	24.74	0.44
36	137-144	GLGKKGNL	7	22.72	0.22	26.51	0.98	25.48	0.52
37	137-146	GLGKKGNLV Y	9	19.74	0.20	22.77	0.63	22.45	0.10
38	145-151	VYIIDFG	6	11.64	0.61	21.63	0.66	22.95	1.08
39	145-152	VYIIDFGL	7	13.61	0.92	23.25	0.95	25.57	0.60
40	145-158	VYIIDFGLAK KYRD	13	9.08	0.47	10.15	0.84	11.47	0.65
41	151-169	GLAKKYRDA RTHQHIPYR E	17	24.47	0.53	23.60	1.07	21.20	0.19
42	163-178	QHIPYRENK NLTGTAR	14	22.58	0.84	29.77	0.59	36.91	0.43
43	173-179	LTGTARY	6	12.66	0.23	18.57	2.17	20.33	0.59
44	180-186	ASINTHL	6	11.41	1.07	21.92	1.03	25.32	0.61
45	180-189	ASINTHLGIE	9	12.86	0.30	24.70	3.34	32.11	0.19
46	180-196	ASINTHLGIE QSRRDDL	16	8.54	0.52	14.49	1.54	17.87	0.60
47	183-196	NTHLGIEQSR RDDL	13	8.10	0.25	12.75	0.92	14.02	0.38

48	185-196	HLGIEQSRR DDL	11	7.78	0.12	11.85	0.81	12.31	0.32
49	189-196	EQSRRDDL	7	12.30	0.92	16.09	1.02	16.17	0.93
50	204-218	MYFNLGSLP WQGLKA	13	35.67	0.29	40.13	0.89	39.74	0.33
51	205-215	YFNLGSLPW QG	9	23.93	0.64	29.01	1.84	31.33	0.49
52	205-216	YFNLGSLPW QGL	10	26.20	0.75	31.05	2.05	29.30	0.74
53	205-218	YFNLGSLPW QGLKA	12	33.90	0.40	37.44	1.63	36.97	0.89
54	206-218	FNLGSLPWQ GLKA	11	41.20	0.15	45.60	1.49	45.13	0.68
55	207-216	NLGSLPWQG L	8	31.90	0.88	38.33	1.83	36.18	1.79
56	207-218	NLGSLPWQG LKA	10	43.41	0.36	47.25	2.11	47.26	2.39
57	209-216	GSLPWQGL	6	41.12	1.12	43.13	1.90	42.55	1.96
58	209-218	GSLPWQGLK A	8	41.96	0.99	43.13	1.68	40.37	0.70
59	212-218	PWQGLKA	5	48.98	0.90	51.61	1.78	48.54	0.24
60	219-230	ATKRQKYERI SE	11	41.32	0.83	40.85	1.78	38.49	0.45
61	220-230	TKRQKYERIS E	10	40.74	1.70	46.19	0.27	42.25	0.26
62	231-238	KKMSTPIE	6	39.75	0.51	40.60	1.47	39.00	1.25
63	231-240	KKMSTPIEVL	8	26.69	0.26	30.87	0.95	31.34	0.61
64	236-250	PIEVLKGYP SEFAT	12	10.01	0.43	16.98	1.64	21.22	1.33
65	239-248	VLCKGYPSE F	8	12.67	0.59	17.32	0.63	19.94	1.06
66	241-248	CKGYPSEF	6	14.05	0.36	17.47	0.49	19.14	0.40
67	248-254	FATYLNF	6	3.26	0.43	3.82	0.52	3.01	0.40
68	255-269	CRSLRFDDK PDYSYL	13	25.14	0.22	26.30	0.66	26.09	0.41
69	261-268	DDKPDYSY	6	37.68	0.73	37.74	1.55	35.87	0.94
70	261-269	DDKPDYSYL	7	30.67	1.05	30.19	1.37	27.43	1.04
71	268-277	YLRQLFRNLF	9	3.38	1.73	6.14	1.66	8.72	1.49
72	269-275	LRQLFRN	6	19.83	1.33	32.36	0.46	39.95	1.48
73	269-277	LRQLFRNLF	8	2.97	0.42	6.23	0.31	9.34	0.53
74	269-285	LRQLFRNLF HRQGFSYD	16	15.34	0.25	17.10	0.59	16.48	0.22
75	270-276	RQLFRNL	6	1.99	0.56	6.64	0.40	9.45	0.44
76	270-277	RQLFRNLF	7	3.56	0.90	6.79	0.96	8.85	0.86
77	270-285	RQLFRNLFH RQGFSYD	15	14.64	0.36	16.77	0.13	15.80	0.17
78	276-295	LFHRQGFSY DYVFDWNML KF	19	47.13	0.20	48.15	0.46	47.55	0.05
79	278-285	HRQGFSYD	7	28.00	1.22	27.36	1.89	24.63	1.48
80	286-292	YVFDWNM	6	43.57	0.16	45.67	1.22	40.08	0.29
81	290-298	WNMLKGAS	8	47.32	5.02	50.71	3.01	52.03	2.17

82	293-302	LKFGASRAAD	9	37.36	1.36	36.20	1.57	33.84	1.38
83	293-305	LKFGASRAADDAAE	12	37.13	0.77	36.67	1.15	32.94	0.68
84	300-312	AADDAERERRDRE	12	25.40	0.56	27.83	0.51	26.66	0.54
85	315-325	LRHSRNPATRG	9	5.23	0.10	5.59	0.24	4.90	0.12
86	316-326	RHSRNPATRGL	9	5.28	0.41	6.38	0.50	6.90	0.34
87	325-334	GLPSTASGRL	8	9.17	0.68	15.70	0.62	19.95	0.74
88	337-350	TQEVAAPPTPLTPTS	9	11.66	0.45	17.14	0.28	23.40	1.43
89	345-367	PLPTPSHTANSPRPVSGMERER	18	38.43	0.25	37.52	0.97	35.99	1.07
90	348-354	PTSHTAN	5	15.37	0.38	15.62	0.67	13.84	0.36
91	351-357	HTANTSP	5	22.30	0.34	21.90	0.52	18.89	0.19
92	363-371	MERERKVSM	8	46.71	1.76	49.18	2.17	48.16	1.68
93	363-376	MERERKVSMRLHRG	13	16.54	0.08	25.64	0.23	32.65	0.08
94	365-371	RERKVSM	6	38.53	2.06	39.11	1.72	36.59	0.60
95	372-386	RLHRGAPVNISSSDLTR	13	32.27	0.59	32.33	0.47	28.23	0.60
96	379-389	VNISSSDLTG R	10	13.74	0.55	22.50	0.27	25.69	0.18
97	379-395	VNISSSDLTG RQDTSRM	16	33.39	0.32	32.18	0.28	30.45	0.16
98	386-394	LTGRQDTSR	8	57.75	0.80	61.14	0.59	61.11	0.61
99	398-405	SQNSIPFE	6	24.63	1.75	24.81	2.49	21.90	1.76
<b>CK1δ2 + ATP</b>									
<b>Relative Fractional Deuterium Uptake (%)</b>									
S.No.	Peptide	Sequence	Num Exchangers	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD
1	3-20	LRVGNRYRLGRKIGSGSF	17	31.73	0.21	35.78	1.06	35.95	0.21
2	4-20	RVGNRYRLGRKIGSGSF	16	27.38	0.23	31.23	1.32	31.23	0.23
3	4-22	RVGNRYRLGRKIGSGSFG D	18	28.05	0.05	29.21	1.58	27.76	0.05
4	4-25	RVGNRYRLGRKIGSGSFG DIYL	21	22.30	0.16	25.95	1.05	26.11	0.16
5	12-25	GRKIGSGSF GDIYL	13	21.30	0.24	23.89	0.24	24.85	0.24
6	13-26	RKIGSGSFG DIYLG	13	9.91	0.34	12.61	0.73	17.00	0.34
7	21-28	GDIYLGTD	7	6.29	0.24	12.66	0.30	14.74	0.24
8	26-33	GTDIAAGE	7	39.62	0.36	40.92	0.36	40.17	0.36
9	26-34	GTDIAAGEE	8	41.41	0.24	42.77	1.36	41.89	0.24
10	28-34	DIAAGEE	6	40.16	0.48	39.78	1.07	37.63	0.48
11	35-41	VAIKLEC	6	14.51	0.13	17.40	1.78	27.37	0.13

12	40-49	ECVKTKHPQL	8	16.23	0.33	19.61	2.51	15.98	0.33
13	42-49	VKTKHPQL	6	22.94	0.14	28.44	1.16	25.80	0.14
14	50-56	HIESKIY	6	11.73	0.73	14.48	1.13	15.64	0.73
15	56-70	YKMMQGGV GIPTIRW	13	23.15	0.39	28.25	1.09	26.04	0.39
16	56-72	YKMMQGGV GIPTIRWCG	15	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
17	59-70	MQGGVGIPTI RW	10	31.66	0.36	30.79	0.36	33.48	0.36
18	83-89	ELLGPSL	5	3.33	0.27	3.94	0.63	2.01	0.27
19	85-92	LGPSEDL	6	2.15	0.65	2.48	0.78	6.22	0.65
20	96-102	CSRKFSL	6	13.05	0.12	13.79	0.16	13.42	0.12
21	96-106	CSRKFSLKT VL	10	7.83	0.41	9.75	0.47	10.49	0.41
22	97-106	SRKFSLKTVL	9	9.03	0.69	8.80	0.69	13.66	0.69
23	104-119	TVLLLADQMI SRIEYI	15	22.81	0.09	28.76	0.51	26.85	0.09
24	112-123	MISRIEYIHSK N	11	0.81	0.24	2.20	0.46	3.07	0.22
25	113-123	ISRIEYIHSKN	10	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
26	113-134	ISRIEYIHSKN FIHRDVKPDN F	20	1.99	0.25	2.58	0.38	2.72	0.27
27	115-132	RIEYIHSKNF HRDVKP D	16	25.66	0.07	28.78	0.21	31.41	0.07
28	124-134	FIHRDVKP DN F	9	3.71	1.02	4.40	1.02	3.76	1.02
29	124-135	FIHRDVKP DN FL	10	3.26	0.45	3.95	0.47	4.49	0.45
30	126-134	HRDVKP DN F	7	2.32	0.12	4.72	0.27	2.87	0.12
31	126-135	HRDVKP DN L	8	7.97	0.12	5.19	0.12	5.18	0.12
32	135-144	LMGLGKKGN L	9	17.95	0.15	20.72	0.75	23.21	0.15
33	135-145	LMGLGKKGN LV	10	15.94	0.03	18.32	0.43	20.75	0.03
34	135-146	LMGLGKKGN LVY	11	12.74	0.33	15.84	0.79	17.37	0.33
35	136-144	MGLGKKGNL	8	19.82	0.30	18.44	0.63	22.57	0.30
36	137-144	GLGKKGNL	7	19.24	0.22	21.45	0.36	21.57	0.22
37	137-146	GLGKKGNL Y	9	18.14	0.10	19.97	1.35	22.05	0.10
38	145-151	VYIIDFG	6	2.35	0.54	2.93	1.05	1.11	0.54
39	145-152	VYIIDFGL	7	1.64	0.59	3.01	0.62	8.27	0.59
40	145-158	VYIIDFGLAK KYRD	13	7.00	0.46	9.55	0.47	9.88	0.46
41	151-169	GLAKKYRDA RTHQHIPYRE	17	16.79	0.18	19.95	0.71	18.71	0.18
42	163-178	QHIPYREN NLTGTAR	14	22.45	0.27	28.26	0.27	31.68	0.27
43	173-179	LTGTARY	6	16.76	0.23	20.41	0.27	20.34	0.23
44	180-186	ASINTHL	6	11.42	0.48	18.60	0.53	20.83	0.48
45	180-189	ASINTHLGIE	9	13.09	0.19	22.25	1.24	28.58	0.19

46	180-196	ASINTHLGIE QSRRDDL	16	9.27	0.41	13.79	0.41	14.69	0.41
47	183-196	NTHLGIEQSR RDDL	13	7.48	0.17	12.17	0.44	12.32	0.17
48	185-196	HLGIEQSRR DDL	11	11.52	0.08	11.30	0.08	NaN	NaN
49	189-196	EQSRRDDL	7	11.39	0.91	14.46	0.91	12.60	0.91
50	204-218	MYFNLGSLP WQGLKA	13	29.20	0.04	32.49	0.04	30.74	0.04
51	205-215	YFNLGSLPW QG	9	15.76	0.48	21.05	0.48	25.33	0.48
52	205-216	YFNLGSLPW QGL	10	18.00	0.54	25.82	1.79	22.96	0.54
53	205-218	YFNLGSLPW QGLKA	12	28.37	0.38	33.31	1.26	33.57	0.38
54	206-218	FNLGSLPWQ GLKA	11	36.49	0.09	41.90	1.18	41.94	0.09
55	207-216	NLGSQPWG L	8	23.70	0.60	32.04	1.05	28.90	0.60
56	207-218	NLGSQPWG LKA	10	39.58	0.34	46.54	0.34	44.18	0.34
57	209-216	GSLPWQGL	6	37.07	0.62	41.64	1.41	36.91	1.19
58	209-218	GSLPWQGLK A	8	37.47	0.64	39.99	1.29	39.10	0.64
59	212-218	PWQGLKA	5	44.99	0.21	47.04	0.21	44.82	0.21
60	219-230	ATKRQKYERI SE	11	33.99	0.45	36.70	2.26	34.88	0.45
61	220-230	TKRQKYERIS E	10	38.71	0.17	43.82	1.09	NaN	NaN
62	231-238	KKMSTPIE	6	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
63	231-240	KKMSTPIEVL	8	26.58	0.25	30.59	0.79	32.22	0.25
64	236-250	PIEVLKGYP SEFAT	12	11.56	0.05	19.23	0.05	26.49	0.05
65	239-248	VLCKGYPSE F	8	10.83	0.55	18.10	0.96	20.34	0.78
66	241-248	CKGYPSEF	6	13.34	0.49	17.07	0.58	20.23	0.40
67	248-254	FATYLNF	6	2.64	0.32	3.79	0.63	3.19	0.32
68	255-269	CRSLRFDDK PDYSYL	13	22.96	0.11	25.14	0.77	24.39	0.11
69	261-268	DDKPDYSY	6	33.98	0.49	34.83	1.99	33.82	0.49
70	261-269	DDKPDYSYL	7	24.20	0.89	26.40	2.56	21.86	0.89
71	268-277	YLRQLFRNLF	9	1.79	1.03	3.83	1.80	3.61	1.03
72	269-275	LRQLFRN	6	24.33	0.23	34.29	0.53	37.83	0.23
73	269-277	LRQLFRNLF	8	2.92	0.34	6.35	0.54	7.29	0.34
74	269-285	LRQLFRNLF HRQGFSYD	16	12.37	0.22	14.70	0.69	14.38	0.22
75	270-276	RQLFRNL	6	1.40	0.39	6.95	0.56	9.48	0.39
76	270-277	RQLFRNLF	7	2.86	0.94	7.11	0.98	7.66	0.94
77	270-285	RQLFRNLFH RQGFSYD	15	12.64	0.11	14.19	0.41	14.50	0.11
78	276-295	LFHRQGFSY DYVFDWNML KF	19	44.87	0.05	46.95	0.60	47.00	0.05
79	278-285	HRQGFSYD	7	22.90	1.07	27.07	1.07	27.26	1.07

80	286-292	YVFDWNM	6	32.74	0.12	35.88	2.51	35.02	0.12
81	290-298	WNMLKFGAS	8	43.99	2.11	47.35	2.11	NaN	NaN
82	293-302	LKFGASRAAD	9	33.42	1.27	35.27	2.09	31.51	1.30
83	293-305	LKFGASRAA DDAE	12	32.86	0.36	34.03	1.94	32.72	0.36
84	300-312	AADDAAERER RDRE	12	23.81	0.13	27.03	0.85	24.53	0.13
85	315-325	LRHSRNPAT RG	9	5.61	0.09	8.37	0.66	7.43	0.09
86	316-326	RHSRNPATR GL	9	9.68	0.27	10.54	0.31	9.16	0.27
87	325-334	GLPSTASGR L	8	2.19	0.24	3.48	1.35	1.43	0.24
88	337-350	TQEVAAPTP LTPTS	9	10.05	0.28	14.75	0.28	15.99	0.28
89	345-367	PLPTPSHTAN TSPRPVSGMERER	18	34.08	0.25	33.05	0.72	31.02	0.25
90	348-354	PTSHTAN	5	16.96	0.18	17.35	0.24	16.87	0.18
91	351-357	HTANTSP	5	18.37	0.13	18.34	1.28	14.76	0.13
92	363-371	MERERKVSM	8	41.53	0.71	41.00	1.13	40.48	0.71
93	363-376	MERERKVSM RLHRG	13	13.87	0.08	22.35	0.08	22.52	0.08
94	365-371	RERKVSM	6	33.02	0.36	37.14	1.26	35.62	0.36
95	372-386	RLHRGAPVNI SSSDL	13	28.18	0.47	30.73	1.92	33.32	0.47
96	379-389	VNISSSDLTG R	10	10.82	0.66	16.73	1.01	19.34	0.66
97	379-395	VNISSSDLTG RQDTSRM	16	34.30	0.10	32.06	0.49	32.15	0.10
98	386-394	LTGRQDTSR	8	55.02	0.49	58.34	0.65	59.09	0.49
99	398-405	SQNSIPFE	6	22.31	0.00	23.14	0.28	17.63	0.02
				<b>CK1δ2 + AMPPNP</b>					
				<b>Relative Fractional Deuterium Uptake (%)</b>					
S.No.	Peptide	Sequence	Num Exchangers	<b>1 min</b>		<b>5 min</b>		<b>10 min</b>	
				Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD
1	3-20	LRVGNRYRL GRKIGSGSF	17	39.20	0.81	42.32	0.45	43.31	0.27
2	4-20	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSF	16	32.68	0.30	36.45	0.47	37.88	0.75
3	4-22	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSFG D	18	31.23	0.57	35.53	0.15	36.45	0.82
4	4-25	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSFG DIYL	21	25.54	1.01	32.11	0.39	35.66	0.83
5	12-25	GRKIGSGSF GDIYL	13	26.45	0.28	31.69	0.55	33.54	1.49
6	13-26	RKIGSGSFG DIYLG	13	10.07	0.43	12.81	0.45	14.41	1.24
7	21-28	GDIYLGTD	7	12.60	0.69	27.40	0.67	33.84	1.62
8	26-33	GTDIAAGE	7	40.49	0.48	41.24	0.76	40.22	1.30
9	26-34	GTDIAAGEE	8	42.49	1.23	42.80	0.96	42.65	1.48

10	28-34	DIAAGEE	6	40.90	0.51	41.32	0.65	39.98	1.51
11	35-41	VAIKLEC	6	12.11	0.97	16.88	1.93	25.92	0.13
		ECVKTKHPQ							
12	40-49	L	8	20.39	0.38	21.92	0.80	20.48	0.98
13	42-49	VTKHPQL	6	27.68	0.75	28.31	1.10	27.46	1.94
14	50-56	HIESKIY	6	15.60	1.74	20.61	1.18	22.66	1.45
15	56-70	YKMMQGGV							
		GIPTIRW	13	26.51	2.40	32.22	1.64	35.12	1.64
16	56-72	YKMMQGGV							
		GIPTIRWCG	15	21.31	1.17	23.31	0.55	20.48	1.69
17	59-70	MQGGVGIPTI							
		RW	10	33.90	2.66	36.68	2.23	40.42	1.80
18	83-89	ELLGPSL	5	6.41	0.43	9.17	0.56	9.77	0.60
19	85-92	LGPSLEDL	6	3.12	0.97	3.13	0.65	3.08	1.09
20	96-102	CSRKFSL	6	13.05	1.47	13.62	0.24	12.92	1.54
		CSRKFSLKT							
21	96-106	VL	10	8.27	1.30	10.47	0.77	10.23	1.18
22	97-106	SRKFSLKTVL	9	7.95	1.38	10.93	0.98	10.42	1.31
23	104-119	TVLLLADQMI							
		SRIEYI	15	20.98	0.19	27.32	0.35	29.16	0.31
24	112-123	MISRIEYIHSK							
		N	11	2.18	0.37	3.13	0.72	3.99	0.58
25	113-123	ISRIEYIHSKN	10	1.86	0.30	2.32	0.38	2.29	0.26
		ISRIEYIHSKN							
26	113-134	FIHRDVKPDN							
		F	20	2.20	0.31	2.53	0.21	2.82	0.25
27	115-132	RIEYIHSKNFI							
		HRDVKPD	16	18.67	0.42	24.01	0.33	27.71	0.45
28	124-134	FIHRDVKPDN							
		F	9	2.62	1.06	3.89	0.94	4.14	0.87
29	124-135	FIHRDVKPDN							
		FL	10	2.62	0.46	3.34	0.51	3.67	0.65
30	126-134	HRDVKPDNF	7	3.27	0.54	3.57	0.86	3.56	0.35
31	126-135	HRDVKPDNF							
		L	8	6.18	0.92	6.45	0.26	6.47	0.46
32	135-144	LMGLGKKGN							
		L	9	19.07	0.42	22.38	0.32	23.70	1.12
33	135-145	LMGLGKKGN							
		LV	10	16.85	0.63	20.12	0.54	21.59	0.89
34	135-146	LMGLGKKGN							
		LVY	11	14.63	0.38	17.01	0.38	18.55	1.14
35	136-144	MGLGKKGNL	8	20.12	0.61	23.34	0.34	25.15	1.48
36	137-144	GLGKKGNL	7	20.72	0.52	24.13	0.69	25.96	1.07
37	137-146	GLGKKGNLV							
		Y	9	17.57	0.10	21.12	0.41	22.49	1.48
38	145-151	VYIIDFG	6	7.12	0.83	17.72	1.51	19.08	0.94
39	145-152	VYIIDFGL	7	6.94	0.72	16.55	0.62	24.43	1.21
40	145-158	VYIIDFGLAK							
		KYRD	13	9.24	0.60	11.66	0.46	11.95	0.72
41	151-169	GLAKKYRDA							
		RTHQHIPYR							
		E	17	18.08	1.01	19.75	0.46	20.37	2.20
42	163-178	QHIPYRENK							
		NLTGTAR	14	22.06	0.66	27.93	0.37	30.61	1.13
43	173-179	LTGTARY	6	14.00	2.03	19.40	0.75	20.43	1.96

44	180-186	ASINTHL	6	12.91	1.05	22.99	0.78	27.00	1.65
45	180-189	ASINTHLGIE	9	15.04	0.34	28.16	0.48	33.28	0.51
46	180-196	ASINTHLGIE QSRRDDL	16	9.26	0.61	16.22	0.45	18.11	0.99
47	183-196	NTHLGIEQSR RDDL	13	7.94	0.35	13.39	0.24	14.79	0.41
48	185-196	HLGIEQSRR DDL	11	8.07	0.20	11.67	0.17	12.84	0.67
49	189-196	EQSRRDDL	7	10.63	1.58	15.64	1.09	15.63	1.30
50	204-218	MYFNLGSLP WQGLKA	13	34.14	0.04	38.90	0.72	41.11	1.81
51	205-215	YFNLGSLPW QG	9	22.42	1.11	28.78	1.30	31.22	1.48
52	205-216	YFNLGSLPW QGL	10	23.95	1.58	29.86	0.98	31.19	2.15
53	205-218	YFNLGSLPW QGLKA	12	32.08	0.87	36.75	0.59	38.01	1.91
54	206-218	FNLGSLPWQ GLKA	11	39.27	0.63	44.68	0.46	45.98	2.90
55	207-216	NLGSLPWQG L	8	30.23	2.02	38.25	1.29	33.79	0.86
56	207-218	NLGSLPWQG LKA	10	41.32	0.49	46.22	0.63	49.19	1.38
57	209-216	GSLPWQGL	6	38.55	1.81	41.97	1.43	44.60	1.86
58	209-218	GSLPWQGLK A	8	37.03	0.67	40.82	1.79	42.29	2.51
59	212-218	PWQGLKA	5	46.12	2.51	49.20	1.53	51.81	2.48
60	219-230	ATKRQKYERI SE	11	37.27	1.71	38.42	1.19	38.45	2.06
61	220-230	TKRQKYERIS E	10	40.69	0.42	42.20	0.46	39.08	0.61
62	231-238	KKMSTPIE	6	38.35	1.00	39.80	0.54	40.24	1.76
63	231-240	KKMSTPIEVL	8	26.31	0.70	31.01	0.40	32.68	1.83
64	236-250	PIEVLKGYP SEFAT	12	10.37	0.11	18.54	0.08	22.55	0.96
65	239-248	VLCKGYPSE F	8	11.66	0.68	16.47	1.27	20.62	1.13
66	241-248	CKGYPSEF	6	13.22	0.44	17.08	0.53	20.58	0.81
67	248-254	FATYLNF	6	0.52	0.47	0.67	0.53	1.11	0.45
68	255-269	CRSLRFDDK PDYSYL	13	24.82	0.53	26.54	0.19	26.85	1.21
69	261-268	DDKPDYSY	6	37.22	1.30	37.04	0.56	36.50	2.13
70	261-269	DDKPDYSYL	7	29.85	1.65	29.33	0.98	28.42	1.71
71	268-277	YLRQLFRNLF	9	2.26	1.42	5.66	1.43	7.74	1.45
72	269-275	LRQLFRN	6	20.86	0.88	32.27	1.84	36.59	1.38
73	269-277	LRQLFRNLF	8	2.49	0.51	6.44	0.36	7.92	0.54
74	269-285	LRQLFRNLF HRQGFSYD	16	15.03	0.54	17.17	0.39	17.56	0.24
75	270-276	RQLFRNL	6	2.33	0.58	6.33	0.40	9.14	0.89
76	270-277	RQLFRNLF	7	2.37	0.99	6.54	0.94	7.40	1.00
77	270-285	RQLFRNLFH RQGFSYD	15	14.58	0.35	16.77	0.11	16.91	1.07

78	276-295	LFHRQGFSY DYVFDWNML KF	19	47.37	0.66	49.12	0.06	49.23	0.40
79	278-285	HRQGFSYD	7	27.07	1.78	27.03	1.49	25.51	2.30
80	286-292	YVFDWNM	6	44.10	1.10	48.29	0.40	47.30	3.57
81	290-298	WNMLKFGAS	8	49.86	4.74	49.52	2.95	54.50	3.66
82	293-302	LKFGASRAA D	9	35.10	1.56	35.30	1.46	33.89	3.35
83	293-305	LKFGASRAA DDAE	12	35.08	1.67	35.01	1.11	36.83	0.52
84	300-312	AADDAERER RDRE	12	24.05	0.73	26.59	0.40	28.16	1.19
85	315-325	LRHSRNPAT RG	9	4.53	0.30	4.74	0.24	4.63	0.15
86	316-326	RHSRNPATR GL	9	5.22	0.38	6.01	0.64	5.81	0.96
87	325-334	GLPSTASGR L	8	5.75	0.46	9.75	1.21	11.40	0.67
88	337-350	TQEVAAPTP LTPTS	9	12.35	1.13	21.61	0.28	27.93	0.28
89	345-367	PLPTTSHTAN TSPRPVSGM ERER	18	35.83	0.61	38.20	0.25	37.91	0.25
90	348-354	PTSHTAN	5	15.57	0.55	15.51	0.61	14.55	0.33
91	351-357	HTANTSP	5	20.72	0.92	20.73	0.38	20.65	1.62
92	363-371	MERERKVSM	8	44.89	0.89	48.35	1.37	48.50	1.77
93	363-376	MERERKVSM RLHRG	13	17.74	0.21	24.36	0.08	26.56	1.06
94	365-371	RERKVSM	6	37.15	3.86	36.10	0.64	36.03	1.79
95	372-386	RLHRGAPVNI SSSDL	13	32.96	0.47	30.95	0.94	30.74	0.54
96	379-389	VNISSSDLTG R	10	13.71	1.03	20.58	0.95	22.56	1.72
97	379-395	VNISSSDLTG RQDTSRM	16	32.22	0.34	33.05	0.10	32.47	0.68
98	386-394	LTGRQDTSR	8	57.90	0.64	60.47	0.49	60.88	0.67
99	398-405	SQNSIPFE	6	19.62	2.21	20.57	0.84	23.40	0.69

### CK1δ1-Δ400

#### Relative Deuterium Uptake (Da)

S.No.	Peptide	Sequence	Num Exchangers	1 min		5 min		10 min	
				Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD
1	1-21	MELRVGNRY RLGRKIGSG SFG	20	5.22	0.03	7.00	0.03	7.32	0.03
2	4-20	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSF	16	5.71	0.14	6.18	0.12	6.46	0.04
3	4-22	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSF D	18	6.14	0.22	6.84	0.11	7.10	0.03
4	12-25	GRKIGSGSF GDIYL	13	4.64	0.11	5.14	0.21	5.36	0.25
5	21-28	GDIYLGTD	7	1.53	0.02	2.74	0.04	2.80	0.14
6	26-34	GTDIAAGEE	8	3.53	0.07	3.50	0.09	3.38	0.06
7	28-34	DIAAGEE	6	2.66	0.02	2.61	0.03	2.54	0.02

8	28-36	DIAAGEEVA	8	2.99	0.02	3.22	0.02	3.20	0.08
9	35-41	VAIKLEC	6	1.13	0.03	1.65	0.08	1.78	0.01
		IKLECVKTKH							
10	37-49	PQL	11	2.43	0.07	2.58	0.11	2.46	0.02
11	42-49	VTKHPQL	6	1.74	0.09	1.80	0.08	1.77	0.11
12	50-58	HIESKIYKM	8	1.58	0.11	2.45	0.05	2.37	0.00
13	56-70	YKMMQGGV GIPTIRW	13	4.01	0.31	5.08	0.35	5.51	0.03
		MQGGVGPTI RWCGAEGD							
14	59-77	Y	17	5.82	0.05	5.43	0.19	5.35	0.23
15	81-89	VMELLGPSL	7	0.96	0.07	1.45	0.11	1.81	0.08
16	83-89	ELLGPSL	5	0.62	0.03	0.81	0.03	0.82	0.02
		ELLGPSLEDL							
17	83-95	FNF	11	4.31	0.12	4.58	0.04	4.69	0.07
		CSRKFSLKT							
18	96-106	VL	10	1.02	0.09	1.47	0.04	1.51	0.02
		TVLLADQMI							
19	104-119	SRIEYI	15	3.93	0.05	5.16	0.08	5.79	0.09
20	114-123	SRIEYIHSKN	9	0.31	0.02	0.38	0.03	0.42	0.02
		FIHRDVKP DN							
21	124-134	F	9	0.38	0.10	0.29	0.09	0.30	0.11
		FIHRDVKP DN							
22	124-135	FL	10	0.43	0.04	0.52	0.04	0.46	0.09
		LMGLGKKGN							
23	135-144	L	9	2.03	0.13	2.45	0.09	2.32	0.24
		LMGLGKKGN							
24	135-145	LV	10	2.27	0.10	2.71	0.09	2.66	0.10
		LMGLGKKGN							
25	135-146	LVY	11	1.89	0.12	2.32	0.06	2.16	0.25
		MGLGKKGNL							
26	136-144	8	2.05	0.02	2.15	0.06	2.02	0.16	
		MGLGKKGNL							
27	136-146	VY	10	2.06	0.11	2.51	0.15	2.35	0.28
		QHIPYRENK							
28	145-152	NLTGTAR	14	3.64	0.03	4.33	0.03	4.95	0.12
		ASINTHL							
32	180-186	6	0.81	0.04	1.45	0.04	1.54	0.16	
		NTHLGIEQSR							
33	183-196	RDDL	13	1.36	0.06	2.14	0.02	2.40	0.09
		GIEQSRRDD							
34	187-196	L	9	1.02	0.05	1.46	0.03	1.59	0.02
		MYFNLGSLP							
35	204-218	WQGLKA	13	5.22	0.01	5.58	0.01	5.28	0.01
		YFNLGSLPW							
36	205-215	QG	9	2.56	0.04	3.29	0.13	3.45	0.10
		YFNLGSLPW							
37	205-216	QGL	10	2.95	0.14	3.68	0.08	3.79	0.15
		YFNLGSLPW							
38	205-218	QGLKA	12	4.39	0.12	5.12	0.21	5.04	0.42
		FNLGSLPWQ							
39	206-216	GL	9	2.98	0.10	3.83	0.08	3.92	0.09
		FNLGSLPWQ							
40	206-218	GLKA	11	4.83	0.14	5.44	0.15	5.64	0.28
		GSLPWQGL							
41	209-216	6	2.71	0.08	2.96	0.07	3.19	0.10	

42	209-218	GSLPWQGLKA	8	3.80	0.13	3.91	0.15	4.00	0.11
43	212-218	PWQGLKA	5	2.76	0.04	2.80	0.04	2.86	0.05
44	219-230	ATKRQKYERISE	11	4.57	0.11	4.56	0.06	4.50	0.01
45	231-238	KKMSTPIE	6	2.44	0.07	2.51	0.07	2.48	0.10
46	231-240	KKMSTPIEVL	8	2.36	0.13	2.77	0.13	2.61	0.12
47	239-248	VLCKGYPSEF	8	1.06	0.04	1.53	0.03	1.55	0.24
48	241-247	CKGYPSE	5	1.11	0.02	1.37	0.06	1.60	0.08
49	241-248	CKGYPSEF	6	0.99	0.07	1.25	0.04	1.36	0.19
50	242-259	KGYPSEFATYLNFCRSLR	16	5.12	0.07	5.31	0.05	5.23	0.17
51	248-254	FATYLNF	6	0.15	0.03	0.17	0.04	0.18	0.04
52	255-269	CRSLRFDDKPDYSYL	13	3.38	0.06	3.70	0.12	3.54	0.22
53	261-269	DDKPDYSYL	7	2.33	0.11	2.32	0.10	2.16	0.13
54	269-277	LRQLFRNLF	8	0.31	0.13	0.63	0.12	0.67	0.14
55	270-277	RQLFRNLF	7	0.32	0.03	0.63	0.04	0.61	0.12
56	273-285	FRNLFHHRQGFSYD	12	2.34	0.18	2.58	0.12	2.82	0.23
57	278-285	HRQGFSYD	7	2.18	0.08	2.21	0.06	2.02	0.12
58	286-292	YVFDWNM	6	2.27	0.14	2.52	0.03	2.64	0.07
59	293-305	LKFGASRAA DDAE	12	4.79	0.18	4.84	0.08	4.89	0.02
60	293-312	LKFGASRAA DDAERERRDRE	19	7.71	0.08	7.73	0.04	7.66	0.12
61	304-320	AERERRDRE ERLRLHSRN	16	5.71	0.07	5.64	0.28	5.56	0.03
62	313-327	ERLRLHSRNP ATRGLP	12	1.98	0.06	2.06	0.02	2.06	0.02
63	316-335	RHSRNPATR GLPSTASGR LR	17	5.06	0.10	6.22	0.09	6.25	0.30
64	337-348	TQEVAAPTP LTP	7	1.78	0.07	1.81	0.07	1.92	0.09
65	346-358	LTPTSHTANT SPR	10	3.74	0.15	3.51	0.05	3.71	0.00
66	348-354	PTSHTAN	5	0.56	0.03	0.57	0.03	0.52	0.06
67	351-357	HTANTSP	5	1.18	0.03	1.16	0.04	1.18	0.07
68	351-365	HTANTSPPR VSGMER	12	4.76	0.12	4.67	0.11	4.43	0.04
69	354-367	NTSPRPVSG MERER	11	4.86	0.16	5.45	0.07	5.59	0.15
70	365-371	RERKVSM	6	2.47	0.09	2.56	0.06	2.54	0.09
71	378-385	PVNISSSD	6	0.75	0.04	0.77	0.02	0.70	0.05
72	379-395	VNISSSDLTG RQDTSRM	16	5.84	0.15	5.74	0.03	5.55	0.18
73	386-394	LTGRQDTSR	8	4.35	0.11	4.80	0.12	4.90	0.02
				<b>CK1δ1-Δ400 + ATP</b>					
				<b>Relative Deuterium Uptake (Da)</b>					

S.No.	Peptide	Sequence	Num Exchangers	1 min		5 min		10 min	
				Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD
1	1-21	MELRVGNRY RLGRKIGSG SFG	20	5.03	0.00	5.52	0.24	5.62	0.00
2	4-20	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSF	16	5.34	0.04	5.89	0.06	6.16	0.26
3	4-22	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSF D	18	6.04	0.20	6.44	0.10	6.90	0.05
4	12-25	GRKIGSGSF GDIYL	13	4.18	0.09	3.88	0.08	4.01	0.06
5	21-28	GDIYLGTD	7	0.65	0.03	0.89	0.03	1.27	0.10
6	26-34	GTDIAAGEE	8	3.36	0.08	3.63	0.05	3.61	0.04
7	28-34	DIAAGEE	6	2.54	0.02	2.58	0.01	2.61	0.05
8	28-36	DIAAGEEVA	8	2.88	0.03	2.83	0.05	2.79	0.03
9	35-41	VAIKLEC	6	0.84	0.06	0.87	0.03	0.91	0.03
10	37-49	IKLECVKTKH PQL	11	2.23	0.02	2.41	0.04	2.42	0.07
11	42-49	VTKHPQL	6	1.71	0.07	1.75	0.06	1.83	0.08
12	50-58	HIESKIYKM	8	1.26	0.10	1.79	0.11	2.01	0.14
13	56-70	YKMMMQGGV GIPTIRW	13	4.04	0.16	3.84	0.01	4.58	0.30
14	59-77	MQGGVGIPTI RWCGAEGDY	17	4.88	0.19	4.87	0.17	5.49	0.04
15	81-89	VMELLGPSL	7	0.36	0.08	0.28	0.04	0.41	0.05
16	83-89	ELLGPSL	5	0.30	0.02	0.22	0.02	0.23	0.03
17	83-95	ELLGPSLEDL FNF	11	4.06	0.09	4.33	0.16	4.52	0.04
18	96-106	CSRKFSLKT VL	10	0.97	0.04	1.19	0.02	1.37	0.02
19	104-119	TVLLLADQMI SRIEYI	15	2.81	0.12	3.63	0.10	4.05	0.06
20	114-123	SRIEYIHSKN	9	0.32	0.01	0.32	0.01	0.23	0.02
21	124-134	FIHRDVKP DN F	9	0.21	0.11	0.30	0.11	0.32	0.09
22	124-135	FIHRDVKP DN FL	10	0.43	0.04	0.46	0.06	0.50	0.04
23	135-144	LMGLGKKGN L	9	2.05	0.13	2.31	0.09	2.38	0.07
24	135-145	LMGLGKKGN LV	10	2.23	0.13	2.48	0.14	2.69	0.10
25	135-146	LMGLGKKGN LVY	11	1.94	0.10	2.27	0.07	2.48	0.05
26	136-144	MGLGKKGNL	8	1.88	0.06	2.10	0.07	2.22	0.08
27	136-146	MGLGKKGNL VY	10	2.13	0.15	2.34	0.12	2.60	0.12
28	145-152	VYIIDFGL	7	0.29	0.16	0.32	0.14	0.35	0.14
29	151-160	GLAKKYRDA R	9	3.94	0.09	4.56	0.10	4.24	0.09
30	160-166	RTHQHIP	5	0.99	0.09	1.28	0.02	1.51	0.01
31	163-178	QHIPYRENK NLTGTAR	14	2.72	0.11	3.24	0.18	3.37	0.32

32	180-186	ASINTHL	6	0.75	0.04	1.21	0.03	1.50	0.05
33	183-196	NTHLGIEQSR RDDL	13	1.38	0.08	1.88	0.03	2.20	0.09
34	187-196	GIEQSSRRDD L	9	1.03	0.05	1.28	0.02	1.46	0.04
35	204-218	MYFNLGSLP WQGLKA	13	4.99	0.05	5.29	0.01	NaN	NaN
36	205-215	YFNLGSLPW QG	9	2.50	0.06	2.92	0.15	3.30	0.21
37	205-216	YFNLGSLPW QGL	10	2.85	0.09	3.55	0.01	3.60	0.17
38	205-218	YFNLGSLPW QGLKA	12	4.43	0.20	4.80	0.19	5.18	0.17
39	206-216	FNLGSLPWQ GL	9	3.01	0.09	3.48	0.13	3.86	0.18
40	206-218	FNLGSLPWQ GLKA	11	4.76	0.06	5.24	0.08	5.60	0.04
41	209-216	GSLPWQGL	6	2.68	0.09	2.83	0.04	3.01	0.04
42	209-218	GSLPWQGLK A	8	3.62	0.09	3.83	0.13	4.07	0.10
43	212-218	PWQGLKA	5	2.66	0.06	2.71	0.02	2.74	0.05
44	219-230	ATKRQKYERI SE	11	4.19	0.09	4.44	0.13	4.57	0.12
45	231-238	KKMSTPIE	6	2.44	0.02	2.47	0.07	2.52	0.07
46	231-240	KKMSTPIEVL	8	2.41	0.13	2.75	0.12	2.98	0.13
47	239-248	VLCKGYPSE F	8	1.18	0.06	1.52	0.03	1.83	0.11
48	241-247	CKGYPSE	5	1.14	0.01	1.31	0.03	1.57	0.06
49	241-248	CKGYPSEF	6	1.04	0.04	1.22	0.05	1.44	0.07
50	242-259	KGYPSEFAT YLNFCRSLR	16	4.96	0.33	5.30	0.06	5.47	0.27
51	248-254	FATYLNF	6	0.06	0.03	0.10	0.04	0.14	0.05
52	255-269	CRSLRFDDK PDYSYL	13	NaN	NaN	3.75	0.07	3.93	0.08
53	261-269	DDKPDYSYL	7	2.25	0.12	2.17	0.12	2.24	0.08
54	269-277	LRQLFRNLF	8	0.27	0.12	0.49	0.11	0.68	0.09
55	270-277	RQLFRNLF	7	0.23	0.03	0.39	0.03	0.57	0.04
56	273-285	FRNLFHRQG FSYD	12	2.28	0.15	2.49	0.14	2.63	0.14
57	278-285	HRQGFSYD	7	2.13	0.09	2.19	0.12	2.17	0.09
58	286-292	YVFDWNM	6	2.21	0.14	2.41	0.12	2.66	0.11
59	293-305	LKFGASRAA DDAE	12	5.10	0.10	5.11	0.12	5.15	0.17
60	293-312	LKFGASRAA DDAERERRD RE	19	8.25	0.06	8.17	0.04	8.23	0.07
61	304-320	AERERRDRE ERLRHSRN	16	5.54	0.04	5.68	0.04	6.11	0.05
62	313-327	ERLRHSRNP ATRGLP	12	1.78	0.03	2.10	0.03	2.27	0.02
63	316-335	RHSRNPATR GLPSTASGR LR	17	4.73	0.12	5.31	0.09	5.63	0.18
64	337-348	TQEVAAPTP LTP	7	1.72	0.13	1.76	0.10	1.74	0.04

65	346-358	LTPTSHTANT SPR	10	3.64	0.00	3.69	0.00	3.69	0.00
66	348-354	PTSHTAN	5	0.53	0.03	0.51	0.03	0.55	0.05
67	351-357	HTANTSP	5	1.13	0.02	1.20	0.03	1.17	0.03
68	351-365	HTANTSPRP VSGMER	12	4.98	0.08	5.08	0.01	4.94	0.05
69	354-367	NTSPRPVSG MERER	11	4.82	0.10	5.30	0.07	5.65	0.10
70	365-371	RERKVSM	6	2.56	0.09	2.44	0.04	2.54	0.05
71	378-385	PVNIISSD	6	0.75	0.02	0.79	0.03	0.81	0.03
72	379-395	VNISSSDLTG RQDTSRM	16	5.86	0.06	6.15	0.10	6.27	0.05
73	386-394	LTGRQDTSR	8	4.29	0.12	4.67	0.17	4.92	0.08
<b>CK151-Δ400 + AMPPNP</b>									
				<b>Relative Deuterium Uptake (Da)</b>					
				<b>1 min</b>		<b>5 min</b>		<b>10 min</b>	
S.No.	Peptide	Sequence	Num Exchangers	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD
1	1-21	MELRVGNRY RLGRKIGSG SFG	20	5.95	0.10	7.33	0.06	7.39	0.16
2	4-20	RVGNRYRLG RKIGGSF	16	5.72	0.07	6.33	0.09	6.38	0.11
3	4-22	RVGNRYRLG RKIGGSFG D	18	6.38	0.07	7.17	0.14	7.07	0.07
4	12-25	GRKIGGSF GDIYL	13	4.95	0.03	5.31	0.12	5.05	0.03
5	21-28	GDIYLGTD	7	1.13	0.07	2.40	0.05	2.78	0.11
6	26-34	GTDIAAGEE	8	3.69	0.03	3.74	0.04	3.68	0.06
7	28-34	DIAAGEE	6	2.62	0.04	2.58	0.05	2.58	0.06
8	28-36	DIAAGEEVA	8	2.94	0.03	3.05	0.03	3.08	0.06
9	35-41	VAIKLEC	6	0.96	0.03	1.14	0.08	1.24	0.09
10	37-49	IKLECVTKH PQL	11	2.42	0.07	2.55	0.07	2.51	0.08
11	42-49	VTKHPQL	6	1.77	0.06	1.74	0.05	1.72	0.01
12	50-58	HIESKIYKM	8	1.38	0.26	2.37	0.11	2.45	0.05
13	56-70	YKMMMQGGV GIPTIRW	13	4.24	0.17	4.77	0.01	4.71	0.01
14	59-77	MQGGVGIPTI RWCGAEGD Y	17	5.18	0.10	5.34	0.04	5.35	0.04
15	81-89	VMELLGPSL	7	0.58	0.12	1.00	0.09	1.20	0.16
16	83-89	ELLGPSL	5	0.42	0.05	0.70	0.03	0.83	0.04
17	83-95	ELLGPSLEDL FNF	11	4.35	0.06	4.54	0.04	4.33	0.05
18	96-106	CSRKFSLKT VL	10	0.87	0.04	1.34	0.02	1.39	0.06
19	104-119	TVLLLADQMI SRIEYI	15	3.46	0.08	4.64	0.07	4.98	0.08
20	114-123	SRIEYIHSKN	9	0.29	0.04	0.33	0.01	0.42	0.06
21	124-134	FIHRDVKPDN F	9	0.32	0.09	0.39	0.09	0.41	0.09

22	124-135	FIHRDVKPDN FL	10	0.40	0.04	0.56	0.06	0.59	0.05
23	135-144	LMGLGKKGN L	9	2.18	0.08	2.56	0.12	2.70	0.10
24	135-145	LMGLGKKGN LV	10	2.52	0.09	2.86	0.18	3.03	0.09
25	135-146	LMGLGKKGN LVY	11	2.17	0.04	2.56	0.08	2.70	0.06
26	136-144	MGLGKKGNL	8	1.98	0.06	2.32	0.08	2.42	0.04
27	136-146	MGLGKKGNL VY	10	2.21	0.12	2.55	0.13	2.71	0.13
28	145-152	VYIIDFGL	7	0.45	0.08	1.28	0.17	1.70	0.07
29	151-160	GLAKKYRDA R	9	4.82	0.09	5.08	0.09	5.12	0.09
30	160-166	RTHQHIP	5	1.16	0.01	1.32	0.09	1.41	0.06
31	163-178	QHIPYRENK NLTGTAR	14	3.32	0.03	3.99	0.11	4.27	0.03
32	180-186	ASINTHL	6	1.02	0.04	1.78	0.06	1.97	0.03
	183-196	NTHLGIEQSR RDDL	13	1.55	0.02	2.45	0.08	2.60	0.03
34	187-196	GIEQSRRDD L	9	1.05	0.03	1.49	0.04	1.60	0.03
35	204-218	MYFNLGSLP WQGLKA	13	5.21	0.01	5.77	0.03	5.95	0.02
36	205-215	YFNLGSLPW QG	9	2.63	0.02	3.51	0.01	3.58	0.09
37	205-216	YFNLGSLPW QGL	10	3.10	0.04	3.85	0.15	3.74	0.10
38	205-218	YFNLGSLPW QGLKA	12	4.51	0.09	5.36	0.13	5.37	0.10
39	206-216	FNLGSLPWQ GL	9	3.31	0.13	3.97	0.09	3.96	0.09
40	206-218	FNLGSLPWQ GLKA	11	4.87	0.04	5.58	0.12	5.69	0.07
41	209-216	GSLPWQGL	6	2.89	0.11	3.13	0.07	3.11	0.04
42	209-218	GSLPWQGLK A	8	3.85	0.12	4.11	0.14	4.10	0.10
43	212-218	PWQGLKA	5	2.72	0.04	2.78	0.03	2.92	0.02
44	219-230	ATKRQKYERI SE	11	4.40	0.30	4.48	0.20	4.40	0.06
45	231-238	KKMSTPIE	6	2.37	0.04	2.47	0.08	2.35	0.06
46	231-240	KKMSTPIEVL	8	2.60	0.12	3.00	0.12	3.12	0.12
47	239-248	VLCKGYPSE F	8	1.31	0.04	1.77	0.06	2.05	0.05
48	241-247	CKGYPSE	5	1.16	0.04	1.44	0.03	1.65	0.05
49	241-248	CKGYPSEF	6	1.09	0.05	1.39	0.07	1.55	0.05
50	242-259	KGYPSEFAT YLNFCRSLR	16	5.39	0.22	5.39	0.31	5.32	0.06
51	248-254	FATYLNF	6	0.03	0.03	0.10	0.03	0.14	0.03
52	255-269	CRSLRFDDK PDYSYL	13	3.64	0.05	3.90	0.09	3.93	0.08
53	261-269	DDKPDYSYL	7	2.18	0.10	2.19	0.16	2.08	0.09
54	269-277	LRQLFRNLF	8	0.30	0.12	0.62	0.12	0.81	0.12
55	270-277	RQLFRNLF	7	0.29	0.04	0.52	0.04	0.70	0.05

56	273-285	FRNLFHRQG FSYD	12	2.35	0.17	2.50	0.22	2.55	0.14
57	278-285	HRQGF SYD	7	2.03	0.14	2.13	0.18	2.00	0.13
58	286-292	YVFDWNM	6	2.25	0.17	2.57	0.10	2.50	0.08
59	293-305	LKFGASRAA DDAE	12	5.06	0.02	5.30	0.02	4.99	0.19
60	293-312	LKFGASRAA DDAERERRD RE	19	7.83	0.12	7.92	0.06	7.94	0.05
61	304-320	AERERRDRE ERLRHSRN	16	5.87	0.04	5.82	0.06	5.74	0.04
62	313-327	ERLRHSRNP ATRGLP	12	1.79	0.02	2.36	0.04	2.38	0.02
63	316-335	RHRSRNPATR GLPSTASGR LR	17	5.44	0.19	NaN	NaN	6.80	0.21
64	337-348	TQEVA PPTP LTP	7	1.81	0.07	1.88	0.09	1.83	0.09
65	346-358	LTPTSHTANT SPR	10	3.71	0.03	3.70	0.00	3.96	0.00
66	348-354	PTSHTAN	5	0.58	0.03	0.55	0.04	0.59	0.04
67	351-357	HTANTSP	5	1.19	0.01	1.25	0.02	1.18	0.03
68	351-365	HTANTSPRP VSGMER	12	5.18	0.07	5.17	0.09	5.16	0.01
69	354-367	NTSPRPVSG MERER	11	4.93	0.08	5.60	0.08	5.83	0.10
70	365-371	RERKVSM	6	2.37	0.06	2.46	0.05	2.41	0.04
71	378-385	PVNIISSSD	6	0.78	0.02	0.81	0.01	0.81	0.02
72	379-395	VNISSSDLTG RQDTSRM	16	6.28	0.04	6.45	0.14	6.26	0.04
73	386-394	LTGRQDTSR	8	4.42	0.09	4.85	0.03	4.83	0.19

### CK1δ1-Δ400

#### Relative Fractional Deuterium Uptake (%)

S.No.	Peptide	Sequence	Num Exchangers	1 min		5 min		10 min	
				Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD
1	1-21	MELRVGNRY RLGRKIGSG SFG	20	26.10	0.15	34.98	0.15	36.62	0.15
2	4-20	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSF	16	35.66	0.88	38.62	0.74	40.37	0.25
3	4-22	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSFG D	18	34.09	1.21	37.99	0.60	39.46	0.15
4	12-25	GRKIGSGSF GDIYL	13	35.67	0.83	39.54	1.61	41.20	1.94
5	21-28	GDIYLGTD	7	21.89	0.23	39.20	0.59	40.03	1.93
6	26-34	GTDIAAGEE	8	44.12	0.92	43.72	1.17	42.29	0.75
7	28-34	DIAAGEE	6	44.41	0.35	43.51	0.51	42.28	0.30
8	28-36	DIAAGEEVA	8	37.41	0.24	40.22	0.23	40.02	0.98
9	35-41	VAIKLEC	6	18.91	0.52	27.50	1.32	29.66	0.15
10	37-49	IKLECVKTKH PQL	11	22.07	0.68	23.48	0.97	22.36	0.18
11	42-49	VTKHPQL	6	28.99	1.53	29.98	1.37	29.46	1.78

12	50-58	HIESKIYKM	8	19.69	1.35	30.61	0.66	29.57	0.00
13	56-70	YKMMQGGV GIPTIRW	13	30.82	2.38	39.07	2.71	42.36	0.24
14	59-77	MQGGVGIPTI RWCAGAEGD Y	17	34.25	0.27	31.94	1.11	31.46	1.35
15	81-89	VMELLGPSL	7	13.75	0.93	20.72	1.52	25.82	1.15
16	83-89	ELLGPSL	5	12.43	0.69	16.30	0.58	16.42	0.49
17	83-95	ELLGPSLEDL FNF	11	39.16	1.06	41.67	0.37	42.64	0.63
18	96-106	CSRKFSLKT VL	10	10.23	0.86	14.67	0.40	15.11	0.24
19	104-119	TVLLLADQMI SRIEYI	15	26.19	0.36	34.40	0.54	38.63	0.60
20	114-123	SRIEYIHSKN	9	3.42	0.17	4.25	0.36	4.70	0.19
21	124-134	FIHRDVKPDN F	9	4.27	1.11	3.26	1.03	3.31	1.23
22	124-135	FIHRDVKPDN FL	10	4.25	0.38	5.16	0.44	4.56	0.85
23	135-144	LMGLGKKGN L	9	22.52	1.48	27.17	0.95	25.78	2.63
24	135-145	LMGLGKKGN LV	10	22.65	1.04	27.14	0.93	26.63	0.97
25	135-146	LMGLGKKGN LVY	11	17.18	1.06	21.06	0.50	19.64	2.23
26	136-144	MGLGKKGNL	8	25.57	0.22	26.88	0.74	25.27	2.00
27	136-146	MGLGKKGNL VY	10	20.56	1.13	25.10	1.49	23.48	2.84
28	145-152	VYIIDFGL	7	13.47	1.70	27.37	1.13	29.08	0.90
29	151-160	GLAKKYRDA R	9	48.79	1.00	53.25	1.00	51.34	1.00
30	160-166	RTHQHIP	5	17.67	0.51	25.35	1.35	31.69	0.38
31	163-178	QHIPYRENK NLTGTAR	14	26.00	0.20	30.92	0.20	35.37	0.86
32	180-186	ASINTHL	6	13.51	0.61	24.11	0.74	25.61	2.59
33	183-196	NTHLGIEQSR RDDL	13	10.50	0.46	16.48	0.18	18.49	0.71
34	187-196	GIEQSSRRDD L	9	11.32	0.52	16.25	0.31	17.62	0.27
35	204-218	MYFNLSLSP WQGLKA	13	40.16	0.11	42.90	0.11	40.65	0.11
36	205-215	YFNLSLSPW QG	9	28.42	0.50	36.54	1.44	38.34	1.09
37	205-216	YFNLSLSPW QGLKA	10	29.46	1.39	36.79	0.84	37.87	1.50
38	205-218	YFNLSLSPW QGLKA	12	36.58	0.97	42.67	1.72	42.04	3.53
39	206-216	FNLGSLPWQ GL	9	33.07	1.14	42.59	0.90	43.60	0.97
40	206-218	FNLGSLPWQ GLKA	11	43.88	1.25	49.49	1.35	51.23	2.52
41	209-216	GSLPWQGL	6	45.23	1.29	49.28	1.21	53.10	1.72
42	209-218	GSLPWQGLK A	8	47.50	1.62	48.88	1.86	50.02	1.32
43	212-218	PWQGLKA	5	55.12	0.82	55.98	0.71	57.12	0.94
44	219-230	ATKRQKYERI SE	11	41.55	1.04	41.43	0.51	40.95	0.12

45	231-238	KKMSTPIE	6	40.66	1.09	41.80	1.22	41.34	1.70
46	231-240	KKMSTPIEVL	8	29.52	1.64	34.63	1.62	32.68	1.56
		VLCKGYPSE							
47	239-248	F	8	13.20	0.50	19.14	0.35	19.42	2.96
48	241-247	CKGYPSE	5	22.27	0.44	27.46	1.24	31.92	1.61
49	241-248	CKGYPSEF	6	16.57	1.09	20.77	0.71	22.70	3.17
50	242-259	KGYPSEFAT							
		YLNFCRSLR	16	32.03	0.43	33.22	0.31	32.70	1.05
51	248-254	FATYLNF	6	2.54	0.53	2.77	0.73	3.00	0.64
		CRSLRFDDK							
52	255-269	PDYSYLYL	13	26.00	0.45	28.44	0.95	27.21	1.70
53	261-269	DDKPDYSYL	7	33.28	1.57	33.18	1.49	30.93	1.84
54	269-277	LRQLFRNLF	8	3.89	1.63	7.88	1.45	8.40	1.78
55	270-277	RQLFRNLF	7	4.50	0.38	8.94	0.63	8.72	1.70
		FRNLFHHRQG							
56	273-285	FSYD	12	19.52	1.52	21.49	1.03	23.49	1.91
57	278-285	HRQGFSYD	7	31.12	1.15	31.62	0.83	28.91	1.73
58	286-292	YVFDWNM	6	37.77	2.41	41.97	0.45	44.08	1.13
59	293-305	LKFGASRAA DDAE	12	39.89	1.48	40.37	0.67	40.75	0.14
		LKFGASRAA DDAERERRD RE							
60	293-312	AERERRDRE	19	40.60	0.42	40.70	0.23	40.33	0.64
61	304-320	ERLRHSRN	16	35.69	0.42	35.26	1.72	34.72	0.22
62	313-327	ERLRHSRNP ATRGLP	12	16.50	0.54	17.17	0.18	17.18	0.18
		RHRSRNPATR GLPSTASGR LR							
63	316-335	TQEVAAPTP LTP	17	29.75	0.57	36.60	0.55	36.77	1.78
64	337-348	LTPTSHTANT SPR	7	25.37	0.94	25.92	0.97	27.38	1.22
65	346-358	HTANTSP	10	37.42	1.53	35.13	0.53	37.15	0.00
66	348-354	PTSHTAN	5	11.27	0.60	11.44	0.57	10.32	1.17
67	351-357	HTANTSPPR	5	23.61	0.52	23.26	0.78	23.69	1.43
68	351-365	VSGMER	12	39.70	1.03	38.94	0.95	36.95	0.32
		NTSPRPVSG MERER							
69	354-367	44.22	1.49	49.56	0.68	50.83	1.34		
70	365-371	RERKVSM	6	41.12	1.53	42.59	0.99	42.32	1.43
71	378-385	PVNISSSD	6	12.54	0.66	12.78	0.28	11.66	0.84
		VNISSSDLTG RQDTSRM							
72	379-395	16	36.50	0.92	35.90	0.18	34.69	1.14	
73	386-394	LTGRQDTSR	8	54.42	1.36	60.01	1.49	61.26	0.21
				CK151-Δ400 + ATP					
				Relative Fractional Deuterium Uptake (%)					
				1 min		5 min		10 min	
S.No.	Peptide	Sequence	Num Exchangers	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD
1	1-21	MELRVGNRY RLGRKIGSG SFG	20	25.14	0.01	27.61	1.20	28.08	0.01

2	4-20	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSF	16	33.40	0.25	36.80	0.37	38.49	1.62
3	4-22	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSFG D	18	33.53	1.13	35.80	0.56	38.34	0.27
4	12-25	GRKIGSGSF GDIYL	13	32.19	0.69	29.85	0.62	30.81	0.49
5	21-28	GDIYLGTD	7	9.22	0.47	12.65	0.46	18.11	1.46
6	26-34	GTDIAAGEE	8	42.05	0.96	45.41	0.64	45.16	0.47
7	28-34	DIAAGEE	6	42.33	0.26	42.93	0.23	43.45	0.78
8	28-36	DIAAGEEVA	8	36.04	0.40	35.43	0.67	34.92	0.40
9	35-41	VAIKLEC	6	13.95	1.06	14.56	0.44	15.23	0.52
10	37-49	IKLECVKTKH PQL	11	20.27	0.17	21.91	0.36	22.00	0.62
11	42-49	VTKHPQL	6	28.49	1.13	29.10	1.06	30.52	1.29
12	50-58	HIESKIYKM	8	15.78	1.22	22.38	1.37	25.12	1.73
13	56-70	YKMMQGGV GIPTIRW	13	31.11	1.20	29.57	0.10	35.24	2.30
14	59-77	MQGGVGPTI RWCAGED Y	17	28.71	1.14	28.66	0.99	32.27	0.25
15	81-89	VMELLGPSL	7	5.14	1.19	4.07	0.58	5.91	0.65
16	83-89	ELLGPSL	5	5.94	0.43	4.46	0.46	4.63	0.58
17	83-95	ELLGPSLEDL FNF	11	36.88	0.84	39.37	1.50	41.12	0.37
18	96-106	CSRKFSLKT VL	10	9.71	0.39	11.87	0.25	13.65	0.21
19	104-119	TVLLLADQMI SRIEYI	15	18.74	0.78	24.20	0.66	27.03	0.38
20	114-123	SRIEYIHSKN	9	3.55	0.12	3.58	0.12	2.61	0.28
21	124-134	FIHRDVKP DN F	9	2.31	1.22	3.35	1.19	3.59	0.96
22	124-135	FIHRDVKP DN FL	10	4.33	0.43	4.56	0.60	5.01	0.44
23	135-144	LMGLGKKGN L	9	22.72	1.47	25.65	1.04	26.40	0.83
24	135-145	LMGLGKKGN LV	10	22.30	1.35	24.77	1.40	26.93	1.05
25	135-146	LMGLGKKGN LVY	11	17.64	0.93	20.61	0.65	22.57	0.43
26	136-144	MGLGKKGNL	8	23.49	0.75	26.21	0.91	27.78	0.99
27	136-146	MGLGKKGNL VY	10	21.32	1.45	23.42	1.22	26.00	1.24
28	145-152	VYIIDFGL	7	4.13	2.32	4.50	1.98	5.05	1.93
29	151-160	GLAKKYRDA R	9	43.80	1.00	50.72	1.06	47.10	1.01
30	160-166	RTHQHIP	5	19.83	1.74	25.52	0.47	30.10	0.25
31	163-178	QHIPYRENK NLTGTAR	14	19.45	0.78	23.13	1.26	24.06	2.28
32	180-186	ASINTHL	6	12.42	0.67	20.12	0.43	24.95	0.81
33	183-196	NTHLGIEQSR RDDL	13	10.63	0.63	14.44	0.26	16.95	0.69
34	187-196	GIEQSSRRDD L	9	11.47	0.53	14.18	0.28	16.17	0.40

35	204-218	MYFNLGSLP WQGLKA	13	38.41	0.35	40.70	0.11	NaN	NaN
36	205-215	YFNLGSLPW QG	9	27.78	0.65	32.40	1.63	36.64	2.29
37	205-216	YFNLGSLPW QGL	10	28.52	0.93	35.49	0.11	36.02	1.70
38	205-218	YFNLGSLPW QGLKA	12	36.89	1.63	40.02	1.60	43.13	1.43
39	206-216	FNLGSLPWQ GL	9	33.45	1.02	38.65	1.43	42.94	2.02
40	206-218	FNLGSLPWQ GLKA	11	43.31	0.59	47.67	0.75	50.90	0.41
41	209-216	GSLPWQGL	6	44.72	1.55	47.19	0.59	50.19	0.60
42	209-218	GSLPWQGLK A	8	45.24	1.15	47.83	1.65	50.87	1.24
43	212-218	PWQGLKA	5	53.11	1.12	54.24	0.43	54.74	0.91
44	219-230	ATKRQKYERI SE	11	38.05	0.78	40.38	1.15	41.52	1.08
45	231-238	KKMSTPIE	6	40.62	0.26	41.18	1.16	42.03	1.15
46	231-240	KKMSTPIEVL	8	30.17	1.58	34.37	1.55	37.23	1.67
47	239-248	VLCKGYPSE F	8	14.74	0.77	19.02	0.36	22.87	1.33
48	241-247	CKGYPSE	5	22.71	0.17	26.22	0.58	31.44	1.16
49	241-248	CKGYPSEF	6	17.28	0.68	20.37	0.85	24.05	1.18
50	242-259	KGYPSEFAT YLNFCRSLR	16	31.02	2.06	33.15	0.35	34.19	1.66
51	248-254	FATYLFNF	6	1.06	0.58	1.73	0.64	2.32	0.78
52	255-269	CRSLRFDDK PDYSYL	13	NaN	NaN	28.82	0.52	30.24	0.62
53	261-269	DDKPDYSYL	7	32.09	1.72	31.02	1.74	31.98	1.15
54	269-277	LRQLFRNLF	8	3.40	1.55	6.17	1.37	8.53	1.17
55	270-277	RQLFRNLF	7	3.26	0.39	5.55	0.46	8.08	0.56
56	273-285	FRNLFHRQG FSYD	12	19.03	1.28	20.76	1.14	21.90	1.19
57	278-285	HRQGFSYD	7	30.40	1.35	31.31	1.70	31.01	1.28
58	286-292	YVFDWNM	6	36.75	2.29	40.13	1.95	44.34	1.79
59	293-305	LKFGASRAA DDAE	12	42.54	0.86	42.60	1.03	42.89	1.42
60	293-312	LKFGASRAA DDAERERRD RE	19	43.41	0.30	43.01	0.24	43.33	0.35
61	304-320	AERERRDRE ERLRHSRN	16	34.63	0.23	35.53	0.23	38.19	0.32
62	313-327	ERLRHSRNP ATRGLP	12	14.80	0.21	17.51	0.28	18.93	0.18
63	316-335	RHSRNPATR GLPSTASGR LR	17	27.84	0.72	31.22	0.50	33.14	1.04
64	337-348	TQEVAAPPTP LTP	7	24.59	1.88	25.07	1.40	24.83	0.51
65	346-358	LTPTSHANT SPR	10	36.43	0.00	36.91	0.00	36.95	0.00
66	348-354	PTSHTAN	5	10.50	0.60	10.27	0.61	10.91	0.98
67	351-357	HTANTSP	5	22.55	0.37	24.05	0.64	23.40	0.60

68	351-365	HTANTSPRP VSGMER	12	41.48	0.68	42.30	0.11	41.20	0.44
69	354-367	NTSPRPVSG MERER	11	43.85	0.89	48.16	0.68	51.36	0.87
70	365-371	RERKVSM	6	42.67	1.45	40.65	0.60	42.38	0.85
71	378-385	PVNISSSD	6	12.46	0.33	13.15	0.52	13.58	0.57
72	379-395	VNISSSDLTG RQDTSRM	16	36.61	0.40	38.46	0.65	39.16	0.33
73	386-394	LTGRQDTSR	8	53.62	1.45	58.36	2.10	61.48	0.97
<b>CK1δ1-Δ400 + AMPPNP</b>				<b>Relative Fractional Deuterium Uptake (%)</b>					
				<b>1 min</b>		<b>5 min</b>		<b>10 min</b>	
S.No.	Peptide	Sequence	Num Exchangers	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD
1	1-21	MELRVGNRY RLGRKIGSG SFG	20	29.73	0.52	36.64	0.29	36.97	0.78
2	4-20	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSF	16	35.78	0.44	39.58	0.56	39.86	0.71
3	4-22	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSFG D	18	35.46	0.38	39.83	0.80	39.26	0.38
4	12-25	GRKIGSGSF GDIYL	13	38.05	0.23	40.85	0.94	38.88	0.23
5	21-28	GDIYLGTD	7	16.08	0.95	34.36	0.68	39.65	1.56
6	26-34	GTDIAAGEE	8	46.18	0.34	46.76	0.46	45.94	0.79
7	28-34	DIAAGEE	6	43.71	0.73	42.93	0.88	43.00	0.96
8	28-36	DIAAGEEVA	8	36.71	0.38	38.07	0.35	38.49	0.76
9	35-41	VAIKLEC	6	15.97	0.49	19.01	1.34	20.59	1.52
10	37-49	IKLECVKTKH PQL	11	21.97	0.67	23.18	0.63	22.78	0.68
11	42-49	VKTCHKPQL	6	29.44	0.96	28.98	0.83	28.63	0.20
12	50-58	HIESKIYKM	8	17.26	3.23	29.58	1.37	30.58	0.62
13	56-70	YKMMQGGV GIPTIRW	13	32.61	1.31	36.71	0.10	36.24	0.10
14	59-77	MQGGVGIPITI RWCGAEGDY	17	30.49	0.61	31.43	0.25	31.46	0.25
15	81-89	VMELLGPSL	7	8.29	1.65	14.34	1.24	17.12	2.33
16	83-89	ELLGPSL	5	8.42	1.07	13.96	0.58	16.66	0.86
17	83-95	ELLGPSLEDL FNF	11	39.54	0.52	41.27	0.37	39.39	0.44
18	96-106	CSRKFSLKT VL	10	8.67	0.36	13.37	0.21	13.89	0.59
19	104-119	TVLLLADQMI SRIEYI	15	23.10	0.54	30.93	0.49	33.20	0.51
20	114-123	SRIEYIHSKN	9	3.23	0.42	3.63	0.12	4.70	0.67
21	124-134	FIHRDVKPDN F	9	3.57	0.96	4.36	0.97	4.56	0.97
22	124-135	FIHRDVKPDN FL	10	4.03	0.42	5.62	0.62	5.87	0.46
23	135-144	LMGLGKKGN L	9	24.22	0.84	28.44	1.33	29.98	1.13

24	135-145	LMGLGKKGN LV	10	25.18	0.86	28.55	1.76	30.27	0.94
25	135-146	LMGLGKKGN LVY	11	19.71	0.40	23.27	0.73	24.53	0.51
26	136-144	MGLGKKGNL	8	24.80	0.69	29.05	0.95	30.25	0.44
27	136-146	MGLGKKGNL VY	10	22.06	1.16	25.48	1.28	27.15	1.26
28	145-152	VYIIDFGL	7	6.46	1.14	18.26	2.45	24.35	1.02
29	151-160	GLAKKYRDA R	9	53.52	1.03	56.39	1.00	56.87	1.00
30	160-166	RTHQHIP	5	23.15	0.15	26.33	1.87	28.11	1.25
31	163-178	QHIPYRENK NLTGTAR	14	23.73	0.20	28.52	0.77	30.49	0.20
32	180-186	ASINTHL	6	17.00	0.59	29.62	0.98	32.85	0.55
33	183-196	NTHLGIEQSR RDDL	13	11.92	0.17	18.82	0.59	20.02	0.24
34	187-196	GIEQSSRRDD L	9	11.65	0.31	16.60	0.49	17.76	0.33
35	204-218	MYFNLGSLP WQGLKA	13	40.04	0.11	44.36	0.20	45.73	0.14
36	205-215	YFNLGSLPW QG	9	29.18	0.19	38.98	0.16	39.73	1.01
37	205-216	YFNLGSLPW QGL	10	30.97	0.42	38.55	1.55	37.42	0.96
38	205-218	YFNLGSLPW QGLKA	12	37.60	0.74	44.67	1.06	44.75	0.84
39	206-216	FNLGSLPWQ GL	9	36.77	1.45	44.13	0.99	44.05	1.03
40	206-218	FNLGSLPWQ GLKA	11	44.24	0.36	50.72	1.06	51.75	0.65
41	209-216	GSLPWQGL	6	48.13	1.84	52.14	1.13	51.80	0.70
42	209-218	GSLPWQGLK A	8	48.07	1.51	51.42	1.79	51.20	1.25
43	212-218	PWQGLKA	5	54.49	0.73	55.69	0.54	58.31	0.40
44	219-230	ATKRQKYERI SE	11	39.96	2.73	40.76	1.77	40.00	0.54
45	231-238	KKMSTPIE	6	39.57	0.59	41.09	1.35	39.22	0.93
46	231-240	KKMSTPIEVL	8	32.50	1.49	37.49	1.46	38.98	1.52
47	239-248	VLCKGYPSE F	8	16.35	0.44	22.18	0.69	25.64	0.62
48	241-247	CKGYPSE	5	23.16	0.73	28.82	0.55	32.94	1.00
49	241-248	CKGYPSEF	6	18.18	0.86	23.24	1.17	25.78	0.77
50	242-259	KGYPSEFAT YLNFCRSLR	16	33.66	1.35	33.68	1.96	33.23	0.35
51	248-254	FATYLNF	6	0.45	0.47	1.70	0.58	2.34	0.47
52	255-269	CRSLRFDDK PDYSYL	13	27.96	0.35	29.98	0.71	30.20	0.60
53	261-269	DDKPDYSYL	7	31.11	1.38	31.26	2.25	29.69	1.33
54	269-277	LRQLFRNLF	8	3.75	1.46	7.74	1.47	10.18	1.50
55	270-277	RQLFRNLF	7	4.09	0.53	7.42	0.56	10.01	0.72
56	273-285	FRNLFHRQG FSYD	12	19.58	1.40	20.85	1.83	21.25	1.14
57	278-285	HRQGF SYD	7	29.03	2.03	30.46	2.50	28.52	1.81
58	286-292	YVF DW NM	6	37.56	2.79	42.83	1.66	41.73	1.31

59	293-305	LKFGASRAA DDAE	12	42.14	0.14	44.17	0.14	41.56	1.58
60	293-312	LKFGASRAA DDAERERRD RE	19	41.20	0.65	41.70	0.34	41.79	0.26
61	304-320	AERERRDRE ERLRHSRN	16	36.66	0.28	36.39	0.40	35.89	0.25
62	313-327	ERLRHSRNP ATRGGLP	12	14.95	0.18	19.70	0.29	19.82	0.18
63	316-335	RHSRNPATR GLPSTASGR LR	17	32.00	1.10	NaN	NaN	39.99	1.25
64	337-348	TQEVAAPTP LTP	7	25.91	1.07	26.88	1.27	26.10	1.30
65	346-358	LTPTSHTANT SPR	10	37.07	0.32	37.02	0.00	39.63	0.00
66	348-354	PTSHTAN	5	11.59	0.67	11.01	0.80	11.76	0.75
67	351-357	HTANTSP	5	23.83	0.21	24.94	0.49	23.66	0.51
68	351-365	HTANTSPRP VSGMER	12	43.13	0.60	43.08	0.79	42.99	0.09
69	354-367	NTSPRPVSG MERER	11	44.86	0.76	50.95	0.70	53.04	0.94
70	365-371	RERKVSM	6	39.46	0.94	41.07	0.85	40.08	0.63
71	378-385	PVNIISSD	6	13.02	0.27	13.53	0.24	13.44	0.35
72	379-395	VNISSSDLTG RQDTSRM	16	39.25	0.22	40.31	0.88	39.10	0.22
73	386-394	LTGRQDTSR	8	55.22	1.12	60.63	0.40	60.41	2.33
				<b>CK1δ1-S3A</b>					
				<b>Relative Deuterium Uptake (Da)</b>					
S.No.	Peptide	Sequence	Num Exchangers	1 min	5 min	10 min			
				Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD
1	1-20	MELRVGNRY RLGRKIGSG SF	19	6.15	0.27	6.76	0.23	6.74	0.23
2	1-21	MELRVGNRY RLGRKIGSG SFG	20	5.66	0.34	7.29	0.29	7.29	0.22
3	3-20	LRVGNRYRL GRKIGSGSF	17	5.79	0.09	6.40	0.02	6.03	0.54
4	3-22	LRVGNRYRL GRKIGSGSF GD	19	6.09	0.05	6.68	0.19	6.80	0.21
5	3-24	LRVGNRYRL GRKIGSGSF GDIY	21	5.85	0.48	7.24	0.08	7.55	0.15
6	4-20	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSF	16	5.16	0.05	5.67	0.14	5.83	0.14
7	4-22	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSF D	18	5.77	0.21	6.24	0.22	6.25	0.23
8	12-25	GRKIGSGSF GDIYL	13	4.22	0.15	4.55	0.11	5.50	0.29
9	21-28	GDIYLGTD	7	1.47	0.12	2.01	0.09	2.85	0.28
10	26-34	GTDIAAGEE	8	3.29	0.03	3.36	0.03	3.07	0.25
11	28-34	DIAAGEE	6	2.32	0.07	2.39	0.07	2.19	0.06
12	28-36	DIAAGEEVA	8	2.65	0.06	2.90	0.04	3.15	0.06

13	29-36	IAAGEEVA	7	1.99	0.03	2.27	0.03	2.34	0.03
14	37-49	IKLECVKTKH PQL	11	2.84	0.08	2.73	0.37	3.05	0.34
15	42-49	VTKHPQL	6	1.25	0.06	1.27	0.07	1.21	0.10
16	56-72	YKMMQGGV GIPTIRWCG	15	4.40	0.43	4.07	0.46	3.66	0.04
17	59-70	MQGGVGPI RW	10	4.32	0.20	4.33	0.43	4.34	0.44
18	83-89	ELLGPSL	5	0.56	0.02	0.75	0.02	0.84	0.04
19	96-102	CSRKFSL	6	0.87	0.02	1.03	0.10	1.27	0.02
20	96-106	CSRKFSLKT VL	10	0.95	0.05	1.22	0.10	1.40	0.11
21	103-117	KTVLLADQ MISRIE	14	4.34	0.02	4.97	0.02	5.59	0.11
22	104-119	TVLLADQMI SRIEYI	15	3.55	0.23	4.52	0.10	5.24	0.05
23	112-123	MISRIEYIHSK N	11	0.26	0.05	0.41	0.10	1.17	0.03
24	113-123	ISRIEYIHSKN	10	0.13	0.08	0.22	0.09	0.28	0.06
25	113-134	ISRIEYIHSKN FIHRDVKP DN F	20	0.56	0.07	0.77	0.11	1.01	0.07
26	124-134	FIHRDVKP DN F	9	0.26	0.01	0.30	0.02	0.36	0.01
27	124-135	FIHRDVKP DN FL	10	0.26	0.02	0.29	0.02	0.41	0.03
28	135-143	LMGLGKKGN	8	1.54	0.12	1.88	0.10	2.07	0.14
29	135-144	LMGLGKKGN L	9	1.69	0.14	1.95	0.14	2.18	0.16
30	135-146	LMGLGKKGN LVY	11	1.64	0.11	1.97	0.10	2.26	0.11
31	136-146	MGLGKKGNL VY	10	1.73	0.11	2.12	0.09	2.25	0.13
32	137-144	GLGKKGNL	7	1.48	0.08	1.84	0.17	1.97	0.20
33	152-161	LAKKYRDAR T	9	1.25	0.01	1.49	0.17	1.89	0.02
34	163-178	QHIPYRENK NLTGTAR	14	2.99	0.08	3.39	0.03	4.55	0.12
35	175-186	GTARYASINT HL	11	1.69	0.30	1.50	0.26	1.81	0.29
36	180-186	ASINTHL	6	0.74	0.07	1.35	0.06	1.53	0.06
37	180-196	ASINTHLGIE QSRRDDL	16	1.54	0.03	2.58	0.02	3.07	0.06
38	183-196	NTHLGIEQSR RDDL	13	1.34	0.04	2.40	0.08	2.70	0.10
39	187-196	GIEQSRRDD L	9	0.73	0.05	1.15	0.07	1.23	0.14
40	192-211	RRDDLES LG YVLMYFN LG SL	19	2.61	0.11	2.95	0.10	3.22	0.23
41	205-216	YFN LGSL PW QGL	10	3.18	0.08	3.76	0.13	4.03	0.15
42	205-218	YFN LGSL PW QGL KA	12	4.37	0.10	4.93	0.12	5.10	0.17
43	206-218	FNL GSL PW Q GL KA	11	4.61	0.05	5.16	0.06	5.23	0.09
44	207-218	NLG SL PW QG LKA	10	4.22	0.09	4.98	0.13	5.10	0.16

45	209-218	GSLPWQGLKA	8	3.61	0.05	3.76	0.11	3.92	0.13
46	212-230	PWQGLKAATKRQKYERISE	17	5.84	0.14	7.00	0.19	7.10	0.09
47	231-240	KKMSTPIEVL	8	2.22	0.09	2.60	0.10	2.77	0.12
48	239-248	VLCKGYPSEF	8	1.00	0.04	1.28	0.05	1.71	0.03
49	241-247	CKGYPSE	5	0.97	0.02	1.19	0.04	1.44	0.06
50	241-248	CKGYPSEF	6	0.83	0.02	1.18	0.05	1.25	0.04
51	242-259	KGYPSEFATYLNFCRSLR	16	4.52	0.28	4.66	0.11	4.49	0.24
52	248-254	FATYLNF	6	0.07	0.01	0.15	0.02	0.20	0.02
53	255-268	CRSLRFDDKPDYSY	12	3.53	0.21	3.60	0.18	4.19	0.16
54	255-269	CRSLRFDDKPDYSYL	13	3.28	0.16	3.42	0.08	3.45	0.05
55	261-269	DDKPDYSYL	7	2.26	0.09	2.24	0.11	2.20	0.14
56	268-277	YLRQLFRNLF	9	0.18	0.06	0.58	0.07	0.86	0.06
57	269-277	LRQLFRNLF	8	0.23	0.02	0.49	0.02	0.74	0.02
58	269-281	LRQLFRNLFHRQG	12	2.09	0.07	2.07	0.04	2.40	0.16
59	269-285	LRQLFRNLFHRQGFSYD	16	2.28	0.10	2.64	0.10	2.84	0.14
60	270-276	RQLFRNL	6	1.59	0.02	2.31	0.09	2.50	0.07
61	272-285	LFRNLFHHRQGFSYD	13	2.34	0.01	2.47	0.07	2.62	0.13
62	273-285	FRNLFHHRQGFSYD	12	2.31	0.11	2.37	0.12	2.45	0.16
63	278-285	HRQGFSYD	7	1.88	0.11	1.79	0.11	1.79	0.16
64	286-292	YVFDWNM	6	2.66	0.14	2.91	0.16	2.86	0.18
65	293-305	LKFGASRAA DDAE	12	4.12	0.11	4.00	0.13	4.15	0.13
66	304-320	AERERRDRE ERLRHRSN	16	4.62	0.27	4.58	0.15	4.69	0.17
67	312-324	EERLRHRSN PATR	11	3.76	0.14	3.49	0.28	3.52	0.11
68	313-327	ERLRHRSNP ATRGLP	12	1.47	0.09	1.69	0.10	1.89	0.07
69	315-325	LRHSRNPAT RG	9	0.44	0.05	0.42	0.14	0.61	0.04
70	322-336	ATRGLPSTA SGRLRG	13	1.81	0.24	1.89	0.18	2.14	0.29
71	325-334	GLPSTASGR L	8	0.76	0.08	0.98	0.22	1.50	0.12
72	338-349	QEVAAPPTPL TPT	7	1.74	0.16	1.64	0.10	1.60	0.07
73	343-351	PTPLTPTSH	5	1.20	0.14	1.64	0.04	1.94	0.19
74	343-356	PTPLTPTSHT ANTS	10	0.34	0.01	0.34	0.07	0.35	0.03
75	344-355	TPLTPTSHTA NT	9	1.85	0.08	1.88	0.07	1.76	0.06
76	349-367	TSHTANTSP RPVSGMERE R	16	4.28	0.11	4.10	0.23	3.99	0.18
77	363-376	MERERKVSM RLHRG	13	2.39	0.07	3.32	0.12	3.71	0.08

78	372-384	RLHRGAPVNI SSS	11	2.45	0.09	2.72	0.10	2.69	0.03
79	378-385	PVNISSSD	6	1.01	0.05	0.91	0.06	1.07	0.05
80	385-405	DLTGRQDTS RMSTSQIPG RVA	19	2.39	0.07	2.74	0.13	2.91	0.20
81	402-413	GRVAAAGLQ AVV	11	1.73	0.29	2.02	0.22	2.04	0.03
				<b>CK1δ1-S3A + ATP</b> <b>Relative Deuterium Uptake (Da)</b>					
				<b>1 min</b>		<b>5 min</b>		<b>10 min</b>	
S.No.	Peptide	Sequence	Num Exchangers	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD
1	1-20	MELRVGNRY RLGRKIGSG SF	19	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
2	1-21	MELRVGNRY RLGRKIGSG SFG	20	4.09	0.56	5.31	0.08	5.90	0.44
3	3-20	LRVGNRYRL GRKIGSGSF	17	5.50	0.21	5.98	0.19	6.10	0.29
4	3-22	LRVGNRYRL GRKIGSGSF GD	19	4.23	0.02	5.20	0.35	5.94	0.02
5	3-24	LRVGNRYRL GRKIGSGSF GDIY	21	5.08	0.33	5.28	0.15	5.82	0.07
6	4-20	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSF	16	4.68	0.19	5.05	0.43	5.20	0.31
7	4-22	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSF D	18	5.05	0.20	5.26	0.12	5.97	0.15
8	12-25	GRKIGSGSF GDIYL	13	3.89	0.08	3.59	0.15	3.98	0.39
9	21-28	GDIYLGTD	7	0.41	0.12	0.87	0.11	1.24	0.11
10	26-34	GTDIAAGEE	8	3.27	0.02	3.18	0.02	3.40	0.02
11	28-34	DIAAGEE	6	1.76	0.14	1.82	0.15	1.66	0.05
12	28-36	DIAAGEEVA	8	2.40	0.16	2.72	0.20	3.02	0.21
13	29-36	IAAGEEVA	7	1.78	0.12	1.74	0.10	2.01	0.14
14	37-49	IKLECVKTKH PQL	11	2.86	0.16	3.21	0.19	3.18	0.06
15	42-49	VKTKHPQL	6	0.83	0.18	0.95	0.02	0.97	0.11
16	56-72	YKMMQGGV GIPTIRWC	15	3.94	0.04	3.64	0.04	3.75	0.04
17	59-70	MQGGVGIPTI RW	10	3.13	0.26	2.86	0.13	2.81	0.06
18	83-89	ELLGPSL	5	0.21	0.10	0.41	0.18	0.71	0.07
19	96-102	CSRKFSL	6	0.56	0.09	0.75	0.12	0.96	0.24
20	96-106	CSRKFSLKT VL	10	0.78	0.18	1.07	0.05	1.12	0.13
21	103-117	KTVLLLADQ MISRIE	14	3.74	0.00	4.00	0.00	4.31	0.00
22	104-119	TVLLLADQMI SRIEYI	15	2.19	0.13	3.06	0.04	3.57	0.11
23	112-123	MISRIEYIHSK N	11	0.60	0.33	0.75	0.29	0.86	0.24

24	113-123	ISRIEYIHSKN	10	0.36	0.25	0.40	0.02	0.23	0.06
25	113-134	ISRIEYIHSKN FIHRDVKPDN F	20	0.20	0.05	0.55	0.03	0.66	0.06
26	124-134	FIHRDVKPDN F	9	0.26	0.04	0.32	0.05	0.40	0.11
27	124-135	FIHRDVKPDN FL	10	0.47	0.08	0.50	0.09	0.60	0.06
28	135-143	LMGLGKKGN	8	1.57	0.11	1.66	0.08	1.97	0.14
29	135-144	LMGLGKKGN L	9	1.62	0.14	1.81	0.11	2.09	0.17
30	135-146	LMGLGKKGN LVY	11	1.65	0.13	1.77	0.09	2.04	0.13
31	136-146	MGLGKKGNL VY	10	1.73	0.15	1.83	0.11	2.03	0.12
32	137-144	GLGKKGNL	7	1.42	0.16	1.52	0.13	1.65	0.05
33	152-161	LAKKYRDAR T	9	0.23	0.05	0.14	0.03	0.19	0.05
34	163-178	QHIPYRENK NLTGTAR	14	2.54	0.05	3.01	0.06	3.49	0.04
35	175-186	GTARYASINT HL	11	2.17	0.22	2.01	0.02	2.04	0.02
36	180-186	ASINTHL	6	0.68	0.02	1.09	0.05	1.33	0.08
37	180-196	ASINTHIGIE QSRRDDL	16	1.70	0.08	1.33	0.02	1.53	0.34
38	183-196	NTHLGIEQSR RDDL	13	0.93	0.03	1.32	0.26	1.61	0.03
39	187-196	GIEQSRRDD L	9	0.90	0.17	1.16	0.07	1.23	0.11
40	192-211	RRDDLESLG YVLMYFNGL SL	19	2.68	0.16	2.90	0.10	3.11	0.13
41	205-216	YFNLLGSLPW QGL	10	1.93	0.24	2.27	0.61	3.05	0.01
42	205-218	YFNLLGSLPW QGLKA	12	3.21	0.19	3.62	0.35	3.53	0.07
43	206-218	FNLGSLPWQ	11	3.68	0.00	4.21	0.00	4.18	0.01
44	207-218	NLGSLPWQG LKA	10	3.75	0.11	4.35	0.04	4.20	0.21
45	209-218	GSLPWQGLK A	8	3.38	0.13	3.39	0.10	3.56	0.17
46	212-230	PWQGLKAAT KRQKYERISE	17	5.98	0.15	6.15	0.10	6.23	0.07
47	231-240	KKMSTPIEVL	8	2.22	0.14	2.50	0.12	2.75	0.12
48	239-248	VLCKGYPSE F	8	1.05	0.09	1.36	0.06	1.66	0.05
49	241-247	CKGYPSE	5	0.85	0.11	1.22	0.09	1.60	0.05
50	241-248	CKGYPSEF	6	1.08	0.05	1.26	0.01	1.48	0.05
51	242-259	KGYPSEFAT YLNFCRSLR	16	4.28	0.15	3.96	0.06	4.24	0.16
52	248-254	FATYLNF	6	0.33	0.16	0.23	0.03	0.54	0.01
53	255-268	CRSLRFDDK PDYSY	12	3.37	0.16	3.49	0.12	3.62	0.35
54	255-269	CRSLRFDDK PDYSYL	13	3.15	0.12	3.16	0.04	3.39	0.09
55	261-269	DDKPDYSYL	7	2.00	0.18	1.75	0.10	1.81	0.20
56	268-277	YLRQLFRNLF	9	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN

57	269-277	LRQLFRNLF	8	0.20	0.03	0.73	0.07	0.63	0.03
58	269-281	LRQLFRNLF HRQG	12	2.06	0.20	2.15	0.20	2.46	0.08
59	269-285	LRQLFRNLF HRQGFSYD	16	2.08	0.12	2.09	0.08	2.41	0.12
60	270-276	RQLFRNL	6	1.34	0.07	2.06	0.04	2.33	0.05
61	272-285	LFRNLFHQR GFSYD	13	2.21	0.08	2.24	0.01	2.46	0.01
62	273-285	FRNLFHQR GFSYD	12	1.97	0.18	1.86	0.08	2.12	0.17
63	278-285	HRQGFSYD	7	1.75	0.11	1.51	0.18	1.59	0.24
64	286-292	YVFDWNM	6	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
65	293-305	LKFGASRAA DDAE	12	3.99	0.18	3.71	0.15	3.80	0.23
66	304-320	AERERRDRE ERLRLHSRN	16	4.52	0.10	4.18	0.11	4.43	0.20
67	312-324	EERLRHSRN PATR	11	3.73	0.29	3.46	0.28	3.31	0.06
68	313-327	ERLRLHSRN ATRGLP	12	1.23	0.11	1.61	0.12	1.85	0.11
69	315-325	LRHSRNPAT RG	9	0.30	0.08	0.37	0.03	0.43	0.06
70	322-336	ATRGLPSTA SGRLRG	13	1.53	0.04	1.61	0.33	2.03	0.04
71	325-334	GLPSTASGR L	8	0.59	0.03	0.58	0.03	0.59	0.03
72	338-349	QEVAAPPTPL TPT	7	1.25	0.02	1.04	0.02	1.39	0.02
73	343-351	PTPLTPTSH	5	1.13	0.08	1.09	0.04	1.29	0.08
74	343-356	PTPLTPTSH ANTS	10	1.16	0.10	1.04	0.19	1.01	0.07
75	344-355	TPLTPTSHTA NT	9	1.63	0.11	2.05	0.09	1.79	0.01
76	349-367	TSHTANTSP RPVSGMERE R	16	3.63	0.12	3.51	0.12	3.56	0.18
77	363-376	MERERKVSM RLHRG	13	2.00	0.08	2.90	0.09	3.03	0.15
78	372-384	RLHRGAPVNI SSS	11	2.17	0.03	2.38	0.13	2.61	0.13
79	378-385	PVNIISSD	6	1.18	0.06	1.15	0.05	1.23	0.05
80	385-405	DLTGRQDTS RMSTSQIPG RVA	19	2.50	0.04	2.99	0.07	3.21	0.15
81	402-413	GRVAAAGLQ AVV	11	1.69	0.03	1.81	0.03	2.15	0.08
				<b>CK1δ1-S3A + AMPPNP</b>					
				<b>Relative Deuterium Uptake (Da)</b>					
				<b>1 min</b>		<b>5 min</b>		<b>10 min</b>	
S.No.	Peptide	Sequence	Num Exchangers	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD
1	1-20	MELRVGNRY RLGRKIGSG SF	19	6.31	0.23	7.00	0.19	7.08	0.20
2	1-21	MELRVGNRY RLGRKIGSG SFG	20	5.93	0.26	6.43	0.27	7.28	0.09

3	3-20	LRVGNRYRL GRKIGGGSF	17	6.17	0.08	6.54	0.07	6.93	0.31
4	3-22	LRVGNRYRL GRKIGGGSF GD	19	6.40	0.49	6.74	0.35	7.24	0.32
5	3-24	LRVGNRYRL GRKIGGGSF GDIY	21	5.81	0.08	6.53	0.53	7.21	0.07
6	4-20	RVGNRYRLG RKIGGGSF	16	5.29	0.05	5.86	0.15	6.22	0.07
7	4-22	RVGNRYRLG RKIGGGSFG D	18	5.94	0.26	6.37	0.18	6.76	0.27
8	12-25	GRKIGGGSF GDIYL	13	4.69	0.08	4.42	0.28	5.08	0.36
9	21-28	GDIYLGTD	7	1.05	0.02	1.83	0.05	2.58	0.03
10	26-34	GTDIAAGEE	8	2.69	0.23	3.23	0.22	2.97	0.21
11	28-34	DIAAGEE	6	2.37	0.22	2.21	0.06	2.25	0.09
12	28-36	DIAAGEEVA	8	2.77	0.02	2.24	0.14	3.04	0.11
13	29-36	IAAGEEVA	7	2.01	0.02	1.94	0.01	2.13	0.04
14	37-49	IKLECVKTKH PQL	11	2.49	0.49	3.00	0.03	2.49	0.21
15	42-49	VKTCHKPQL	6	1.33	0.11	1.24	0.07	1.25	0.12
16	56-72	YKMMQGGV GIPTIRWCG	15	4.94	0.47	5.08	0.16	4.26	0.31
17	59-70	MQGGVGIPTI RW	10	3.27	0.48	4.57	0.22	4.02	0.38
18	83-89	ELLGPSL	5	0.35	0.02	0.53	0.03	0.64	0.01
19	96-102	CSRKFSL	6	0.76	0.04	0.93	0.11	0.94	0.03
20	96-106	CSRKFSLKT VL	10	0.83	0.05	1.19	0.10	1.25	0.04
21	103-117	KTVLLADQ MISRIE	14	3.80	0.10	4.33	0.01	4.72	0.02
22	104-119	TVLLLADQMI SRIEYI	15	2.92	0.05	3.87	0.16	4.23	0.26
23	112-123	MISRIEYIHSK N	11	0.77	0.03	1.05	0.29	1.82	0.03
24	113-123	ISRIEYIHSKN	10	0.21	0.09	0.15	0.09	0.21	0.09
25	113-134	ISRIEYIHSKN FIHRDVKPDN F	20	0.43	0.13	0.58	0.12	0.87	0.06
26	124-134	FIHRDVKPDN F	9	0.25	0.01	0.21	0.04	0.32	0.05
27	124-135	FIHRDVKPDN FL	10	0.38	0.06	0.34	0.04	0.49	0.05
28	135-143	LMGLGKKGN	8	1.58	0.12	1.77	0.09	2.04	0.13
29	135-144	LMGLGKKGN L	9	1.73	0.13	1.94	0.13	2.22	0.13
30	135-146	LMGLGKKGN LVY	11	1.72	0.10	1.97	0.11	2.20	0.10
31	136-146	MGLGKKGNL VY	10	1.78	0.14	1.93	0.30	2.28	0.21
32	137-144	GLGKKGNL	7	1.58	0.09	1.76	0.16	2.03	0.11
33	152-161	LAKKYRDAR T	9	0.95	0.03	1.39	0.03	1.33	0.34
34	163-178	QHIPYRENK NLTGTAR	14	2.94	0.07	3.49	0.03	4.20	0.03

35	175-186	GTARYASINT HL	11	2.39	0.02	1.64	0.28	1.77	0.02
36	180-186	ASINTHL	6	0.79	0.02	1.38	0.06	1.70	0.03
37	180-196	ASINTHLGIE QSRRDDL	16	1.53	0.15	2.11	0.02	3.50	0.02
38	183-196	NTHLGIEQSR RDDL	13	1.49	0.15	2.27	0.03	2.99	0.11
39	187-196	GIEQSSRRDD L	9	0.66	0.06	1.00	0.08	1.17	0.08
40	192-211	RRDDLESLG YVLMYFNLG SL	19	2.32	0.25	2.90	0.13	3.12	0.08
41	205-216	YFNLGSLPW QGL	10	3.09	0.19	3.60	0.05	3.97	0.10
42	205-218	YFNLGSLPW QGLKA	12	4.32	0.10	4.87	0.13	5.23	0.10
43	206-218	FNLGSLPWQ GLKA	11	4.18	0.07	5.06	0.16	5.43	0.08
44	207-218	NLGSLPWQG LKA	10	4.23	0.22	4.86	0.13	5.18	0.09
45	209-218	GSLPWQGLK A	8	3.54	0.13	3.71	0.10	3.96	0.05
46	212-230	PWQGLKAAT KRQKYERISE	17	6.75	0.15	7.78	0.19	8.01	0.02
47	231-240	KKMSTPIEVL	8	2.27	0.09	2.57	0.09	2.87	0.09
48	239-248	VLCKGYPSE F	8	1.07	0.04	1.32	0.07	1.68	0.08
49	241-247	CKGYPSE	5	0.95	0.07	1.19	0.03	1.43	0.02
50	241-248	CKGYPSEF	6	1.00	0.02	1.17	0.07	1.37	0.02
51	242-259	KGYPSEFAT YLNFCRSLR	16	4.02	0.36	4.41	0.21	4.44	0.44
52	248-254	FATYLNF	6	0.09	0.06	0.16	0.03	0.24	0.02
53	255-268	CRSLRFDDK PDYSY	12	3.42	0.12	3.69	0.10	3.92	0.19
54	255-269	CRSLRFDDK PDSYL	13	3.22	0.24	3.44	0.10	3.66	0.09
55	261-269	DDKPDYSYL	7	2.08	0.12	2.07	0.12	2.14	0.08
56	268-277	YLRQLFRNLF	9	0.15	0.12	0.49	0.12	0.91	0.06
57	269-277	LRQLFRNLF	8	0.21	0.05	0.52	0.04	0.79	0.05
58	269-281	LRQLFRNLF HRQG	12	2.15	0.15	2.16	0.14	2.12	0.04
59	269-285	LRQLFRNLF HRQGFSYD	16	2.27	0.07	2.56	0.07	2.92	0.08
60	270-276	RQLFRNL	6	1.47	0.07	2.14	0.08	2.47	0.09
61	272-285	LFRNLFHHRQ GFSYD	13	2.30	0.12	2.62	0.13	2.81	0.02
62	273-285	FRNLFHHRQ FSYD	12	2.05	0.15	2.28	0.08	2.44	0.09
63	278-285	HRQGFSYD	7	1.65	0.20	1.75	0.14	1.73	0.12
64	286-292	YVFDWNM	6	2.33	0.22	2.83	0.23	2.83	0.18
65	293-305	LKFAGASRAA DDAE	12	4.14	0.16	3.84	0.21	4.36	0.11
66	304-320	AERERRDRE ERLRLHSRN	16	4.55	0.22	4.76	0.18	5.16	0.06
67	312-324	EERLRHSRN PATR	11	3.69	0.29	3.90	0.37	3.63	0.06

68	313-327	ERLRHRSRNP ATRGLP	12	1.36	0.03	1.51	0.01	1.79	0.03
69	315-325	LRHSRNPAT RG	9	0.29	0.06	0.50	0.06	0.60	0.06
70	322-336	ATRGLPSTA SGRLRG	13	1.81	0.21	1.96	0.10	2.19	0.17
71	325-334	GLPSTASGR L	8	0.37	0.08	0.65	0.10	0.80	0.13
72	338-349	QEVARPTPL TPT	7	1.51	0.07	1.49	0.05	1.79	0.15
73	343-351	PTPLTPTSH	5	1.11	0.05	1.16	0.12	1.65	0.07
74	343-356	PTPLTPTSHT ANTS	10	0.46	0.01	0.39	0.02	0.36	0.02
75	344-355	TPLTPTSHTA NT	9	1.54	0.11	1.94	0.08	1.92	0.04
76	349-367	TSHTANTSP RPVSGMERE R	16	4.02	0.19	3.84	0.14	3.98	0.14
77	363-376	MERERKVSM RLHRG	13	2.20	0.07	2.83	0.21	3.43	0.09
78	372-384	RLHRGAPVN SSS	11	2.56	0.01	2.70	0.05	2.89	0.05
79	378-385	PVNIISSD	6	0.65	0.04	0.61	0.05	0.67	0.04
80	385-405	DLTGRQDTS RMSTSQIPG RVA	19	2.65	0.13	2.95	0.19	3.37	0.01
81	402-413	GRVAAAGLQ AVV	11	1.61	0.09	1.82	0.08	2.03	0.06
				<b>CK1δ1-S3A</b>					
				<b>Relative Fractional Deuterium Uptake (%)</b>					
				<b>1 min</b>	<b>5 min</b>	<b>10 min</b>			
S.No.	Peptide	Sequence	Num Exchangers	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD
1	1-20	MELRVGNRY RLGRKIGSG SF	19	6.15	0.27	6.76	0.23	6.74	0.23
2	1-21	MELRVGNRY RLGRKIGSG SFG	20	5.66	0.34	7.29	0.29	7.29	0.22
3	3-20	LRVGNRYRL GRKIGSGSF	17	5.79	0.09	6.40	0.02	6.03	0.54
4	3-22	LRVGNRYRL GRKIGSGSF GD	19	6.09	0.05	6.68	0.19	6.80	0.21
5	3-24	LRVGNRYRL GRKIGSGSF GDIY	21	5.85	0.48	7.24	0.08	7.55	0.15
6	4-20	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSF	16	5.16	0.05	5.67	0.14	5.83	0.14
7	4-22	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSF D	18	5.77	0.21	6.24	0.22	6.25	0.23
8	12-25	GRKIGSGSF GDIYL	13	4.22	0.15	4.55	0.11	5.50	0.29
9	21-28	GDIYLGTD	7	1.47	0.12	2.01	0.09	2.85	0.28
10	26-34	GTDIAAGEE	8	3.29	0.03	3.36	0.03	3.07	0.25
11	28-34	DIAAGEE	6	2.32	0.07	2.39	0.07	2.19	0.06
12	28-36	DIAAGEEVA	8	2.65	0.06	2.90	0.04	3.15	0.06

13	29-36	IAAGEEVA	7	1.99	0.03	2.27	0.03	2.34	0.03
14	37-49	IKLECVKTKH PQL	11	2.84	0.08	2.73	0.37	3.05	0.34
15	42-49	VTKHPQL	6	1.25	0.06	1.27	0.07	1.21	0.10
16	56-72	YKMMQGGV GIPTIRWCG	15	4.40	0.43	4.07	0.46	3.66	0.04
17	59-70	MQGGVGPI RW	10	4.32	0.20	4.33	0.43	4.34	0.44
18	83-89	ELLGPSL	5	0.56	0.02	0.75	0.02	0.84	0.04
19	96-102	CSRKFSL	6	0.87	0.02	1.03	0.10	1.27	0.02
20	96-106	CSRKFSLKT VL	10	0.95	0.05	1.22	0.10	1.40	0.11
21	103-117	KTVLLADQ MISRIE	14	4.34	0.02	4.97	0.02	5.59	0.11
22	104-119	TVLLLADQMI SRIEYI	15	3.55	0.23	4.52	0.10	5.24	0.05
23	112-123	MISRIEYIHSK N	11	0.26	0.05	0.41	0.10	1.17	0.03
24	113-123	ISRIEYIHSKN	10	0.13	0.08	0.22	0.09	0.28	0.06
25	113-134	ISRIEYIHSKN FIHRDVKP DN F	20	0.56	0.07	0.77	0.11	1.01	0.07
26	124-134	FIHRDVKP DN F	9	0.26	0.01	0.30	0.02	0.36	0.01
27	124-135	FIHRDVKP DN FL	10	0.26	0.02	0.29	0.02	0.41	0.03
28	135-143	LMGLGKKGN	8	1.54	0.12	1.88	0.10	2.07	0.14
29	135-144	LMGLGKKGN L	9	1.69	0.14	1.95	0.14	2.18	0.16
30	135-146	LMGLGKKGN LVY	11	1.64	0.11	1.97	0.10	2.26	0.11
31	136-146	MGLGKKGNL VY	10	1.73	0.11	2.12	0.09	2.25	0.13
32	137-144	GLGKKGNL	7	1.48	0.08	1.84	0.17	1.97	0.20
33	152-161	LAKKYRDAR T	9	1.25	0.01	1.49	0.17	1.89	0.02
34	163-178	QHIPYRENK NLTGTAR	14	2.99	0.08	3.39	0.03	4.55	0.12
35	175-186	GTARYASINT HL	11	1.69	0.30	1.50	0.26	1.81	0.29
36	180-186	ASINTHL	6	0.74	0.07	1.35	0.06	1.53	0.06
37	180-196	ASINTHLGIE QSRRDDL	16	1.54	0.03	2.58	0.02	3.07	0.06
38	183-196	NTHLGIEQSR RDDL	13	1.34	0.04	2.40	0.08	2.70	0.10
39	187-196	GIEQSRRDD L	9	0.73	0.05	1.15	0.07	1.23	0.14
40	192-211	RRDDLES LG YVLMYFN LG SL	19	2.61	0.11	2.95	0.10	3.22	0.23
41	205-216	YFN LGSL PW QGL	10	3.18	0.08	3.76	0.13	4.03	0.15
42	205-218	YFN LGSL PW QGL KA	12	4.37	0.10	4.93	0.12	5.10	0.17
43	206-218	FNL GSL PW Q GL KA	11	4.61	0.05	5.16	0.06	5.23	0.09
44	207-218	NLG SL PW QG LKA	10	4.22	0.09	4.98	0.13	5.10	0.16

45	209-218	GSLPWQGLKA	8	3.61	0.05	3.76	0.11	3.92	0.13
46	212-230	PWQGLKAATKRQKYERISE	17	5.84	0.14	7.00	0.19	7.10	0.09
47	231-240	KKMSTPIEVL	8	2.22	0.09	2.60	0.10	2.77	0.12
48	239-248	VLCKGYPSEF	8	1.00	0.04	1.28	0.05	1.71	0.03
49	241-247	CKGYPSE	5	0.97	0.02	1.19	0.04	1.44	0.06
50	241-248	CKGYPSEF	6	0.83	0.02	1.18	0.05	1.25	0.04
51	242-259	KGYPSEFATYLNFCRSLR	16	4.52	0.28	4.66	0.11	4.49	0.24
52	248-254	FATYLNF	6	0.07	0.01	0.15	0.02	0.20	0.02
53	255-268	CRSLRFDDKPDYSY	12	3.53	0.21	3.60	0.18	4.19	0.16
54	255-269	CRSLRFDDKPDYSYL	13	3.28	0.16	3.42	0.08	3.45	0.05
55	261-269	DDKPDYSYL	7	2.26	0.09	2.24	0.11	2.20	0.14
56	268-277	YLRQLFRNLF	9	0.18	0.06	0.58	0.07	0.86	0.06
57	269-277	LRQLFRNLF	8	0.23	0.02	0.49	0.02	0.74	0.02
58	269-281	LRQLFRNLFHRQG	12	2.09	0.07	2.07	0.04	2.40	0.16
59	269-285	LRQLFRNLFHRQGFSYD	16	2.28	0.10	2.64	0.10	2.84	0.14
60	270-276	RQLFRNL	6	1.59	0.02	2.31	0.09	2.50	0.07
61	272-285	LFRNLFHHRQGFSYD	13	2.34	0.01	2.47	0.07	2.62	0.13
62	273-285	FRNLFHHRQGFSYD	12	2.31	0.11	2.37	0.12	2.45	0.16
63	278-285	HRQGFSYD	7	1.88	0.11	1.79	0.11	1.79	0.16
64	286-292	YVFDWNM	6	2.66	0.14	2.91	0.16	2.86	0.18
65	293-305	LKFGASRAA DDAE	12	4.12	0.11	4.00	0.13	4.15	0.13
66	304-320	AERERRDRE ERLRHRSN	16	4.62	0.27	4.58	0.15	4.69	0.17
67	312-324	EERLRHRSN PATR	11	3.76	0.14	3.49	0.28	3.52	0.11
68	313-327	ERLRHRSNP ATRGLP	12	1.47	0.09	1.69	0.10	1.89	0.07
69	315-325	LRHSRNPAT RG	9	0.44	0.05	0.42	0.14	0.61	0.04
70	322-336	ATRGLPSTA SGRLRG	13	1.81	0.24	1.89	0.18	2.14	0.29
71	325-334	GLPSTASGR L	8	0.76	0.08	0.98	0.22	1.50	0.12
72	338-349	QEVAAPPTPL TPT	7	1.74	0.16	1.64	0.10	1.60	0.07
73	343-351	PTPLTPTSH	5	1.20	0.14	1.64	0.04	1.94	0.19
74	343-356	PTPLTPTSHT ANTS	10	0.34	0.01	0.34	0.07	0.35	0.03
75	344-355	TPLTPTSHTA NT	9	1.85	0.08	1.88	0.07	1.76	0.06
76	349-367	TSHTANTSP RPVSGMERE R	16	4.28	0.11	4.10	0.23	3.99	0.18
77	363-376	MERERKVSM RLHRG	13	2.39	0.07	3.32	0.12	3.71	0.08

78	372-384	RLHRGAPVNI SSS	11	2.45	0.09	2.72	0.10	2.69	0.03
79	378-385	PVNISSSD	6	1.01	0.05	0.91	0.06	1.07	0.05
80	385-405	DLTGRQDTS RMSTSQIPG RVA	19	2.39	0.07	2.74	0.13	2.91	0.20
81	402-413	GRVAAAGLQ AVV	11	1.73	0.29	2.02	0.22	2.04	0.03
<b>CK1δ1-S3A + ATP</b>									
<b>Relative Fractional Deuterium Uptake (%)</b>									
S.No.	Peptide	Sequence	Num Exchangers	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD
1	1-20	MELRVGNRY RLGRKIGSG SF	19	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
2	1-21	MELRVGNRY RLGRKIGSG SFG	20	20.45	2.78	26.56	0.39	29.49	2.20
3	3-20	LRVGNRYRL GRKIGSGSF	17	32.38	1.22	35.15	1.14	35.90	1.73
4	3-22	LRVGNRYRL GRKIGSGSF GD	19	22.26	0.09	27.35	1.84	31.27	0.09
5	3-24	LRVGNRYRL GRKIGSGSF GDIY	21	24.18	1.57	25.13	0.74	27.71	0.35
6	4-20	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSF	16	29.25	1.17	31.59	2.66	32.53	1.96
7	4-22	RVGNRYRLG RKIGSGSF D	18	28.06	1.12	29.22	0.65	33.17	0.85
8	12-25	GRKIGSGSF GDIYL	13	29.95	0.60	27.62	1.17	30.58	2.99
9	21-28	GDIYLGTD	7	5.84	1.72	12.50	1.64	17.67	1.58
10	26-34	GTDIAAGEE	8	40.82	0.27	39.75	0.27	42.55	0.27
11	28-34	DIAAGEE	6	29.39	2.36	30.25	2.56	27.75	0.89
12	28-36	DIAAGEEVA	8	29.96	2.01	33.96	2.48	37.78	2.57
13	29-36	IAAGEEVA	7	25.39	1.71	24.83	1.43	28.76	2.07
14	37-49	IKLECVKTKH PQL	11	26.03	1.45	29.15	1.77	28.87	0.52
15	42-49	VTKHPQL	6	13.76	2.98	15.75	0.40	16.13	1.77
16	56-72	YKMMQGGV GIPTIRWCG	15	26.29	0.24	24.26	0.24	24.97	0.24
17	59-70	MQGGVGIPTI RW	10	31.33	2.63	28.55	1.30	28.14	0.65
18	83-89	ELLGPSL	5	4.12	2.06	8.27	3.51	14.12	1.44
19	96-102	CSRKFSL	6	9.39	1.47	12.57	2.06	16.06	3.99
20	96-106	CSRKFSLKT VL	10	7.82	1.84	10.73	0.50	11.18	1.28
21	103-117	KTVLLLADQ MISRIE	14	26.70	0.00	28.60	0.00	30.76	0.00
22	104-119	TVLLLADQMI SRIEYI	15	14.59	0.86	20.41	0.28	23.82	0.74
23	112-123	MISRIEYIHSK N	11	5.43	2.99	6.79	2.62	7.83	2.15

24	113-123	ISRIEYIHSKN	10	3.59	2.49	4.00	0.15	2.27	0.59
25	113-134	ISRIEYIHSKN FIHRDVKPDN F	20	0.98	0.27	2.75	0.16	3.32	0.31
26	124-134	FIHRDVKPDN F	9	2.86	0.40	3.52	0.53	4.48	1.17
27	124-135	FIHRDVKPDN FL	10	4.73	0.85	5.00	0.94	6.02	0.56
28	135-143	LMGLGKKGN	8	19.68	1.40	20.76	0.94	24.64	1.77
29	135-144	LMGLGKKGN L	9	17.99	1.56	20.06	1.19	23.27	1.87
30	135-146	LMGLGKKGN LVY	11	15.01	1.19	16.10	0.84	18.55	1.14
31	136-146	MGLGKKGNL VY	10	17.31	1.50	18.27	1.12	20.28	1.24
32	137-144	GLGKKGNL	7	20.26	2.30	21.67	1.83	23.62	0.64
33	152-161	LAKKYRDAR T	9	2.56	0.55	1.61	0.36	2.07	0.54
34	163-178	QHIPYRENK NLTGTAR	14	18.16	0.37	21.50	0.43	24.92	0.30
35	175-186	GTARYASINT HL	11	19.77	1.97	18.26	0.18	18.53	0.18
36	180-186	ASINTHL	6	11.30	0.42	18.16	0.84	22.19	1.30
37	180-196	ASINTHIGIE QSRRDDL	16	10.64	0.51	8.33	0.11	9.54	2.10
38	183-196	NTHLGIEQSR RDDL	13	7.18	0.25	10.16	1.97	12.39	0.25
39	187-196	GIEQSRRDD L	9	9.95	1.91	12.92	0.76	13.65	1.22
40	192-211	RRDDLESLG YVLMYFNLG SL	19	14.09	0.84	15.27	0.51	16.35	0.70
41	205-216	YFNLngslpw QGL	10	19.33	2.44	22.69	6.13	30.49	0.13
42	205-218	YFNLngslpw QGLKA	12	26.77	1.57	30.18	2.92	29.45	0.60
43	206-218	FNLGSLPWQ							
43	206-218	GLKA	11	33.43	0.03	38.28	0.03	38.00	0.09
44	207-218	NLGSLPWQG LKA	10	37.48	1.05	43.47	0.41	42.01	2.09
45	209-218	GSLPWQGLK A	8	42.25	1.60	42.38	1.25	44.47	2.17
46	212-230	PWQGLKAAT KRQKYERISE	17	35.17	0.90	36.21	0.61	36.65	0.39
47	231-240	KKMSTPIEVL	8	27.75	1.79	31.23	1.52	34.36	1.46
48	239-248	VLCKGYPSE F	8	13.11	1.18	17.00	0.69	20.72	0.61
49	241-247	CKGYPSE	5	16.94	2.14	24.47	1.76	32.06	1.05
50	241-248	CKGYPSEF	6	18.01	0.86	21.00	0.17	24.74	0.77
51	242-259	KGYPSEFAT YLNFCRSLR	16	26.73	0.94	24.78	0.39	26.52	1.03
52	248-254	FATYLNF	6	5.51	2.74	3.76	0.53	9.05	0.23
53	255-268	CRSLRFDDK PDYSY	12	28.06	1.30	29.10	1.04	30.19	2.89
54	255-269	CRSLRFDDK PDYSYL	13	24.26	0.89	24.34	0.31	26.04	0.69
55	261-269	DDKPDYSYL	7	28.54	2.54	24.98	1.44	25.79	2.80
56	268-277	YLRQLFRNLF	9	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN

57	269-277	LRQLFRNLF	8	2.44	0.41	9.16	0.81	7.92	0.43
58	269-281	LRQLFRNLF HRQG	12	17.20	1.65	17.89	1.65	20.54	0.71
59	269-285	LRQLFRNLF HRQGFSYD	16	12.99	0.78	13.05	0.47	15.07	0.72
60	270-276	RQLFRNL	6	22.33	1.12	34.41	0.73	38.91	0.81
61	272-285	LFRNLFHHRQ GFSYD	13	16.97	0.65	17.26	0.04	18.93	0.04
62	273-285	FRNLFHHRQG FSYD	12	16.43	1.46	15.51	0.65	17.69	1.45
63	278-285	HRQGFSYD	7	24.97	1.57	21.62	2.57	22.76	3.38
64	286-292	YVFDWNM	6	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
65	293-305	LKFGASRAA DDAE	12	33.26	1.54	30.92	1.23	31.64	1.89
66	304-320	AERERRDRE ERLRHRSRN	16	28.24	0.60	26.15	0.70	27.68	1.25
67	312-324	EERLRHRSRN PATR	11	33.89	2.65	31.42	2.53	30.09	0.51
68	313-327	ERLRHRSRN ATRGLP	12	10.21	0.92	13.42	1.01	15.40	0.90
69	315-325	LRHSRNPAT RG	9	3.32	0.93	4.12	0.34	4.74	0.71
70	322-336	ATRGLPSTA SGRLRG	13	11.78	0.31	12.36	2.52	15.63	0.31
71	325-334	GLPSTASGR L	8	7.38	0.39	7.29	0.39	7.36	0.39
72	338-349	QEVAAPPTPL TPT	7	17.89	0.36	14.92	0.36	19.80	0.36
73	343-351	PTPLTPTSH	5	22.67	1.51	21.76	0.76	25.85	1.52
74	343-356	PTPLTPTSH ANTS	10	11.64	0.98	10.38	1.93	10.09	0.73
75	344-355	TPLTPTSHTA NT	9	18.08	1.27	22.83	0.99	19.89	0.15
76	349-367	TSHTANTSP RPVSGMERE R	16	22.71	0.78	21.96	0.73	22.23	1.11
77	363-376	MERERKVSM RLHRG	13	15.37	0.63	22.33	0.70	23.35	1.14
78	372-384	RLHRGAPVNI SSS	11	19.70	0.26	21.65	1.16	23.72	1.20
79	378-385	PVNIISSD	6	19.74	1.02	19.16	0.85	20.48	0.79
80	385-405	DLTGRQDTS RMSTSQIPG RVA	19	13.17	0.21	15.75	0.37	16.89	0.81
81	402-413	GRVAAAGLQ AVV	11	15.33	0.30	16.44	0.30	19.53	0.73
				<b>CK1δ1-S3A + AMPPNP</b>					
				Relative Fractional Deuterium Uptake (%)					
				<b>1 min</b>		<b>5 min</b>		<b>10 min</b>	
S.No.	Peptide	Sequence	Num Exchangers	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD	Uptake	± SD
1	1-20	MELRVGNRY RLGRKIGSG SF	19	33.20	1.21	36.82	1.00	37.29	1.04
2	1-21	MELRVGNRY RLGRKIGSG SFG	20	29.66	1.31	32.14	1.36	36.40	0.46

3	3-20	LRVGNRYRL GRKIGGGSF	17	36.28	0.48	38.49	0.39	40.78	1.80
4	3-22	LRVGNRYRL GRKIGGGSF GD	19	33.69	2.58	35.46	1.85	38.13	1.69
5	3-24	LRVGNRYRL GRKIGGGSF GDIY	21	27.64	0.40	31.12	2.51	34.35	0.34
6	4-20	RVGNRYRLG RKIGGGSF	16	33.04	0.31	36.62	0.96	38.86	0.46
7	4-22	RVGNRYRLG RKIGGGSFG D	18	33.00	1.46	35.36	1.00	37.58	1.51
8	12-25	GRKIGGGSF GDIYL	13	36.09	0.60	34.02	2.15	39.05	2.76
9	21-28	GDIYLGTD	7	15.04	0.28	26.21	0.75	36.84	0.37
10	26-34	GTDIAAGEE	8	33.60	2.84	40.42	2.73	37.10	2.62
11	28-34	DIAAGEE	6	39.42	3.69	36.78	0.99	37.51	1.56
12	28-36	DIAAGEEVA	8	34.64	0.20	27.97	1.70	37.95	1.36
13	29-36	IAAGEEVA	7	28.71	0.26	27.68	0.19	30.41	0.63
14	37-49	IKLECVKTKH PQL	11	22.64	4.42	27.25	0.26	22.66	1.92
15	42-49	VKTCHKPQL	6	22.20	1.79	20.69	1.16	20.84	1.94
16	56-72	YKMMQGGV GIPTIRWCG	15	32.90	3.11	33.85	1.04	28.40	2.08
17	59-70	MQGGVGIPTI RW	10	32.69	4.77	45.68	2.22	40.23	3.75
18	83-89	ELLGPSL	5	7.05	0.37	10.69	0.55	12.86	0.26
19	96-102	CSRKFSL	6	12.69	0.71	15.54	1.78	15.70	0.48
20	96-106	CSRKFSLKT VL	10	8.32	0.53	11.87	0.96	12.47	0.40
21	103-117	KTVLLADQ MISRIE	14	27.14	0.71	30.91	0.06	33.71	0.16
22	104-119	TVLLLADQMI SRIEYI	15	19.50	0.35	25.82	1.06	28.18	1.76
23	112-123	MISRIEYIHSK N	11	6.96	0.24	9.55	2.67	16.51	0.24
24	113-123	ISRIEYIHSKN	10	2.13	0.89	1.50	0.86	2.13	0.89
25	113-134	ISRIEYIHSKN FIHRDVKPDN F	20	2.16	0.67	2.89	0.61	4.36	0.30
26	124-134	FIHRDVKPDN F	9	2.83	0.16	2.35	0.49	3.50	0.56
27	124-135	FIHRDVKPDN FL	10	3.77	0.61	3.40	0.40	4.91	0.52
28	135-143	LMGLGKKGN	8	19.69	1.47	22.16	1.15	25.44	1.61
29	135-144	LMGLGKKGN L	9	19.26	1.47	21.52	1.42	24.70	1.43
30	135-146	LMGLGKKGN LVY	11	15.63	0.89	17.90	0.96	20.03	0.89
31	136-146	MGLGKKGNL VY	10	17.80	1.37	19.28	2.97	22.75	2.14
32	137-144	GLGKKGNL	7	22.55	1.32	25.18	2.22	28.96	1.55
33	152-161	LAKKYRDAR T	9	10.51	0.29	15.46	0.29	14.78	3.75
34	163-178	QHIPYRENK NLTGTAR	14	21.02	0.49	24.90	0.24	30.01	0.24

35	175-186	GTARYASINT HL	11	21.75	0.18	14.91	2.52	16.09	0.19
36	180-186	ASINTHL	6	13.23	0.41	22.95	0.92	28.41	0.49
37	180-196	ASINTHLGIE QSRRDDL	16	9.55	0.96	13.16	0.11	21.85	0.15
38	183-196	NTHLGIEQSR RDDL	13	11.44	1.17	17.44	0.26	22.97	0.88
39	187-196	GIEQSRRDD L	9	7.38	0.65	11.08	0.88	13.01	0.84
40	192-211	RRDDLESLG YVLMYFNLG SL	19	12.23	1.31	15.27	0.70	16.40	0.44
41	205-216	YFNLGSLPW QGL	10	30.94	1.85	35.98	0.52	39.68	0.96
42	205-218	YFNLGSLPW QGLKA	12	35.99	0.81	40.61	1.05	43.57	0.83
43	206-218	FNLGSLPWQ GLKA	11	38.00	0.61	46.02	1.49	49.38	0.72
44	207-218	NLGSLPWQG LKA	10	42.35	2.19	48.60	1.27	51.81	0.94
45	209-218	GSLPWQGLK A	8	44.22	1.59	46.44	1.28	49.54	0.65
46	212-230	PWQGLKAAT KRQKYERISE	17	39.72	0.85	45.74	1.11	47.14	0.14
47	231-240	KKMSTPIEVL	8	28.32	1.17	32.11	1.16	35.94	1.11
48	239-248	VLCKGYPSE F	8	13.35	0.47	16.45	0.84	20.99	1.05
49	241-247	CKGYPSE	5	18.93	1.37	23.84	0.63	28.64	0.45
50	241-248	CKGYPSEF	6	16.69	0.26	19.48	1.10	22.77	0.38
51	242-259	KGYPSEFAT YLNFCRSLR	16	25.12	2.24	27.57	1.29	27.72	2.76
52	248-254	FATYLNF	6	1.48	1.06	2.75	0.44	3.92	0.39
53	255-268	CRSLRFDDK PDYSY	12	28.53	1.03	30.77	0.85	32.65	1.57
54	255-269	CRSLRFDDK PDSYL	13	24.75	1.86	26.47	0.80	28.13	0.66
55	261-269	DDKPDYSYL	7	29.67	1.78	29.60	1.65	30.60	1.11
56	268-277	YLRQLFRNLF	9	1.71	1.35	5.43	1.34	10.07	0.66
57	269-277	LRQLFRNLF	8	2.60	0.62	6.50	0.51	9.91	0.62
58	269-281	LRQLFRNLF HRQG	12	17.93	1.27	18.01	1.13	17.65	0.33
59	269-285	LRQLFRNLF HRQGFSYD	16	14.16	0.42	15.98	0.43	18.27	0.48
60	270-276	RQLFRNL	6	24.56	1.24	35.69	1.26	41.16	1.52
61	272-285	LFRNLFHRC GFSYD	13	17.70	0.96	20.14	0.97	21.58	0.13
62	273-285	FRNLFHRC FSYD	12	17.12	1.27	19.02	0.64	20.36	0.79
63	278-285	HRQGFSYD	7	23.53	2.90	24.97	1.95	24.72	1.73
64	286-292	YVFDWNM	6	38.88	3.74	47.18	3.80	47.14	3.03
65	293-305	LKFGASRAA DDAE	12	34.52	1.37	32.00	1.77	36.32	0.89
66	304-320	AERERRDRE ERLRHSRN	16	28.47	1.37	29.73	1.14	32.24	0.38
67	312-324	EERLRHSRN PATR	11	33.54	2.61	35.49	3.35	32.99	0.51

68	313-327	ERLRHSRNP ATRGLP	12	11.37	0.27	12.59	0.11	14.96	0.21
69	315-325	LRHSRNPAT RG	9	3.26	0.67	5.60	0.68	6.68	0.68
70	322-336	ATRGLPSTA SGRLRG	13	13.89	1.58	15.10	0.77	16.82	1.33
71	325-334	GLPSTASGR L	8	4.67	1.06	8.14	1.25	10.02	1.62
72	338-349	QEVARPTPL TPT	7	21.53	1.02	21.31	0.77	25.52	2.17
73	343-351	PTPLTPTSH	5	22.29	0.99	23.17	2.39	33.03	1.32
74	343-356	PTPLTPTSHT ANTS	10	4.60	0.14	3.93	0.24	3.58	0.19
75	344-355	TPLTPTSHTA NT	9	17.10	1.22	21.60	0.92	21.38	0.43
76	349-367	TSHTANTSP RPVSGMERE R	16	25.15	1.19	24.03	0.91	24.86	0.89
77	363-376	MERERKVSM RLHRG	13	16.94	0.51	21.77	1.59	26.36	0.69
78	372-384	RLHRGAPVNI SSS	11	23.23	0.12	24.57	0.49	26.31	0.44
79	378-385	PVNIISSD	6	10.78	0.65	10.20	0.82	11.19	0.63
80	385-405	DLTGRQDTS RMSTSQIPG RVA	19	13.95	0.70	15.50	1.00	17.73	0.08
81	402-413	GRVAAAGLQ AVV	11	14.63	0.81	16.56	0.76	18.50	0.57

**Table 2.3 HDX metadata table depicting the experimental conditions for different CK1δ1 isoforms, and the corresponding analysis is represented.**

Table 2.3								
State	CK1δ1	CK1δ1 +ATP	CK1δ1+ AMPPN P	CK1δ- ΔC	CK1δ- ΔC+ATP	CK1δ- ΔC+AMP PNP	CK1δ-ΔC + 4p-FASP	CK1δ- Δ400
HDX Time Course (min)	0, 1, 5, 10	0, 1, 5, 10	0, 1, 5, 10	0, 1, 5, 10	0, 1, 5, 10	0, 1, 5, 10	0, 1, 5, 10	0, 1, 5, 10
Back-exchange	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Number of peptides	110	110	110	80	73	73	80	73
Sequence Coverage	93.73%	93.73%	93.73%	93.88%	93.88%	93.88%	93.88%	94.25%
Average peptide length/redundancy	11.94/3.44	11.94/3.44	11.94/3.44	11.45 / 3.32	12.22/3.23	12.22/3.23	11.45 / 3.32	11.41/2.21
Replicates (biological, technical)	2,3	2,3	2,3	2,3	2,3	2,3	2,3	2,3
Repeatability (Average SD)	0.057	0.054	0.05	0.061	0.054	0.056	0.045	0.045
State	CK1δ- Δ400+A TP	CK1δ- Δ400+A MPPNP	CK1δ2	CK1δ2+ ATP	CK1δ2+ AMPPN P	CK1δ1- S3A	CK1δ1- S3A+ATP	CK1δ1- S3A+AMP PNP
HDX Time Course (min)	0, 1, 5, 10	0, 1, 5, 10	0, 1, 5, 10	0, 1, 5, 10	0, 1, 5, 10	0, 1, 5, 10	0, 1, 5, 10	0, 1, 5, 10
Back-exchange	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Number of peptides	73	73	99	96	99	80	77	79
Sequence Coverage	94.25%	94.25%	92.18%	91.69%	92.18%	91.10%	90.84%	88.23%
Average peptide length/ redundancy	11.41/2.21	11.41/2.21	11.38/2.99	11.36/2.91	11.38/2.99	12.59/2.66	12.69/2.59	12.48/2.72
Replicates (biological, technical)	2,3	2,3	2,3	2,3	2,3	2,3	2,3	2,3
Repeatability (Average SD)	0.059	0.049	0.051	0.032	0.06	0.061	0.069	0.062

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